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#### **Abstract**

- Main aim of this Mini Project is to illustrate the concepts and usage of pre-built functions in OpenGL.
- Simulation of a traffic signal is being done using computer graphics.
- The car built using cubes can be moved using arrow keys and based on traffic signal light the user can obey the traffic rules.
- If the car hits other car then accident scene is shown.
- We have used input devices like mouse and key board to interact with program

#### **System specifications**

#### > SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS:

- MICROSOFT VISUAL C++
- OPENGL

#### **HARDWARE REQUIREMENT:**

- GRAPHICS SYSTEM,
- Pentium P4 with 256 of Ram(Min)

#### **Introduction to openGL**

As a software interface for graphics hardware, OpenGL's main purpose is to render two- and three-dimensional objects into a frame buffer.

These objects are described as sequences of vertices or pixels.

OpenGL performs several processing steps on this data to convert it to pixels to form the final desired image in the frame buffer.

#### **OpenGL Fundamentals**

This section explains some of the concepts inherent in OpenGL.

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#### **Primitives and Commands**

OpenGL draws primitives—points, line segments, or polygons—subject to several selectable modes.

You can control modes independently of each other; that is, setting one mode doesn't affect whether other modes are set .Primitives are specified, modes are set, and other OpenGL operations are described by issuing commands in the form of function calls.

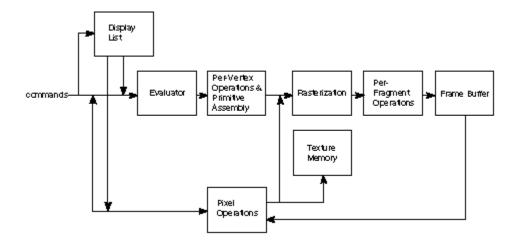
Primitives are defined by a group of one or more vertices. A vertex defines a point, an endpoint of a line, or a corner of a polygon where two edges meet. Data is associated with a vertex, and each vertex and its associated data are processed independently, in order, and in the same way. The type of clipping depends on which primitive the group of vertices represents.

Commands are always processed in the order in which they are received, although there may be an indeterminate delay before a command takes effect. This means that each primitive is drawn completely before any subsequent command takes effect. It also means that state-querying commands return data that's consistent with complete execution of all previously issued OpenGL commands.

#### Basic OpenGL Operation

The figure shown below gives an abstract, high-level block diagram of how OpenGL processes data. In the diagram, commands enter from the left and proceed through what can be thought of as a processing pipeline. Some commands specify geometric objects to be drawn, and others control how the objects are handled during the various processing stages.

#### Figure . OpenGL Block Diagram



As shown by the first block in the diagram, rather than having all commands proceed immediately through the pipeline, you can choose to accumulate some of them in a display list for processing at a later time.

Rasterization produces a series of frame buffer addresses and associated values using a two-dimensional description of a point, line segment, or polygon.

Each fragment so produced is fed into the last stage,

per-fragment operations, which performs the final operations on the data before it's stored as pixels in the frame buffer. These operations include conditional updates to the frame buffer based on incoming and previously stored z-value s (for z-buffering) and blending of incoming pixel colors with stored colors, as well as masking and other logical operations on pixel values.

All elements of OpenGL state, including the contents of the texture memory and even of the frame buffer, can be obtained by an OpenGL application.

#### **Implementation**

This program is implemented using various openGL functions which are shown below.

Various functions used in this program.

