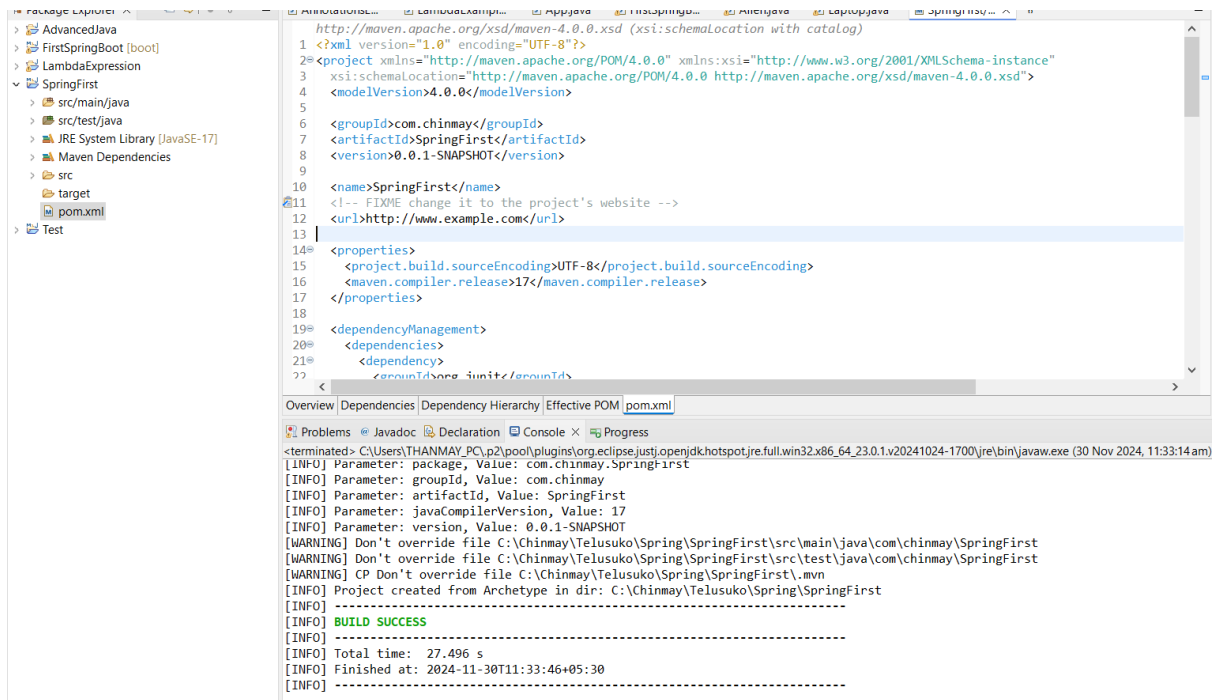


139.Spring 1st Project



Once we create a new Project it will be like above image.

If we want to create an Container we have to use ApplicationContext/BeanFactory.

ApplicationContext is responsible to work with that container.

ApplicationContext/BeanFactory helps us to create the Container and get the Objects from the container.

ApplicationContext provides all the features of BeanFactory plus some additional features.

ApplicationContext is not a part of Java it is part of Spring .So we need to include the dependencies for Spring Context.

Include the required dependencies in the pom.xml file .Post which the dependencies will be downloaded into the Project.

ApplicationContext is parent class for BeanFactory as well.

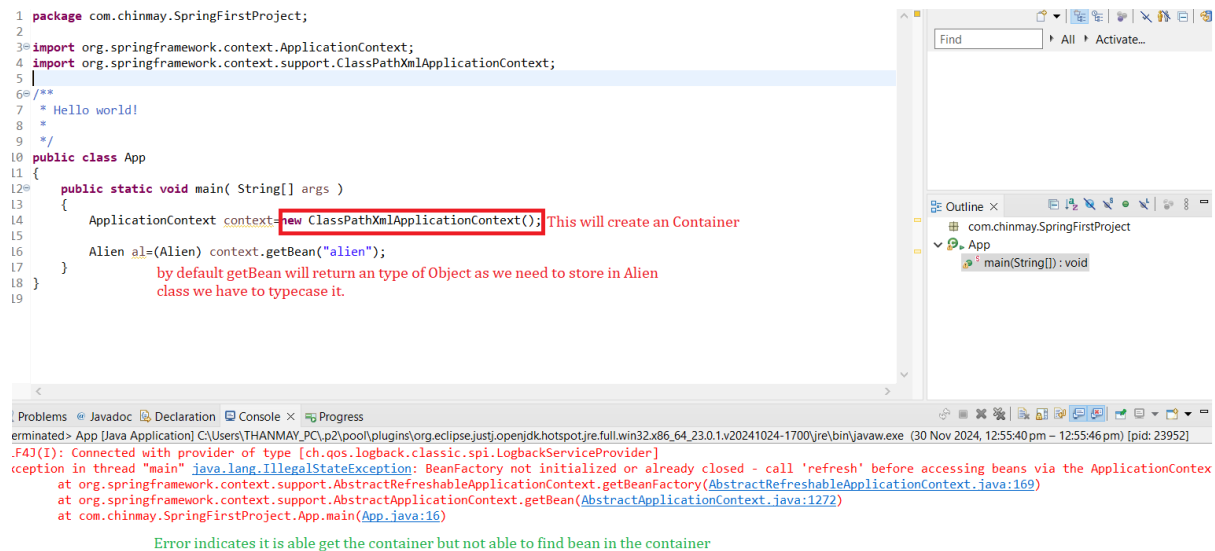
There are different to configure the Spring Application

1.Xml

2.Annotation

3.Java based

getBean()-will get the Object from the container and provide to us.



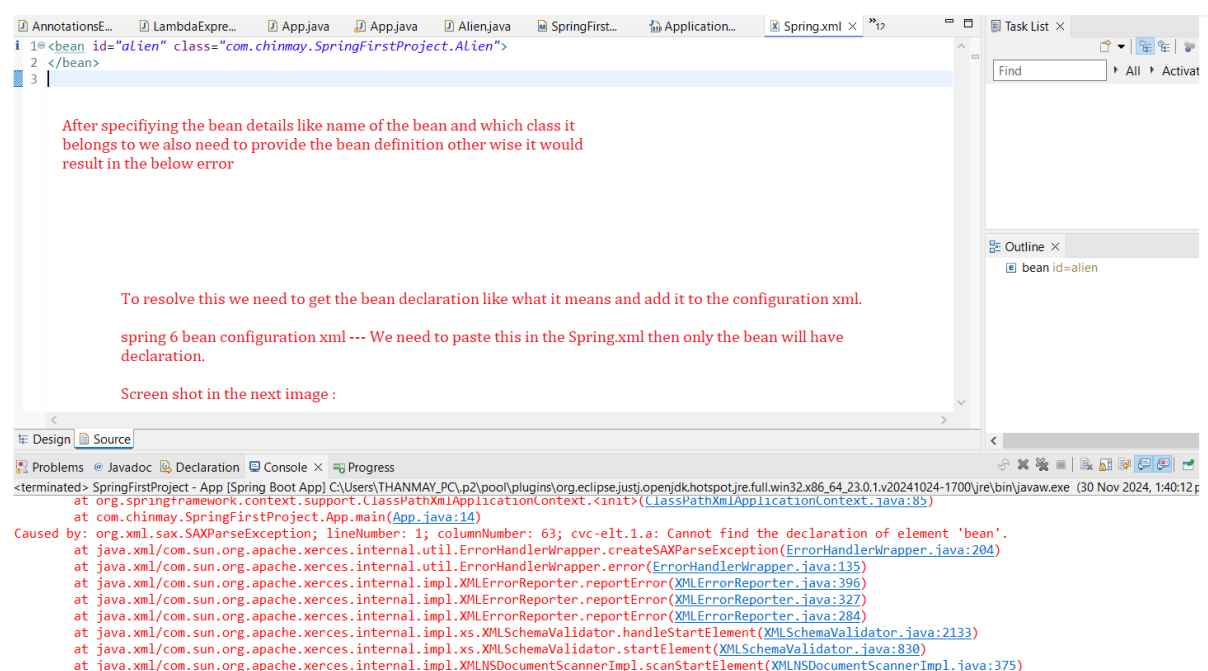
140.Spring Bean Xml Config

We need to Provide the Configurations to the container like which Objects has to be created by container and maintained by container using the xml file.

This file has to be placed in the resource section(src/main/resources).

