

CAPASTONE PROJECT

Seoul Bike Sharing Demand Prediction

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Acknowledgement

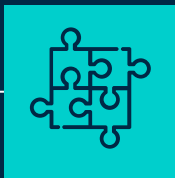
We would express our gratitude towards the entire team of “*Almabetter Team*” for acknowledging us with such important domain and providing us an opportunity to work on real life problems through Capstone Project

Problem Statement

- Currently Rental bikes are introduced in many urban cities for the enhancement of mobility comfort. It is important to make the rental bike available and accessible to the public at the right time as it lessens the waiting time. Eventually, providing the city with a stable supply of rental bikes becomes a major concern. The crucial part is the prediction of bike count required at each hour for the stable supply of rental bikes.



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PROBLEM & SOLUTION

- ❖ Importing the necessary packages and libraries
- ❖ Mounting the drive for importing the data.
- ❖ Checking for missing, NaN values, Null values.



02

OUR PROCESS

- ❖ Observing the datatypes
- ❖ Observing the correlation among independent variables.
- ❖ Exploring the data set.
- ❖ Exploring the categorical value numerical features from data



03

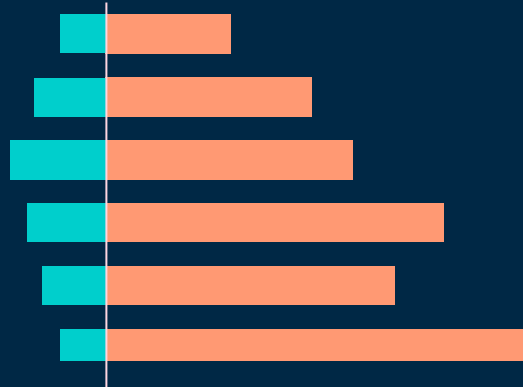
TARGET

- ❖ Exploring different target variable.
- ❖ Splitting the data and training the data.
- ❖ Observing the results.

Data Description :

Dependent variables:

Rented Bike count - Count of bikes rented at each hour



Independent variables:

Date : year-month-day

Hour - Hour of day

Temperature- Temperature in Celsius

Humidity - %

Windspeed - m/s

Visibility - 10 m

Dew point temperature - Celsius

Solar radiation - MJ/m

Rainfall - mm

Snowfall - cm

Seasons - Winter, Spring, Summer, Autumn

Holiday - Holiday/No holiday •

Functional Day -No Func, Func

8,760 Rows \times 11 Columns

In the data is no missing values



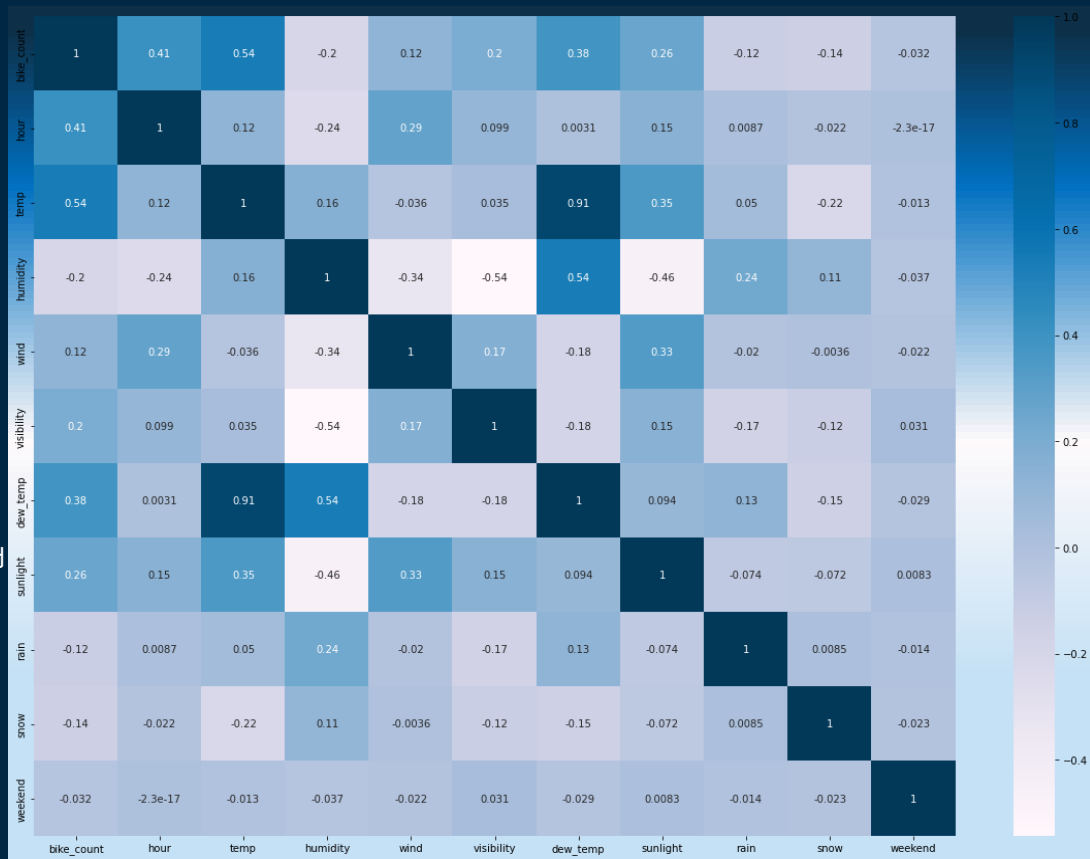
CORRELATION:

Rented Bike count and Temperature

Rented bike count are highly{0.54} correlated with temperature

Rented Bike count and weekends

Rented bike count are negativity {-0.54} correlated with temperature



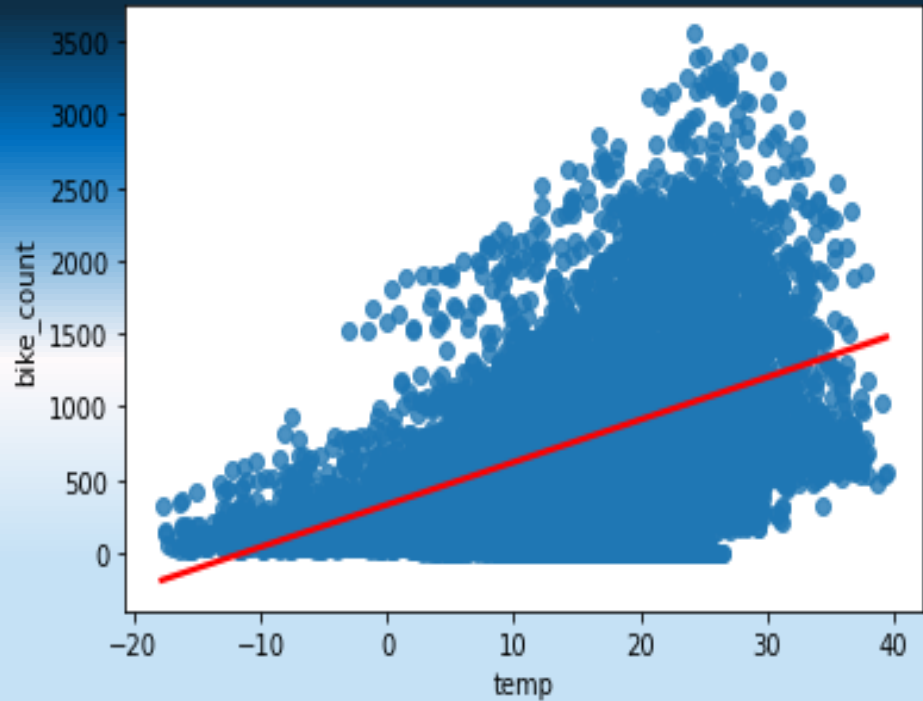
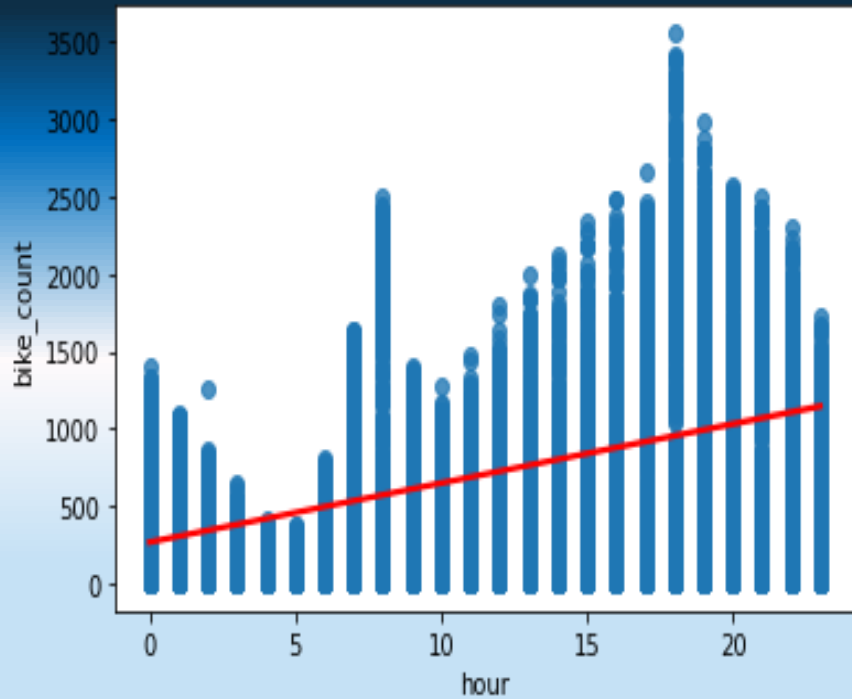
Rented Bike count and Rain

