

```

1 import pickle
2 import pandas as pd
3 import numpy as np
4 from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
5 import time
6 from tensorflow.keras.models import load_model

```

```
1 %tensorflow_version 2.x
```

```

1 import tensorflow
2 print(tensorflow.__version__)

2.5.0

```

```

1 from google.colab import drive
2 drive.mount('/content/drive')

```

Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.r

```

1 file = "/content/drive/MyDrive/Pickle_files/median_values.pkl"
2 with open(file,'rb') as file:
3     median_values = pickle.load(file)

```

```

1 file = "/content/drive/MyDrive/Pickle_files/truncated_SVD.pkl"
2 with open(file,'rb') as file:
3     Trunc_SVD = pickle.load(file)

```

```

1 file = "/content/drive/MyDrive/Pickle_files/MinMaxSc.pkl"
2 with open(file,'rb') as file:
3     MinMaxSc = pickle.load(file)

```

```

1 file = "/content/drive/MyDrive/Pickle_files/clf_inv.pkl"
2 with open(file,'rb') as file:
3     clf_inv = pickle.load(file)

```

```

1 file = "/content/drive/MyDrive/rf_best.pkl"
2 with open(file,'rb') as file:
3     rf_best = pickle.load(file)

```

```
1 load_encoder_model = load_model('/content/drive/MyDrive/Pickle_files/encoder.h5')
```

WARNING:tensorflow:No training configuration found in the save file, so the model was

```

1 file = "/content/drive/MyDrive/Pickle_files/clf_inv.pkl"
2 with open(file,'rb') as file:
3     clf_inv = pickle.load(file)

```

```
5 clf_best = pickle.load(file)
```

```
1 df = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/Kaggle_Training_Dataset_v2.csv")
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/IPython/core/interactiveshell.py:2718: DtypeWarning:
interactivity=interactivity, compiler=compiler, result=result)
```

```
1 df.head()
```

	sku	national_inv	lead_time	in_transit_qty	forecast_3_month	forecast_6_mo
0	1026827	0.0	NaN	0.0	0.0	
1	1043384	2.0	9.0	0.0	0.0	
2	1043696	2.0	NaN	0.0	0.0	
3	1043852	7.0	8.0	0.0	0.0	
4	1044048	8.0	NaN	0.0	0.0	

```
1 def final_fun_1(X):
2     #These Two columns contains more than 95% of 0s
3     zero_columns = ['pieces_past_due', 'local_bo_qty']
4     X = X.drop(columns=zero_columns,axis=1)
5
6     # replacing -99 by Nan in performance column
7     X.perf_6_month_avg.replace({-99.0 : np.nan},inplace=True)
8     X.perf_12_month_avg.replace({-99.0 : np.nan},inplace=True)
9
10    # Converting categories like Yes and No to 0s and 1s
11    categorical_columns = ['rev_stop', 'stop_auto_buy', 'ppap_risk', 'oe_constraint', 'deck
12    for col in categorical_columns:
13        X[col].replace({'Yes':1, 'No':0},inplace=True)
14        X[col]=X[col].astype(int)
15
16    # Removing outliers points by taking only values below 99 percentile
17    X = X[(df.national_inv >= 0.000) & (X.national_inv <= 5487.000) & (X.in_transit_qty
18        (X.forecast_3_month <= 2280.000) & (X.forecast_6_month <= 4335.659999999916) & \
19        (X.forecast_9_month <= 6316.000) & (X.sales_1_month <= 693.000) & (X.sales_3_mo
20        (X.sales_6_month <= 4410.000) & (X.sales_9_month <= 6698.000) & (X.min_bank <=
21
22    # Median Imputation
23    X = X.fillna(median_values)
24
25    # Getting SVD Features
26    X_svd = Trunc_SVD.transform(X)
27
28    # Encoder Model
29    encoder_X = load_encoder_model.predict(X)
30
31    # Dcretisation using Decision Tree
32    X['national_inv_prob'] = clf_inv.predict_proba(X.national_inv.to_frame())[:,1]
```

```

33
34 # creating bins for national_inv features
35 X['national_inv_bins'] = 0
36 X.loc[(X['national_inv'] == 0.0), 'national_inv_bins'] = 1
37 X.loc[(X['national_inv'] == 1.0), 'national_inv_bins'] = 2
38 X.loc[(X['national_inv'] >= 2.0) & (X['national_inv'] <= 9.0), 'national_inv_bins']
39 X.loc[(X['national_inv'] >= 10.0), 'national_inv_bins'] = 4
40
41 # Adding SVD and Encoder features in the main dataframe
42 for i in range(2):
43     X['T_SVD_'+str(i)] = X_svd[:,i]
44     X['AutoEncoder_'+str(i)] = encoder_X[:,i]
45
46 cols = X.columns
47
48 # Performing MinMaxScaler on Data
49 X = pd.DataFrame(MinMaxSc.transform(X), columns = cols)
50
51 output = rf_best.predict(X)
52
53 return output
54

```

```

1 data_temp = df.head()
2 target_data = df['went_on_backorder']
3 data_temp = data_temp.drop(['sku', 'went_on_backorder'], axis=1)
4
5 start_time = time.time()
6 output = final_fun_1(data_temp)
7 print("Output : ", output)
8 print("Time Taken for execution is {}".format((time.time() - start_time)))

```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:17: UserWarning: Boolean Output : [0 0 0 0 0]

Time Taken for execution is 3.7127180099487305

[Parallel(n_jobs=2)]: Using backend ThreadingBackend with 2 concurrent workers.