- > glutInit(): interaction between the windowing system and OPENGL is initiated
- glutInitDisplayMode(): used when double buffering is required and depth information is required
- glutCreateWindow(): this opens the OPENGL window and displays the title at top of the window
- > glutInitWindowSize(): specifies the size of the window
- glutInitWindowPosition() : specifies the position of the window in screen co-ordinates
- > glutKeyboardFunc(): handles normal ascii symbols
- glutSpecialFunc(): handles special keyboard keys
- glutReshapeFunc(): sets up the callback function for reshaping the window
- glutIdleFunc(): this handles the processing of the background
- > glutDisplayFunc(): this handles redrawing of the window
- glutMainLoop(): this starts the main loop, it never returns
- glViewport(): used to set up the viewport
- > glVertex3fv(): used to set up the points or vertices in three dimensions
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- glColor3fv(): used to render color to faces
- glFlush(): used to flush the pipeline
- > glutPostRedisplay(): used to trigger an automatic redrawal of the object
- > glMatrixMode(): used to set up the required mode of the matrix
- > glLoadIdentity(): used to load or initialize to the identity matrix
- > glTranslatef() : used to translate or move the rotation centre from one point to another in three dimensions
- > glRotatef(): used to rotate an object through a specified rotation angle

#### **Interaction with program**

- > This program includes interaction through keyboard.
- i → Student Information
- c -> Keyboard interaction.
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- P -> Start the project
- Car Controls using A,W,S,D
- Q-> Quit

#### **Source Code**

#include <windows.h> #include<string.h> #include<stdarg.h>

```
#include<stdio.h>
                                  #include <glut.h>
                          static double carx=-1.2, cary=-4;
      static double cx[5]=\{6,15,22,30,40\}, cy[5]=\{-1,-10,-24,-30,-40\}, x[10]=\{0\};
                                 static double s1=0;
             static bool stop=false, red=true,green=false,crash=false;
                                     void *font;
                                 void *currentfont;
                               void setFont(void *font)
                                           {
      currentfont=font;
}
void drawstring(float x,float y,float z,char *string)
{
      char *c;
      glRasterPos3f(x,y,z);
      for(c=string;*c!='\0';c++)
      {
             glColor3f(0.0,1.0,1.0);
             glutBitmapCharacter(currentfont,*c);
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```

```
}
}
void tree(){
glPushMatrix();
      glColor3f(0,0.2,0);
glBegin(GL_POLYGON);
glVertex2f(0,0);
glVertex2f(-.5,0.5);
glVertex2f(0,0.7);
glVertex2f(-0.3,1);
glVertex2f(0.2,0.9);
```

```
glVertex2f(0.8,2);
glVertex2f(0.8,0.9);
glVertex2f(1.2,1);
glVertex2f(0.8,0.8);
glVertex2f(1.2,0.5);
glVertex2f(0.5,0);
glEnd();
glPopMatrix();
glPushMatrix();
glTranslatef(0.5,-0.4,0);
glScaled(0.2,1,0.1);
glColor3f(0.5,0.1,0.1);
glutSolidCube(1.0);
glPopMatrix();
}
```

```
void road(){
      //Background
      glColor3f(0,1,0);
      glBegin(GL_POLYGON);
      glVertex2f(-6,6);
      glVertex2f(6,6);
      glVertex2f(6,-6);
      glVertex2f(-6,-6);
      glEnd();
      // Horizontal Road
      glColor3f(0.4,0.4,0.4);
      glBegin(GL_POLYGON);
      glVertex2f(-6,2.5);
      glVertex2f(6,2.5);
      glVertex2f(6,1.5);
      glVertex2f(-6,1.5);
      glEnd();
      // Horizontal Stripes
      glColor3f(0,0,0);
      for(float x1=0;x1<=100;x1+=0.4){
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```

```
glBegin(GL_POLYGON);
glVertex2f(-6+x1,2);
glVertex2f(-5.8+x1,2);
glVertex2f(-5.8+x1,1.9);
glVertex2f(-6+x1,1.9);
glEnd();
}
// Vertical road
glColor3f(0.4,0.4,0.4);
glBegin(GL_POLYGON);
glVertex2f(0.4,6);
glVertex2f(-0.4,6);
glVertex2f(-0.4,-6);
glVertex2f(0.4,-6);
glEnd();
//Vertical Stripes
glColor3f(0,0,0);
for(float y1=0;y1<=100;y1+=1){
glBegin(GL_QUADS);
glVertex2f(0.04,-6+y1);
```

