

Efficient Evidence Accumulation Clustering for large datasets



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INTRODUCTION

- EAC is a robust ensemble method but its computational complexity restricts its use to small datasets.
- We propose an optimized implementation of the different EAC steps for faster execution and decreased memory usage.

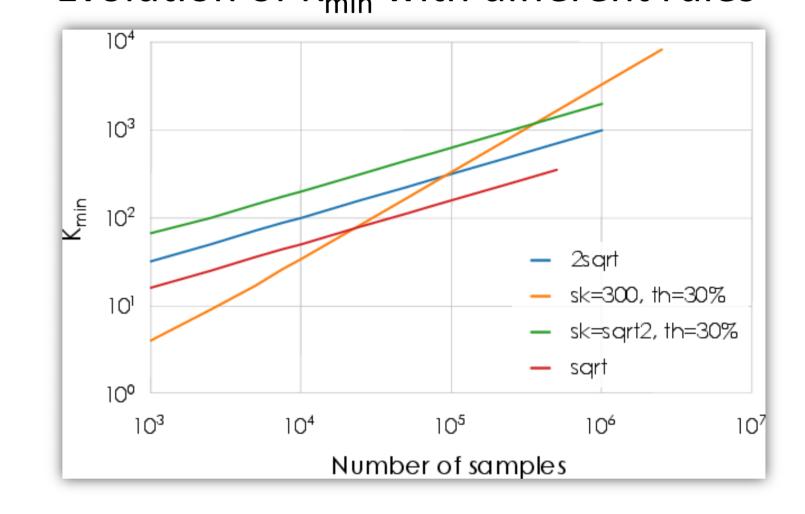
VALIDATION AND SPEED-UP

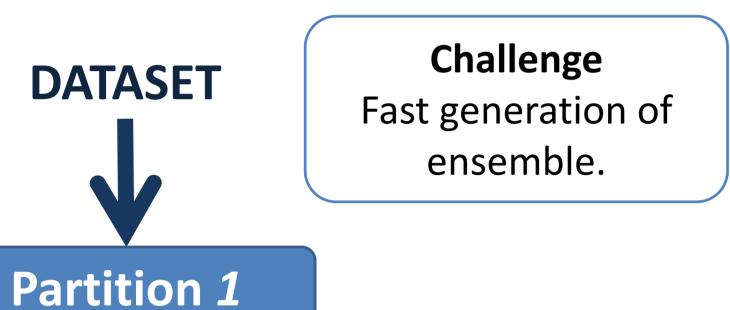
- The clustering accuracy of the optimized version relative to the original on several small benchmark datasets is negligible.
- Speed-up over the original version on small datasets varied between 6 and 200 on the different EAC phases.

RULES

Four rules for the minimum and maximum number of clusters of the ensemble were tested.

