Final Project

CISC 660 Database Management Systems

Project Option II University Database



Under the guidance of Dr. Junping Sun

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1. PARTITION THE SENTENCES

[1]. University (Common Sentence)

• In a university, we represent data about both students and employees.

[2].Student

- The university keeps track of each student's name, student number, social security number, address, phone, birth date, sex, class (freshman, graduate), major department, minor department (if any), and degree program (B.A., B.S., M.A., M.S., ..., Ph.D.). Some user applications need to access the city, state, and zip code of the student's address and the student last name. Both social security number and student number have unique values for each student.
- Students may have a transcript for all the courses they have taken. For graduate students, the student's advisor should be included in the database.

[3]. Department

• Each department is described by a name, department number, office number, office phone, and college. Both department name and department number have unique values for each department. Each department has a Chairperson or a Dean in charge of that department.

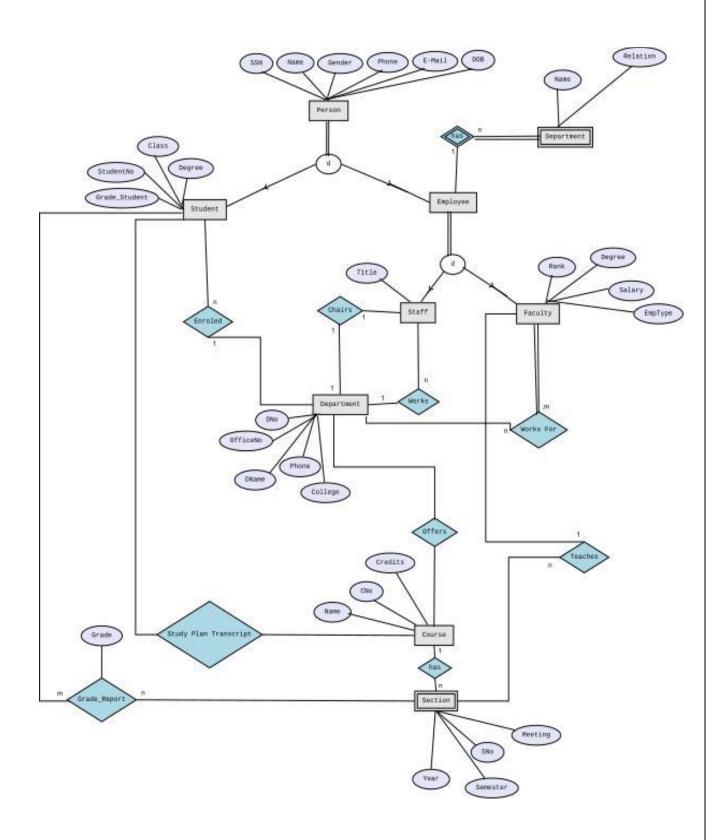
[4]. Course

- Some courses have prerequisites (please pay attention here). Each course has the day, meeting time, place where the class is held.
- Each section has an instructor, semester, year, course, and section number. The section number distinguishes different sections of the same course that is taught during the same semester/year (may be at the same time), its values are 1, 2, 3, ..., up to the number of sections taught during each semester.
- A grade report for a course has student names, section number, and grades.

[5]. Employees

- Employees are classified into faculty and staff, both of them have dependents, the database stores the information of employees' dependents for the insurance and benefit purposes.
- Faculty could be full-time or part-time employees. Professors have ranks (Lecturer, Assistant Professor, Associate Professor, Full Professor) and salaries. Faculties (Professors) may hold different degree (highest degree is only considered here). Each professor belongs to at least one department. Professors may have joint appointments from other department(s).
- Staff are secretaries, program coordinators, assistant directors, directors, deans, vice presidents, and president

2. ER Diagram and CSDL [1].ER Diagram



[2]. Conceptual Schema in CSDL

1) Entity Person

Attribute Name	Туре	Description
SSN	VARCHAR	Unique identifier for each user
Gender	Char	Gender
Name	VARCHAR	Composite Attribute – FirstName, MiddleName, LastName
DataOfBirth	Date	Date of Birth
Phone	VARCHAR	Phone Number
Email	VARCHAR	Email
Address	VARCHAR	Composite Attribute – Street, City, State, Zip

/* Defination of entity PERSON */

Entity: PERSON

Attributes: SSN VARCHAR(10)

GENDER CHAR

NAME VARCHAR2(15)

DOB DATE

NAME VARCHAR2(20) ADDRESS VARCHAR2(20)

Identifiers: SSN

2) Entity Student

Attribute Name	Туре	Description	
StudentNo	VARCHAR	Unique identifier for Student	
Class	VARCAHR	Student's class	
DegreeProg	VARCHAR	Degree Program in which student is enrolled.	

