Project Report

on

Programming in Python

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Project-1

1. Write a program using python showing implementation of any arithmetic and quadratic operation.

Ans:- This program performs basic arithmetic operations like addition, subtraction, multiplication, division and also solves quadratic equations using the quadratic formula.

```
import math

# Perform selected Arithmetic Operation
def arithmetic_operations(a, b, operation):
    print("\nArithmetic Operation:")
    if operation == '1':
        print(f"Addition: {a} + {b} = {a + b}")
    elif operation == '2':
        print(f"Subtraction: {a} - {b} = {a - b}")
    elif operation == '3':
        print(f"Multiplication: {a} * {b} = {a * b}")
    elif operation == '4':
        if b != 0:
            print(f"Division: {a} / {b} = {a / b}")
        else:
            print("Division: Undefined (division by zero)")
    else:
        print("Invalid operation choice!")

# Quadratic Equation Solver
# Equation format: ax^2 + bx + c = 0
def solve_quadratic(a, b, c):
    print("\nSolving Quadratic Equation:")
    print(f"Equation: {a}x² + {b}x + {c} = 0")

    discriminant = b**2 - 4*a*c

    if discriminant > 0:
        root1 = (-b + math.sqrt(discriminant)) / (2*a)
        root2 = (-b - math.sqrt(discriminant)) / (2*a)
        print(f"Two real roots: {root1:.2f} and {root2:.2f}")
    elif discriminant == 0:
        root = -b / (2*a)
        print(f"One real root: {root:.2f}")
    else:
        real_part = -b / (2*a)
        imag_part = math.sqrt(-discriminant) / (2*a)
        print(f"Two complex roots: {real_part:.2f} + {imag_part:.2f}i and
{real_part:.2f} - {imag_part:.2f}i")

# Main Code

# Arithmetic operation input
print("Arithmetic Operations Menu:")
print("1. Addition")
print("2. Subtraction")
print("3. Multiplication")
print("4. Division")
choice = input("Choose an operation (1-4): ")

a1 = float(input("Enter first number (a): "))
b1 = float(input("Enter second number (b): "))
```

```python
arithmetic_operations(a1, b1, choice)

# Quadratic equation input
print("\nEnter coefficients for quadratic equation ax² + bx + c = 0:")
a2 = float(input("Enter coefficient a: "))
b2 = float(input("Enter coefficient b: "))
c2 = float(input("Enter coefficient c: "))

solve_quadratic(a2, b2, c2)
```

Output:-

```
Arithmetic Operations Menu:
1. Addition
2. Subtraction
3. Multiplication
4. Division
Choose an operation (1-4):
1
Enter first number (a):
12
Enter second number (b):
15

Arithmetic Operation:
Addition: 12.0 + 15.0 = 27.0

Enter coefficients for quadratic equation ax² + bx + c = 0:
Enter coefficient a:
1
Enter coefficient b:
6
Enter coefficient c:
5

Solving Quadratic Equation:
Equation: 1.0x² + 6.0x + 5.0 = 0
Two real roots: -1.00 and -5.00


** Process exited - Return Code: 0 **
Press Enter to exit terminal
```

Project-2

2.Write a Python program showing implementation of linear equation.
Ans:- Solves a system of two linear equations with two variables using **NumPy**. The program uses matrix representation and applies **numpy.linalg.solve** to find the values of x and y that satisfy both equations.

```
import numpy as np

# Linear Equations in Two Variables
# Equations: a1x + b1y = c1 and a2x + b2y = c2
def solve_two_variable_linear(a1, b1, c1, a2, b2, c2):
    print("\nSolving Linear Equations (Two Variables):")
    print(f"Equation 1: {a1}x + {b1}y = {c1}")
    print(f"Equation 2: {a2}x + {b2}y = {c2}")

    # Matrix representation: AX = B
    A = np.array([[a1, b1], [a2, b2]])
    B = np.array([c1, c2])

    # Check if determinant is non-zero
    det = np.linalg.det(A)

    if det != 0:
        solution = np.linalg.solve(A, B)
        x, y = solution
        print(f"Solution: x = {x:.2f}, y = {y:.2f}")
    else:
        print("No unique solution (Determinant is zero)")

# Main Program
print("Enter coefficients for the system of equations:")
print("Equation format: a1x + b1y = c1 and a2x + b2y = c2")

# User input
a1 = float(input("Enter a1: "))
b1 = float(input("Enter b1: "))
c1 = float(input("Enter c1: "))

a2 = float(input("Enter a2: "))
b2 = float(input("Enter b2: "))
c2 = float(input("Enter c2: "))

# Solve the system
solve_two_variable_linear(a1, b1, c1, a2, b2, c2)
```