Evolution of K_{min} with different rules

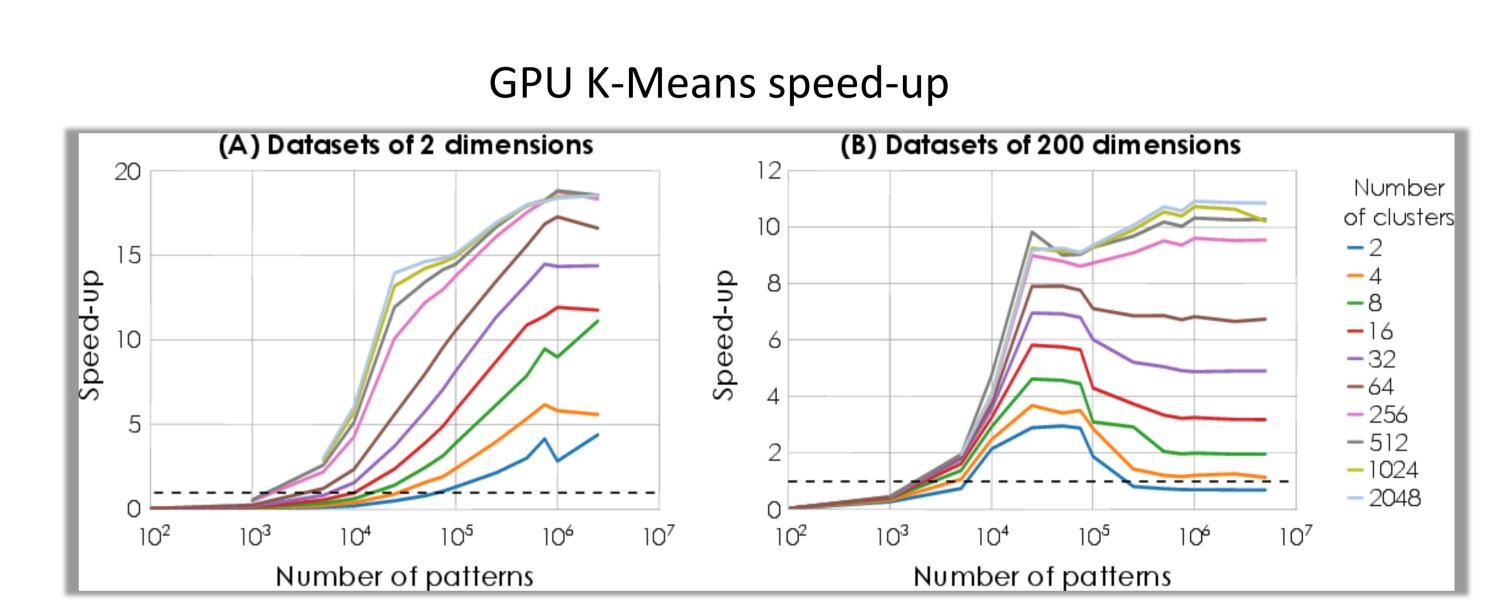


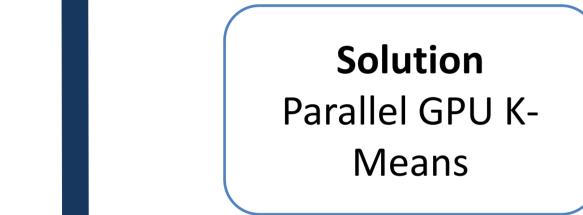


10⁵ 10⁴ 10³ 10² 10¹ 10⁰ - 2sqrt 10⁻¹ - sk=300, th=30% - sk=sqrt2, th=30% - sqrt 10⁻³ 10³ 10⁴ 10⁵ 10⁶ 10⁷ Number of samples