/* Defination of entity STUDENT */

Entity: STUDENT

Attributes: STUDENTNO VARCHAR(10)

CLASS VARCHAR(10) DEGREEPRO VARCHAR2(15)

Identifiers: STUDENTNO

- 3) Entity extending from Student Grad_Student
- 4) Entity extending from Employee Faculty and Staff

5) Entity Staff

Attribute Name	Туре	Description
Title	VARCHAR	Staff's title

/* Defination of entity STAFF */

Entity: STAFF

Attributes: TITLE VARCHAR(10)

Identifiers: TITLE

6) Entity Faculty

Attribute Name	Туре	Description
Rank	VARCHAR	Faculty's Rank
Degree	VARCHAR	Faculty's Degree
Salary	Number	Faculty's Salary
EmpType	VARCHAR	Full Time/Part Time

/* Defination of entity FACULTY */

Entity: FACULTY

Attributes: RAB VARCHAR(10)

DEGREE VARCHAR(10) SALARY VARCHAR2(15) EMPTYPE VARCHAR(10)

7) Entity Dependent

Attribute Name	Туре	Description
Name	VARCHAR	Dependent's Name
Relation	VARCHAR	Dependent's Relation with
		Employee

/* Defination of entity DEPENDENT */

Entity: DEPENDENT

Attributes: NAME VARCHAR(10)

RELATION VARCHAR(10)

8) Entity Department

Attribute Name	Туре	Description
DName	VARCHAR	Department Name, Unique Identifier
DNo	VARCHAR	Department Number, Unique Identifier

College	VARCHAR	College in which department
		is present
Phone	VARCHAR	Department Phone No
OfficeNo	VARCHAR	Office No.

/* Defination of entity DEPARTMENT */

Entity: DEPARTMENT

Attributes: DNAME VARCHAR(10)

DNO VARCHAR(10)
COLLEGE VARCHAR2(15)
PHONE VARCHAR(10)

Identifiers: DNAME

9) Entity Course

Attribute Name	Туре	Description	
CNo	VARCHAR	Course Number, Unique Identifier	
Name	VARCHAR	Course Name	
Credits	VARCHAR	Course Credits	

/* Defination of entity COURSE */

Entity: COURSE

Attributes: CNO VARCHAR(10)

NAME VARCHAR(10) CREDITS VARCHAR2(15)

Identifiers: CNO

10) Entity Semester

Attribute Name	Туре	Description
Sno	VARCHAR	Serial Number, Part of Primary Key
Year	VARCHAR	Semester year, Part of Primary Key
Semester	VARCHAR	Semester No, Part of Primary Key
Meeting	VARCHAR	Composite Attribute - Time, Day and Room

/* Defination of entity SEMESTER */

Entity: SEMESTER

Attributes: SNO VARCHAR(10)

YEAR VARCHAR(10) SEMESTER VARCHAR2(15) MEETING VARCHAR(10)

Identifiers: SNO

Following generalization exists:

- Person is super type of Employee and Student
- Employee is super type of Faculty and Staff
- Student is super type of Grad_Student

Following Relationship exists:

- Employee has dependents. There exists one to many relationship between Employee and Dependent.
- Staff Chairs Department. There exists one to one relationship between Staff and Department as only 1 staff member can chair the department at one time.
- Staff works for department. There exists one to many relationship between Department and Staff.
- Faculty works for department. There exists many to many relationship between Faculty and Department.
- Faculty teaches Section. There exists one to many relationship between Faculty and Section
- Student is enrolled in Department. There exists one to many relationship between Department and Student.
- Many –to-many relationship exist between Course and Student for Study Plan and Transcript
- Many-to-many relationship exists between Student and Section.
- A Department can offer one or many courses at a time. So there exists one to many relationship between Department and Course.

3. Relational Database Schema

- 1. Person (<u>SSN</u> VARCHAR, FIRSTNAME VARCHAR, MIDDLENAME VARCHAR, LASTNAME VARCHAR, GENDER CHAR, PHONE VARCHAR, EMAIL VARCHAR, STREET VARCHAR, CITY VARCHAR, STATE VARCHAR, ZIP VARCHAR, DATEOFBIRTH DATE)
 - Functional Dependencies
 - a) SSN → FIRSTNAME, MIDDLENAME, LASTNAME, GENDER, PHONE, EMAIL, DATEOFBIRTH
 - b) $ZIP \rightarrow STREET$, CITY, STATE
 - Primary Key → SSN
- 2. Employee (SSN VARCHAR)
 - PRIMARY KEY → SSN
 - FOREIGN KEY → SSN
 - Here SSN refer to SSN in Person table for maintaining referential integrity.

3. DEPENDENT (name VARCHAR, EESSN VARCHAR, Relation)

- Primary Key → NAME, EESSN
- FOREIGN KEY → EESSN
- Here EESSN refers to SSN in Employee table, thus maintain referential integrity.

4. STUDENT (SSN) VARCHAR, **STUDENTNO** VARCHAR, **CLASS** VARCHAR, **DEGREEPROG** VARCHAR, **MINORDEPT** VARCHAR, **MAJORDEPT** VARCHAR)

- Functional Dependencies
- a) SSN → STUDENTNO, CLASS, DEGREEPROG, MINORDEPT, MAJORDEPT
- b) STUDENTNO → SSN, CLASS, DEGREEPROG, MINORDEPT, MAJORDEPT
- Primary Key → SSN
- Foreign Key → SSN, MINORDEPT, MAJORDEPT
- Here SSN is the foreign key referring to SSN in Person table and MINORDEPT and MAJORDEPT are referring to DEPTNO in Department table.

