# CSEN 240 Homework #6

### (Level 0: Team Project) (8 pt)

- 1. Please write a short summary (about 5 sentences) on your team project progress
  - a. What have you observed from the released dataset?
  - b. What have you done related to data curation?

## (Level 1: high-level understanding)

- 2. (14 pts) Which of the following statements are true about logistic regression? (Select all that apply.)
  - a. Logistic regression predicts binary or categorical outcomes with probability.
  - b. Logistic regression use the logistic function (also known as sigmoid function) to output a number between 0 and 1.
  - c. Sigmoid function  $\sigma(-t) = 1 \sigma(t)$
  - d. Softmax regression can be used for multi-class classification problems.
  - e. The output of the softmax function represents class probabilities. The predicted class is the one with the highest probability.
  - f. The cross-entropy loss function is typically used in softmax regression, not the mean squared error.
  - g. Softmax regression uses gradient descent to minimize the cost function.
- 3. (8 pts) Which of the following statements are true about k-means clustering? (Select all that apply.)
  - a. K-means is a type of unsupervised learning algorithm used for clustering data points into k groups.
  - b. K-means require labelled datasets
  - c. The algorithm works by iteratively assigning data points to the nearest cluster center and updating the cluster centers based on the new assignments.
  - d. K-means is sensitive to the initial choice of cluster centers and may converge to suboptimal solutions.

## (Level 2: manual exercise)

- 4. (15pt) Logistic regression & gradient descent
  - a. Given the following dataset of labeled points in two dimensions
    - i. Positive samples: {(3,3), (4,4)}
    - ii. Negative samples: {(2,1), (1,2)}
  - b. Given initial weight  $\mathbf{w}^{(0)} = [-4.5, 1, 1]^T$  for logistic regression
  - c. Please perform a batch gradient descent to update the weight once
    - i. Compute the predicted probability of each sample
      - 1. Note that  $\sigma(-1.5) = 0.18$ ,  $\sigma(1.5) = 0.82$ ,  $\sigma(3.5) = 0.97$
    - ii. Compute the gradient (using learning rate  $\alpha = 1$ )
      - 1. Note in real practice, learning rate is often much smaller
    - iii. Compute the new weight
- 5. (15pt) K-means

- a. Given the following dataset of unlabeled points in two dimensions
  - i.  $\{(1, 2), (2, 1), (3, 3), (4, 3)\}$
- b. Given k=2, and the initial cluster centers of (3, 3) & (4, 3)
- c. Please perform the k-means algorithm to put the data points into clusters
  - i. Write down the steps
  - ii. Write down the final cluster centers
  - iii. Write down the cluster assignments

### (Level 3: computer-based exercise)

- 6. (20pt) Logistic regression and gradient descent (Using HW6-6.ipynb)
  - a. Given the modified 4-dimensional, 2-class Iris dataset, you will train a logistic regression model using gradient descent.
    - i. Read the dataset.
    - ii. Train the model with batch gradient descent.
    - iii. Plot the cost function as a function of epochs.
    - iv. Test the model and observe the accuracy.
- 7. (20pt) K-means (Using HW6-7.ipynb)
  - a. Given the simplified 2-dimensional, 2-class Iris dataset, please implement the K-means unsupervised learning algorithm to cluster them
    - i. Read the dataset.
    - ii. Train the K-means unsupervised learning algorithm
    - iii. Show the cluster assignment of each sample and the two centroids in a plot.