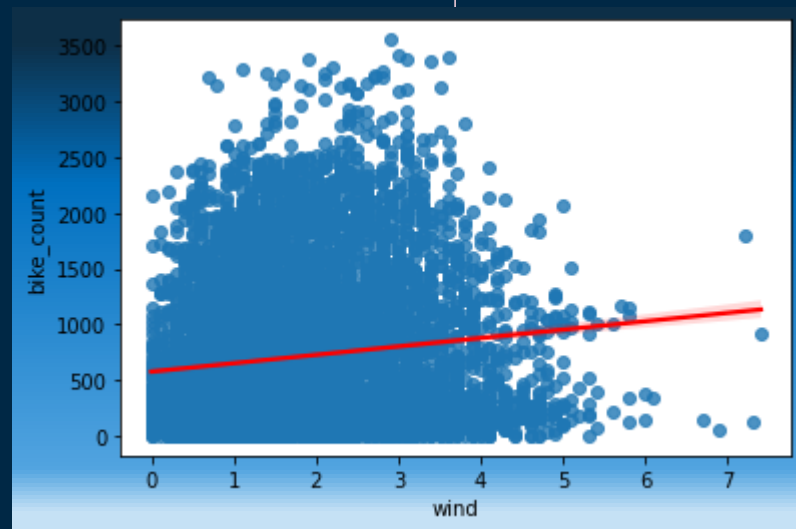
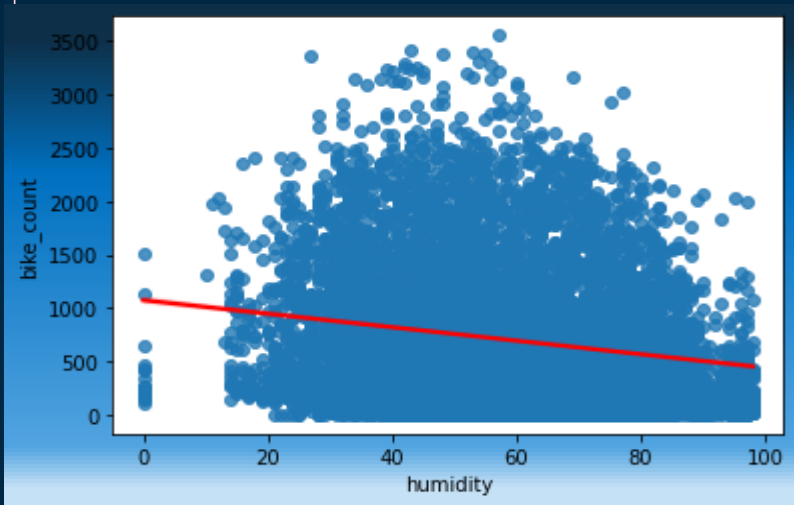
Rented bike count are negativity {-0.12} correlated with rain

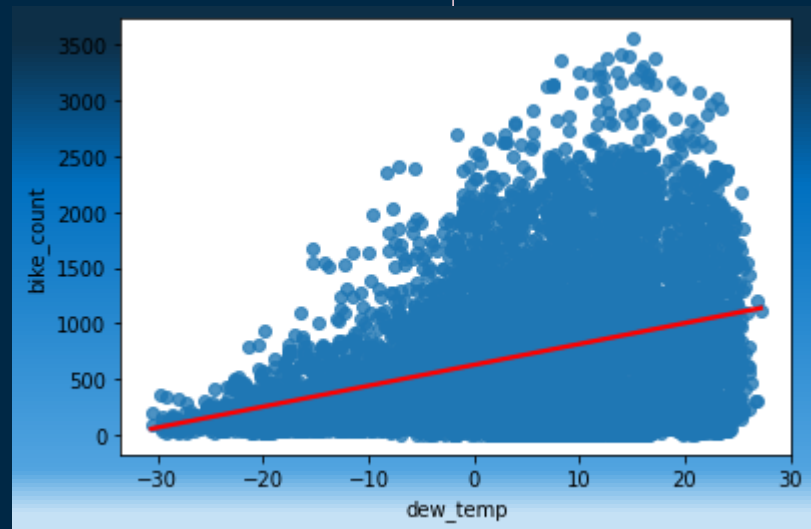
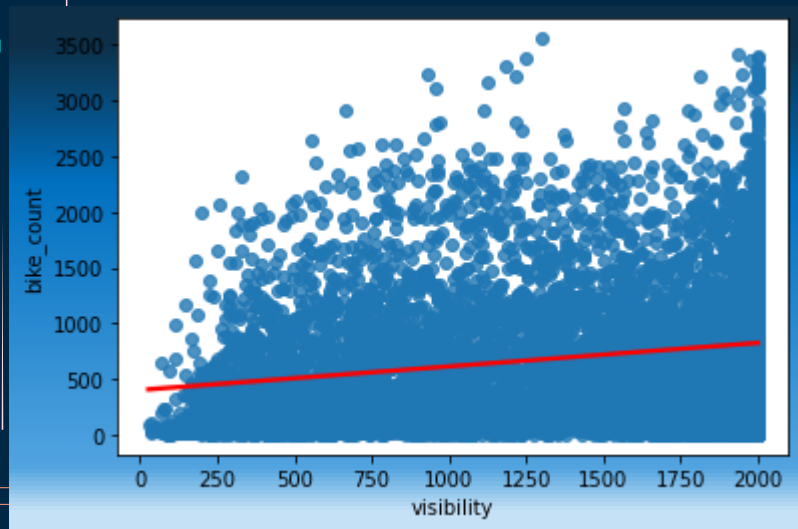
Rented Bike count and visibility

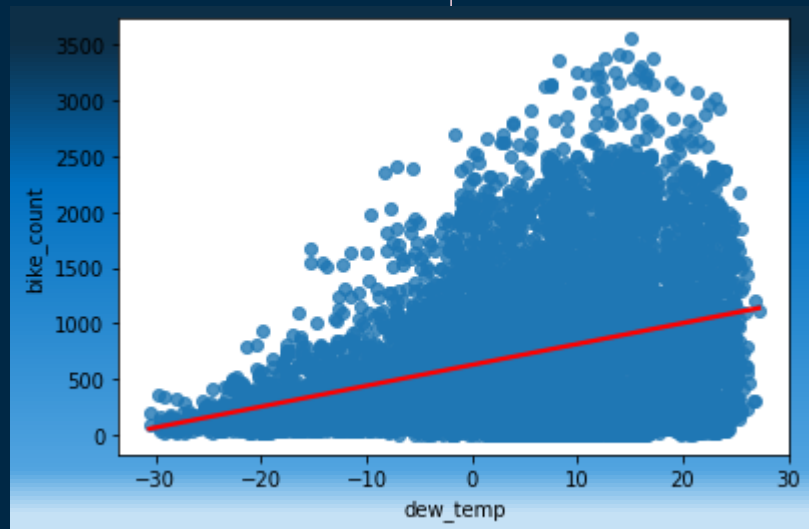
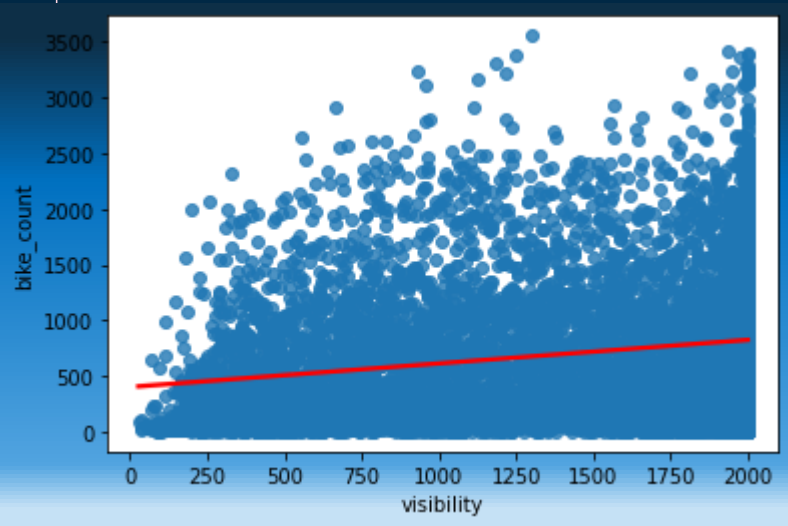
Rented bike count are positivity{0.26} correlated with temperature