The Same file name has to be passed as input to the container.

```
ApplicationContext context=new ClassPathXmlApplicationContext("Spring.xml");
```



```
AnnotationsE... LambdaExpre... App.java App.java Alien.java SpringFirst... Application... Spring.xml × 12
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 <beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
3     xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
4     xsi:schemaLocation="
5         http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd">
6 <bean id="alien" class="com.chinmay.SpringFirstProject.Alien">
7 </bean>
8 </beans>
9 |
```

```
AnnotationsE... LambdaExpre... App.java App.java Alien.java × SpringFirst... Application... Spring.xml 12
1
2 package com.chinmay.SpringFirstProject;
3
4
5 public class Alien {
6
7     public void code()
8     {
9         System.out.println("Coding");
10    }
11 }
12 |
```

Problems @ Javadoc Declaration Console × Progress

<terminated> SpringFirstProject - App [Spring Boot App] C:\Users\THANMAY_PC\p2\pool\plugins\org.eclipse.justj.openjdk.hotspot.jre.full.win32.x86_64_23.0.1.v20231016\jre\bin\java.exe -Xmx1024m -Xms256m -Dlogback.configurationFile=src/main/resources/logback-spring.xml -jar target\SpringFirstProject-1.0.0-SNAPSHOT.jar

SLF4J(I): Connected with provider of type [ch.qos.logback.classic.spi.LogbackServiceProvider]

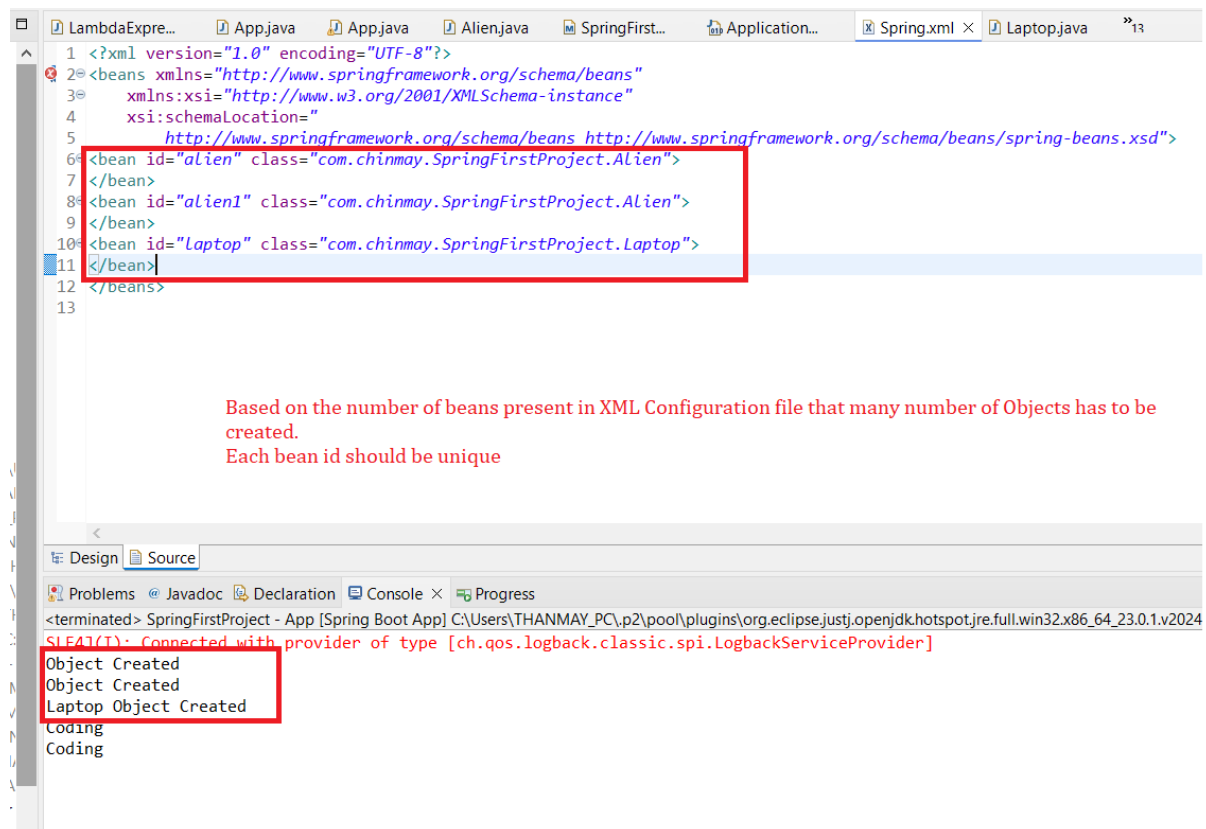
Coding

141.Object Creation

This creates Objects in the container based on the configurations provided to them in Xml(Spring.xml).

```
ApplicationContext context=new ClassPathXmlApplicationContext("Spring.xml");
```

Line due to which Objects will be created in the container based on the configurations provided in the XML file

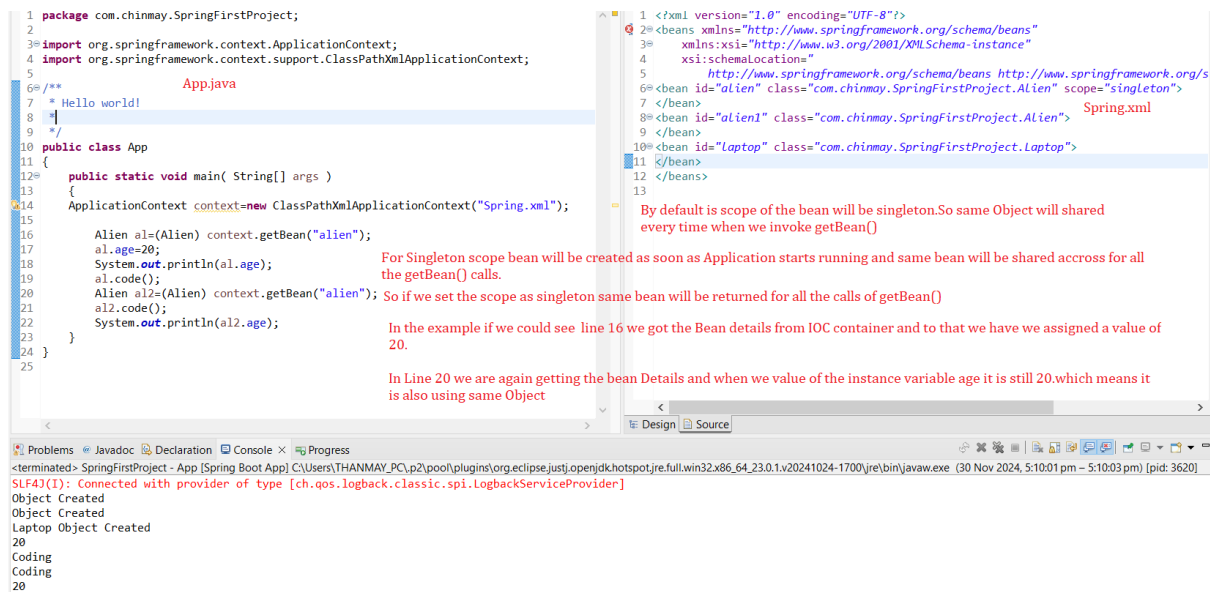


Based on the number of beans present in XML Configuration file that many number of Objects has to be created.
Each bean id should be unique

142.Scope

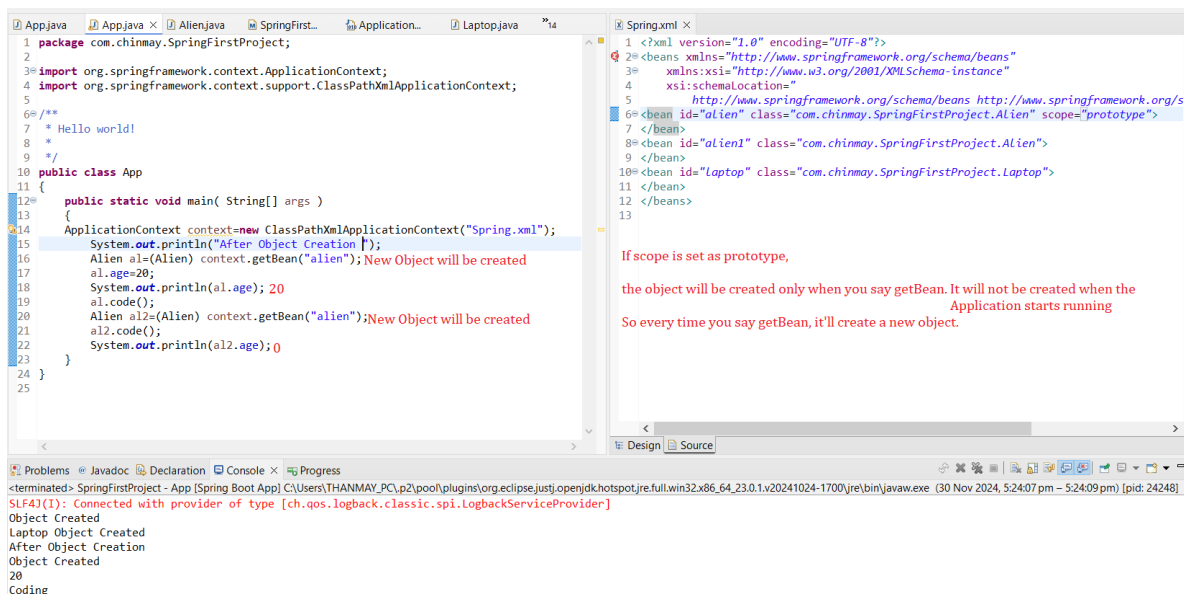
By default scope will be Single ton if we don't mention

Singleton :



Prototype :

If the scope will be set as prototype then every time a getBean() call is made a new Object will be created.



