

# MAT1372, Classwork4 Lab, Fall2025

Download data loan50.csv : <https://www.openintro.org/data/csv/loan50.csv>

Load the data loan50.csv in Octave (<https://octave-online.net/> and then login with token):

Drag the csv file to Octave then type `data = csvread('yourfile.csv');` %for arrays

```
pkg load io; % Load the io package if not already loaded
```

```
data_cell = csv2cell('yourfile.csv');
```

```
m = cell2mat(c); % Convert cell to a matrix(numbers/arrays)
```

## I. Scatterplots for paired data:

```
x=cell2mat(data_cell(2:51,5)); y=cell2mat(data_cell(2:51,7));
```

```
scatter(x, y);
```

```
xlabel('annual income'); %X-axis Label
```

```
ylabel('total credit limit'); %Y-axis Label
```

```
title('My Scatter Plot');
```

## II. Dot plots and the mean:

```
inter_rate=cell2mat(data_cell(2:51,14));
```

```
x_bar = mean(inter_rate);
```

```
% Create a vector of zeros or a constant value for the y-coordinates
```

```
% It places all dots on a single horizontal line
```

```
y_dot = zeros(size(data));
```

```
plot(data, y_dot, 'o', 'markersize', 8, 'markerfacecolor', 'b');
```

```
scatter(data, y_dot, 'o', 'filled');
```

## III. Histograms and the shape:

```
hist(inter_rate);% plot a histogram w/o specific instruction which gave 10 bins
```

```
hist(inter_rate,15);% plot a histogram which gave 15 bins
```

```
central_bin = 6.25:2.5:26.25;% give the central of each bin
```

```
hist(inter_rate, central_bin);% the plot with the given center of each bin
```

## IV. Variance and Standard Deviation:

```
v = var(inter_rate);% find the sample variance. Also see var(inter_rate,0);
```

```
v = var(inter_rate,1);% find the population variance.
```

```
s = std(inter_rate);% find the sample standard deviation. Also see std(inter_rate,0);
```

```
s = std(inter_rate,1);% find the population standard deviation.
```

## V. Box plots, Quartiles and the median:

```
m = median(data);
```

```
q1 = quantile(data, 0.25); % q will be the 25th percentile (first quartile)
```

```
q_multi = quantile(data, [0.25, 0.5, 0.75]);% find 1st, 2nd (median), and 3rd quartiles
```

```
iqr = quantile(data, 0.75)- quantile(data, 0.25);
```

```
boxplot(inter_rate); % the boxplot
```

## VI. Robust statistic

## VII. Transforming data

## VIII. Mapping data