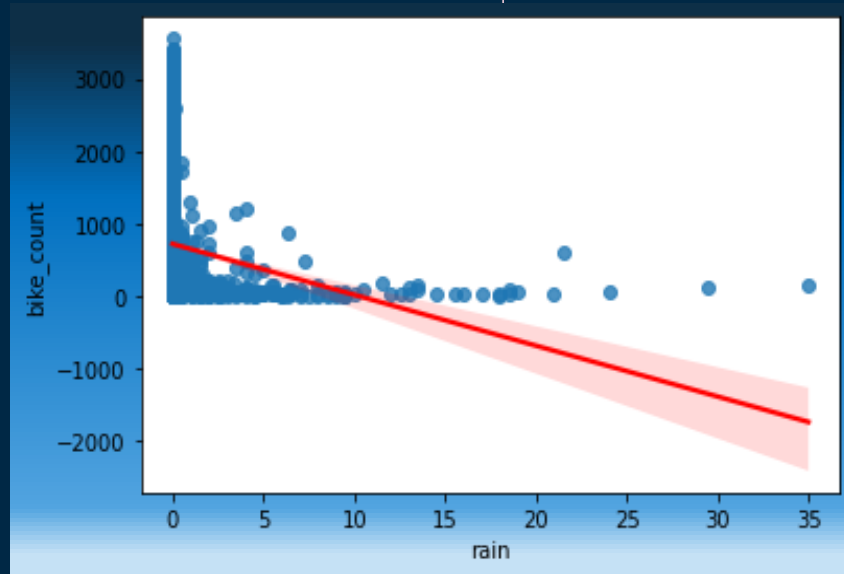
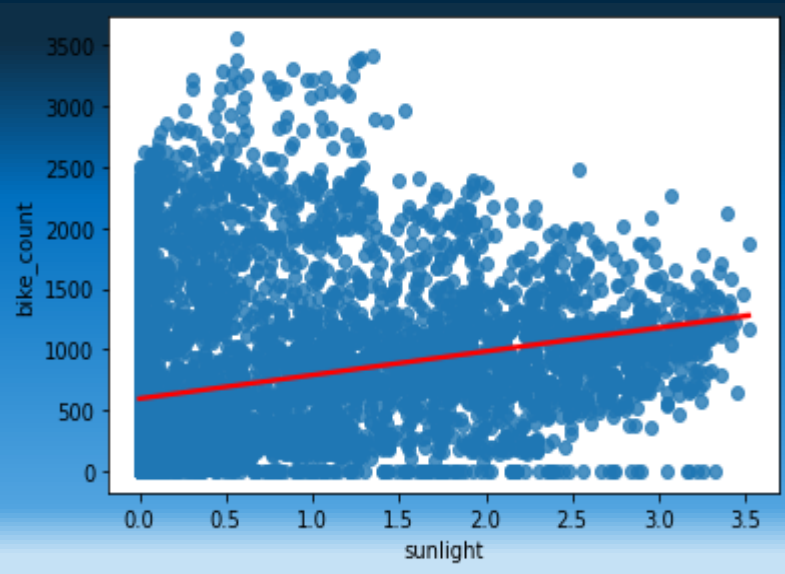
Plotting Regression plot of each columns
of dataset v/s bike count columns

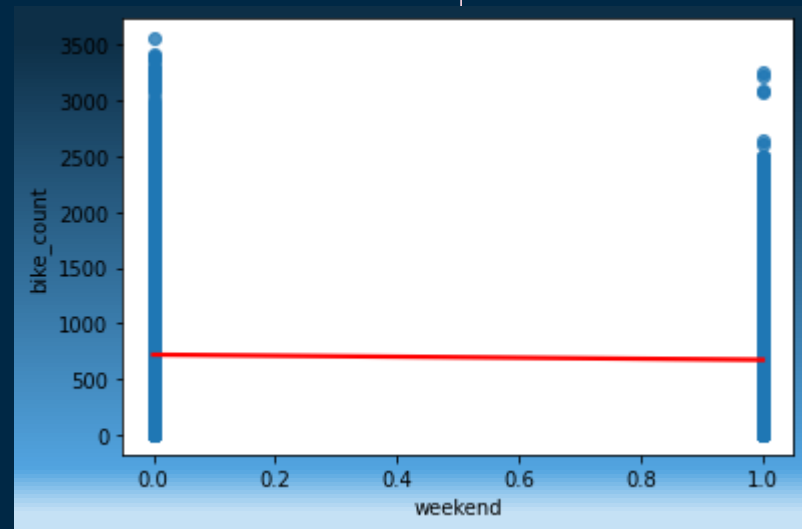
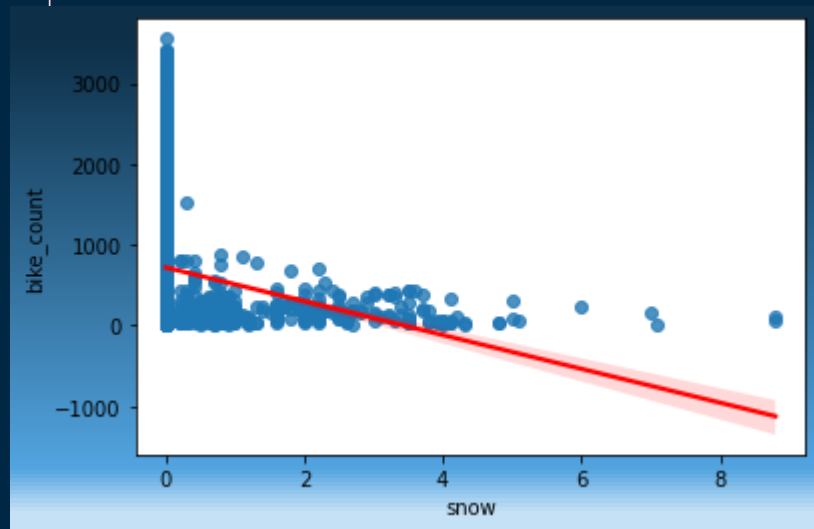










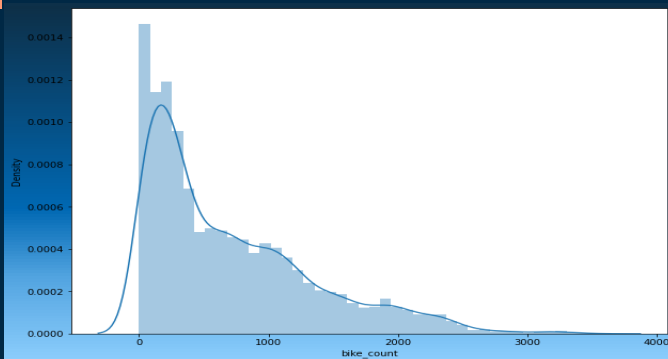


CONCLUSION

- From above 'Regression Plots' we observe '**Temperature**', '**Wind speed**', '**Visibility**', '**Solar Radiation**' these features are positively related with our dependent variable.
- '**Rainfall**', '**Snowfall**', '**Humidity**' these features are negatively related with the dependent variable or Target variable.
- We can see the Left or Right skewness in data