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```
glVertex2f(0.04,-5.5+y1);
      glVertex2f(-0.04,-5.5+y1);
      glVertex2f(-0.04,-6+y1);
      glEnd();
      }
}
void bdg(float x1, float y1)
{
      glPushMatrix();
      glTranslatef(x1,y1,0);
      glScaled(0.5,0.4,2.2);
      glutSolidCube(1);
      glPopMatrix();
}
void cars(float x1,float y1)
{
      glPushMatrix();
      glScaled(0.3,0.5,0.5);
      glTranslatef(x1,y1,0);
      glPushMatrix();
      glColor3f(1,0,1);
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```

```
glutSolidCube(1);
    glPopMatrix();
    //wheel 1
    glPushMatrix();
    glRotatef(90,1.0f,0.0f,0.0f);
    glTranslatef(-0.45,0.15,-0.02);
    glScaled(0.15,0.15,0.6);
    glColor3f(.5,.5,.5);
    glutSolidTorus(1,0.8,20,20);
    glPopMatrix();
    //wheel 2
    glPushMatrix();
    glRotatef(90,1.0f,0.0f,0.0f);
    glTranslatef(0.35,0.15,-0.02);
    glScaled(0.15,0.15,0.6);
glColor3f(.5,.5,.5);
    glutSolidTorus(1,0.8,20,20);
    glPopMatrix();
    //footer cube
    glPushMatrix();
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```

```
glTranslatef(-0.2,0,0);
      glScaled(1.5,1,.7);
      glColor3f(0,0,1);
  glutSolidCube(1);
      glPopMatrix();
glPopMatrix();
}
void carsv(float x1,float y1)
{
      glPushMatrix();
      glScaled(0.3,0.5,0.5);
      glTranslatef(x1,y1,0);
      glRotatef(-90,0,0,1);
      glPushMatrix();
      glColor3f(1,0,1);
      glutSolidCube(1);
      glPopMatrix();
      //wheel 1
      glPushMatrix();
      glRotatef(90,1.0f,0.0f,0.0f);
      glTranslatef(-0.45,0.15,-0.02);
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```

}

```
glScaled(0.15,0.15,0.6);
      glColor3f(.5,.5,.5);
      glutSolidTorus(1,0.8,20,20);
      glPopMatrix();
      //wheel 2
      glPushMatrix();
      glRotatef(90,1.0f,0.0f,0.0f);
      glTranslatef(0.35,0.15,-0.02);
      glScaled(0.15,0.15,0.6);
  glColor3f(.5,.5,.5);
      glutSolidTorus(1,0.8,20,20);
      glPopMatrix();
      //footer cube
      glPushMatrix();
      glTranslatef(-0.2,0,0);
      glScaled(1.5,1,.7);
      glColor3f(0,0,1);
  glutSolidCube(1);
      glPopMatrix();
glPopMatrix();
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```

```
void myCar(float x1,float y1)
{
      glPushMatrix();
      glScaled(0.2,0.6,0.1);
      glTranslatef(x1,y1,0);
      glPushMatrix();
      glColor3f(0,0,1);
      glutSolidCube(1);
      glPopMatrix();
      for(int tx=0;tx<=4;tx++)
      {
             if(tempx[tx] >= 1.8 \&\& tempx[tx] <= 3 \&\& green){
             }else if(tx==0)
             x[tx]+=0.07;
             }
             else if(tempx[tx]<=tempx[tx-1]+2)
```

```
else
      x[tx]+=0.07;
      cars(tempx[tx],3.5);
}
// Condition for vertical car crash
for(int ty1=0;ty1<=4;ty1++)
{
glScaled(0.2,0.2,0.2);
glutSolidSphere(0.35,30,30);
glPopMatrix();
//green signal
glPushMatrix();
if(green)
glColor3f(0,1,0);
else
glColor3f(0,0,0);
glTranslatef(0.65,2.5,0.9);
glScaled(0.2,0.2,0.2);
glutSolidSphere(0.35,30,30);
glPopMatrix();
```

