1. Introduce yourself.

Hello! I'm Chinni Krishna Reddy, and I have over 4 years of experience in developing RESTful web services primarily using Core Java, Spring, and Spring Boot, with a focus on microservices architecture. Currently, I'm working at Volkswagen India on an Inventory Management API project, where I collaborate with cross-functional teams to integrate various services and ensure smooth inventory management for our partners.

I'm passionate about Agile methodologies and enjoy working with TDD and CI/CD practices to enhance code quality and deployment efficiency. I take pride in mentoring junior developers and fostering a collaborative team environment. In my spare time, I like to explore new technologies and contribute to open-source projects.

2. Tell me about a difficult challenge you solved.

Challenge: In the Inventory Management APIs project at Volkswagen, we faced a significant challenge with data consistency across multiple microservices during high transaction volumes. This led to occasional discrepancies in inventory levels, which could have impacted order fulfillment.

Solution: To address this, I proposed implementing event-driven architecture using Kafka. I collaborated with the team to design a solution that involved publishing inventory updates as events to Kafka, which allowed other microservices to consume these events and update their data in real time. We also enhanced our existing APIs to incorporate idempotency, ensuring that duplicate requests did not affect inventory counts.

By implementing this architecture, we improved data consistency and significantly reduced discrepancies during peak loads. The project not only streamlined operations but also enhanced our partners' trust in the system.

3. Project Overview

I'm currently working on the Inventory Management APIs project at Volkswagen India. Our goal is to streamline inventory and order management for our partners. I'm involved in designing RESTful APIs and integrating multiple microservices using technologies like Java 8, Spring Boot, and Kafka. A key challenge we addressed was ensuring data consistency across services, which we solved by implementing an event-driven architecture.

4. Problem Statement

The Inventory Management APIs project aims to address the challenges faced by Volkswagen partners—such as refurbishing units and service centers—in efficiently managing and ordering spare accessories. The existing system lacked real-time data synchronization, leading to inventory discrepancies and delays in order fulfillment. This project seeks to create a robust solution that ensures data consistency across multiple microservices while providing a seamless user experience in inventory management.

5. Your Role

In the Inventory Management APIs project, I played a key role in the design and development of RESTful APIs. I collaborated closely with solution architects to define API contracts and participated in code reviews to maintain code quality. Additionally, I mentored junior developers, helping them navigate technical challenges.

I extensively utilized Java 8 features and implemented an event-driven architecture with Kafka to enhance data consistency across microservices. I also focused on test-driven development, creating unit tests using JUnit, Mockito, and Power Mock to ensure the reliability of our services.

6. Technical Details

Programming Languages: Java 8

Frameworks: Spring, Spring Boot

Databases: MySQL, MongoDB

Messaging System: Kafka for event-driven architecture

API Documentation: Swagger for documenting RESTful APIs

Development Practices: Agile methodologies, Test-Driven Development (TDD)

Testing Frameworks: JUnit, Mockito, Power Mock for unit testing

Configuration Management: Used Spring IOC and AWS Parameter Store for externalizing configuration data

Data Integration: Leveraged Informatica for data ingestion into Kafka and MongoDB

7. Challenges & Solutions

1. Data Consistency:

- a. Challenge: Discrepancies in inventory levels across microservices.
- b. Solution: Implemented Kafka for real-time event-driven updates.

2. API Integration Complexity:

- a. Challenge: Managing interactions between multiple APIs.
- b. **Solution:** Established standardized API contracts for seamless integration.

3. Code Quality:

- a. Challenge: Maintaining reliability while developing rapidly.
- b. **Solution:** Used Test-Driven Development (TDD) to write unit tests.

4. Configuration Management:

- a. Challenge: Handling configurations across environments.
- b. **Solution:** Externalized configurations with Spring IOC and AWS Parameter Store.

8. Learning Experience

- Microservices Architecture: Deepened my understanding of designing and implementing microservices, focusing on inter-service communication and data consistency.
- **Event-Driven Systems:** Learned the intricacies of Kafka and how to leverage event-driven architecture for real-time data processing.
- **API Design:** Enhanced my skills in API design and documentation, ensuring clear contracts and effective integration across teams.
- Mentoring: Improved my mentoring skills by guiding junior developers, fostering collaboration, and sharing best practices in coding and testing.
- **Agile Practices:** Reinforced my commitment to Agile methodologies, adapting quickly to changing requirements and maintaining a focus on delivering value.

9. Example Final Response:

In my role on the Inventory Management APIs project at Volkswagen India, I tackled challenges related to data consistency across microservices by implementing an event-driven architecture with Kafka, enhancing real-time synchronization. I improved my API design skills through collaboration on clear API contracts and embraced Test-Driven Development to ensure code reliability.

Mentoring junior developers taught me the importance of collaboration and knowledge sharing. Overall, this project deepened my understanding of microservices and agile practices, equipping me for future software development challenges.