Session : Not discussed

143: Setter Injection/Setter Dependency Injection :

Consider when we want to inject something .

When we inject something into the class using setters then we call Setter Injection we can do that in the below way.

```
1 package com.chinmay.SpringFirstProject;
2
3
4
5 public class Alien {
6
7     private int age;
8     public int getAge() {
9         return age;
10    }
11
12    public void setAge(int age) {
13        System.out.println("Inside the Setter Method");
14        this.age = age;
15    }
16
17    public Alien() {
18        System.out.println("Object Created");
19    }
20
21    public void code()
22    {
23        System.out.println("Coding");
24    }
25 }
```

```
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 <beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
3       xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
4       xsi:schemaLocation="
5           http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans http://www.springframework.org/s
6       <property name="age" value="24"></property>
7     </bean>
8
9
10    <bean id="Laptop" class="com.chinmay.SpringFirstProject.Laptop">
11    </bean>
12 </beans>
13
```

Problems | Javadoc | Declaration | Console | Progress

<terminated> SpringFirstProject - App [Spring Boot App] C:\Users\THANMAY_PC\p2\pool\plugins\org.eclipse.justi.openjdk hotspot\jre.full.win32.x86_64_23.0.1.v20241024-1700\jre\bin\javaw.exe (30 Nov 2024, 6:54:57 pm - 6:54:59 pm) [pid: 16196]

SLF4J(I): Connected with provider of type [ch.qos.logback.classic.spi.LogbackServiceProvider]

Object Created
Inside the Setter Method
Laptop Object Created
After Object Creation
24
Coding
Coding

144.Ref Attribute/Setter Injection with Ref Attribute

```
1 package com.chinmay.SpringFirstProject;
2
3
4
5 public class Alien {
6
7     private int age;
8     private Laptop la;
9
10    public Laptop getLa() {
11        return la;
12    }
13
14    public void setLa(Laptop la) {
15        this.la = la;
16    }
17
18    public int getAge() {
19        return age;
20    }
21
22    public void setAge(int age) {
23        System.out.println("Inside the Setter Method");
24        this.age = age;
25    }
26 }
```

```
1 http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd (xsi:schemaLocation)
2 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
3 <beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
4       xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
5       xsi:schemaLocation="
6           http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans http://www.springframework.org/s
7       <property name="age" value="24"></property>
8     </bean>
9
10    <bean id="Laptop" class="com.chinmay.SpringFirstProject.Laptop">
11    </bean>
12 </beans>
13
```

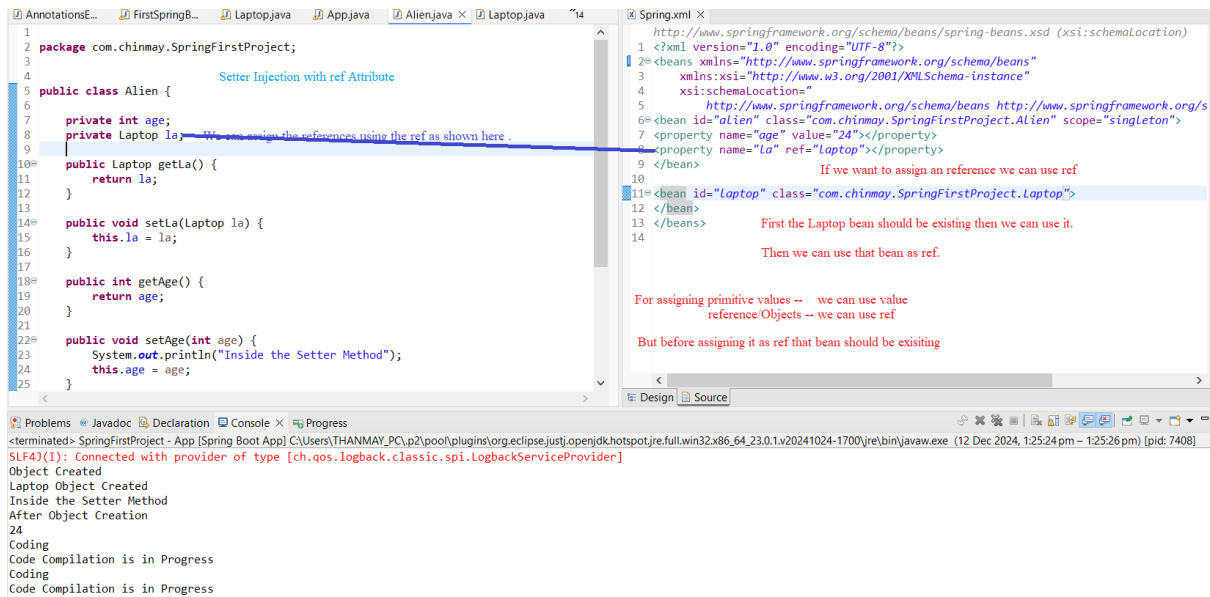
Problems | Javadoc | Declaration | Console | Progress

<terminated> SpringFirstProject - App [Spring Boot App] C:\Users\THANMAY_PC\p2\pool\plugins\org.eclipse.justi.openjdk hotspot\jre.full.win32.x86_64_23.0.1.v20241024-1700\jre\bin\javaw.exe (12 Dec 2024, 1:16:22 pm - 1:16:23 pm) [pid: 13844]

SLF4J(I): Connected with provider of type [ch.qos.logback.classic.spi.LogbackServiceProvider]

Object Created
Inside the Setter Method
Laptop Object Created
After Object Creation
Exception in thread "main" 24
Coding
java.lang.NullPointerException: Cannot invoke "com.chinmay.SpringFirstProject.Laptop.compile()" because "this.la" is null
at com.chinmay.SpringFirstProject.Alien.code(Alien.java:34)
at com.chinmay.SpringFirstProject.App.main(App.java:19)

Issue:



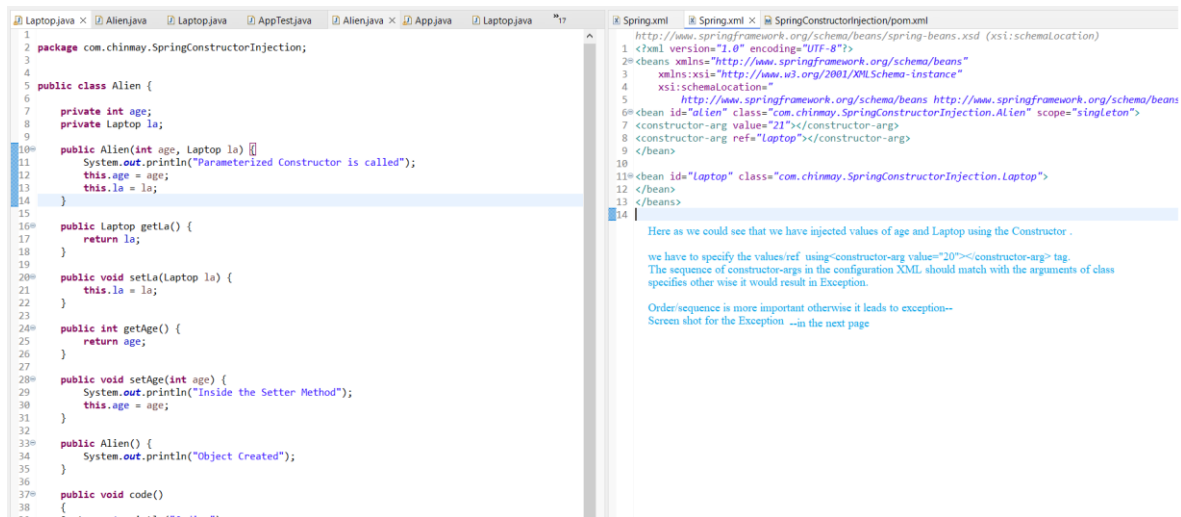
Solution

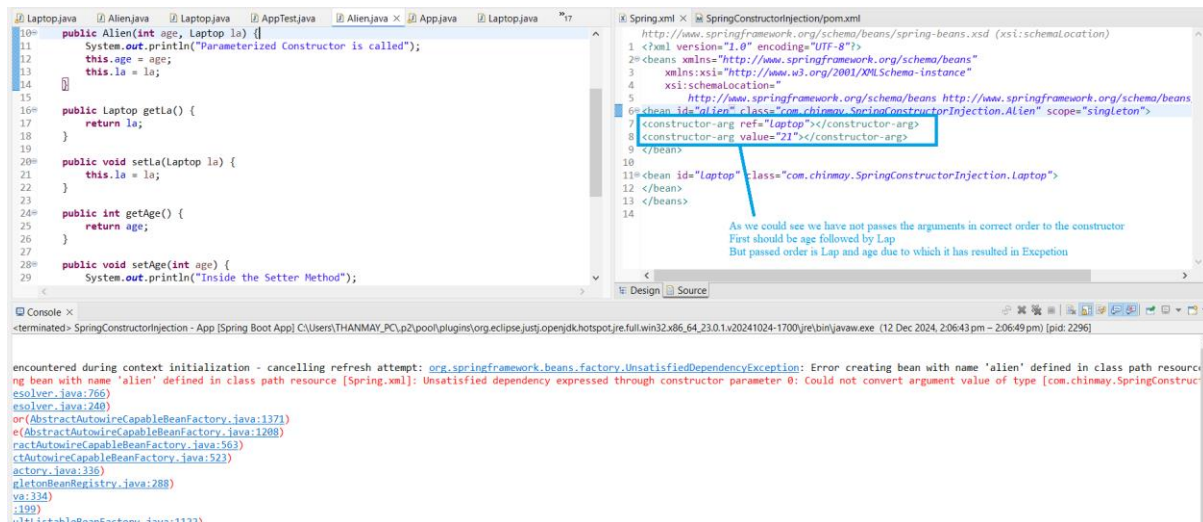
145: Constructor Injection:

We can initialize the values of class using the constructor as well.

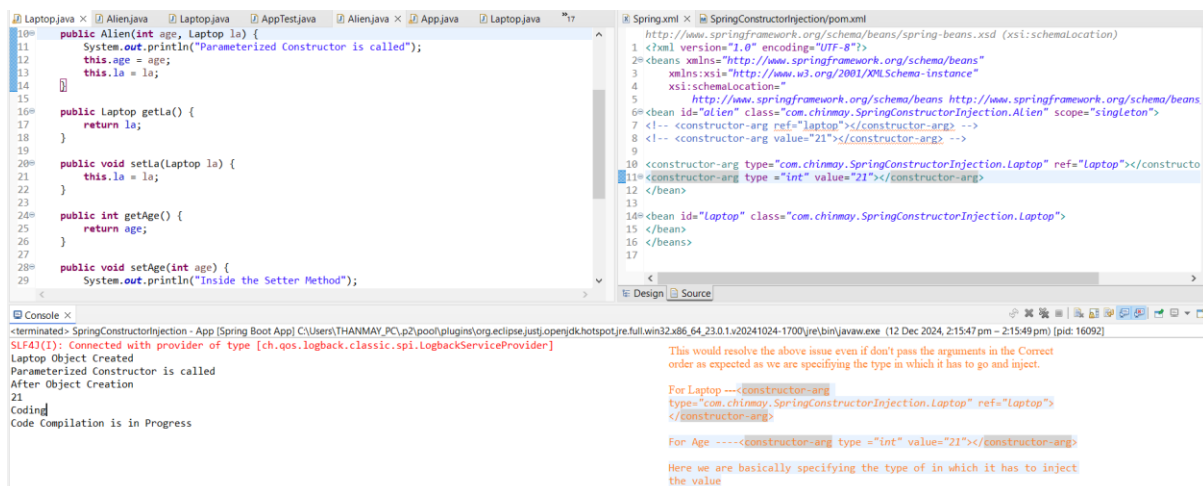
```
<constructor-arg value="21"></constructor-arg>
```

```
<constructor-arg ref="laptop"></constructor-arg>
```





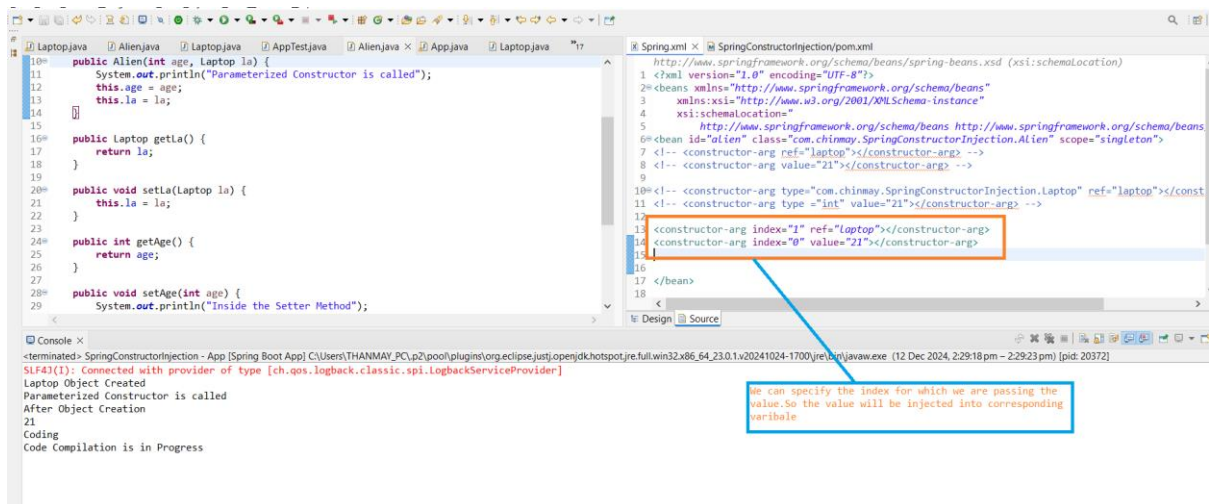
To resolve the issue we can use type to which type it has to assign that value. Find the screenshot for the same below.



But there is issue with above approach as well consider we have two int values and we are injecting using <construct-args> as we are specifying only the type only for injecting it will be ambiguity as to insert in to insert to which attribute even if we specify the value for both the values.

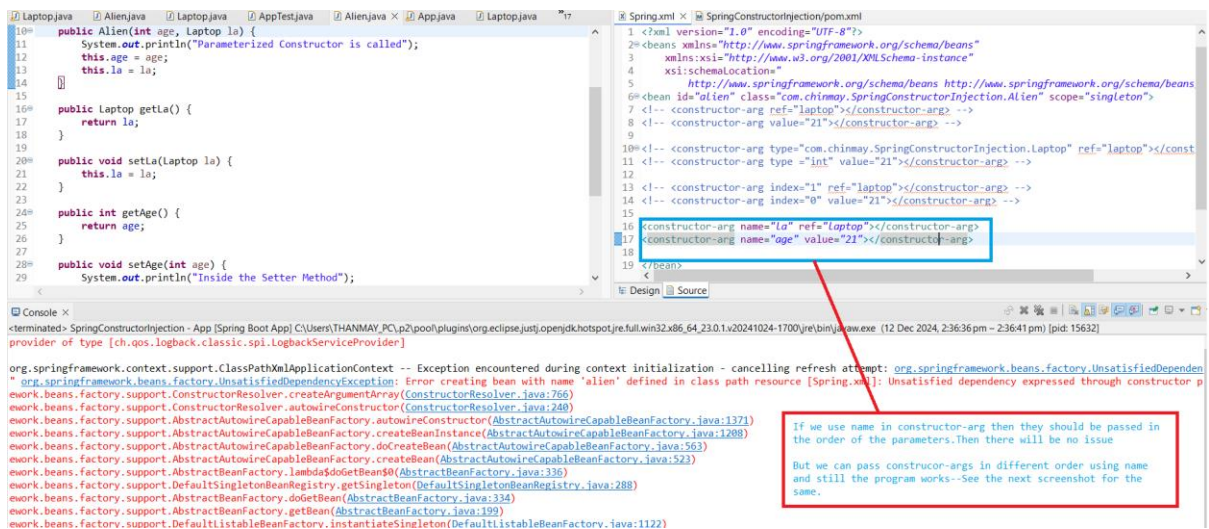
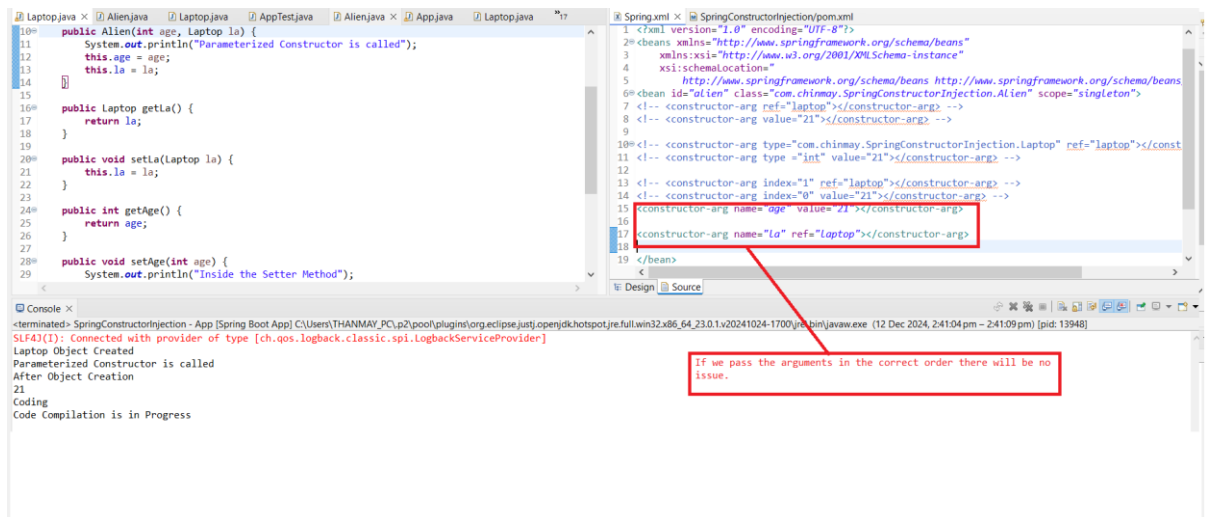
```
<constructor-arg type="com.chinmay.SpringConstructorInjection.Laptop" ref="laptop"></constructor-arg>
<constructor-arg type="int" value="21"></constructor-arg>
<constructor-arg type="int" value="21000"></constructor-arg>
</beans>
```

