

SAS[®] GLOBAL FORUM 2020

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Incorporating Auxiliary Information into Your Model Using Bayesian Methods in SAS® Econometrics

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Token Bayesian developer in SAS Econometrics (1.5 years)

Default presentation template user

Does not know where his prior comes from

Bayesian methods enable you to take into account additional information through the prior



But doing this is not easy

Solution: Think real hard

...and use some nifty tools

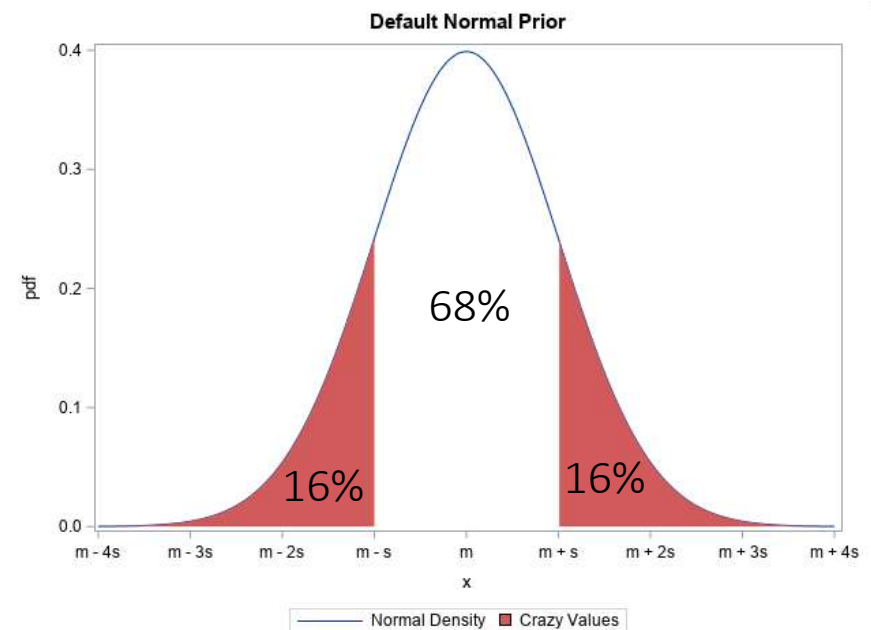
Start with a Reasonable Default Prior

Default priors:

- Weakly informative *for questions you care about*
- Spread out, but not too much

Starting point: $\theta \sim N(m, s^2)$

- m = the value you expect, or H_0
- $m \pm s$ = the most extreme value you think realistically possible



Default Prior Selection

In Linear Regression

- Logged covariate in log-log models: $\beta_{\log} \sim N(0, s_{\log}^2)$
- Standardized covariates: $\beta_{\text{std}} \sim N(0, s_{\text{std}}^2 \text{Var}(y))$
- Class/dummy covariate: $\beta_{\text{class}} \sim N(0, s_{\text{class}}^2 \text{Var}(y))$
- Untransformed covariate: $\beta_{\text{raw}} \sim N(0, s_{\text{raw}}^2 \frac{\text{Var}(y)}{\text{Var}(x)})$
- Intercept: $\beta_0 \sim N(0, s_0^2 \max[\text{Var}(\beta)])$
- Error standard deviation: $\sigma \sim N^+(0, s_{\sigma}^2 \text{Var}(y))$

Default Prior Selection

In Linear Regression

Defaults:

- $s_{\log} = s_{\text{std}} = s_{\text{class}} = s_{\text{raw}} = 4$
- $s_0 = 100$
- $s_{\sigma} = 1$

For more information, see my SAS Global forum paper

- <https://github.com/sascommunities/sas-global-forum-2020/tree/master/papers/4311-2020-Simpson>

Implementation in PROC QLIM

- Manually transform the data
- Compute sample summary statistics
- Plug into PROC QLIM:

```
proc qlim data = trucksales_transformed plots = none;
  class area_type;
  model log_sales = area_type log_pop_bachelors log_pop_below_bachelors
    log_median_income log_price log_cost_of_living
    log_mean_precip mean_summer_temp_cs mean_winter_temp_cs;
  bayes seed = 72834 ntu = 100 mintune = 20 maxtune = 20 nmc = 10000
    statistics = (summary interval prior);
  prior intercept ~ normal(mean = 8.88, var = 10000);
  prior log_pop_bachelors log_pop_below_bachelors log_median_income
    log_cost_of_living log_mean_precip log_price ~ normal(mean = 0, var = 16);
  prior mean_summer_temp_cs mean_winter_temp_cs
    area_type_rural area_type_sub ~ normal(mean = 0, var = 7.62);
  prior _sigma ~ normal(mean = 0, var = 0.48);
run;
```

Semi-automatic Prior Selection

Two-Step Process

1. Given a data set, produce:

- Transformed data set
- CLASS and MODEL statements
- Prior distribution data set

autoprior_linear.sas

2. Given prior distribution data set,* produce:

- Prior statements

autoprior_priorstmts.sas

*Can manually create the prior distribution data set

Example: Default Priors

autoprior_run.sas

```

%include 'trucksales_data.sas'; /* generate the data set */

/* generate the dataset of all variables to be used in the model
and their transformation */
data trucksales_vars;
    input variable $20. type $ transform $ response;
    datalines;
sales                numeric log      1
pop_bachelors        numeric log      0
pop_below_bachelors  numeric log      0
median_income        numeric log      0
cost_of_living        numeric log      0
mean_summer_temp      numeric std      0
mean_winter_temp      numeric std      0
mean_precip          numeric log      0
price                numeric log      0
area_type            class   none     0
;
run;

%let variables = trucksales_vars;
%let dataset = trucksales;
%let log_s = 4;
%let std_s = 4;
%let none_s = 4;
%let class_s = 4;
%let intercept_s = 100;
%let sigma_s = 1;
%let intercept_mean = 0;
%let sigma_mean = 0;