[Parallel(n_jobs=2)]: Done 37 tasks | elapsed: 0.0s

[Parallel(n_jobs=2)]: Done 158 tasks | elapsed: 0.0s

[Parallel(n_jobs=2)]: Done 361 tasks | elapsed: 0.1s

[Parallel(n_jobs=2)]: Done 500 out of 500 | elapsed: 0.1s finished

```

1 def final_fun_2(X,Y):
2     #These Two columns contains more than 95% of 0s
3     zero_columns = ['pieces_past_due', 'local_bo_qty']
4     X = X.drop(columns=zero_columns, axis=1)
5
6     # replacing -99 by Nan in performance column
7     X.perf_6_month_avg.replace({-99.0 : np.nan}, inplace=True)
8     X.perf_12_month_avg.replace({-99.0 : np.nan}, inplace=True)
9
10    # Converting the Target variable
11    Y.replace({'Yes':1, 'No':0}, inplace=True)
12    Y.astype(int)
13

```

```

14 # Converting categories like Yes and No to 0s and 1s
15 categorical_columns = ['rev_stop', 'stop_auto_buy', 'ppap_risk', 'oe_constraint', 'deck']
16 for col in categorical_columns:
17     X[col].replace({'Yes':1, 'No':0}, inplace=True)
18     X[col]=X[col].astype(int)
19
20 # Appending Target Variable back to dataframe so that we can remove the Outlier row
21 X['went_on_backorder'] = Y
22
23 # Removing outliers points by taking only values below 99 percentile
24 X = X[(X.national_inv >= 0.000) & (X.national_inv <= 5487.000) & (X.in_transit_qty
25     (X.forecast_3_month <= 2280.000) & (X.forecast_6_month <= 4335.6599999999916) &
26     (X.forecast_9_month <= 6316.000) & (X.sales_1_month <= 693.000) & (X.sales_3_mo
27     (X.sales_6_month <= 4410.000) & (X.sales_9_month <= 6698.000) & (X.min_bank <=
28
29 print("Shape of outlier free dataframe :",X.shape)
30
31 # Assign the Outlier free Target variable back to Y and Drop the Target variable fr
32 Y = X['went_on_backorder']
33 X = X.drop(columns='went_on_backorder',axis=1)
34
35 # Median Imputation
36 X = X.fillna(median_values)
37
38 # Getting SVD Features
39 X_svd = Trunc_SVD.transform(X)
40
41 # Encoder Model
42 encoder_X = load_encoder_model.predict(X)
43
44 # Dcretisation using Decision Tree
45 X['national_inv_prob'] = clf_inv.predict_proba(X.national_inv.to_frame())[:,1]
46
47 # creating bins for national_inv features
48 X['national_inv_bins'] = 0
49 X.loc[(X['national_inv'] == 0.0), 'national_inv_bins'] = 1
50 X.loc[(X['national_inv'] == 1.0), 'national_inv_bins'] = 2
51 X.loc[(X['national_inv'] >= 2.0) & (X['national_inv'] <= 9.0), 'national_inv_bins']
52 X.loc[(X['national_inv'] >= 10.0), 'national_inv_bins'] = 4
53
54 # Adding SVD and Encoder features in the main dataframe
55 for i in range(2):
56     X['T_SVD_'+str(i)] = X_svd[:,i]
57     X['AutoEncoder_'+str(i)] = encoder_X[:,i]
58
59 cols = X.columns
60
61 # Performing MinMaxScaler on Data
62 X = pd.DataFrame(MinMaxSc.transform(X), columns = cols)
63
64 output = rf_best.predict(X)
65 f1 = f1_score(Y, output, average="macro")
66
67 return f1

```

```
1 data_temp = df.head(1500)
2 target_data = data_temp['went_on_backorder']
3 data_temp = data_temp.drop(['sku', 'went_on_backorder'], axis=1)
```

➞ Data Temp shape : (1500, 21)
Target Data shape : (1500,)

```
1 start_time = time.time()
2 output = final_fun_2(data_temp, target_data)
3 print("F1_Score : ", output)
4 print("Time Taken for execution is {}".format((time.time() - start_time)))
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/pandas/core/series.py:4582: SettingWithCopyWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/10min/10min_tips.html#setting-with-copy-warning
method=method,

[Parallel(n_jobs=2)]: Using backend ThreadingBackend with 2 concurrent workers.

[Parallel(n_jobs=2)]: Done 37 tasks | elapsed: 0.0s

[Parallel(n_jobs=2)]: Done 158 tasks | elapsed: 0.1s

Shape of outlier free dataframe : (1466, 20)

F1_Score : 0.6994875298940895

Time Taken for execution is 0.4376845359802246

[Parallel(n_jobs=2)]: Done 361 tasks | elapsed: 0.2s

[Parallel(n_jobs=2)]: Done 500 out of 500 | elapsed: 0.2s finished