To Resolve the above issue also we can use index in the Constructor-arg.

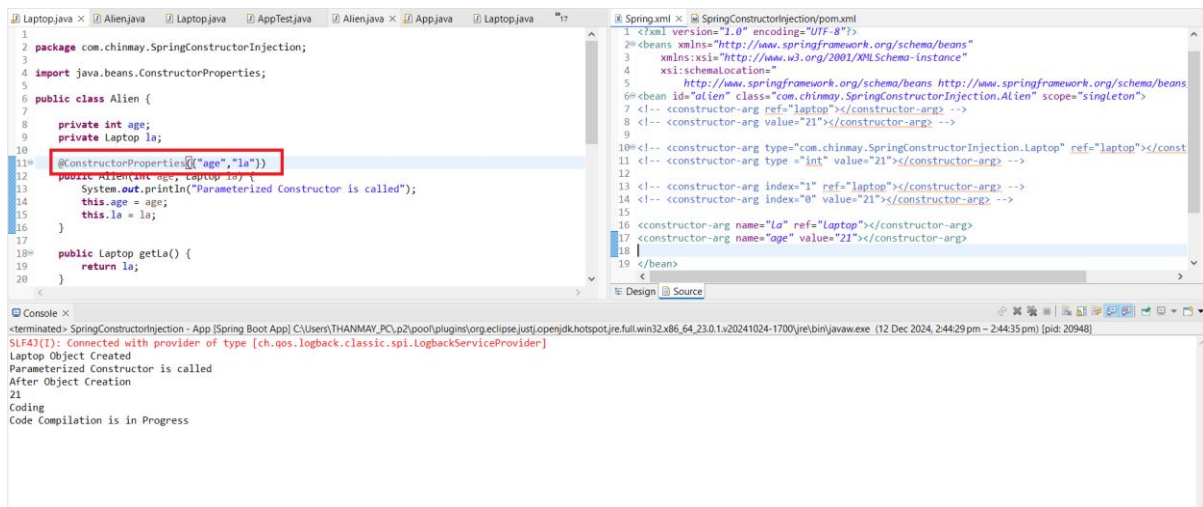


One more Way :

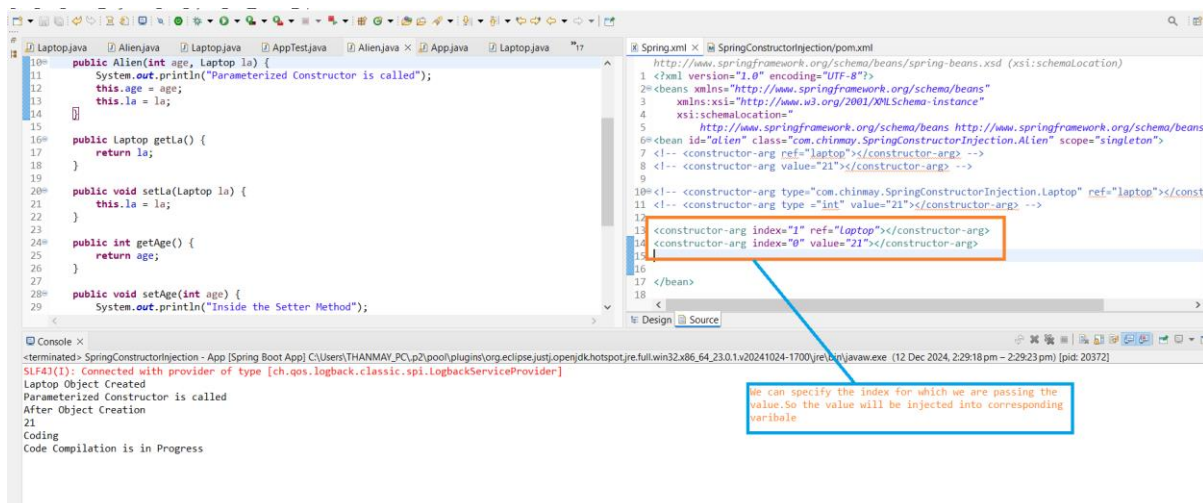
We can use name as well in the constructor-arg tag.



To resolve the above issue:



But it will be easier if we used index based constructor-arg. Go which index based constructor-arg



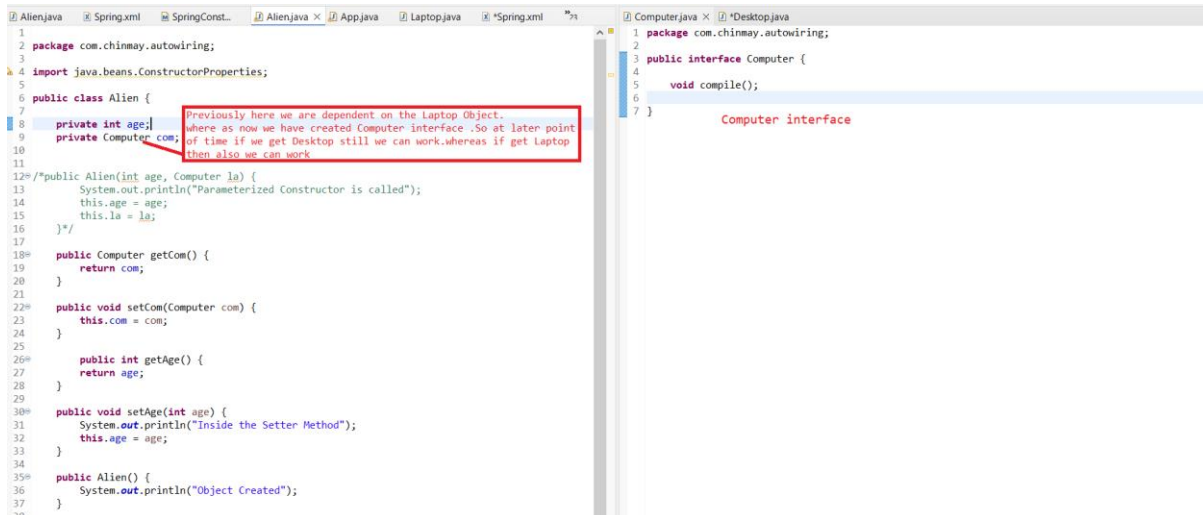
This will be better approach.

Among setter and constructor which one to use:

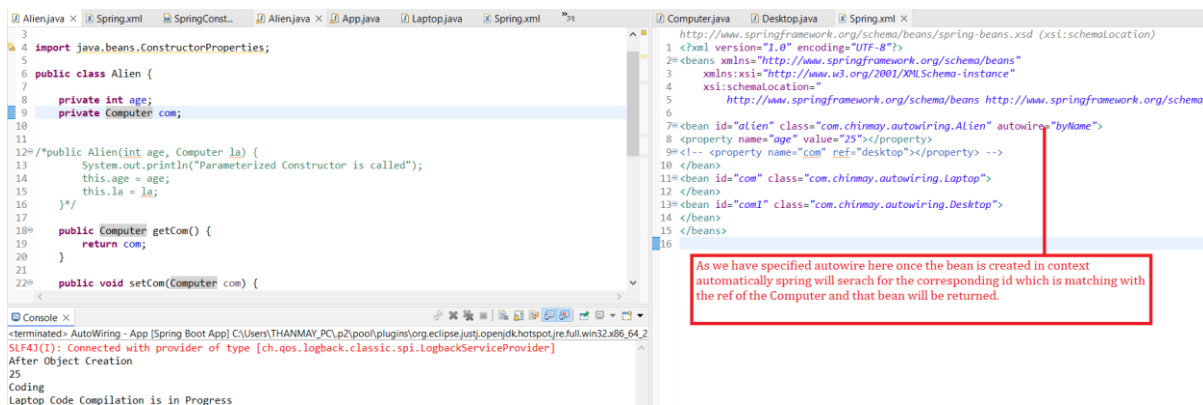
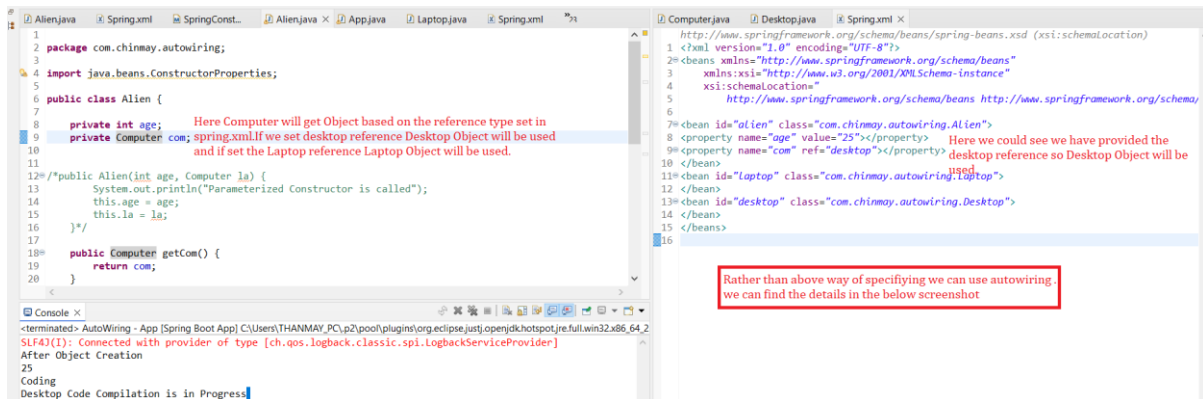
If the values for Properties are Optional, we can use setter injection.

If the values for Properties are mandatory we can use constructor injection. Because we have to pass all the values for the corresponding constructor to be called.

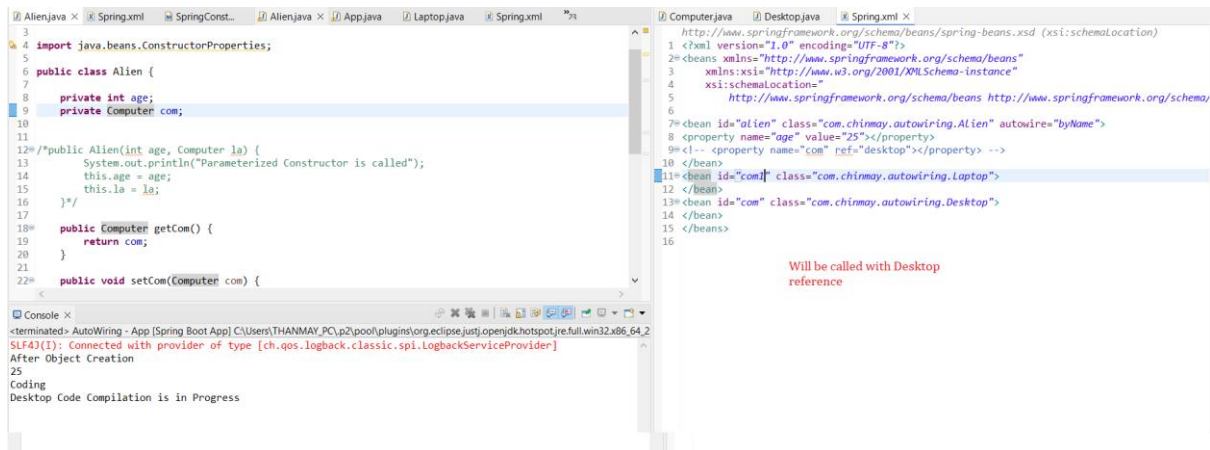
146. Creating interface



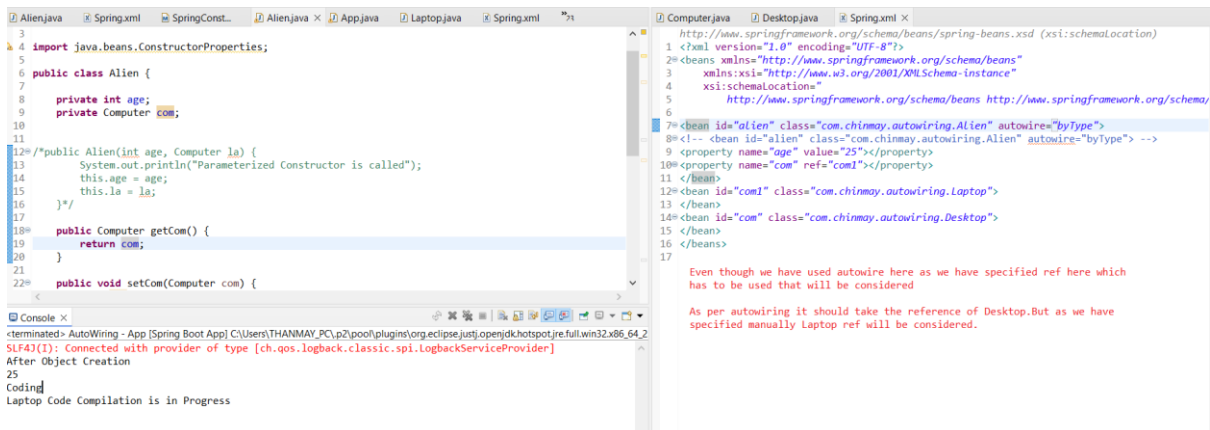
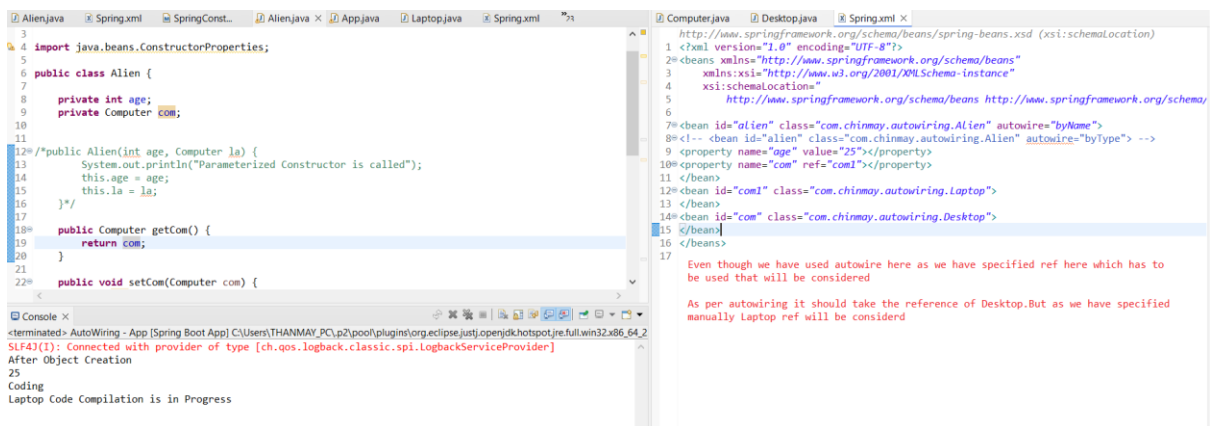
147.Autowiring

