Quiz6, MAT1375 Professor Chiu

ID:	Name: Sol	

- This quiz consists of 2 sets of questions for a total of 10 points.
- You have 15 minutes to complete the quiz.
- Wishing you success.

True or False. Circle your answers (either T (true) or F (false)) on this sheet.

- 1. ((T)/F) If f has a complex root c, then its conjugate \bar{c} is also a root of f.
- 2. (T)/F) Odd-degree polynomial functions have graphs with opposite behavior at each end.
- 3. (T /F) A root of a polynomial f(x) appears as the y-intercept of the graph of f(x).
- 4. (T) / F) Given $f(x) = x^3 + 7x^2 + 7x 15$. Then x = 1 is a root of f.
- 5. (T (F)) If f is a degree 3 polynomial, then it is possible for f to have two real roots and one complex root. Show all your work and justify your answer:
- 6. Work out the following problems about the polynomial function $f(x) = -3(x-1)^3(2x+4)^2$.
- (1.)(2pt) Find the leading term of f(x). Using the leading coefficient test to determine the end behavior of f(x)

$$f(x) = -3(x+1)(x+1)(x+1)(x+4)$$

$$= -3(x+4)(x+4)$$

End behavior if leading term =
$$-12x^5$$
 $dog(f) = 5. (odd number)$

[eading coefficient: $-12 < 0$
 $\Rightarrow x \rightarrow \infty$, $f \propto \rightarrow -\infty$
 $x \rightarrow \infty$, $f \propto \rightarrow \infty$.

(2.)(2pt) Find the zeros of f(x) and their multiplicities.

$$f(x) = -3(x+3)(2x+4y)^{2} = 0 \implies (x+1) = 0, (x+1) = 0, (x+1) = 0, (2x+4y) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 1, x = 1, x = 1, x = -2, x = -2$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 1, x = 1, x = 1, x = -2, x = -2$$

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$$\Rightarrow x = 1, x = -2, x = -$$

(3.)(1pt) Find the **y**-intercept of f(x).

$$f(0) = -3(0+1)^{2}(2\cdot0+4)^{2} = -3\cdot(-1)^{2}(4)^{2} = -3\cdot1\cdot16 = -46$$

$$\Rightarrow y-\text{intercept is } (0,-46)$$