EXP 15

FRAME AND EXECUTE THE APPROPRIATE PL/SQL CURSORS AND EXCEPTIONAL HANDLING FOR THE PROJECT

AIM: To execute CURSORS & EXCEPTIONAL HANDLING in pl/sql

1) CODE IMPLEMENTATION WITH THE IMPLICIT CURSOR:

DECLARE

total_count number(30);

BEGIN

--updating a row

UPDATE TUTOR

SET TEACHER = 'Zen' where CODE = 1;

-- result in boolean, true returned if no rows affected

IF sql%notfound THEN

dbms_output.put_line('no subjects fetched');

-- result in boolean, true returned if any rows affected

ELSIF sql%found THEN

```
-- count the number of rows affected rows affected
  total_count := sql%rowcount;
  dbms_output.put_line( total_count || ' teacher name updated ');
  END IF;
END;
//
```

```
SQL> DECLARE
        total count number(30);
        --updating a row
        UPDATE TUTOR1
        SET TEACHER = 'Zen' where CODE = 1;
 8
        -- result in boolean, true returned if no rows affected
 10
        IF sql%notfound THEN
            dbms_output.put_line('no subjects fetched');
11
12
13
             -- result in boolean, true returned if any rows affected
14
15
             ELSIF sql%found THEN
16
             -- count the number of rows affected rows affected
17
18
             total_count := sql%rowcount;
             dbms_output.put_line( total_count || ' teacher name updated ');
19
20
        END IF;
21
   END;
22 /
1 teacher name updated
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

2)CODE IMPLEMENTATION WITH EXPLICIT CURSOR:

```
DECLARE
 -- cursor declaration
CURSOR t_tutorials is
SELECT code, subject, teacher FROM Tutor;
t_code Tutor.code%type;
t_subject Tutor.subject%type;
t_teacher Tutor.teacher%type;
BEGIN
 -- opening a cursor
 OPEN t tutorials;
LOOP
  -- fetching values from cursor
  FETCH t_tutorials into t_code, t_subject, t_teacher;
  EXIT WHEN t_tutorials%notfound;
  -- printing in console
  dbms_output_line('Code is: ' || t_code || ' ' || 'Subject is: '
```

```
|| t_subject || ' Teacher is: ' || t_teacher);
END LOOP;
CLOSE t_tutorials;
END;
/
```

OUTPUT

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> SELECT * FROM TUTOR;

CODE SUBJECT TEACHER REVIEWS

1 Automation Zen five stars
4 PLSQL Anand four stars
2 Performance Arvind four stars
```

3) EXCEPTIONAL HANDLING

```
set serveroutput on;
create or replace procedure findGrade(n IN number, grade
OUT varchar) as
begin
declare
no_score exception;
begin
if n > 90 then
grade:='A';
elsif n > 80 then
grade:='B';
elsif n > 70 then
grade:='C';
elsif n > 60 then
grade:='D';
elsif n > 50 then
grade:='E';
elsif n \le 50 and n \ge 0 then
grade:='F';
else
raise no_score;
```

```
end if;
exception
when no_score then
dbms_output.put_line('Invalid score!');
end;
end;
declare
n number;
grade varchar(1);
begin
n:=-1;
findGrade(n, grade);
if grade is not null then
dbms_output.put_line('Grade: '||grade);
end if;
end;
```

```
SQL> declare
2  n number;
3  grade varchar(1);
4  begin
5  n:=-1;
6  findGrade(n, grade);
7  if grade is not null then
8  dbms_output.put_line('Grade: '||grade);
9  end if;
10  end;
11 /
Invalid score!
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

RESULT: Cursors and Exceptional Handling in PL/SQL were successfully implemented and executed

CHITRALEKHA.CH RA191100301087