5. STAFF (SSN VARCHAR, title VARCHAR, DEPTNO)

- Functional Dependency
- a) SSN → title, DEPTNO
- Primary Key → SSN
- Foreign Key → SSN
- Here SSN is the foreign Key referring to SSN in Person table and DEPTNO is the foreign key referring to DNO in Department table.

6. FACULTY (SSN VARCHAR, RANK VARCHAR, DEGREE VARCHAR, SALARY NUMBER (10,2), EMPTYPE VARCHAR)

- Functional Dependency
- a) SSN → RANK, DEGREE, SALARY, EMPTYPE
- Primary Key → SSN
- Foreign Key → SSN
- Here SSN is the foreign Key referring to SSN in Person table.

7. DEPARTMENT (DNO VARCHAR, DNAME VARCHAR, COLLEGE VARCHAR, OFFICENO VARCHAR, PHONE VARCHAR, CHAIRPERSON VARCHAR)

- Functional Dependences
- a) DNO → DNAME, COLLEGE, OFFICENO, PHONE, CHAIRPERSON
- b) DNAME → DNO, COLLEGE, OFFICENO, PHONE, CHAIRPERSON
- Candidate Keys → DNO, DNAME
- Primary Key → DNO
- Foreign Key → CHAIRPERSON
- Chairperson is the SSN referring to SSN in Person table.

8. WORKS_FOR (FAC_SSN VARCHAR, DEPTNO VARCHAR)

• **Primary Key** → FAC SSN, DEPTNO

- Foreign Key → FAC SSN, DEPTNO
- Here FAC_SSN is the foreign Key referring to SSN in Faculty table and DEPTNO is the foreign key referring to DNO in Department table.

9. COURSE (CNO VARCHAR, COURSENAME VARCHAR, CREDITS NUMBER, DEPTNO VARCHAR)

- Functional Dependencies
- a) CNO → COURSENAME, CREDITS, DEPTNO
- Primary Key → CNO
- Foreign Key → DEPTNO
- Here DEPTNO is the foreign key referring to DNO in Department table.

10. STUDYPLAN (STU SSN VARCHAR, COURSENO VARCHAR)

- Primary Key → STU SSN, COURSENO
- Foreign Key → STU SSN, COURSENO
- STU_SSN is the foreign key referring to SSN in Student table and COURSENO is the foreign key referring to CNO in Course table.

11. TRANSCRIPT (STU SSN VARCHAR, COURSENO VARCHAR, GRADE VARCHAR)

- Functional Dependency
- a) STU SSN, COURSENO → GRADE
- Primary Key → STU_SSN, COURSENO
- Foreign Key → STU_SSN, COURSENO

12. SECTION (SNO VARCHAR, SEMESTER VARCHAR, YEAR VARCHAR, DAY VARCHAR, TIME VARCHAR, ROOM VARCHAR, FACULTY VARCHAR, COURSENO VARCHAR)

- Functional Dependency
- a) SNO, SEMESTER, YEAR, COURSENO → DAY, TIME, ROOM, FACULTY
- Primary Key → SNO
- Foreign Key → FACULTY, COURSENO
- Here Faculty is the foreign key referring to SSN in Faculty table and CourseNo is the foreign key referring to CNO in Course table.

13. GRADE_REPORT (STU_SSN VARCHAR, **SNO** VARCHAR, **SEMESTER** VARCHAR, **YEAR** NUMBER, **COURSENO** VARCHAR, **GRADE** VARCHAR)

- Functional Dependency
- a) STU SSN, SNO, SEMESTER, YEAR, COURSENO → GRADE
- Primary Key→STU SSN, SNO, SEMESTER, YEAR, COURSENO
- Foreign Key → STU SSN, { SNO, SEMESTER, YEAR, COURSENO}
- Here STU_SSN is the foreign key referring to SSN in Student table and {SNO, SEMESTER, YEAR, COURSENO} is referring to primary key of Semester table.

