Booth's Algorithm

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Roll No:33

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#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
0; int anum[5] = {0}, anumcp[5] = {0}, bnum[5] = {0};
int acomp[5] = \{0\}, bcomp[5] = \{0\}, pro[5] = \{0\}, res[5] = \{0\};
void binary(){
  a1 = fabs(a);
  b1 = fabs(b);
  int r, r2, i, temp;
  for (i = 0; i < 5; i++){
     r = a1 \% 2;
     a1 = a1 / 2;
     r2 = b1 % 2;
     b1 = b1 / 2;
     anum[i] = r;
     anumcp[i] = r;
     bnum[i] = r2;
     if(r2 == 0){
       bcomp[i] = 1;
     }
     if(r == 0){
```

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acomp[i] =1;
    }
 }
//part for two's complementing
c = 0;
for (i = 0; i < 5; i++){
    res[i] = com[i]+ bcomp[i] + c;
    if(res[i] >= 2){
       c = 1;
    }
    else
       c = 0;
    res[i] = res[i] % 2;
 }
for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
 bcomp[i] = res[i];
}
//in case of negative inputs
if (a < 0){
  c = 0;
 for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
    res[i] = 0;
 }
 for ( i = 0; i < 5; i++){
    res[i] = com[i] + acomp[i] + c;
    if (res[i] >= 2){
       c = 1;
```

```
}
     else
        c = 0;
      res[i] = res[i]%2;
  }
  for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
     anum[i] = res[i];
     anumcp[i] = res[i];
  }
 }
 if(b < 0){
  for (i = 0; i < 5; i++){
     temp = bnum[i];
      bnum[i] = bcomp[i];
      bcomp[i] = temp;
  }
 }
}
void add(int num[]){
  int i;
  c = 0;
  for (i = 0; i < 5; i++){
      res[i] = pro[i] + num[i] + c;
     if (res[i] >= 2){
        c = 1;
     }
```

```
else{
        c = 0;
     }
     res[i] = res[i]%2;
  }
  for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
    pro[i] = res[i];
    printf("%d",pro[i]);
  }
 printf(":");
 for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
     printf("%d", anumcp[i]);
  }
}
void arshift(){//for arithmetic shift right
  int temp = pro[4], temp2 = pro[0], i;
  for (i = 1; i < 5; i++){//shift the MSB of product
   pro[i-1] = pro[i];
  }
  pro[4] = temp;
  for (i = 1; i < 5; i++){//shift the LSB of product
    anumcp[i-1] = anumcp[i];
  }
  anumcp[4] = temp2;
  printf("\nAR-SHIFT: ");//display together
  for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
    printf("%d",pro[i]);
```

```
}
 printf(":");
 for(i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
    printf("%d", anumcp[i]);
 }
}
void main(){
int i, q = 0;
 printf("\t\tBOOTH'S MULTIPLICATION
 ALGORITHM"); printf("\nEnter two numbers
 to multiply: "); printf("\nBoth must be less
 than 16"); //simulating for two numbers each
 below 16 do{
    printf("\nEnter A: ");
    scanf("%d",&a);
    printf("Enter B: ");
    scanf("%d", &b);
  }while(a >=16 || b >=16);
 printf("\nExpected product = %d", a * b);
  binary();
 printf("\n\nBinary Equivalents are: ");
 printf("\nA = ");
 for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
    printf("%d", anum[i]);
 }
```

```
printf("\nB = ");
for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
  printf("%d", bnum[i]);
}
printf("\nB'+ 1 = ");
for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
  printf("%d", bcomp[i]);
}
printf("\n\n");
for (i = 0; i < 5; i++){
   if (anum[i] == q){//just shift for 00 or 11
     printf("\n-->");
     arshift();
     q = anum[i];
   }
   else if(anum[i] == 1 && q == 0){//subtract and
     shift for 10 printf("\n-->");
     printf("\nSUB B: ");
     add(bcomp);//add two's complement to implement
     subtraction arshift();
     q = anum[i];
   }
   else{//add ans shift for 01
     printf("\n-->");
     printf("\nADD B: ");
     add(bnum);
     arshift();
```

```
q = anum[i];
}

printf("\nProduct is = ");
for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
    printf("%d", pro[i]);
}

for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
    printf("%d", anumcp[i]);
}
```

Output:

➤ Terminal

```
BOOTH'S MULTIPLICATION ALGORITHM
Enter two numbers to multiply:
Both must be less than 16
Enter A: 10
Enter B: 05
Expected product = 50
Binary Equivalents are:
A = 01010
B = 00101
B' + 1 = 11011
AR-SHIFT: 00000:00101
-->
SUB B: 11011:00101
AR-SHIFT: 11101:10010
ADD B: 00010:10010
AR-SHIFT: 00001:01001
SUB B: 11100:01001
AR-SHIFT: 11110:00100
ADD B: 00011:00100
AR-SHIFT: 00001:10010
Product is = 0000110010
```