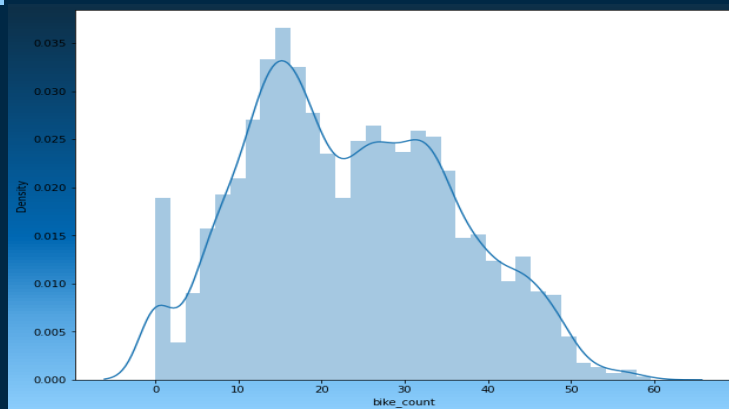
01

EDA



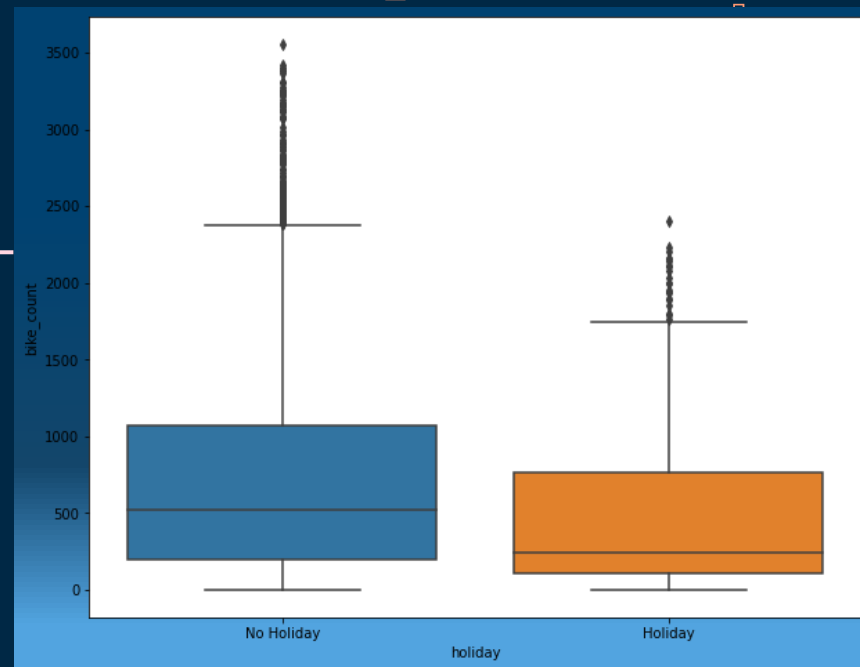
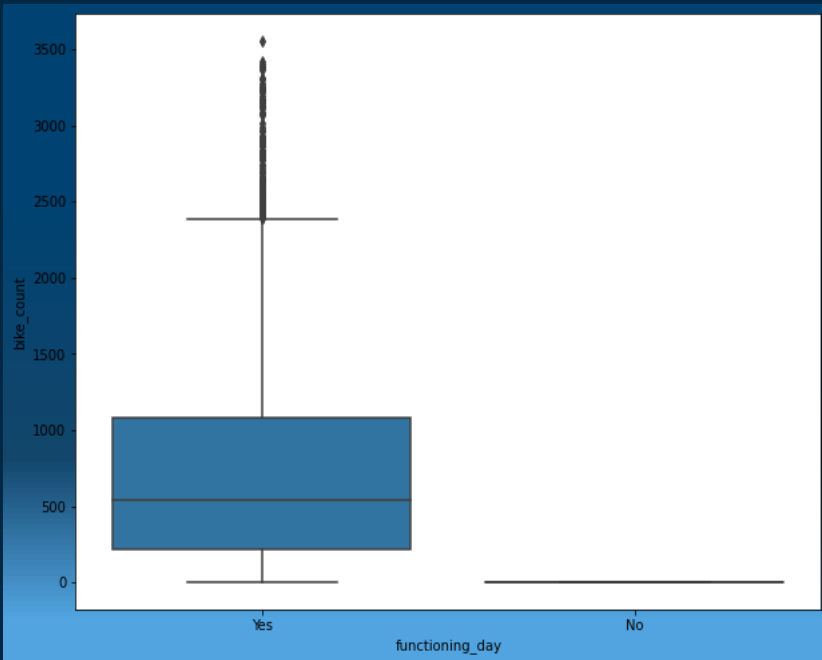
Distribution of
rented bike count

Square root
transformation of
rented bike count

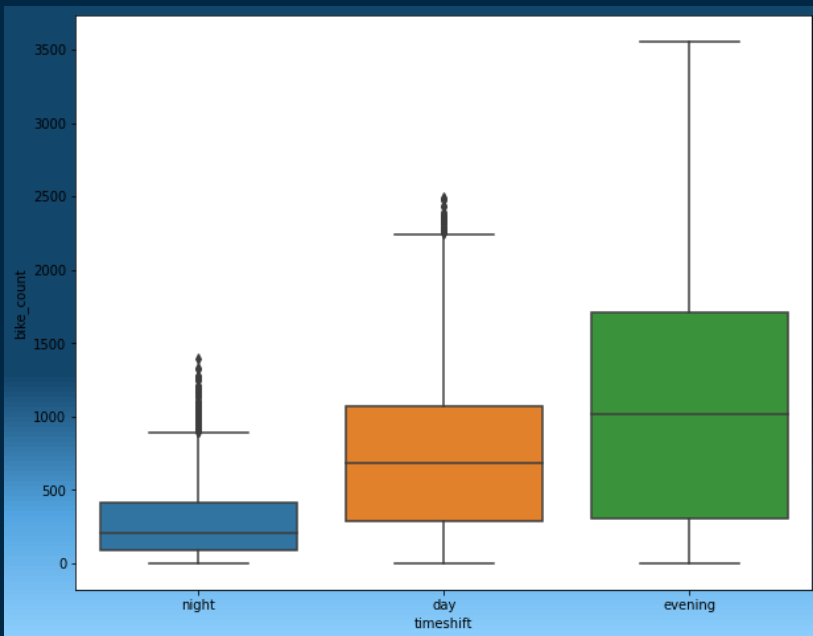


OUR PROCESS

AI

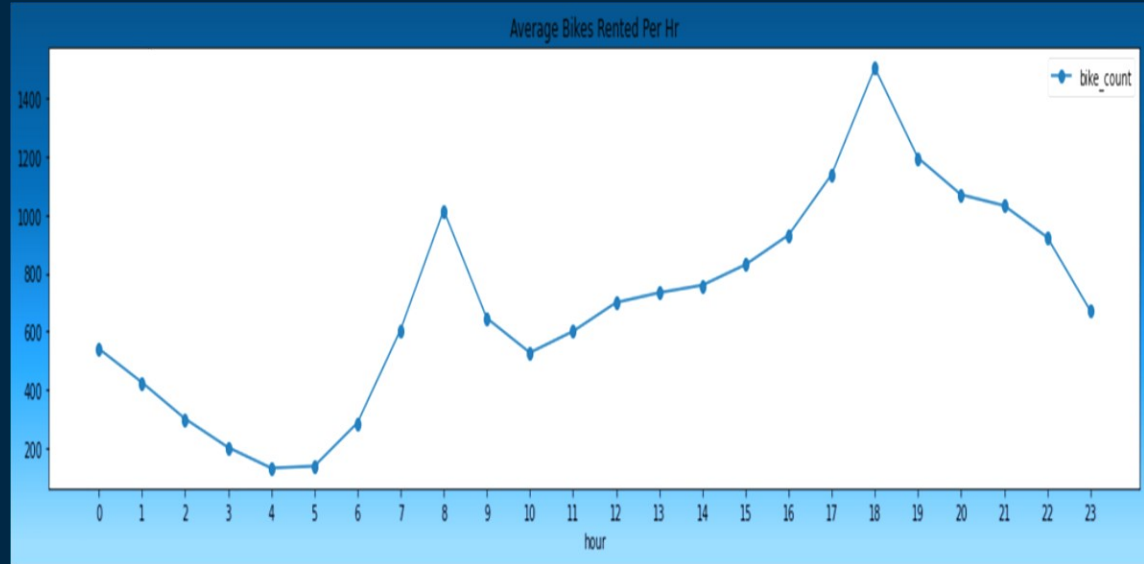


OUR PROCESS



- Less demand on winter seasons
- Slightly Higher demand during Non holidays
- Almost no demand on non functioning day
- Weekday or weekend does not affect the rented bike count , we will try to see on the basis of hours how it affects.