4. Join Paths

- Join Condition between Person and Student is through SSN. Person.SSN = Student.SSN.
- Join Condition between Person and Employee is through SSN. Person.SSN = Employee.SSN.
- Join Condition between Employee and Staff is through SSN. Employee.SSN = Staff.SSN.
- Join Condition between Employee and Faculty is through SSN. Employee.SSN = Faculty.SSN.
- Join Condition between Employee and Dependent is through SSN. Employee.SSN = Dependent.EESSN.
- Join Condition between Student and Department is through MINORDEPT and MAJORDEPT. Student.MINORDEPT = Department.MINORDEPT and Student.MAJORDEPT = Department.MAJORDEPT.
- Join Condition between Staff and Department is through CHAIRPERSON for chairs relation. **Department.CHAIRPERSON = Staff.SSN..**
- Join Condition between Staff and Department is through DNO for Works relation. **Staff.SSN=Department.SSN**
- Join Condition between Faculty and Department is through **DNO. Faculty.DEPTNO** = **Department.DNO.**
- Join Condition between Faculty and WORKS_FOR is through SSN. Faculty.SSN = WORKS FOR.FAC SSN.
- Join Condition between Department and WORKS_FOR is through DNO.
 Department.DNO= WORKS_FOR.DEPTNO.
- Join Condition between Department and Course is through **DNO**. **Department.DNO** = **Course.DEPTNO**.
- Join Condition between Student and Transcript is through SSN. Student.SSN = Transcript.STU SSN.
- Join Condition between Course and Transcript is through CNO. Course.CNO=Transcript.CourseNo.
- Join Condition between Student and Study Plan is through SSN. Student.SSN = STUDYPLAN.STU_SSN.
- Join Condition between Course and Study Plan is through CNO Course.CNO=STUDYPLAN.CourseNo.
- Join Condition between Section and Faculty is through faculty ssn. Faculty.SSN = Section.Faculty.
- Join Condition between Student and GRADE_REPORT is through Student SSN.
 Student.SSN = GRADE_REPORT.STU_SSN.
- Join Condition between Section and Grade_Report is through Section's primary key
 Section.SNO = Grade_Report.SNO, Section.Semester = Grade_Report.Semester,
 Section.year = Grade_Report.year and Section.CourseNo = Grade_Report.CourseNo.

5. Normalization

- **1. Person** (SSN VARCHAR, FIRSTNAME VARCHAR, MIDDLENAME VARCHAR, LASTNAME VARCHAR, GENDER CHAR, PHONE VARCHAR, EMAIL VARCHAR, DATEOFBIRTH DATE, ZIP VARCHAR)
 - In Person table, There exists a functional dependency of Street, City, State on Zip Code, so Person table can be split into Address tables in order to be in 3 NF.
- 2. Address (ZIP VARCHAR, STREET VARCHAR, CITY VARCHAR, STATE VARCHAR)
 - Primary Key for Address table is Zip.
 - Zip in Person table is the foreign key referring to Zip in Address table for maintaining referential integrity.
 - All other entities described in relational database schema are in 3NF. There
 exists functional dependency and no transitive dependency.
- 3. DEPENDENT (name VARCHAR, EESSN VARCHAR, Relation)
 - **Primary Key** → NAME, EESSN
 - FOREIGN KEY → EESSN
 - Here EESSN refers to SSN in Employee table, thus maintain referential integrity.
 - There are no multivalued attributes, all the nonkey attributes are functionally dependent the primary key attribute and there is no transitive property. Therefore, there is no need to normalize the table. It is in 3NF.
- **4. STUDENT (SSN)** VARCHAR, **STUDENTNO** VARCHAR, **CLASS** VARCHAR, **DEGREEPROG** VARCHAR, **MINORDEPT** VARCHAR, **MAJORDEPT** VARCHAR)
 - Primary Key → SSN
 - Foreign Key → SSN, MINORDEPT, MAJORDEPT
 - Here SSN is the foreign key referring to SSN in Person table and MINORDEPT and MAJORDEPT are referring to DEPTNO in Department table.
 - There are no multivalued attributes, all the nonkey attributes are functionally dependent the primary key attribute and there is no transitive property. Therefore, there is no need to normalize the table. It is in 3NF.
- 5. STAFF (SSN VARCHAR, title VARCHAR, DEPTNO)
 - Primary Key → SSN
 - Foreign Key → SSN
 - Here SSN is the foreign Key referring to SSN in Person table and DEPTNO is the foreign key referring to DNO in Department table.
 - There are no multivalued attributes, all the nonkey attributes are functionally dependent the primary key attribute and there is no transitive property. Therefore, there is no need to normalize the table. It is in 3NF.
- **6. FACULTY (SSN)** VARCHAR, RANK VARCHAR, DEGREE VARCHAR, SALARY NUMBER(10,2), EMPTYPE VARCHAR)

- Primary Key → SSN
- Foreign Key → SSN
- Here SSN is the foreign Key referring to SSN in Person table.
- There are no multivalued attributes, all the nonkey attributes are functionally dependent the primary key attribute and there is no transitive property. Therefore, there is no need to normalize the table. It is in 3NF.

7. **DEPARTMENT (DNO)** VARCHAR, **DNAME** VARCHAR, **COLLEGE** VARCHAR, **OFFICENO VARCHAR**, PHONE **VARCHAR**, **CHAIRPERSON** VARCHAR)

- Primary Key → DNO
- Foreign Key → CHAIRPERSON
- Chairperson is the SSN referring to SSN in Person table.
- There are no multivalued attributes, all the nonkey attributes are functionally dependent the primary key attribute and there is no transitive property. Therefore, there is no need to normalize the table. It is in 3NF.

8. WORKS_FOR (FAC SSN VARCHAR, DEPTNO VARCHAR)

- Primary Key → FAC SSN, DEPTNO
- Foreign Key → FAC SSN, DEPTNO
- Here FAC_SSN is the foreign Key referring to SSN in Faculty table and DEPTNO is the foreign key referring to DNO in Department table.
- There are no multivalued attributes, all the nonkey attributes are functionally dependent the primary key attribute and there is no transitive property. Therefore, there is no need to normalize the table. It is in 3NF.

