# Day\_10 Assignment



SYS

C# OOP's concepts about inheritance and polymorphism.

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Q. Example for single inheritance.

```
CODE
```

```
/// RETURS MATH VALUES
class Math
   public int Add(int a, int b)
       return a+ b;
   public int Sub(int a , int b)
       return a-b;
/// THIS RETURN THE MATHEMATICAL OPERATION OF ADV_MATH CLASS AND MATH VALUE.
/// </summary>
class Aplied_math : Math
   public int mul(int a, int b)
       return a * b;
   public int Div(int a, int b)
       return a/b;
}
internal class Program
   static void Main(string[] args)
        /***************
        * AUTHOR : PRUDHVI
        * PURPOSE: EXAMPLE FOR SINGLE INHERITANCE
       var value = new Aplied_math();
       Console.WriteLine($"Answer :{ value.Div(45, 5)}");
       Console.ReadLine();
```

OUTPUT

C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe

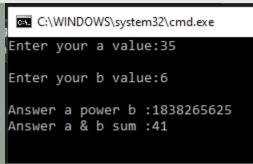
Answer :9

# CODE

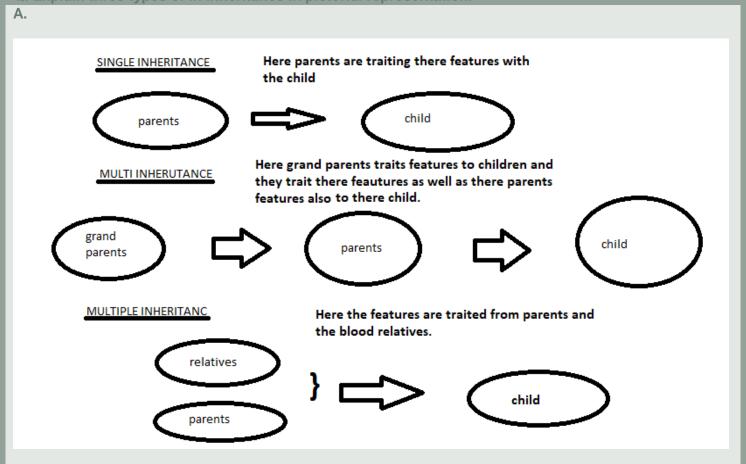
```
/// RETURS MATH VALUES
class Math
   public int Add(int a, int b)
       return a+ b;
   public int Sub(int a , int b)
       return a-b;
/// THIS RETURN THE MATHEMATICAL OPERATION OF ADV_MATH CLASS AND MATH VALUE.
class Aplied_math : Math
   public int mul(int a, int b)
       return a * b;
   }
    /// RETURNS a POWER b VLUE
   /// <param name="a">BASE</param>
   /// <param name="b">POWER</param>
   public int Div(int a, int b)
       return a/b;
class Surds : Aplied_math
   public int Pwr(int a, int b ,int c=1)
       for (int i = 0; i < b; i++)</pre>
           c *= a;
       return c;
   }
}
internal class Program
   static void Main(string[] args)
        /****************
        * AUTHOR : PRUDHVI
        * PURPOSE: EXAMPLE FOR MULTI INHERITANCE
       var value = new Surds();
       Console.Write("Enter your a value:");
```

```
int a = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
   Console.WriteLine();
   Console.Write("Enter your b value:");
   int b = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
   Console.WriteLine();
   Console.WriteLine($"Answer a power b :{ value.Pwr(a, b)}");
   Console.WriteLine($"Answer a & b sum :{ value.Add(a, b)}");
   Console.ReadLine();
}
```

**OUTPUT** 



Q. Explain three types of in inheritance in pictorial representation.



# Q. Explain why In C# multiple inheritance is not supported.

A. In C# compilers have a little ambiguity with multiple inheritance. Because of the diamond problem to be precise let see an example,. If two classes B and C inherit from A, and class D inherits from both B and C. If a method in D calls a method defined in A (and does not override it), and B and C have overridden that method differently, then via which class does it inherit: B, or C? So., multiple inheritance is not possible in C#. that is called Diamond Problem. But., in C# we can solve the Diamond problem with the help of interfaces in some case

# Q. What is polymorphism?

A. Polymorphism is often referred to as the third pillar of object-oriented programming, after encapsulation and inheritance.

At run time, objects of a derived class may be treated as objects of a base class in places such as method parameters and collections or arrays. When this polymorphism occurs, the object's declared type is no longer identical to its run-time type.

# Q. Write a Sample Code for over loading.

# CODE

```
/// add over loaded
class Overload
   public int Add(int a, int b )
       return (a + b );
   public int Add(int a, int b , int c)
      return (a+b+c);
   public float Add(float a, float b, float c )
       c = a + b;
       return c;
internal class Program
   static void Main(string[] args)
       /********************
        * AUTHOR : PRUDHVI
        * PURPOSE: EXAMPLE FOR POLYMORPHISM overloading
       var ob1 = new Overload();
       Console.WriteLine($"answer :{ob1.Add(5,3)}");
   }
```

OUTPUT

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
answer :8
Press any key to continue . . .
```

Q. write a example for overriding

```
CODE
```

```
/// this class example for polymorphism
class overriding
       public void Gm()
           Console.WriteLine("Good Morning");
       public void Hi()
           Console.WriteLine("Hi");
       public void Ge()
           Console.WriteLine("good evening");
       public void Bye()
           Console.WriteLine("BYE");
   class Overriding_2 : overriding
           public new void Bye()
           Console.WriteLine("ciao");
   internal class Program
       static void Main(string[] args)
           /***********************************
            * AUTHOR : PRUDHVI
            * PURPOSE:EXAMPLE FOR POLYMORPHISM overriding with new key word
           var obj1 = new Overriding_2();
           obj1.Bye();
   }
```

OUTPUT

C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe

ciao Press any key to continue



```
CODE
   /// this class example for polymorphism
   class overriding
   {
       public void Gm()
          Console.WriteLine("Good Morning");
       public void Hi()
          Console.WriteLine("Hi");
       public void Ge()
          Console.WriteLine("good evening");
       public virtual void Bye()
          Console.WriteLine("BYE");
   class Overriding_2 : overriding
          public override void Bye()
          Console.WriteLine("ciao");
   internal class Program
       static void Main(string[] args)
           /**********************************
           * AUTHOR : PRUDHVI
           * PURPOSE: EXAMPLE FOR POLYMORPHISM overriding with override and
                    Virtual keywords
                                       **************
```

OUTPUT

C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
ciao
Press any key to continue

obj1.Bye();

var obj1 = new Overriding\_2();

-Thank you