AVERAGE BIKES RENTED PER HOUR :



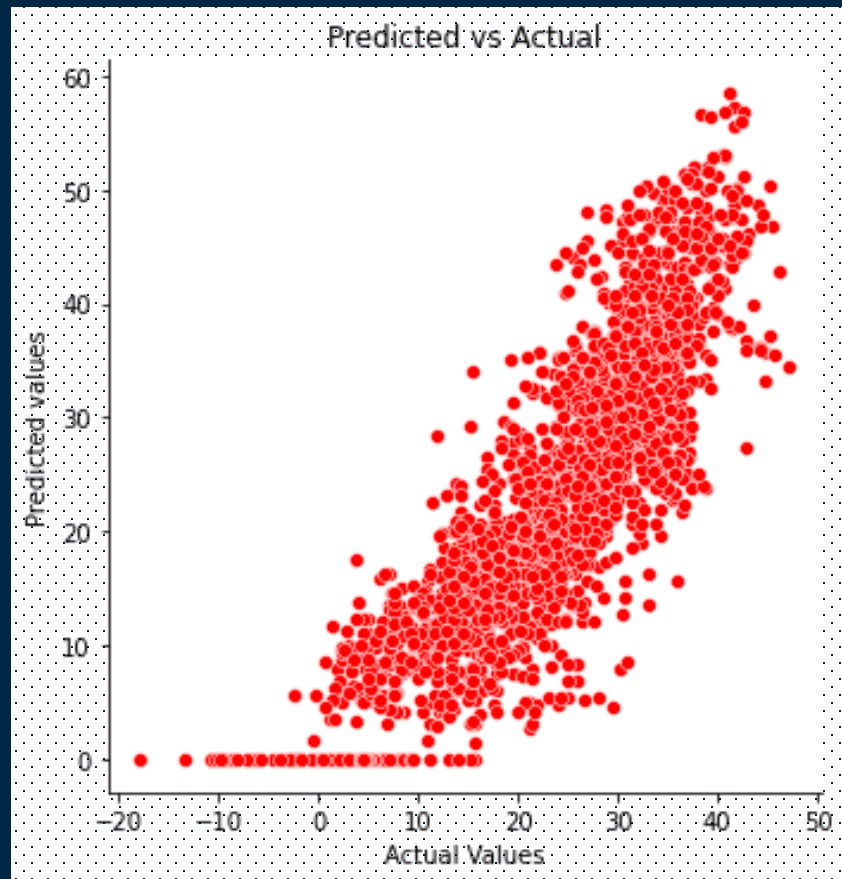
- High rise of Rented Bikes from 8:00 a.m to 9:00 p.m means people prefer rented bike during rush hour.
- we can clearly see that demand rises most at 8 a.m and 6:00 p.m so we can say that that during office opening and closing time there is much high demand

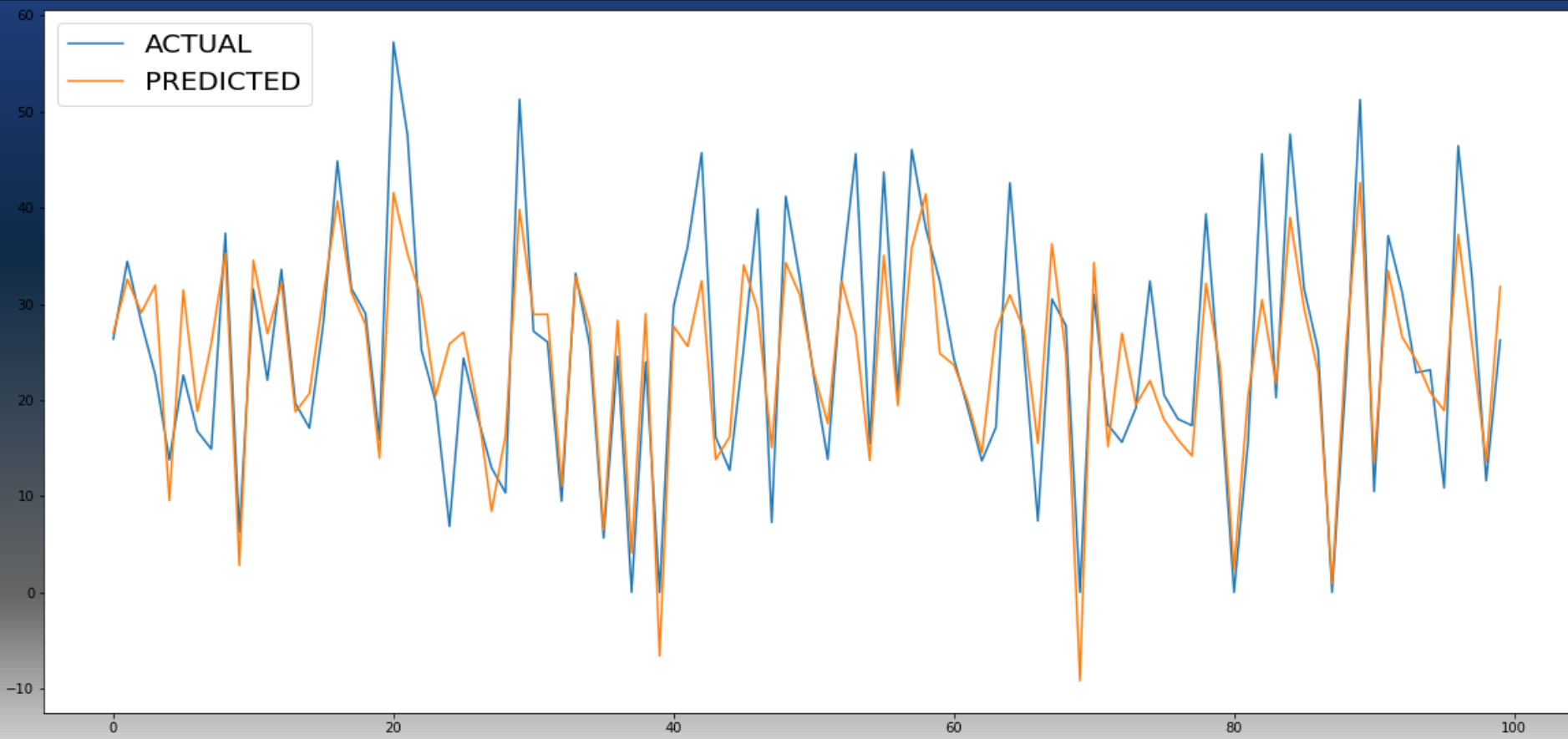
Model's Performed

Linear
Regression

Actual value

Predicted value





RESULT

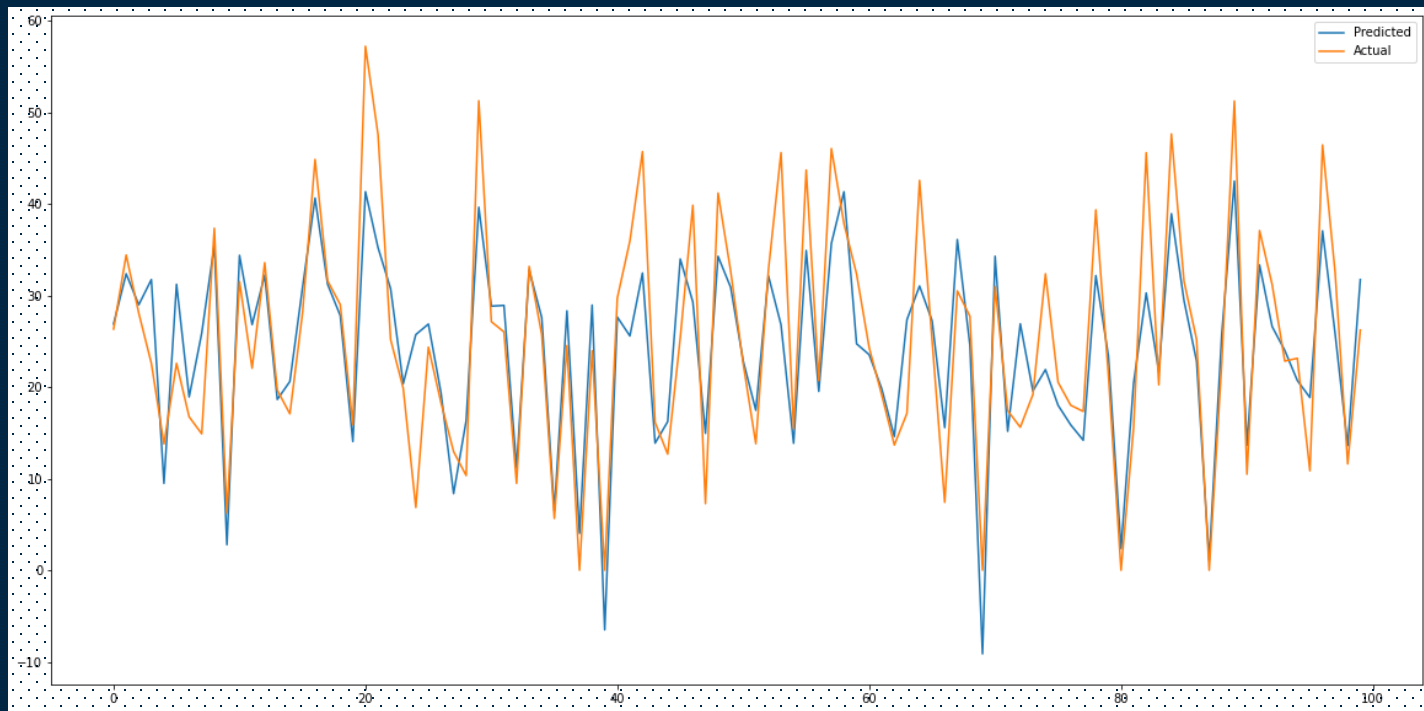
Model	MSE	RMSE	R2_score	Adjusted R2
Linear regression	143456.60	378.75	0.651	0.648