9. COURSE (CNO VARCHAR, COURSENAME VARCHAR, CREDITS NUMBER, DEPTNO VARCHAR)

- Primary Key → CNO
- Foreign Key → DEPTNO
- Here DEPTNO is the foreign key referring to DNO in Department table.
- There are no multivalued attributes, all the nonkey attributes are functionally dependent the primary key attribute and there is no transitive property. Therefore, there is no need to normalize the table. It is in 3NF.

10. STUDYPLAN (STU SSN VARCHAR, COURSENO VARCHAR)

- Primary Key → STU_SSN, COURSENO
- Foreign Key → STU SSN, COURSENO
- STU_SSN is the foreign key referring to SSN in Student table and COURSENO is the foreign key referring to CNO in Course table.
- There are no multivalued attributes, all the nonkey attributes are functionally dependent the primary key attribute and there is no transitive property. Therefore, there is no need to normalize the table. It is in 3NF.

11. TRANSCRIPT (STU_SSN VARCHAR, COURSENO VARCHAR, GRADE VARCHAR)

• **Primary Key** → STU_SSN, COURSENO

- Foreign Key → STU SSN, COURSENO
- There are no multivalued attributes, all the nonkey attributes are functionally dependent the primary key attribute and there is no transitive property. Therefore, there is no need to normalize the table. It is in 3NF.

12. SECTION (SNO VARCHAR, SEMESTER VARCHAR, YEAR VARCHAR, DAY VARCHAR, TIME VARCHAR, ROOM VARCHAR, FACULTY VARCHAR, COURSENO VARCHAR)

- Primary Key → SNO
- Foreign Key → FACULTY, COURSENO
- Here Faculty is the foreign key referring to SSN in Faculty table and CourseNo is the foreign key referring to CNO in Course table.
- There are no multivalued attributes, all the nonkey attributes are functionally dependent the primary key attribute and there is no transitive property. Therefore, there is no need to normalize the table. It is in 3NF.

13. GRADE_REPORT (STU_SSN_ VARCHAR, **SNO** VARCHAR, **SEMESTER** VARCHAR, **YEAR** NUMBER, **COURSENO** VARCHAR, **GRADE** VARCHAR)

- Primary Key→STU_SSN, SNO, SEMESTER, YEAR, COURSENO
- Foreign Key → STU SSN, { SNO, SEMESTER, YEAR, COURSENO}
- Here STU_SSN is the foreign key referring to SSN in Student table and {SNO, SEMESTER, YEAR, COURSENO} is referring to primary key of Semester table.
- There are no multivalued attributes, all the nonkey attributes are functionally dependent the primary key attribute and there is no transitive property. Therefore, there is no need to normalize the table. It is in 3NF.