```
//Signal for horizontal cars
//Pole
glPushMatrix();
glTranslatef(-0.65,0.8,0);
glScaled(0.2,0.4,4.5);
glutSolidCube(0.5);
glPopMatrix();
//red signal
glPushMatrix();
if(red)
glColor3f(0,1,0);
else
glColor3f(0,0,0);
glTranslatef(-0.6,0.8,0.7);
glScaled(0.2,0.5,0.5);
glutSolidSphere(0.25,30,30);
glPopMatrix();
//green signal
glPushMatrix();
if(green)
```

```
glColor3f(1,0,0);
else
glColor3f(0,0,0);
glTranslatef(-0.6,0.8,1);
glScaled(0.2,0.5,0.5);
glutSolidSphere(0.25,30,30);
glPopMatrix();
//Garden trees
glPushMatrix();
glTranslatef(2.5,-2.8,1);
glRotatef(70,1,0,0);
glScaled(0.4,0.4,0.4);
tree();
glPopMatrix();
glPushMatrix();
glTranslatef(1.5,-2.8,1);
glRotatef(70,1,0,0);
glScaled(0.4,0.4,0.4);
tree();
glPopMatrix();
```

```
glPushMatrix();
glTranslatef(0.5,-2.8,1);
glRotatef(70,1,0,0);
glScaled(0.4,0.4,0.4);
tree();
glPopMatrix();
glPushMatrix();
glTranslatef(2.5,-4.8,1);
glRotatef(70,1,0,0);
glScaled(0.4,0.4,0.4);
tree();
glPopMatrix();
glPushMatrix();
glTranslatef(1.5,-4.8,1);
glRotatef(70,1,0,0);
glScaled(0.4,0.4,0.4);
tree();
glPopMatrix();
glPushMatrix();
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```

```
glTranslatef(0.5,-4.8,1);
      glRotatef(70,1,0,0);
      glScaled(0.4,0.4,0.4);
      tree();
      glPopMatrix();
      glFlush();
  glutSwapBuffers();
}
void i()
{
      glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT | GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT);
      glClearColor(0.0,0.5,0.5,0);
      glLoadIdentity();
      glTranslatef(0.0f,0.0f,-13.0f);
      setFont(GLUT_BITMAP_TIMES_ROMAN_24);
      glColor3f(1,1,1);
      drawstring(-1,1,-1.0,"Submitted By");
      setFont(GLUT_BITMAP_TIMES_ROMAN_24);
      glColor3f(1,1,1);
      drawstring(-2,0,-1.0,"Student 1");
```

```
setFont(GLUT_BITMAP_TIMES_ROMAN_24);
      glColor3f(1,1,1);
      drawstring(-2,-1,-1.0,"Student 2");
      glEnable(GL_COLOR_MATERIAL);
      glFlush();
      glutSwapBuffers();
}
void c()
{
      glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT | GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT);
      glClearColor(0.5,0.0,0.5,0);
      glLoadIdentity();
      glTranslatef(0.0f,0.0f,-13.0f);
      setFont(GLUT_BITMAP_TIMES_ROMAN_24);
      glColor3f(1,1,1);
      drawstring(-1,2,-1.0,"Press p/P -> Start");
      setFont(GLUT_BITMAP_TIMES_ROMAN_24);
      glColor3f(1,1,1);
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```