Model's Performed

Lasso Regression

Actual value

Predicted value



RESULT

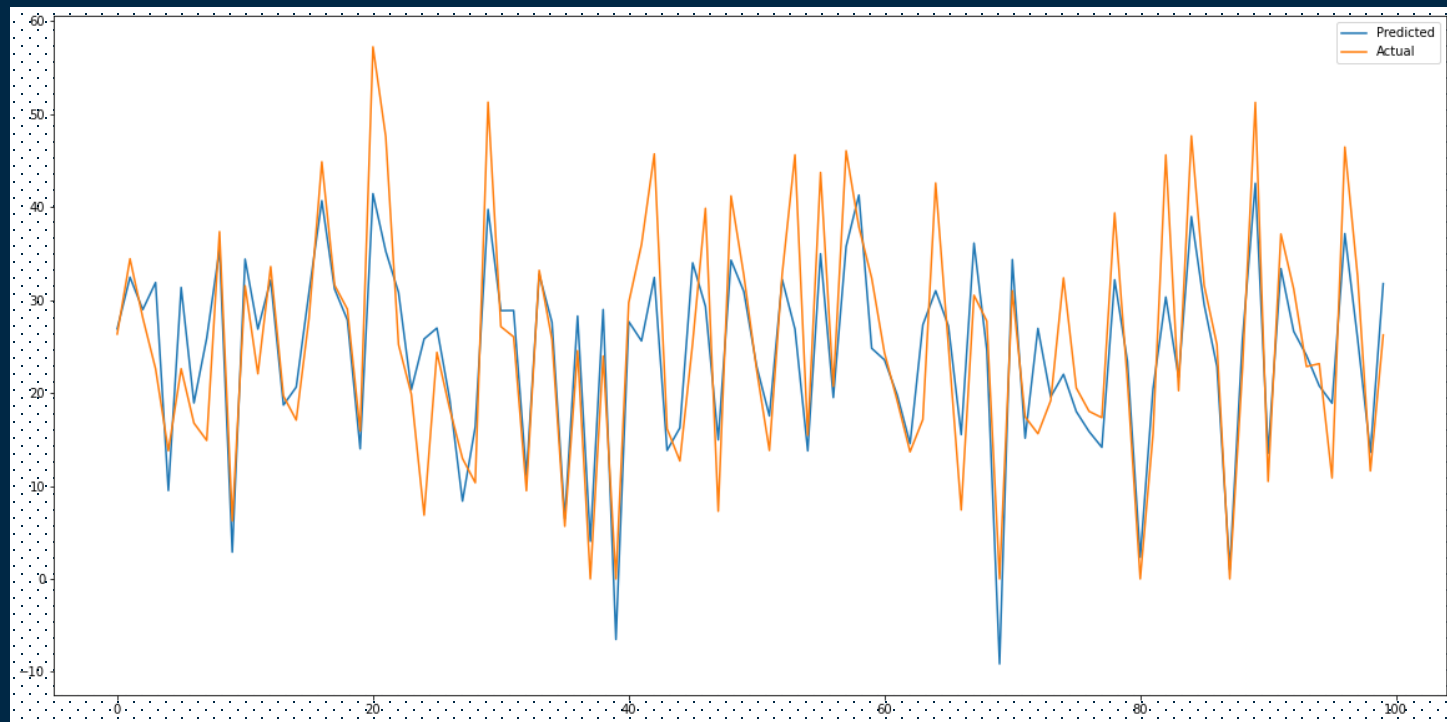
Model	MSE	RMSE	R2_score	Adjusted R2
Linear regression	143543.00	378.87	0.650	0.648

Model's Performed

Ridge Regression

Actual value

Predicted value



RESULT

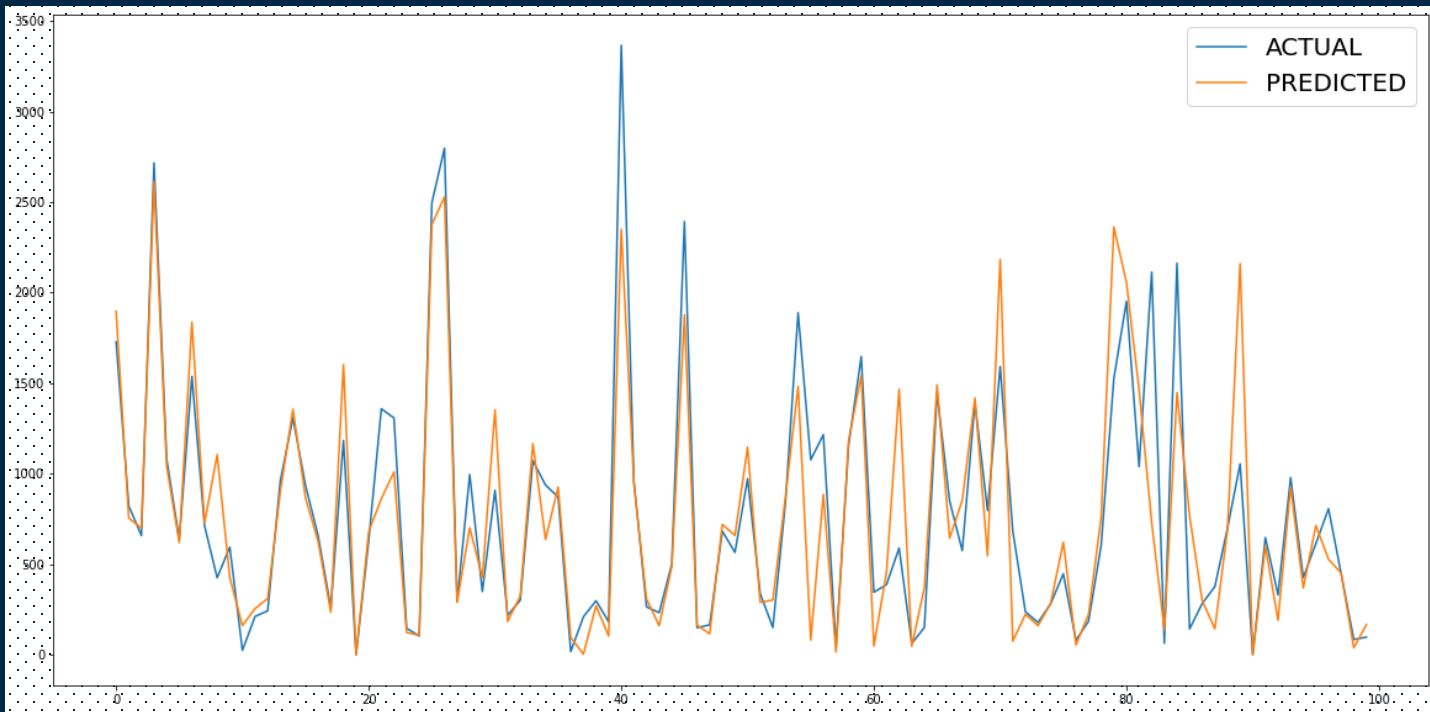
Model		MSE	RMSE	R2_score	Adjusted R2
Linear regression		143543.03	378.65	0.651	0.648