6. Implement the Relational Database

[1]. Creating tables

```
SQL> create table Address
  2
  3 zip varchar(5) primary key,
  4 street varchar(30),
  5 city varchar(30),
  6 state varchar(20)
  7);
Table created.
SQL> create table Person
  2 (
  3 ssn varchar(10) primary key,
  4 firstName varchar(20) not null,
  5 middleName char(20),
  6 lastName varchar(20) not null, Gender varchar(1),
 7 dob date,
 8 zip varchar(5),
  9 phone varchar (10),
 10 FOREIGN KEY (zip) REFERENCES Address (zip)
```

```
11 );
Table created.
SQL> create table employee
  3 ssn varchar(10) not null,
  4 FOREIGN KEY (ssn) REFERENCES Person (ssn)
  5);
Table created.
SQL> create table Dependent
  2 (
  3 name varchar(20) not null,
  4 essn varchar(10) not null,
  5 relation varchar(20),
  6 constraint depPK primary key (name, essn)
  7);
Table created.
SQL> create table Department
  3 dno varchar(10) primary key,
  4 dname varchar(10) not null,
  5 college varchar(10),
  6 officeNo varchar(10),
  7 chairperson varchar(10),
  8 constraint dnameUK unique (dname)
  9);
Table created.
SQL> create table Staff
  2
  3 ssn varchar(10) primary key,
  4 title varchar(10),
  5 deptno varchar(10),
  6 FOREIGN KEY (ssn) REFERENCES Employee (ssn),
  7 FOREIGN KEY (deptno) REFERENCES Department (dno)
  8);
Table created.
SQL> create table Faculty
  2
  3 ssn varchar(10) primary key,
  4 degree varchar(10),
  5 rank varchar(20),
  6 EmpType varchar(10),
  7 deptNo varchar(10),
  8 FOREIGN KEY (ssn) REFERENCES Employee (ssn)
  9);
Table created.
SQL> create table Student
  2 (
  3 ssn varchar(10) primary key,
```

```
4 studentNo varchar(10) not null,
    degreeProg varchar(5),
  6 minorDept varchar(10),
  7 majorDept varchar(10),
  8 class varchar(10),
  9 FOREIGN KEY (ssn) REFERENCES Person(ssn),
 10 FOREIGN KEY (minorDept) REFERENCES Department (dno),
11 FOREIGN KEY (majorDept) REFERENCES Department (dno),
12 constraint snoUK unique (studentNo)
13);
Table created.
SQL> create table Works For
  2 (
  3 facSSN varchar(10) not null,
  4 deptNo varchar(10) not null,
  5 constraint worksForPK primary key (facSSN, deptNo),
  6 FOREIGN KEY (facSSN) REFERENCES Faculty (ssn),
    FOREIGN KEY (deptNO) REFERENCES DEpartment (dno)
  8);
Table created.
SQL> create table Course
  2 (
  3 cno varchar2(10) not null,
  4 cname varchar2(50),
    credits number(5),
  6 deptNo varchar(10) not null,
  7 FOREIGN KEY (deptNo) REFERENCES Department (dno)
  8);
Table created.
SQL> create table Study Plan
  2
  3 stuSSN varchar(10) not null,
  4 courseNo varchar(10) not null,
  5 constraint studyplanPK primary key (stuSSN, courseNO),
  6 FOREIGN KEY (stuSSN) REFERENCES Student (ssn),
  7 FOREIGN KEY (courseNO) REFERENCES Course(cno)
  8);
Table created.
SQL> create table Transcript
  2
    (
  3 stuSSN varchar(10) not null,
  4 courseNo varchar(10) not null,
  5 grade varchar(2) not null,
  6 constraint transcriptPK primary key (stuSSN, courseNo),
  7 FOREIGN KEY (stuSSN) REFERENCES Student(ssn),
  8 FOREIGN KEY (courseNo) REFERENCES Course (cno)
  9);
Table created.
SQL> create table Section
  2 (
  3 sno varchar(10) not null,
  4 semester varchar(10) not null,
  5 year number(4) not null,
```

```
6 meetingDay varchar(10),
    meetingTime varchar(10),
  8 meetingRoom varchar(10),
  9 instructor varchar(10),
 10 courseNo varchar(10) not null,
 11 constraint sectionPK primary key (sno, semester, year, courseNo),
12 FOREIGN KEY (instructor) REFERENCES Faculty (ssn),
13 FOREIGN KEY (courseNo) REFERENCES Course (cno)
14 );
Table created.
SQL> create table Grade Report
  3 stuSSN varchar(10) not null,
  4 sno varchar(10) not null,
  5 semester varchar(10) not null,
  6 year number(4) not null,
  7
    courseNo varchar(10) not null,
  8 grade varchar(2),
               constraint
                               gradereportPK
                                                  primary
                                                               key
(stuSSN, sno, semester, year, courseNo),
10 FOREIGN KEY (stuSSN) REFERENCES Student (ssn),
    FOREIGN KEY (sno, semester, year, courseNo) REFERENCES Section
(sno, semester, year, courseNo)
12 );
Table created.
SQL> create table Salary Scale
  2
  3 rank varchar(20) not null,
  4 empType varchar(9) not null,
  5 salary number (8,2),
  6 constraint ssPK primary key (rank,empType)
  7);
Table created.
SQL> create table Grad Student
  3 stuSSN varchar(10) primary key,
  4 facSSN varchar(10) not null,
  5 FOREIGN KEY (stuSSN) REFERENCES Faculty (ssn),
  6 FOREIGN KEY (facSSN) REFERENCES Student (ssn)
  7
    );
Table created.
SQL> create table Course Prerequisite
  3 cno varchar(10) not null,
  4 precno varchar(10) not null,
    constraint cprPK primary key (cno, precno),
  6 FOREIGN KEY (cno) REFERENCES Course (cno),
    FOREIGN KEY (precno) REFERENCES Course (cno)
  7
  8);
Table created.
```

[2]. Entering values into the tables

1. Address

```
SOL>
     insert
                into Address values('65432', '2001
                                                             M
Rent','Hialeah','SF');
1 row created.
                  insert
                                                         Person
values('765439876','Mike','S','Smith','M','11-MAR-
85', '65432', '8765554334');
1 row created.
SQL> insert into Address values('23121','2121 B Street','Belle
Grove','NY');
1 row created.
SQL> insert into Address values('09867','2 North
     Street','Coconut Beach','NY');
1 row created.
      insert
               into Address values('98765','31 Westside
street', 'Parkgate',
                     'JK');
1 row created.
SQL> insert into Address values('09809','71 MC
    Street','Markland','FY');
1 row created.
SQL> insert into Address values('33328', 'Apt 14', 'Davie', 'FL');
1 row created.
SQL> insert into Address values('33389','8210 SW
                                                             41
CT', 'Davie', 'FL');
1 row created.
SQL> insert into Address values('09956','8130 NW 21 ST','Coconut
Beach', 'FL');
1 row created.
SQL> insert into Address values('98764','Ap 21','Coral Springs',
     'FL');
1 row created.
SQL> insert into Address values('09803','71
     Street','Miami','FL');
1 row created.
```