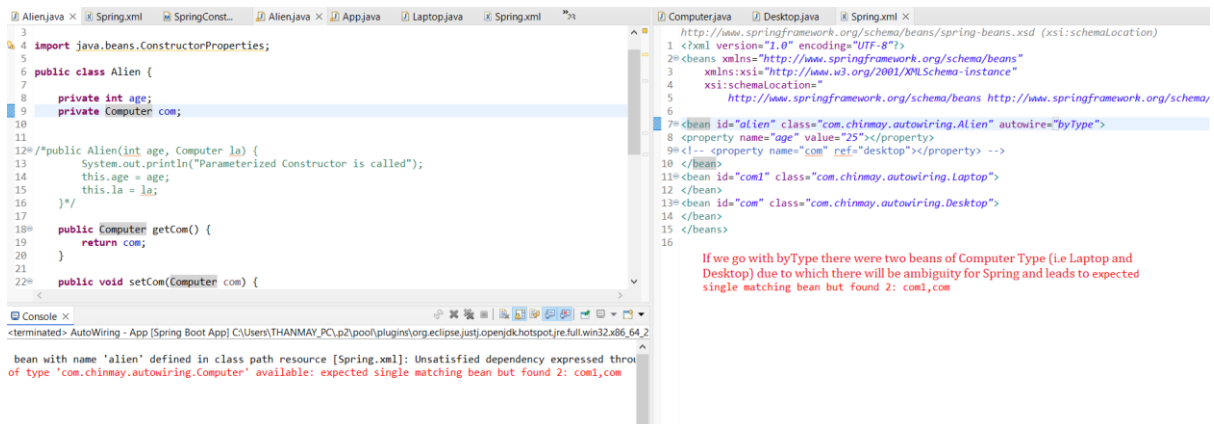


byName



byName--Desktop

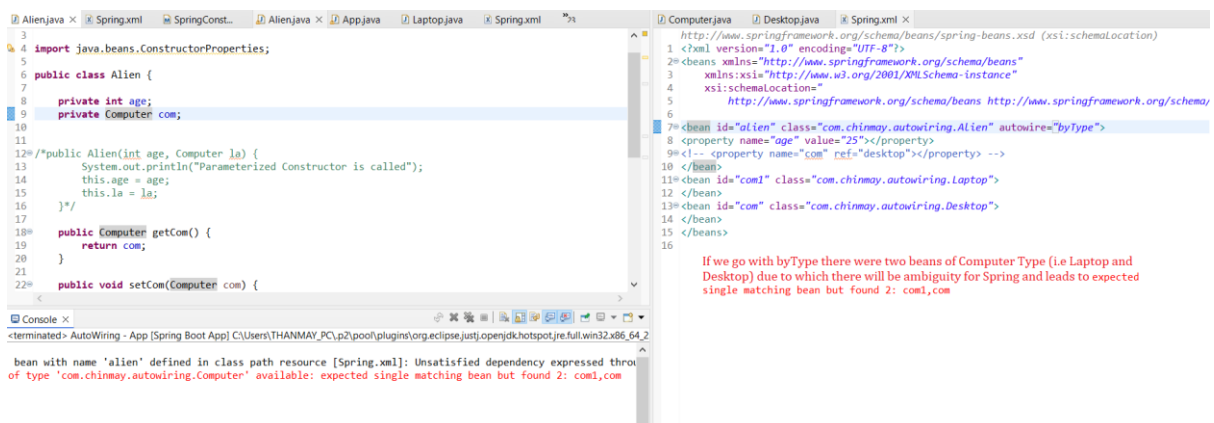




byType—Here there will be multiple beans of sametype so it will result in Exception.

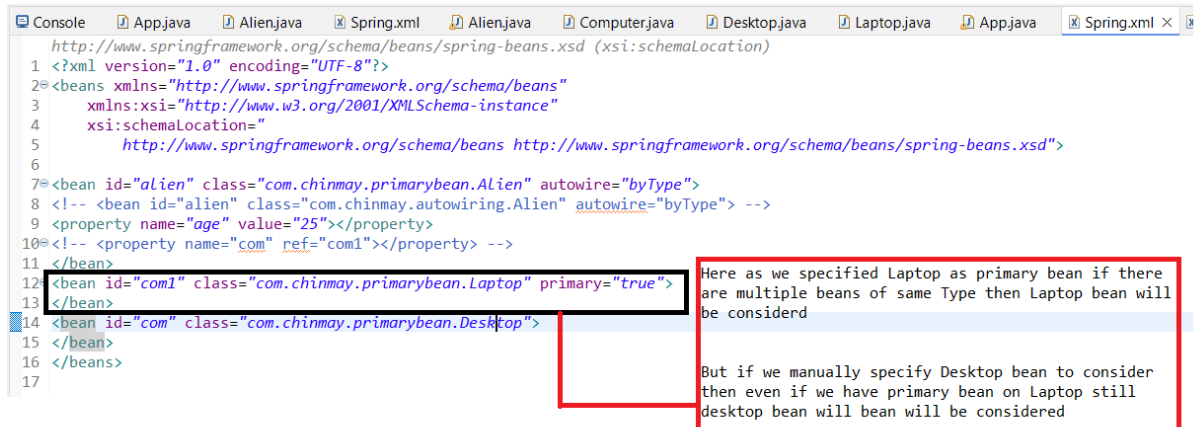
148.Primary Bean :

When we are trying to get the Bean Details and there were multiple bean so same type then Spring will be not in position to decide which bean to consider



To resolve this we can make one bean as primary bean. So that bean which is specified as binary will be invoked when there is confusion.

Ex: There were multiple databases which will be active but we will be specifying which one will be the primitive.



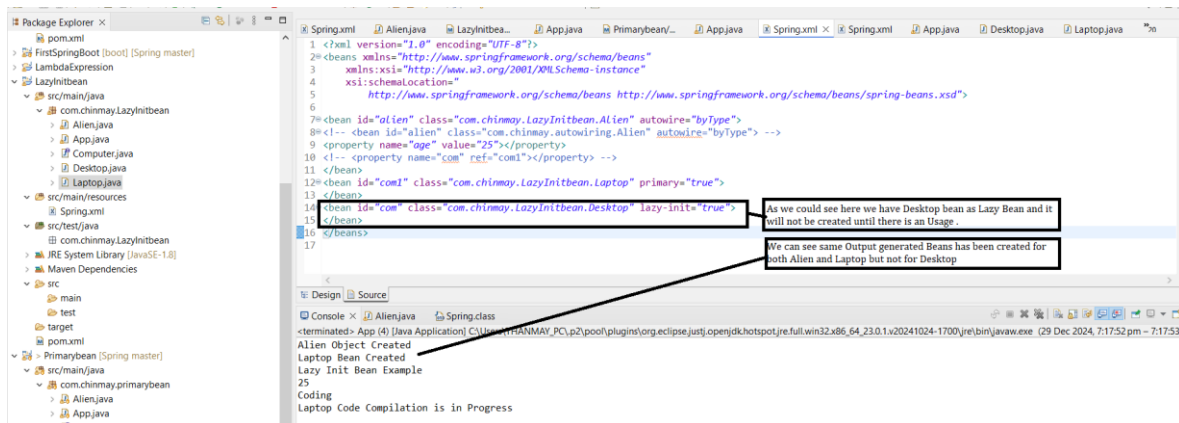
149:Lazy Init Bean

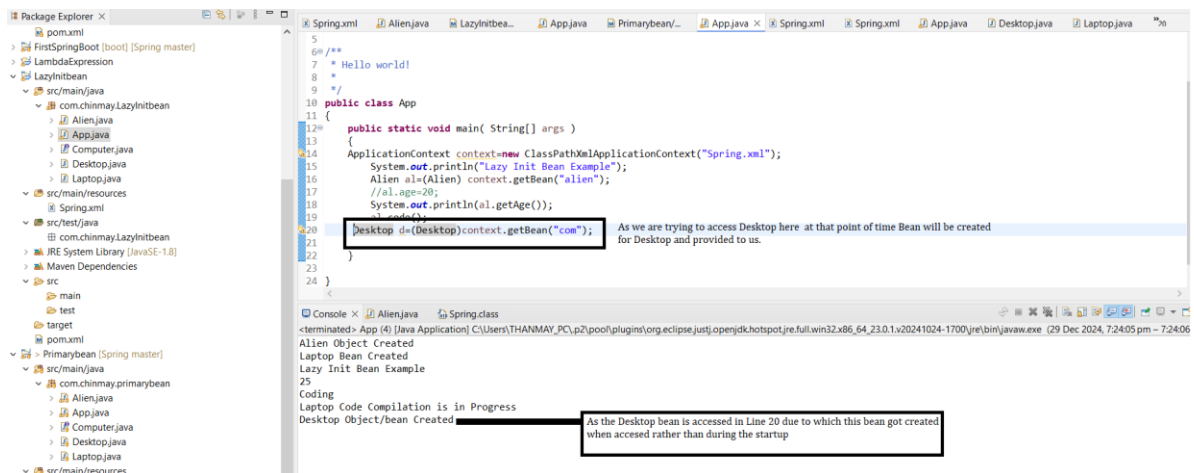
Lazy initialization of the Bean.

By default all the beans will be created during the start of the Application.