Model's Performed

Decision Tree

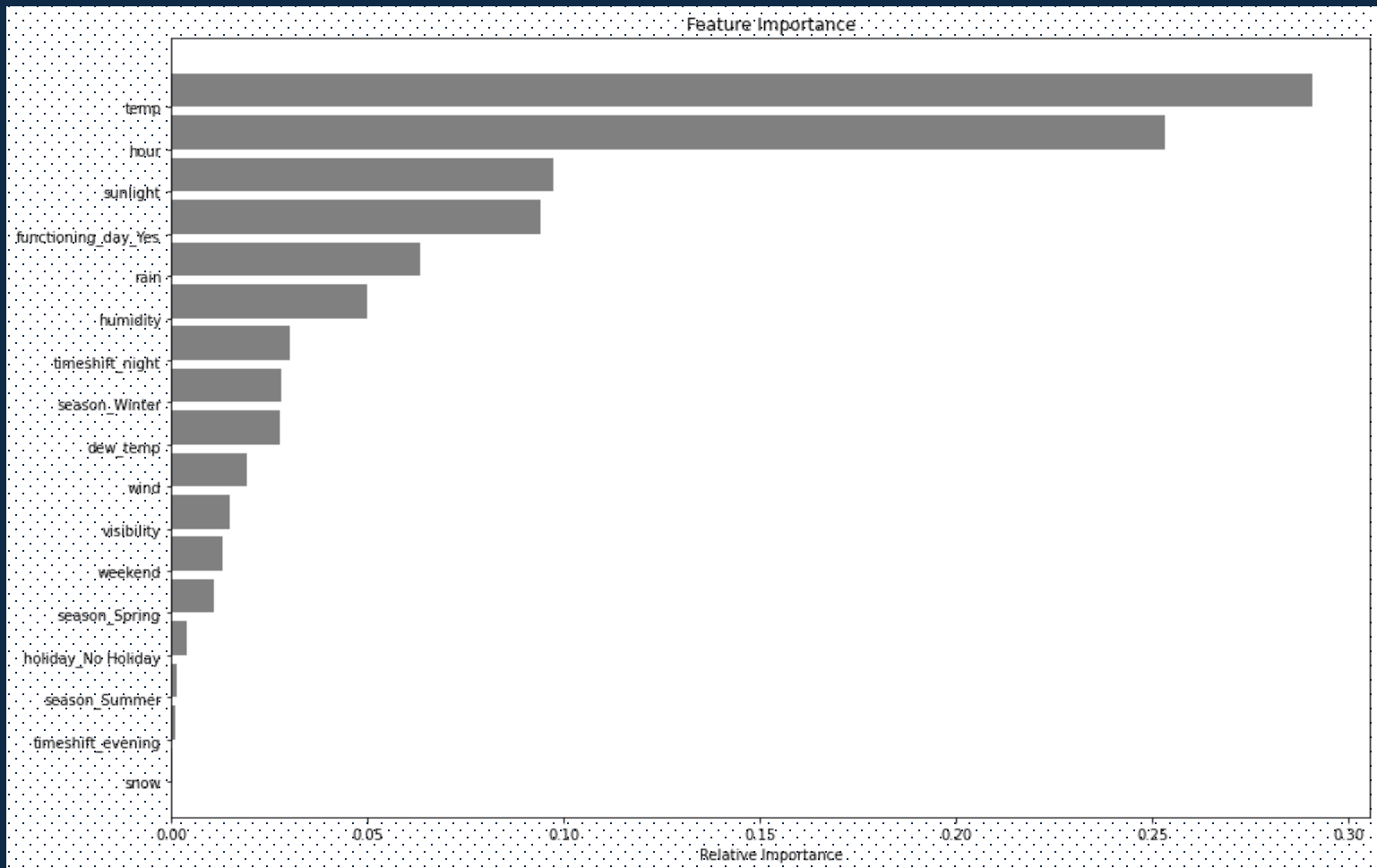
Actual value

Predicted value



RESULT

Model		MSE	RMSE	R2_score	Adjusted R2
Linear regression		98626.36	314.04	0.758	0.757

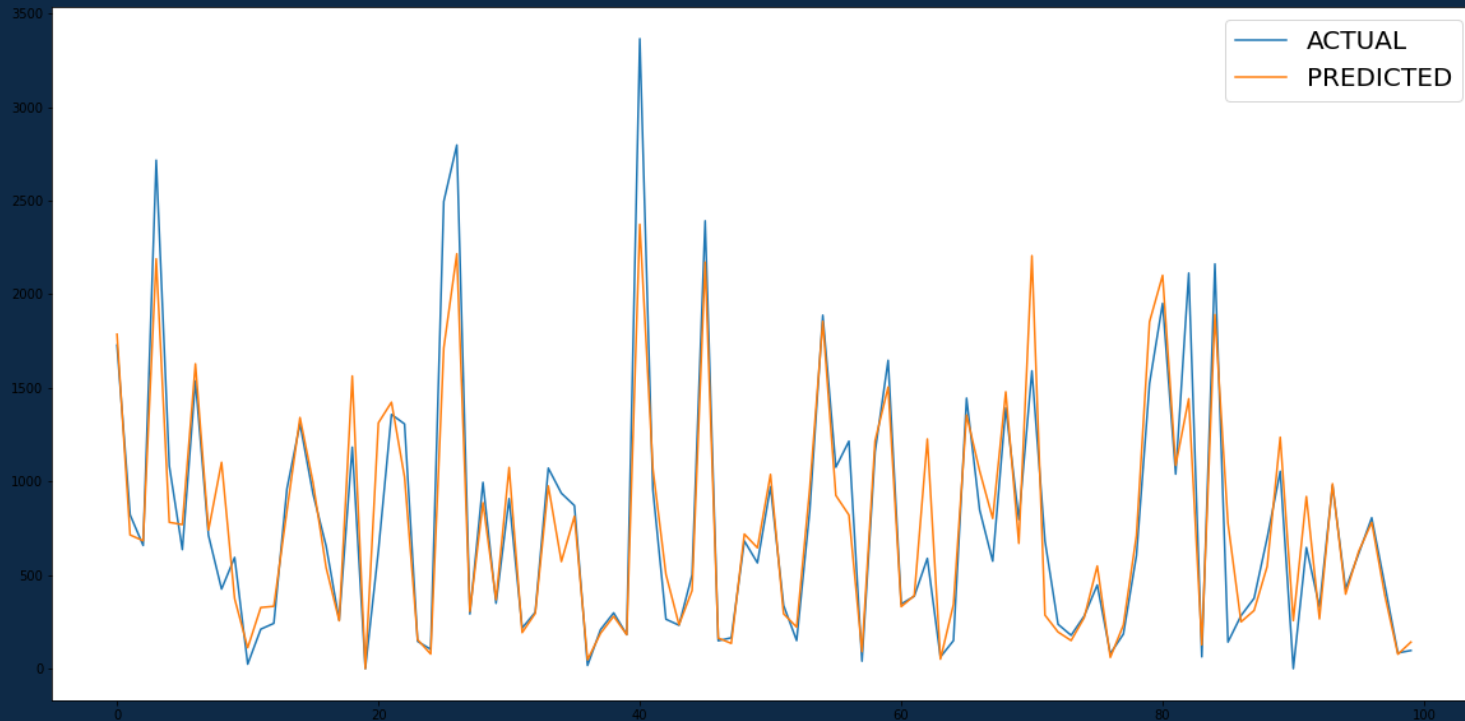


Model's Performed

Random
Forest

Actual value

Predicted value



RESULT

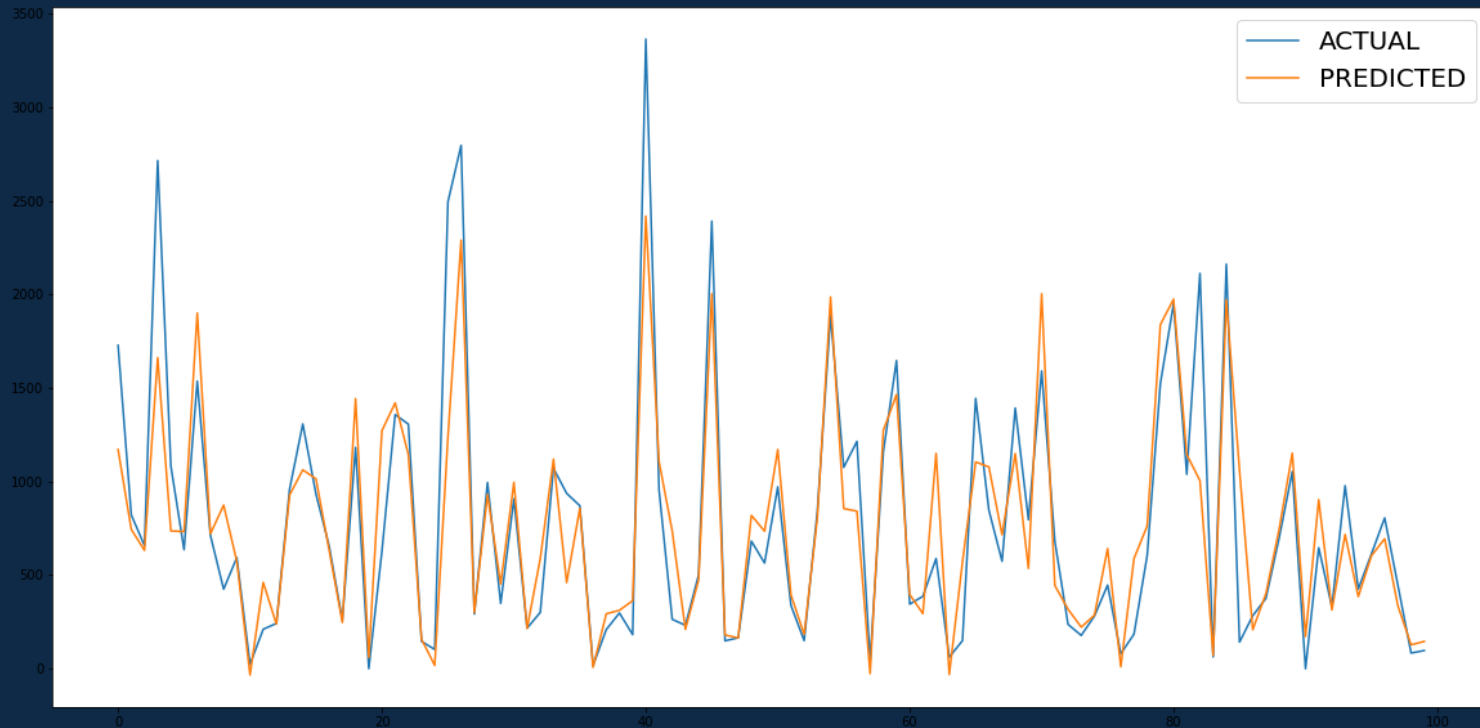
Model		MSE	RMSE	R2_score	Adjusted R2
Random Forest		47887.70	218.83	0.8829	0.8820

