

1.Factorial...

```
import java.util.Scanner;

import java.util.Scanner;

public class FactorialNumber {

    public static void main(String []args)

    {

        FactorialNumber fac = new FactorialNumber();

        fac.callInput();

    }

    void callInput()

    {

        Scanner scan=new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.println("Enter the number: ");

        int Number=scan.nextInt();

        int i=1,fact=1;

        while(i<=Number)

        {

            fact=fact*i;

            i++;

        }

        display(fact);

    }

    void display(int fact)

    {
```

```
        System.out.println("Factorial of the number:
"+fact);
    }
}
```

2.Fibonaccinumber

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class FibonacciNumbers
{

    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int number, num1 = 0, num2 = 0, temp = 1;

        for(int i = 1; i<=89; i++)
        {
            num1 = num2;
            num2 = temp;
            temp = num1 + num2;
            System.out.print(num1+" ");
        }
    }
}
```

or

```
/*import java.util.Scanner;  
public class FibonacciNumbers  
{  
    int number, num1 = 0, num2 = 0, temp = 1;  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        new FibonacciNumbers().takeInput();  
    }  
    void takeInput() {  
  
        Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);  
        System.out.print("Enter the value:");  
        number = s.nextInt();  
        System.out.print("Fibonacci Series:");  
  
        loop();  
    }  
    void loop()  
    {  
        for(int i = 1; i <= number; i++)  
        {  
            num1 = num2;  
            num2 = temp;  
            temp = num1 + num2;  
            System.out.print(num1+" ");  
        }  
    }  
*/
```

3.Prime or not

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class FindPrimeNumber
{
    int num,num1=1,num2=0;
    public static void main(String args[])
    {

        new FindPrimeNumber().callInput();
    }
    void callInput()
    {

        Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter A Number");
        num =s.nextInt();
        whileLoop();
    }
    void whileLoop()
    {
        while(num1<= num)
        {
            if((num%num1)==0)
                num2=num2+1;
            num1++;
        }
        ifStatement();
    }
    void ifStatement()
    {

        if(num2==2)
            System.out.println(num +" is a prime number");
        else
```

```
        System.out.println(num +" is not a prime number");
    }
}
```

4. even or odd

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class OddEvenNumber
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        new OddEvenNumber().callInput();
    }
    void callInput()
    {
        Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter a number: ");
        int number = scan.nextInt();
        IfStatement(number);
    }
    void IfStatement(int number)
    {
        if(number % 2 == 0)
            System.out.println(number + " is even");
        else
            System.out.println(number + " is odd");
    }
}
```

5.sum of 100 numbers

```
import java.util.Scanner;  
  
public class SumOFHundredNumbers {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int sum =0;  
        for(int i=0;i<=100;i++)  
        {  
            sum =sum+i;  
        }  
        System.out.println("Sum of first 100 numbers "  
+sum);  
    }  
}
```

6.swapping

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class SwappingNumbers
{
    int num1,num2;
    public static void main(String a[])
    {
        new SwappingNumbers().takeInput();

    }
    void takeInput()
    {
        System.out.println("Enter the value of num1 and
num2");
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        num1 = sc.nextInt();
        num2 = sc.nextInt();
        System.out.println("before swapping numbers:
"+num1 +" "+ num2);
        swap();
    }
    void swap()
    {
        num1 = num1 + num2;
        num2 = num1 - num2;
        num1 = num1 - num2;
        display();
    }
    void display()
    {
        System.out.println("After swapping: "+num1 +" "+ +
num2);
    } }
}
```

7. Write a java program that simulates a traffic light. The program lets the user select one of three lights: red, yellow, or green with radio buttons.

On entering the choice, an appropriate message with “stop” or “ready” or “go” should appear in the console .Initially there is no message shown.

Code:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class Traffic {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args)
```

```
{
```

```
    String color;
```

```
    Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
    System.out.println("Enter the color");
```

```
    color = scan.nextLine();
```

```
    switch(color)
```

```
{
```

```
    case "Red" :
```

```
    case "red" :
```

```
    case "R" :
```

```
        System.out.println("stop!"); break;
```

```
    case "Yellow" :
```

```
    case "yellow" :
```

```
    case "y" :
```

```
        System.out.println("ready..."); break;
```

```
    case "Green" :
```

```
    case "green" :
```

```
    case "g" :
```

```
        System.out.println("go.."); break;
```

```
    default:
```

```
        System.out.println("invalid color");
```



```

    }

}
}

```

8.

Create a class with a method which can calculate the sum of first n natural numbers which are divisible by 3 or 5

Code:

```

import java.util.Scanner;

public class SumOfNatural_Numbers_DivBy3And5 {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        SumOfNatural_Numbers_DivBy3And5 p1 = new
SumOfNatural_Numbers_DivBy3And5();
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the number");
        int n=sc.nextInt();
        System.out.println("The sum of Given natural
Number which are Divisible by 3 or 5 is "+p1.calSum(n));

    }

    private int a=0;
    public int calSum(int n)
    {
        for (int i=0; i<=n; i++)
        {

```

```
        if(i%3==0 || i%5==0) {  
            a +=i;  
        }  
    }  
    return a;  
}  
  
}
```

9. Write a Java program that prompts the user for an integer and then prints out all the prime numbers up to that Integer?

Code:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class PrintAllPrimeNumberUpToInteger {
    int num,primeNo;
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        new
PrintAllPrimeNumberUpToInteger().callInput();
    }
    void callInput()
    {
        Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter a number: ");
        num=s.nextInt();
        forLoopAndIf();
    }
    void forLoopAndIf()
    {
        for(int i=2;i<num;i++)
        {
            primeNo=0;
            for(int j=2;j<i;j++)
            {
                if(i%j==0)
                primeNo=1;
            }
            if(primeNo==0)
                System.out.println(i);
        }
    }
}
```

10. Create a method to check if a number is an increasing number

Code:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class DigitIncreasingOrder {

    int num1;
    boolean flag = false;

    public static void main(String args[]) {

        new DigitIncreasingOrder().callInput();

    }

    void callInput()
    {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter a number : ");
        num1 = scanner.nextInt();
        int number = num1 % 10;
        num1 = num1/10;
        WhileAndIf( number);
    }
    void WhileAndIf(int number)
    {
        while(num1>0){

            if(number <= num1 % 10){
                flag = true;
                break;
            }

            number = num1 % 10;
```

```
        num1 = num1/10;
    }
    ifelseCond();
}
void ifelseCond()
{
    if(flag){
        System.out.println("Digits are not in
increasing order.");
    }else{
        System.out.println("Digits are in
increasing order.");
    }
}
}
```

11. Create a class with a method to find the difference between the sum of the squares and the square of the sum of the first n natural numbers.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class DiffOfSumOfSqsAndSqsosfSum {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        DiffOfSumOfSqsAndSqsosfSum s = new  
DiffOfSumOfSqsAndSqsosfSum();  
        s.diff();  
    }  
    void diff(){  
        int num,i,sum=0,sum1=0,result;  
        Scanner toscan = new Scanner(System.in);  
        System.out.println("Enter a number: ");  
        num =toscan.nextInt();  
        for(i=1;i<=num;i++) {  
            sum = sum + i;  
        }  
        sum = sum * sum;  
        for(i=1;i<=num;i++) {  
            sum1 = (i*i) + sum1;  
        }  
        result = sum -sum1;  
        System.out.println(result);  
    }  
}
```

12. A number is said to be an increasing number if no digit is exceeded by the digit to its left.

For Example : 134468 is an increasing number

Code:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class DigitIncreasingOrder {

    int num1;
    boolean flag = false;

    public static void main(String args[]) {

        new DigitIncreasingOrder().callInput();

    }

    void callInput()
    {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter a number : ");
        num1 = scanner.nextInt();
        int number = num1 % 10;
        num1 = num1/10;
        WhileAndIf( number);
    }
    void WhileAndIf(int number)
    {
        while(num1>0){

            if(number <= num1 % 10){
                flag = true;
                break;
            }

            number = num1 % 10;
```

```
        num1 = num1/10;
    }
    ifelseCond();
}
void ifelseCond()
{
    if(flag){
        System.out.println("Digits are not in
increasing order.");
    }else{
        System.out.println("Digits are in
increasing order.");
    }
}
}
```


13. Create a method to check if a number is a power of two or not

Ex: 8 is a power of 2

Code:

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class GFG {

    static boolean isPowerOfTwo(int number)
    {
        if (number == 0)
            return false;

        while (number != 1)
        {
            if (number % 2 != 0)
                return false;
            number = n / 2;
        }
        return true;
    }

    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the number :");
        int number = scan.nextInt();
        if (isPowerOfTwo(number))
            System.out.println("power of 2");
        else
            System.out.println("not power of 2");
    }
}
```

}
}