2. Person

```
SQL>
                   insert
                                                              Person
values('865361231','Patty','P','Preston','F','01-APR-
72','23121','0988342133');
1 row created.
SQL> insert into Person
values('875435123','Megan','M','Woods','F','21-OCT-
89','09867','5674398764');
1 row created.
SQL> insert into Person
values('875676767','Chris','V','Seilr','M','26-JUL-
78', '98765', '6775545422');
1 row created.
SQL> insert into Person
values('864542278','John','L','Carry','M','10-AUG-
81', '09809', '652457732');
1 row created.
SQL>
                   insert
                                          into
                                                              Person
values('975164333','Shaival','P','Shah','M','12-DEC-
93', '33328', '9856712572');
1 row created.
                   insert
                                          into
                                                              Person
values('743678246','Gaurav','P','Jain','M','01-JUN-
94','33389','0988342781');
1 row created.
SQL> insert into Person
values('952561853','Shreeraj','F','Pawar','M','21-OCT-
93', '09956', '5674398757');
1 row created.
SOL>
SQL> insert into Person
values('942567194','Jaimin','V','Patel','M','26-JUL-
94', '98764', '6775543674');
1 row created.
SQL> insert into Person
values('864169257', 'Priyana', 'L', 'Chwada', 'F', '10-AUG
94', '09803', '6524569843');
1 row created.
```

3. Employee

```
SQL> insert into Employee values('865361231');
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Employee values('875435123');
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Employee values('875676767');
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Employee values('864542278');
1 row created.
```

4. Department

```
SQL> insert into Department
'098762286','CN543');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Department values(1,'Computer Science','CISC','779646655','CS123');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Department values(2,'Information Technology','MSIT','658537372','IT456');

1 row created.
```

5. Staff

```
SQL> insert into Staff values('765439876','Dean',1);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Staff values('865361231','Coordinator',2);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Staff values('875435123','Dean',3);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Staff values('875676767','Coordinator',3);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Staff values('875676767','Dean',2);
```

1 row created.

6. Faculty

```
SQL> insert into Faculty values('865361231',
    'MCA','Assistant Professor','PART-TIME',1);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Faculty values('875676767',
    'MPhil','Assistant Professor','PART-TIME',2);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Faculty values('875435123',
    'PHD','Permanent Professor','FULL-TIME',3);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Faculty values('765439876',
    'PHD','Permanent Professor','FULL-TIME',1);

1 row created.
```

7. Course

```
SQL> insert into Course values('CS2','Computer Networking',3,1);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Course values('CS3','Operating Systems',3,2);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Course values('CS4','Computer Architecture',3,2);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Course values('CS5','Data Strucutures',3,2);
1 row created.
```

8. COURSE_PREREQUISITE

```
SQL> insert into COURSE_PREREQUISITE values ('CS1','CS3');
1 row created.

SQL> insert into COURSE_PREREQUISITE values ('CS2','CS4');
1 row created.
```

9. SALARY SCALE

10. Student

```
SQL> insert into Student
                                               values('975164333',
     'SN201', 'BCA', 1, 3, 'graduate');
1 row created.
SQL> insert into Student values('743678246',
      'SN202', 'MCA', 3, 1, 'graduate');
1 row created.
SQL> insert into Student values('952561853',
     'SN203', 'PHD', 2, 3, 'phd');
1 row created.
SQL> insert into Student values ('942567194',
     'SN204', 'BSC', 1, 3, 'freshman');
1 row created.
SQL> insert into Student values ('864169257',
     'SN205', 'PHD', null, 1, 'phd');
1 row created.
```

11. Dependent

```
SQL> insert into Dependent values('Richard','098762286','Spouse');
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Dependent values('Michel','779646655', 'Son');
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Dependent values('Kim maggio','753338862','Spouse');
1 row created.

SQL> insert into Dependent values('Garry','962371274','daughter');
1 row created.
```

```
SQL> insert into Dependent values('Sheron','658537372','Son');
   1 row created.
12. WORKS FOR
   SQL> insert into WORKS FOR values ('765439876',1);
   1 row created.
   SQL> insert into WORKS FOR values('865361231',3);
   1 row created.
   SQL> insert into WORKS FOR values('875676767',2);
   1 row created.
   SQL> insert into WORKS FOR values('875435123',1);
   1 row created.
13. Section
   SOL> insert into Section
   values(1, 'summer', 2017, 'monday', '11:00AM', 'Desantis301',
   '865361231', 'CS2');
   1 row created.
   SQL> insert into Section
         values(2, 'winter', 2017, 'tuesday', '10:00AM', 'Desantis401',
   '875676767', 'CS2');
   1 row created.
   SQL> insert into Section
         values(1,'summer',2017,'fridat','09:00AM', 'Desantis401',
   '865361231', 'CS1');
   1 row created.
        insert into Section values(1,'summer',2017,
  'thursday','04:30PM', 'Desantis401', '875435123','CS4');
   SQL> insert into Section
   1 row created.
   SQL> insert into Section values(1, 'summer', 2017,
         'monday','06:30PM', 'Desantis401','765439876','CS5');
   1 row created.
```

14. STUDY PLAN

```
SQL> insert into STUDY PLAN values('864169257','CS1');
1 row created.
```

```
SQL> insert into STUDY_PLAN values('942567194','CS2');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into STUDY_PLAN values('952561853','CS3');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into STUDY_PLAN values('743678246','CS4');

1 row created.
```

15. Transcript

```
SQL> insert into Transcript values('952561853','CS1','A');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Transcript values('743678246','CS2','A+');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Transcript values('942567194','CS3','B');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Transcript values('864169257','CS1','B+');

1 row created.
```