```
drawstring(-1,1,-1.0,"USER Car Control keys");
      setFont(GLUT_BITMAP_TIMES_ROMAN_24);
      glColor3f(1,1,1);
      drawstring(-1,0,-1.0,"Press w/W -> UP");
      setFont(GLUT_BITMAP_TIMES_ROMAN_24);
      glColor3f(1,1,1);
      drawstring(-1,-1,-1.0,"Press a/A -> LEFT");
      setFont(GLUT_BITMAP_TIMES_ROMAN_24);
      glColor3f(1,1,1);
      drawstring(-1,-2,-1.0,"Press d/D -> RIGHT");
      setFont(GLUT_BITMAP_TIMES_ROMAN_24);
      glColor3f(1,1,1);
      drawstring(-1,-3,-1.0,"Press s/S -> DOWN");
      glEnable(GL_COLOR_MATERIAL);
      glFlush();
      glutSwapBuffers();
}
void gameOver(){
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```

```
glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT | GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT);
      glClearColor(1,1,1,0);
  glLoadIdentity();
  glTranslatef(0.0f,0.0f,-13.0f);
      setFont(GLUT_BITMAP_TIMES_ROMAN_24);
      glColor3f(0,0,0);
      drawstring(-1,0,-1.0,"Accident");
      setFont(GLUT_BITMAP_TIMES_ROMAN_24);
      glColor3f(0,0,0);
      drawstring(-1,-1,-1.0,"Press r -> Reset");
      glFlush();
  glutSwapBuffers();
}
void p()
{
      //automate signals
      if(s1 <= 10){
            if(s1<5){
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```

```
red=true;
green=false;
s1+=0.006;
            if(s1>5){
red=false;
green=true;
s1+=0.006;
            if(s1 >= 9.5){
                   s1=0;
      }
      if(crash)
      gameOver();
      }
      else{
      //if(!stop)
      //x+=0.07;
      trafic(x[0]);
```

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```
}
}
void P()
{
      //x += .07;
      trafic(x[0]);
}
void doInit()
{
      /* Background and foreground color */
  glClearColor(1.0,1.0,1.0,0);
   glViewport(0,0,640,480);
  /* Select the modelview matrix, which we alter with rotatef() */
  glMatrixMode(GL_MODELVIEW);
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```

```
glLoadIdentity();
  glClearDepth(2.0f);
  glEnable(GL_DEPTH_TEST);
            glEnable( GL_COLOR_MATERIAL );
  glDepthFunc(GL_LEQUAL);
}
void display()
{
      glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT | GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT);
      glClearColor(1,1,1,0);
      glLoadIdentity();
      glTranslatef(0.0f,0.0f,-13.0f);
      setFont(GLUT_BITMAP_TIMES_ROMAN_24);
      glColor3f(0,0,0);
      drawstring(-2,0,-1.0,"A Mini Project on 'TRAFFIC SIGNALS'");
      setFont(GLUT_BITMAP_TIMES_ROMAN_24);
      glColor3f(0,0,0);
      drawstring(-2,-1,-1.0," Press 'I/i' For Students Information");
```