Model's Performed

Gradient
Boosting

Actual value

Predicted value



RESULT

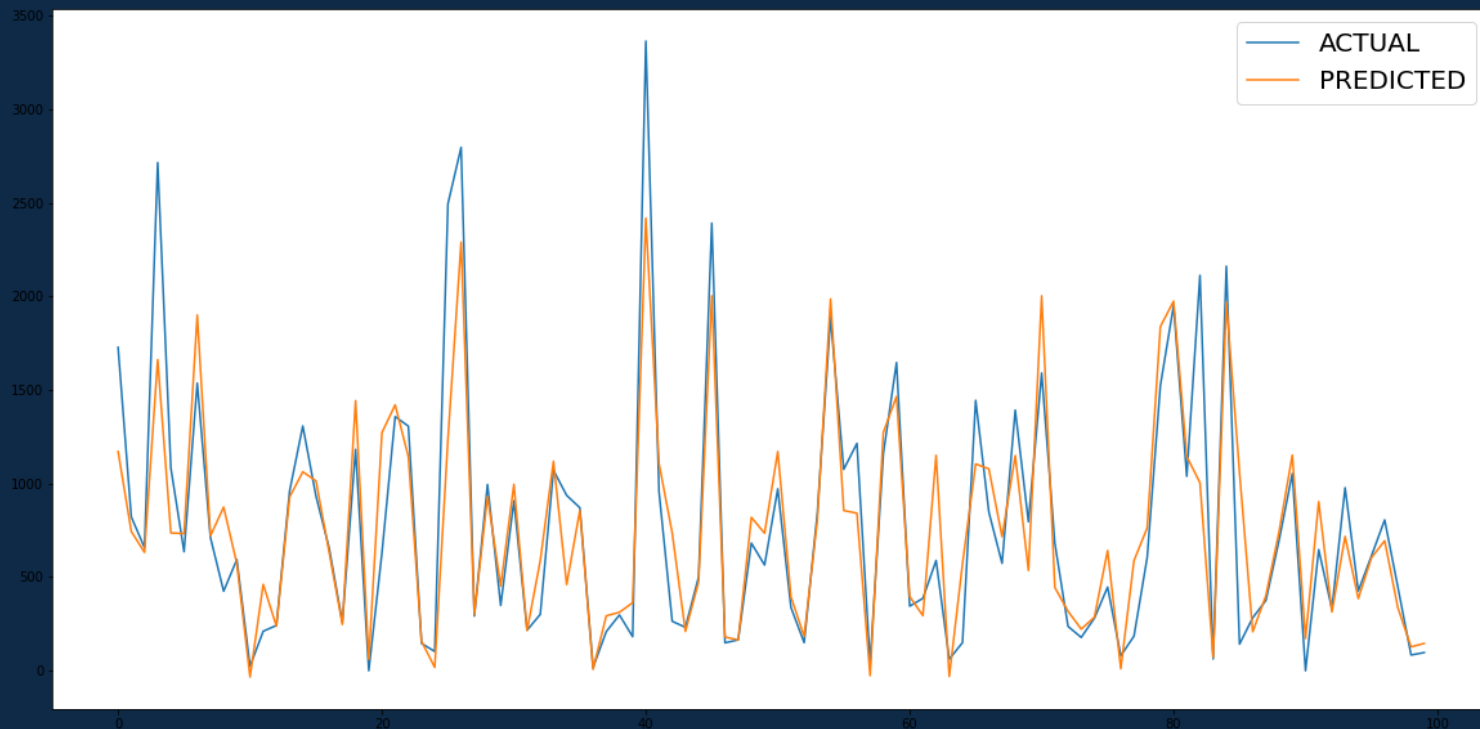
Model	MSE	RMSE	R2_score	Adjusted R2
Gradient Boosting	69123.22	262.91	0.8310	0.8297

Model's Performed

Xtreme Gradient
Boosting

Actual value

Predicted value



RESULT

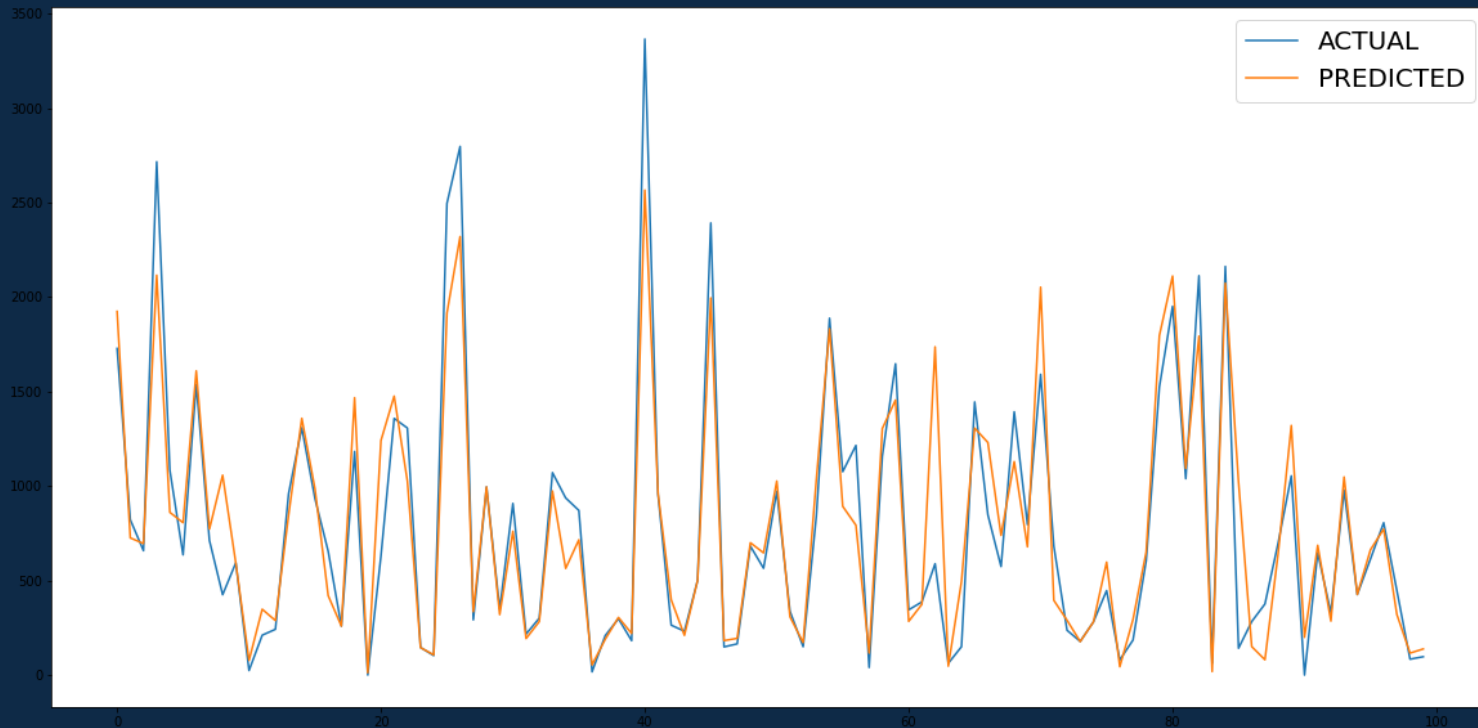
Model	MSE	RMSE	R2_score	Adjusted R2
Xtreme Gradient Boosting	46458.60	215.54	0.8864	0.8855

Model's Performed

light GBM

Actual value

Predicted value



RESULT

Model		MSE	RMSE	R2_score	Adjusted R2
Light GBM		40840.23	202.08	0.9001	0.8994

CONCLUSION



- ❑ No overfitting is seen, as we can see the models are performing well with the test data with good results.
- ❑ After performing the various models, the lightGBM and Xtreme Gradient Boosting found to be the best model that can be used for the Bike Sharing Demand Prediction since the performance metrics (mse,rmse) shows lower and (r2,adjusted_r2) shows a higher value for the lightGBM and Xtreme Gradient Boosting models !
- ❑ In holiday or non-working days there is demands in rented bikes.
- ❑ People preferred more rented bikes in the morning than the evening.
- ❑ When the rainfall was less, people have booked more bikes except some few cases.
- ❑ The Temperature, Hour & Humidity are the most important features that positively drive the total rented bikes count.
- ❑ We can use either lightGBM or Xtreme Gradient Boosting model for the bike rental stations.

THANKS