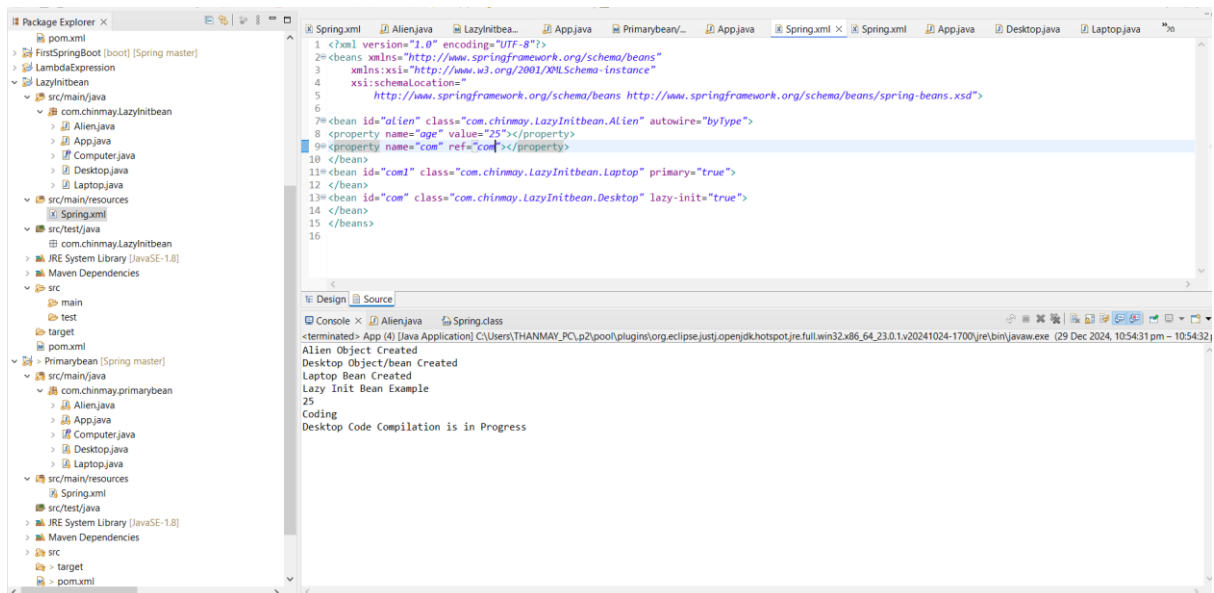
Consider a case where we want the beans to be created only if there is any usage. In this case we can make the as lazy-init bean so that bean will not be created until there is usage.

It will be useful when there are more number of beans that has to be created but all of them will not be required during the startup, Such beans we can make them as lazy-init beans so they will not be created until there is usage.





Consider a scenario where there is some other bean which is dependent on lazy-int bean in that case lazy-init will get during the startup of your application.



As we could see here even though we have specified Desktop as lazy-init bean as the Alien bean is dependent on Desktop bean it will get created.

150:GetBean By Type:

```

15     Alien al=(Alien) context.getBean("alien");
16     //al.age=20;
17     System.out.println(al.getAge());
18     al.code();
19     Desktop d=(Desktop)context.getBean("com");
20

```

Here in the above we could see we are getting bean y using its name .Due to which we will get Object Type and we are converting to required type we need.

```

0 public class App
1 {
2     public static void main( String[] args )
3     {
4         ApplicationContext context=new ClassPathXmlApplicationContext("Spring.xml");
5         Alien al=context.getBean("alien",Alien.class);
6         //al.age=20;
7         System.out.println(al.getAge());
8         al.code();
9         Desktop d=context.getBean("com",Desktop.class);
10
11     }
12 }

```

```

// Desktop d=context.getBean("com",Desktop.class);
Desktop d=context.getBean(Desktop.class);

```

We can specify like this with the class so we doesn't need type casting as well.

Consider a case where we have computer interface and both Laptop and Desktop provides the implementation for the Computer.

Then if we try to fetch the implementation for Computer it will lead to below Exception .As there were multiple beans of Same Type .

The screenshot shows an IDE with a Java file named `App.java` and a console window. The Java code defines a `main` method that creates a `ClassPathXmlApplicationContext` with `"Spring.xml"` and retrieves beans for `Alien`, `Desktop`, and `Computer`. The console output shows the application running successfully for `Alien` and `Desktop`, but then throws a `NoUniqueBeanDefinitionException` when trying to retrieve the `Computer` bean, stating that there are multiple beans of type `com.chinmay.getbeanbytype.Computer`.

```

1 package com.chinmay.getbeanbytype;
2
3 import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;
4
5
6 public class App {
7 {
8     public static void main( String[] args )
9     {
10         ApplicationContext context=new ClassPathXmlApplicationContext("Spring.xml");
11         Alien al=context.getBean("alien",Alien.class);
12         //al.age=20;
13         System.out.println(al.getAge());
14         al.code();
15         Desktop d=context.getBean("com",Desktop.class);
16         Computer com=context.getBean(Computer.class);
17         Desktop d1=context.getBean(Desktop.class);
18
19     }
20 }
21 }
22

```

```

<terminated> App (5) [Java Application] C:\Users\THANMAY_PC\p2\pool\plugins\org.eclipse.justi.openjdk.hotspot.jre.full.win32.x86_64_23.0.1.v20241024-1700\jre\bin\javaw.exe (5 Jan 2025, 11:16:44 am - 11:16:45:
Alien Object Created
Laptop Bean Created
25
Coding
Laptop Code Compilation is in Progress
Desktop Object/bean Created
Exception in thread "main" org.springframework.beans.factory.NoUniqueBeanDefinitionException: No qualifying bean of type 'com.chinmay.getbeanbytype.Computer'
    at org.springframework.beans.factory.support.DefaultListableBeanFactory.resolveNamedBean(DefaultListableBeanFactory.java:1473)
    at org.springframework.beans.factory.support.DefaultListableBeanFactory.resolveBean(DefaultListableBeanFactory.java:516)
    at org.springframework.beans.factory.support.DefaultListableBeanFactory.getBean(DefaultListableBeanFactory.java:371)
    at org.springframework.beans.factory.support.DefaultListableBeanFactory.getBean(DefaultListableBeanFactory.java:364)
    at org.springframework.context.support.AbstractApplicationContext.getBean(AbstractApplicationContext.java:1290)
    at com.chinmay.getbeanbytype.App.main(App.java:16)

```



```
Spring.xml  LambdaExempl...  Spring.xml  Spring.xml  application...  App.java  App.java  App.java  Computer.java  Laptop.java  Spring.xml x
http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd (xsi:schemaLocation)
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 <beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
3     xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
4     xsi:schemaLocation="
5         http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd">
6 <bean id="alien" class="com.chinmay.getbeanbytype.Alien" autowire="byType">
7 <property name="age" value="25"></property>
8 <property name="com" ref="com1"></property>
9 </bean>
10 <bean id="com1" class="com.chinmay.getbeanbytype.Laptop">
11 </bean>
12 <bean id="com" class="com.chinmay.getbeanbytype.Desktop" lazy-init="true">
13 </bean>
14 </beans>
15
```

Pom.xml

We need to make one of the beans as primary to resolve the above issue.

Resolution:

```
Spring.xml  LambdaExempl...  Spring.xml  Spring.xml  application...  App.java  App.java  Alien.java  Alien.java
http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd (xsi:schemaLocation)
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 <beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
3     xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
4     xsi:schemaLocation="
5         http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd">
6 <bean id="alien" class="com.chinmay.getbeanbytype.Alien" autowire="byType">
7 <property name="age" value="25"></property>
8 <property name="com" ref="com1"></property>
9 </bean>
10 <bean id="com1" class="com.chinmay.getbeanbytype.Laptop" primary="true">
11 </bean>
12 <bean id="com" class="com.chinmay.getbeanbytype.Desktop" lazy-init="true">
13 </bean>
14 </beans>
15
```

Here we had made Laptop bean as Primary. So there will be no issue. Even if we have multiple beans of the same type, the one with primary will be considered.

151.Inner Bean

```
Spring.xml | LambdaExmpl... | Spring.xml | Spring.xml | application... | App.java | App.java | Alien.java | Alien.java
http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd (xsi:schemaLocation)
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 <beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
3       xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
4       xsi:schemaLocation="
5         http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd">
6   <bean id="alien" class="com.chinmay.getbeanbytype.Alien" autowire="byType">
7     <property name="age" value="25"></property>
8     <property name="com" ref="com1"></property>
9   </bean>
10  <bean id="com1" class="com.chinmay.getbeanbytype.Laptop" primary="true">
11  </bean>
12  <bean id="com" class="com.chinmay.getbeanbytype.Desktop" lazy-init="true">
13  </bean>
14 </beans>
15
```

Here We could see that Laptop bean is available to Entire Application.
But there might be scenario where we want that available only to Alien Class. In such cases we can create an inner bean of Laptop bean inside Alien bean.

Because of this we can use Laptop class only inside the Alien Class

```
Spring.xml | LambdaExmpl... | Spring.xml | Spring.xml | application... | App.java | Spring.xml | Alien.java |
http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd (xsi:schemaLocation)
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 <beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
3       xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
4       xsi:schemaLocation="
5         http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.
6   <bean id="alien" class="com.chinmay.innerbean.Alien" autowire="byType">
7     <property name="age" value="25"></property>
8     <property name="com" >
9       <bean id="com1" class="com.chinmay.innerbean.Laptop" primary="true">
10       </bean>
11     </property>
12   </bean>
13   <!-- <bean id="com1" class="com.chinmay.innerbean.Laptop" primary="true" -->
14   <!-- </bean> -->
15   <!-- <bean id="com" class="com.chinmay.innerbean.Desktop" lazy-init="true" -->
16   <!-- </bean> -->
17 </beans>
18
```

Design | Source

Console X

<terminated> App (6) [Java Application] C:\Users\THANMAY_PC\p2\pool\plugins\org.eclipse.justj.openjdk.hotspot.jre.full.win32.x86_64_23.0.1.v20241024-

Alien Object Created

Laptop Bean Created

25