```

Example: Default Priors

autoprior_run.sas

```
%include 'autoprior_linear.sas';
```

TABLE: Work.Data_transformed									
area_type	log_sales	log_pop_bachelors	log_pop_below_bachelors	log_median_income	log_cost_of_living	log_mean_precip	log_price	std_mean_summer_temp	std_mean_winter_temp
rural	5.926926026	9.152393412	10.61575085	10.437639002	5.170483995	3.258096538	10.169690593	0.0581498424	-0.511952108
sub	5.0937502008	9.6066974611	10.467493689	11.013698977	4.8520302639	3.258096538	10.196157166	0.4458154586	0.4655220835
sub	4.9904325868	9.3561708202	TABLE: Work.Prior				0.501722	0.4458154586	-0.26758356
rural	5.8861040315	9.4983723832	parameter	distribution	hyper1	hyper2	0.9001991	0.6396482667	-0.511952108
urban	4.1431347264	9.4940897214	log_pop_bachelors	normal	0	16	0.7744086	0.4458154586	0.7098906313
rural	6.0776422433	9.1085291058	log_pop_below_bachelors	normal	0	16	0.8129771	-1.298679814	0.5877063574
sub	5.0106352941	9.469237093	log_median_income	normal	0	16	0.1998248	1.221146691	1.1986277269
rural	5.9427993751	9.3695638775	log_cost_of_living	normal	0	16	0.0501722	-0.329515774	-0.756320655
sub	5.0369526024	9.3287454364	std_mean_summer_temp	normal	0	7.6118757141	0.9967119	-0.329515774	-0.145399286
sub	4.8828019226	9.1724307989	std_mean_winter_temp	normal	0	7.6118757141	0.4246271	0.0581498424	-1.122873477
				log_mean_precip	normal	0	16		
				log_price	normal	0	16		
				area_type_rural	normal	0	7.6118757141		
				area_type_sub	normal	0	7.6118757141		
				area_type_urban	normal	0	7.6118757141		
				intercept	normal	0	160000		
				_sigma	normal	0	0.4757422321		

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Example: Default Priors

autoprior_run.sas

```

/* Creates the prior statements */
/* input: &prior - a macro variable naming a data set
           containing all prior information */
/* output: &prior_stmts - list of all prior statements */
%include 'autoprior_priorstmt.sas';

/* see the resulting priors */
proc glm data = data_transformed plots =
    &model /* includes class statement and
    bayes seed = 72834 ntu = 2 mintune = 1
    statistics = prior;
    &prior_stmts
run;

```

Prior Summaries					
Parameter	Distribution	Hyper1	Hyper2	Min	Max
Intercept	Normal	0	160000	-Infy	Infy
log_pop_bachelors	Normal	0	16	-Infy	Infy
log_pop_below_bachelors	Normal	0	16	-Infy	Infy
log_median_income	Normal	0	16	-Infy	Infy
log_cost_of_living	Normal	0	16	-Infy	Infy
std_mean_summer_temp	Normal	0	7.611876	-Infy	Infy
std_mean_winter_temp	Normal	0	7.611876	-Infy	Infy
log_mean_precip	Normal	0	16	-Infy	Infy
log_price	Normal	0	16	-Infy	Infy
area_type_rural	Normal	0	7.611876	-Infy	Infy
area_type_sub	Normal	0	7.611876	-Infy	Infy
_Sigma	Normal	0	0.475742	1E-11	Infy

Example: Informative Priors

autoprior_run.sas

```

/* now make an informative prior for price */
data new_prior;
  set prior;
  if parameter = 'log_price' then do;
    hyper1 = -1;
    hyper2 = 0.5**2;
  end;
run;

%let prior = new_prior;

%include 'autoprior_priorstmt.sas';

/* see the resulting priors */
proc qlim data = data_transformed plots = r
  &model /* includes class statement and n
  bayes seed = 72834 ntu = 2 mintune = 1 n
  statistics = prior;
  &prior_stmts
run;

```

Prior Summaries					
Parameter	Distribution	Hyper1	Hyper2	Min	Max
Intercept	Normal	0	160000	-Infy	Infy
log_pop_bachelors	Normal	0	16	-Infy	Infy
log_pop_below_bachelors	Normal	0	16	-Infy	Infy
log_median_income	Normal	0	16	-Infy	Infy
log_cost_of_living	Normal	0	16	-Infy	Infy
std_mean_summer_temp	Normal	0	7.611876	-Infy	Infy
std_mean_winter_temp	Normal	0	7.611876	-Infy	Infy
log_mean_precip	Normal	0	16	-Infy	Infy
log_price	Normal	-1	0.25	-Infy	Infy
area_type_rural	Normal	0	7.611876	-Infy	Infy
area_type_sub	Normal	0	7.611876	-Infy	Infy
_Sigma	Normal	0	0.475742	1E-11	Infy

What about Other Models?

In PROC QLIM or PROC COUNTREG

Several options: See my paper and presentation for prior selection tips in other models

1. Modify autoprior_linear.sas
 - Tailor it to the model you want to fit
2. Create the prior data set yourself
 - Use the data set created by autoprior_linear.sas as a starting point

Thank you!

Contact Information
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Code available on Github:

[https://github.com/sascommunities/sas-global-forum-2020/
tree/master/demos/SD308-Simpson-AuxiliaryInfo](https://github.com/sascommunities/sas-global-forum-2020/tree/master/demos/SD308-Simpson-AuxiliaryInfo)



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