Output:-

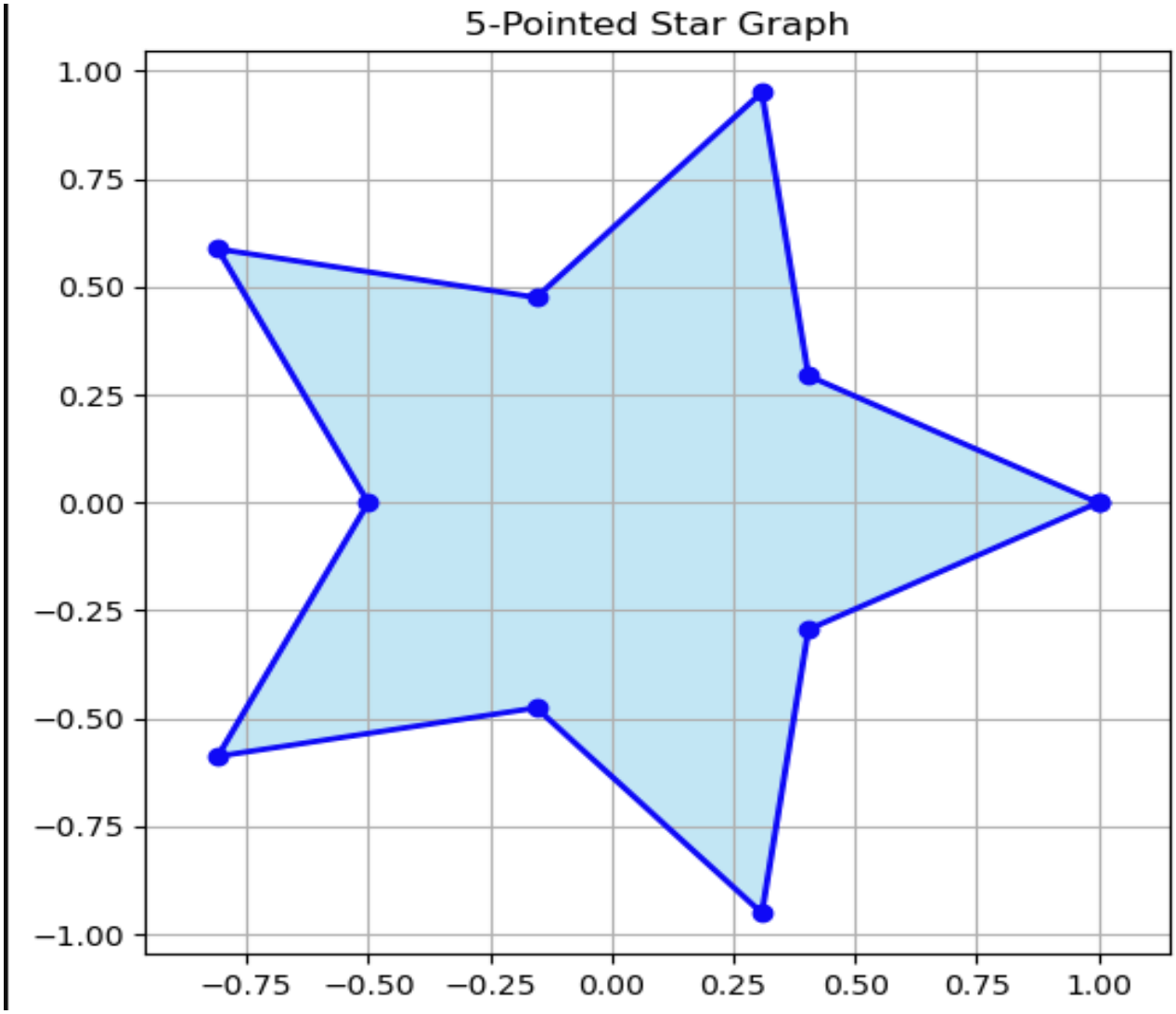
```
Enter coefficients for the system of equations:
Equation format: a1x + b1y = c1 and a2x + b2y = c2
Enter a1:
4
Enter b1:
2
Enter c1:
1
Enter a2:
3
Enter b2:
2
Enter c2:
1

Solving Linear Equations (Two Variables):
Equation 1: 4.0x + 2.0y = 1.0
Equation 2: 3.0x + 2.0y = 1.0
Solution: x = 0.00, y = 0.50


** Process exited - Return Code: 0 **
Press Enter to exit terminal
```

