



An Australian Government Initiative

Cardiovascular Disease Clinical Report

Sample Practice

Coded CVD Population Statistics

319	June 2018	22.7%
312	February 2020	25.2%
142,771	SWSPHN February 2020	15.2%

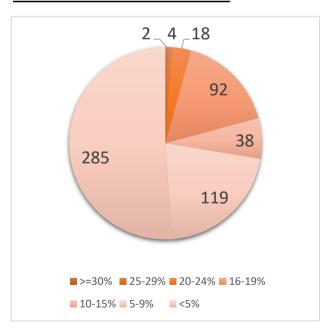
SWSPHN Based on 209 practices within SWSPHN catchment

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In this report, cardiovascular disease (CVD) includes heart failure, coronary heart disease, stroke, myocardial infarction, peripheral vascular disease, carotid stenosis, renal artery stenosis and hypertension

5-Year Cardiovascular Event Risk



Calculation uses the Absolute Cardiovascular Risk Assessment (Framingham Risk Equation). Absolute risk describes an individual's chance of getting cardiovascular disease (which includes all heart, stroke and blood vessel diseases) based on risk factors including gender, age, systolic blood pressure, smoking status, total cholesterol, HDL cholesterol, diabetes and left ventricular hypertrophy

Active Patients with CVD Risk Factors

Risk Factor	Jun 2018	Feb 2020	SWSPHN	
Alcohol drinker	23.5%	21.2%	20.6%	
Daily smoker	2.7% 2.9% 1		11.9%	
Overweight	25.3%	24.0%	57.9%	
Physical inactivity	0.1% 23.1%		2.4%	
Hypertension	15.3%	17.7%	13.4%	
Diabetes	10.8% 12.1% 6		6.9%	
High waist circumference	0.6%	18.6%	12.4%	

Alcohol drinker: ≥15 years, ≥2 drinks/day)

Overweight: (BMI ≥ 25kg/m2)

Hypertension: SYS > 140 or DIA >90

Waist circumference: (men ≥94cm, women ≥80cm)







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Billables

Table shows patients coded with CVD and their MBS billings in the last 12 months

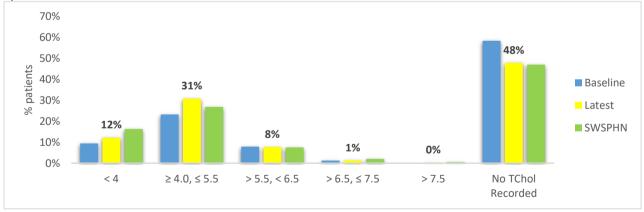
Consider creating a GPMP and TCA for all eligible patients within this cohort

		Billed	Potentially Billable	
CDM-GPMP (MBS 721)	Feb 2020	45	267	
	Jun 2018	37	282	
CDM-TCA (MBS 723)	Feb 2020	45	267	
CDIVI-TCA (IVIB3 723)	Jun 2018	37	282	
CDM Pavious (MPS 722)	Feb 2020	10	302	
CDM-Review (MBS 732)	Jun 2018	8	311	
DMMR & RMMR (MBS 900, 903)*	Feb 2020	1	272	
Divilvin & Rivilvin (IVIBS 900, 903)	Jun 2018	0	280	

^{*} patient numbers include those with 5+ active medications

Cholesterol Management

Graph shows latest total serum cholesterol recorded within the last 12 months for all active patients with coded CVD Consider reviewing cholesterol management including lifestyle, biomedical and pharmacological management according to patient circumstances*



^{*} Heart Foundation (2012), Reducing risk in heart disease; an expert guide to clinical practice for secondary prevention of coronary heart disease, accessed 10/10/2018 https://www.heartfoundation.org.au/images/uploads/publications/Reducing-risk-in-heart-disease.pdf

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