

3.1.1. Merge Sort

You are tasked with writing a program that sorts an array using the Merge Sort algorithm. The program should read the elements of the array, display them before and after sorting.

CODE:-

```
#include <stdio.h>

void merge(int arr[], int left, int mid, int right) {

    int i, j, k;

    int n1 = mid - left + 1;

    int n2 = right - mid;

    int L[n1], R[n2]

    for (i = 0; i < n1; i++)

        L[i] = arr[left + i];

    for (j = 0; j < n2; j++)

        R[j] = arr[mid + 1 + j];

    i = 0;

    j = 0;

    k = left;

    while (i < n1 && j < n2) {

        if (L[i] <= R[j]) {

            arr[k] = L[i];

            i++;

        } else {

            arr[k] = R[j];
```

```
        j++;  
    }  
    k++;  
}  
while (i < n1) {  
    arr[k] = L[i];  
    i++;  
    k++;  
}
```

```
while (j < n2) {  
    arr[k] = R[j];  
    j++;  
    k++;  
}
```

```
void mergeSort(int arr[], int left, int right) {  
    if (left < right) {  
        int mid = left + (right - left) / 2  
        mergeSort(arr, left, mid);  
        mergeSort(arr, mid + 1, right);  
  
        merge(arr, left, mid, right);  
    }  
}
```

```
void printArray(int arr[], int size) {  
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
```

```
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}

int main() {
    int n;

    scanf("%d", &n);

    int arr[n];

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
    }

    mergeSort(arr, 0, n - 1);

    printArray(arr, n);

    return 0;
}
```