Project-3

3. Write a python program using any mathematical function or equation to give graphical representation like star graph.
Ans:- This Python script uses **matplotlib** to generate a star-shaped polar graph. It demonstrates the use of mathematical equations for plotting complex visual patterns. Ideal for learning how to represent equations graphically.

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np

def draw_star(n_points=5, inner_radius=0.5, outer_radius=1):
    """
    Draw a star with n_points using polar coordinates.
    inner_radius: radius of inner vertices
    outer_radius: radius of outer vertices
    """

    print(f"Drawing a {n_points}-pointed star...")

    angles = np.linspace(0, 2 * np.pi, num=2 * n_points, endpoint=False)
    radii = np.empty(2 * n_points)

    # Alternate between outer and inner radius
    radii[::2] = outer_radius
    radii[1::2] = inner_radius

    # Convert polar to Cartesian coordinates
    x = radii * np.cos(angles)
    y = radii * np.sin(angles)

    # Close the star shape by repeating the first point
    x = np.append(x, x[0])
    y = np.append(y, y[0])

    # Plotting
    plt.figure(figsize=(6, 6))
    plt.plot(x, y, marker='o', color='blue', linestyle='-', linewidth=2)
    plt.fill(x, y, color='skyblue', alpha=0.5)
    plt.title(f"{n_points}-Pointed Star Graph")
    plt.axis('equal')
    plt.grid(True)
    plt.show()

# Run star shapes

draw_star(n_points=5)  # 5-point star
```

Output:-



Project-4

4. Write a python program showing the implementation of a function.

Ans:- This Python program demonstrates the use of simple functions to perform basic tasks: addition, squaring a number, and checking if a number is even or odd.

```
# Function to add two numbers
def add(a, b):
    return a + b

# Function to find the square of a number
def square(n):
    return n * n

# Function to check if a number is even or odd
def is_even(n):
    return n % 2 == 0

# Main Program
print("Function Implementation Example:\n")

# Using add function with user input
x = int(input("Enter first number for addition: "))
y = int(input("Enter second number for addition: "))
print(f"Addition of {x} and {y} is: {add(x, y)}\n")

# Using square function with user input
num = int(input("Enter a number to find its square: "))
print(f"Square of {num} is: {square(num)}\n")

# Using is_even function with user input
check_num = int(input("Enter a number to check even or odd: "))
if is_even(check_num):
    print(f"{check_num} is Even")
else:
    print(f"{check_num} is Odd")
```

Output:-

```
Function Implementation Example:

Enter first number for addition:
10
Enter second number for addition:
2
Addition of 10 and 2 is: 12

Enter a number to find its square:
4
Square of 4 is: 16

Enter a number to check even or odd:
3
3 is Odd


** Process exited - Return Code: 0 **
Press Enter to exit terminal
```

Project-5

5.Write a python program using tinker make any formatted application according to our ideas (Tetris,Snake,Card-block).

Ans:- A classic Snake game made using `Tkinter`. The snake moves with arrow keys, grows on eating food, and the game ends if the snake hits the wall or itself. Real-time movement, score tracking, and collision detection are implemented.