(A) Production of the clustering ensemble

PRODUCTION OF ENSEMBLE





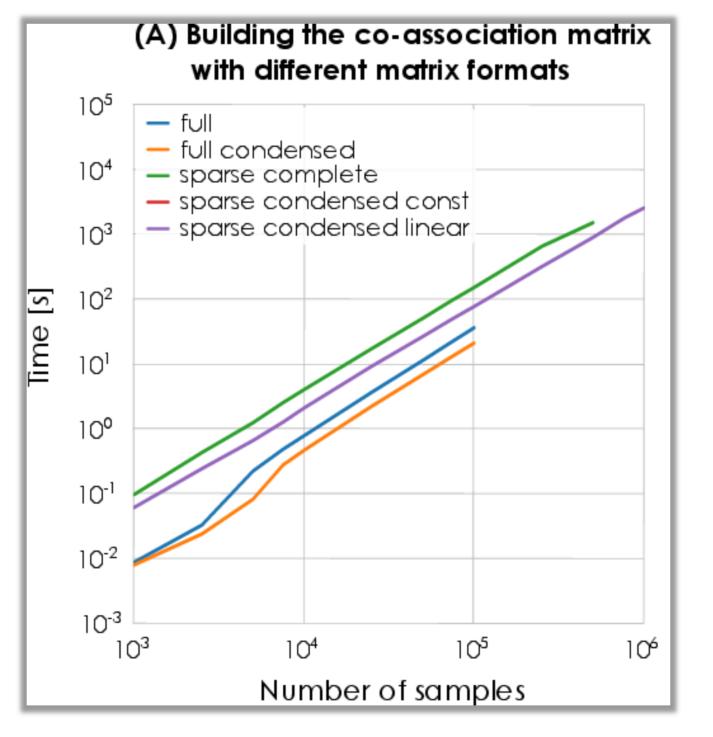
Challenge O(n²) space complexity

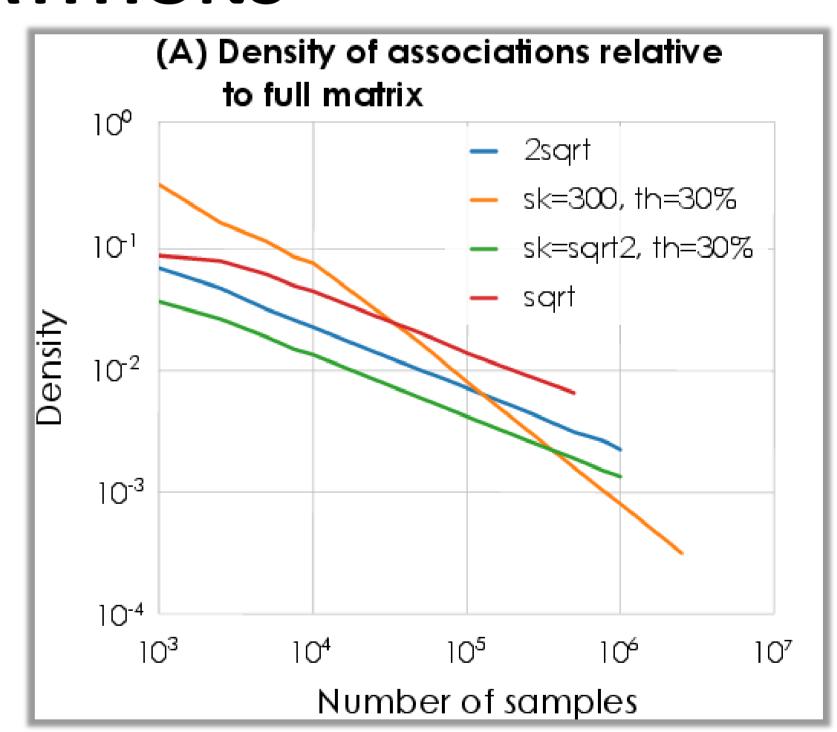
Co-association matrix

Partition P

Solution CSR sparse matrix with optimized building

COMBINATION OF PARTITIONS



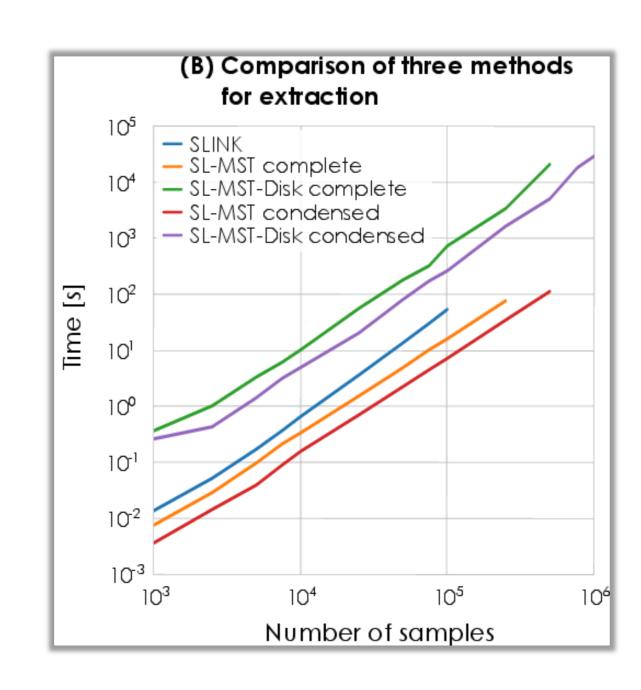


RECOVERY OF FINAL PARTITION

Challenge
O(n²) space
complexity

Single-Link (SL)

SolutionMST based SL
MST disk-based SL



CONCLUSIONS

- •EAC is now applicable to a wider spectrum of datasets.
- •Speed-up from 6 to 200 compared to original implementation on the different phases.