```
setFont(GLUT BITMAP TIMES ROMAN 24);
      glColor3f(0,0,0);
drawstring(-2,-2,-1.0,"Press 'C/c' For KeyBoard Interaction");
GLfloat mat ambient[]={0.0f,1.0f,2.0f,1.0f};
GLfloat mat diffuse[]={0.0f,1.5f,.5f,1.0f};
GLfloat mat_specular[]={5.0f,1.0f,1.0f,1.0f};
GLfloat mat shininess[]={50.0f};
glMaterialfv(GL FRONT,GL AMBIENT,mat ambient);
glMaterialfv(GL FRONT,GL DIFFUSE,mat diffuse);
glMaterialfv(GL FRONT,GL SPECULAR,mat specular);
glMaterialfv(GL FRONT,GL SHININESS,mat shininess);
GLfloat lightIntensity[]={1.7f,1.7f,1.7f,1.0f};
GLfloat light position3[]={2.0f,10.0f,3.0f,1.0f};
glLightfv(GL LIGHT0,GL POSITION,light position3);
glLightfv(GL LIGHT0,GL DIFFUSE,lightIntensity);
GLfloat lightIntensity1[]={1.7f,1.7f,1.7f,1.0f};
GLfloat light position1[]={-2.0f,1.0f,-5.0f,1.0f};
glLightfv(GL_LIGHT1,GL_POSITION,light_position1);
glLightfv(GL_LIGHT1,GL_DIFFUSE,lightIntensity1);
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```

```
glEnable(GL_COLOR_MATERIAL);
      glFlush();
      glutSwapBuffers();
}
void menu(int id)
{
      if(key=='2')
            red=false;
      {
            green=true;
            glutIdleFunc(p);
      }
            if(key=='r')
      {
            red=false;
            green=true;
             crash=false;
             glClearColor(1,1,1,1);
             glutIdleFunc(p);
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```

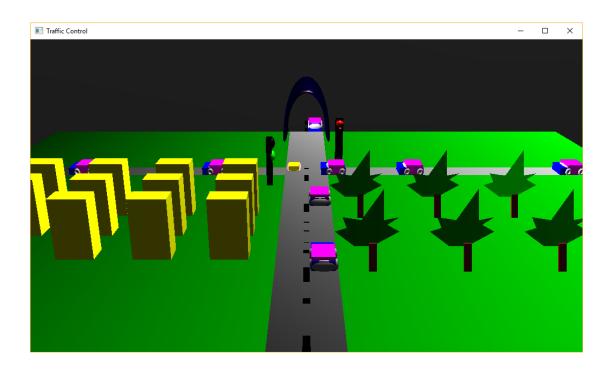
```
}
      if(key=='i')
      {
            glutIdleFunc(i);
if(key=='c')
      {
            glutIdleFunc(c);
      }
      if(key=='q'||key=='Q')
      {
            exit(0);
      }
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
  glutInit(&argc, argv);
  glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT_DOUBLE|GLUT_RGB);
```

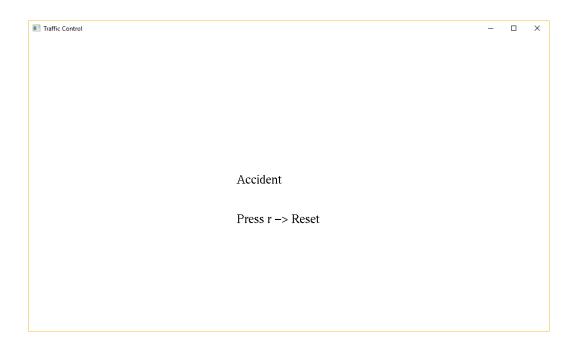
```
glutInitWindowSize(1000,480);
glutInitWindowPosition(0,0);
glutCreateWindow("Traffic Control");
glutDisplayFunc(display);
   glEnable(GL_LIGHTING);
   glEnable(GL_LIGHT0);
   glEnable(GL_LIGHT1);
   glShadeModel(GL_SMOOTH);
   glEnable(GL DEPTH TEST);
   glEnable(GL_NORMALIZE);
   glutKeyboardFunc(mykey);
   glutCreateMenu(menu);
glutAddMenuEntry("Start
                           'p'",1);
   glutAddMenuEntry("Quit
                                 'q'",5);
   glutAttachMenu(GLUT_RIGHT_BUTTON);
                                   doInit();
                             glutMainLoop();
                                  return 0;
                                    }
```

#### **OUTPUT OF THE PROGRAM**









# **Conclusions**

The project "Traffic Signal" clearly demonstrates the simulation of traffic signal using OpenGL.

Finally we conclude that this program clearly illustrate the traffic signal using openGL and has been completed successfully and is ready to be demonstrated.

#### **Bibliography**

WE HAVE OBTAINED INFORMATION FROM MANY RESOURCES TO DESIGN AND IMPLEMENT OUR PROJECT SUCCESSIVELY. WE HAVE ACQUIRED MOST OF THE KNOWLEDGE FROM RELATED WEBSITES. THE FOLLOWING ARE SOME OF THE **RESOURCES:** 

#### > TEXT BOOKS:

INTERACTIVE COMPUTER GRAPHICS A TOP-DOWN APPROACH

-By Edward Angel.

- > COMPUTER GRAPHICS, PRINCIPLES & PRACTICES
  - Foley van dam
  - Feiner hughes

> WEB REFERENCES:

http://jerome.jouvie.free.fr/OpenGI/Lessons/Lesson3.php

http://google.com

http://opengl.org