```
import tkinter as tk
import random

# Constants
GAME_WIDTH = 600
GAME_HEIGHT = 400
SNAKE_ITEM_SIZE = 20
INITIAL_SPEED = 100  # milliseconds
FOOD_COLOR = "red"
SNAKE_COLOR = "green"

DIRECTIONS = {
    "Up": (0, -1),
    "Down": (0, 1),
    "Left": (-1, 0),
    "Right": (1, 0)
}

class SnakeGame:
    def __init__(self, root):
        self.root = root
        self.root.title(" Snake Game - Enhanced Version")
        self.canvas = tk.Canvas(root, width=GAME_WIDTH, height=GAME_HEIGHT, bg="black")
        self.canvas.pack()

        self.reset_game()
        self.root.bind("<Key>", self.change_direction)
        self.update()

    def reset_game(self):
        self.snake = [(100, 100), (80, 100), (60, 100)]
        self.direction = "Right"
        self.running = True
        self.paused = False
        self.score = 0
        self.speed = INITIAL_SPEED

        self.canvas.delete("all")
        self.score_text = self.canvas.create_text(50, 10, fill="white", font="Arial 14", text=f"Score: {self.score}")
        self.draw_snake()
        self.create_food()
```

```
    def draw_snake(self):
        self.canvas.delete("snake")
        for x, y in self.snake:
            self.canvas.create_rectangle(x, y, x + SNAKE_ITEM_SIZE, y + SNAKE_ITEM_SIZE,
                                         fill=SNAKE_COLOR, tags="snake")

    def create_food(self):
        self.canvas.delete("food")
        x = random.randint(0, (GAME_WIDTH - SNAKE_ITEM_SIZE) // SNAKE_ITEM_SIZE) *
SNAKE_ITEM_SIZE
        y = random.randint(0, (GAME_HEIGHT - SNAKE_ITEM_SIZE) // SNAKE_ITEM_SIZE) *
SNAKE_ITEM_SIZE
        self.food = (x, y)
        self.canvas.create_oval(x, y, x + SNAKE_ITEM_SIZE, y + SNAKE_ITEM_SIZE,
                                fill=FOOD_COLOR, tags="food")

    def change_direction(self, event):
        key = event.keysym
        if key == "p":
            self.paused = not self.paused
        elif key == "r":
            self.reset_game()
        elif key in DIRECTIONS:
            opposite = {"Up": "Down", "Down": "Up", "Left": "Right", "Right": "Left"}
            if key != opposite.get(self.direction):
                self.direction = key

    def move_snake(self):
        dx, dy = DIRECTIONS[self.direction]
        head_x, head_y = self.snake[0]
        new_head = (head_x + dx * SNAKE_ITEM_SIZE, head_y + dy * SNAKE_ITEM_SIZE)

        # Collision Check
        if (new_head in self.snake or
            not 0 <= new_head[0] < GAME_WIDTH or
            not 0 <= new_head[1] < GAME_HEIGHT):
            self.running = False
            self.canvas.create_text(GAME_WIDTH // 2, GAME_HEIGHT // 2, fill="white",
                                    font="Arial 24 bold", text="Game Over!\nPress 'R' to Restart")
            return

        self.snake.insert(0, new_head)

        if new_head == self.food:
            self.score += 1
            self.speed = max(50, INITIAL_SPEED - (self.score * 2))
            self.canvas.itemconfig(self.score_text, text=f"Score: {self.score}")
            self.create_food()
        else:
            self.snake.pop()
```

```
        self.draw_snake()

    def update(self):
        if self.running and not self.paused:
            self.move_snake()
        self.root.after(self.speed, self.update)


# ------------ Run the Game ------------
if __name__ == "__main__":
    root = tk.Tk()
    game = SnakeGame(root)
    root.mainloop()
```

Output:-