16. GRADE_STUDENT

```
SQL> insert into Grad_Student values('975164333','765439876');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Grad_Student values('743678246','765439876');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Grad_Student values('952561853','875435123');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Grad_Student values('942567194','875676767');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Grad_Student values('864169257','875676767');

1 row created.
```

7. SQL Queries

1. Query 1

SQL> @u1
SQL> run
 1* select d.dname, count(*) from Department d left join Student
 s on d.dno = s.majorDept or d.dno = minorDept
group by dname

DNAME	COUNT(*)
Computer Science	4
Information Technology	1
Pharmacy	4

2. Query 2

SQL> @u2 SQL> run

1 selectd.dname, wf.facSSN as ssn, count(s.sno) as
 NoOfcourses from Department d left join Works_For wf on
 d.dno = wf.deptNo

2* left join Section s on wf.facSSN = s.instructor group by d.dname, wf.facSSN order by d.dname asc

DNAME	SSN	NOOFCOURSES
Computer Science	765439876	4
Computer Science	875435123	1
Information Technology	875676767	1
Pharmacy	865361231	0

3. Query 3

SQL> @u3
SOL> run

1 select d.dname, c.cno, c.cname from Department d

2* left join Course c on d.dno = c.deptNo group by d.dname, c.cno, c.cname order by d.dname asc

DNAME CNO

CNAME

Computer Science CS1

Database

Computer Science CS2

Computer Networking

Information Technology CS3
Operating Systems

DNAME CNO

CNAME

Information Technology CS4
Computer Architecture

Information Technology CS5
Data Strucutures

Pharmacy

6 rows selected.

4. Query 4

5. Query 5

SQL> @u5

2 left join (select deptNo, facSSN from Works_For) wf
 on wf. deptNo = d.dno left join

3* (select count(*) as load, instructor from Section group
 by instructor) t on wf.facSSN = t.instructor group
 by d.dname

DNAME	PROF_CT	AVGLOAD
Information Technology	1	1
Pharmacy	1	0
Computer Science	2	1

6. Query 6

Student) t1, (select c.credits, t.stuSSN as ssn from

```
Transcript t, Course c where t.courseNo = c.cno)
t2

3* where (t1.majorDept=d.dno or t1.minorDept=d.dno) and
(t2.ssn=t1.ssn) group by d.dname
```

STU_CT	TL_CR	AVG_CR
Information Technology Pharmacy	3	3
Computer Science	9	3

7. Query 7

```
SQL> @u7
SQL> run
 1 select f.ssn, stu.studentNo from Faculty f left
    join Section s on f.ssn = s.instructor left join
 Grade Report g
 2 on s.sno = g.sno and s.semester = g.semester and s.year = g.year and s.courseNo =
     g.courseNo left join Student stu on stu.ssn
     stuSSN
 3* group by f.ssn, stu.studentNo order by f.ssn asc
     STUDENTNO
SSN
_____
765439876 SN203
765439876 SN204
765439876 SN205
765439876
865361231
875435123 SN202
875676767
```

7 rows selected.

8. Query 8

```
SQL> @u8
SQL> run
 1 selectf.ssn, d.dname from Faculty f
                                                   left
    join Department d
 2 on exists ((select cno from Course
    deptNo = d.dno) intersect
            courseNo from Section s where s.instructor
 3 (select
         f.ssn))
 4* group by f.ssn, d.dname order by f.ssn asc
SSN DNAME
765439876 Computer Science
765439876 Information Technology
865361231
875435123 Information Technology
875676767 Computer Science
```

no rows selected

10. Query 10

SSN	COUNT (STUSSN)	
7.65.43.007.6		
765439876	2	
865361231	0	
875435123	1	
875676767	2	

11. Query 11

DNAME		COUNT(*)
Computer	Science	4
Pharmacy		4

12. Query 12

SQL> @u12 SOL> run

```
1 select d.dname, sum(s.salary) as avg_salary from
   Department d
2 inner join Works_For wf on d.dno = wf.deptNo inner join
   Faculty f
3 on wf.facSSN = f.ssn inner join Salary_Scale s on
   f.rank = s.rank and f.empType =
    s.empType group by d.dname
4 having sum(s.salary) > (select avg(avg_salary)
   from (select d.dname, sum(s.salary) as
   avg_salary from Department d
5 inner join Works_For wf on d.dno = wf.deptNo
   inner join faculty f on wf.facSSN = f.ssn inner
   join Salary_Scale s
6* on f.rank = s.rank and f.empType =
   s.empType group by d.dname))
```

no rows selected

13. Query 13

no rows selected

15. Query 15

no rows selected

16. Query 16

17. Query 17

```
SQL> @u18
SQL> run
1  select stu.ssn    from Student    stu    where not    exists
```

```
2 ((select courseNO from Study_Plan where stuSSN =
    stu.ssn) minus
3* (select courseNo from Transcript where stuSSN =
    stu.ssn and grade in ('A', 'A-', 'B+', 'B', 'B-',
    'C+')))

SSN
-----
864169257
975164333
```