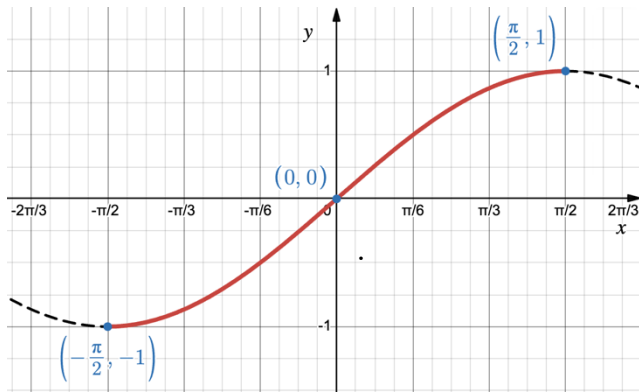


# MAT1375, Classwork20, Fall2025

## Ch19. Inverse Trigonometric Functions I

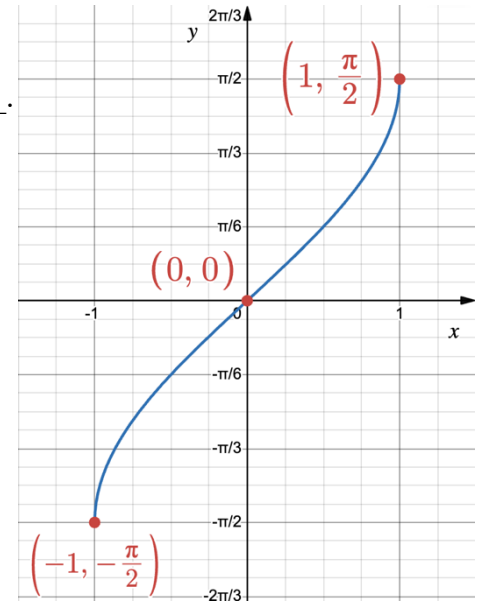
1. The graph of  $y = \sin^{-1}(x)$ :

$y = \sin(x)$  (the restricted sine) Domain:  $[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}]$  (angle)  
Range:  $[-1, 1]$  (value)



$$y = \sin^{-1}(x)$$

Domain:  $[-1, 1]$  (value)  
Range:  $[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}]$  (angle)



2. How to find the value of  $\sin^{-1}(x)$ :

Let  $\theta = \sin^{-1}(x)$ . It implies  $x = \sin(\theta)$  where  $-\frac{\pi}{2} \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$ . Then find the  $\theta$  from the following table:

$\theta$ (or $\sin^{-1}(x)$ )	$-\frac{\pi}{2}$	$-\frac{\pi}{3}$	$-\frac{\pi}{4}$	$-\frac{\pi}{6}$	0	$\frac{\pi}{6}$	$\frac{\pi}{4}$	$\frac{\pi}{3}$	$\frac{\pi}{2}$
$\sin(\theta)$ (or $x$ )	-1	$-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	1

3. Find the value of the given inverse sine functions.

a)  $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$    b)  $\sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$    c)  $\sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$    d)  $\sin^{-1}(-4.3)$

a)  $\theta = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \parallel \frac{\pi}{4}$   
 $\sin(\theta) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$   
 $\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$

c)  $\parallel -\frac{\pi}{4}$

$x = \sin^{-1}(-4.3)$

$\sin(x) = -4.3$

Since  $-1 \leq \sin(x) \leq 1$

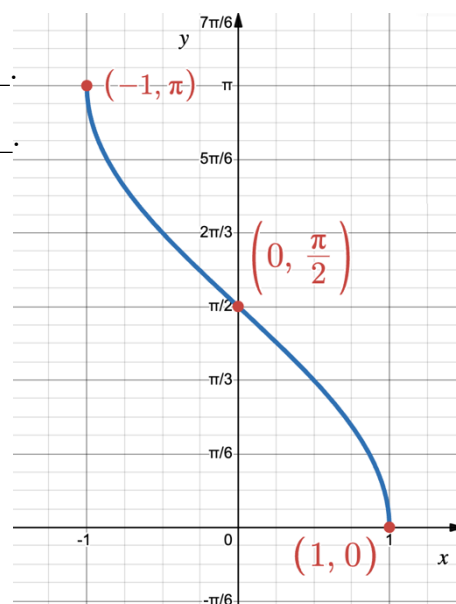
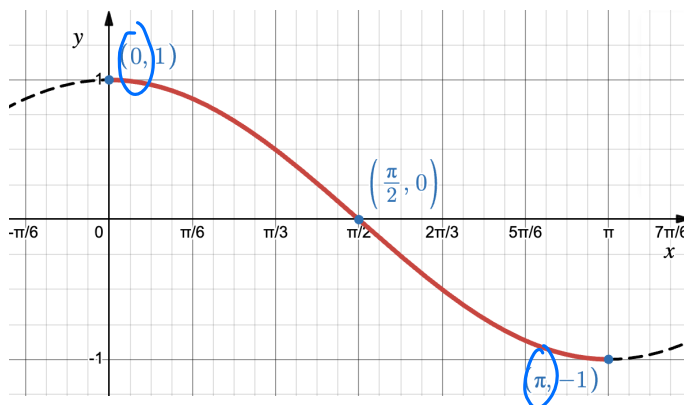
if  $\sin(x) = -4.3$

$x$  is undefined.

4. The graph of  $y = \cos^{-1}(x)$ :

$y = \cos(x)$  (the restricted cosine) Domain:  $[0, \pi]$ .  
 Range:  $[-1, 1]$ .

$y = \cos^{-1}(x)$   
 Domain:  $[-1, 1]$ .  
 Range:  $[0, \pi]$ .



5. How to find the value of  $\cos^{-1}(x)$ :

Let  $\theta = \cos^{-1}(x)$ . It implies  $x = \cos(\theta)$  where  $0 \leq \theta \leq \pi$ . Then find the angle  $\theta$  from the following table:

$\theta$ (or $\cos^{-1}(x)$ )	0	$\frac{\pi}{6}$	$\frac{\pi}{4}$	$\frac{\pi}{3}$	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	$\frac{2\pi}{3}$	$\frac{3\pi}{4}$	$\frac{5\pi}{6}$	$\pi$
$\cos(\theta)$ (or $x$ )	1	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	-1

6. Find the value of the given inverse cosine functions.

- a)  $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$     b)  $\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$     c)  $\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$     d)  $\cos^{-1}(-4.3)$

$\frac{\pi}{6}$

$\frac{2\pi}{3}$

$\frac{3\pi}{4}$

$x = \cos^{-1}(-4.3)$

$\cos(x) = -4.3$

$-1 \leq \cos(x) \leq 1$

$\Rightarrow$  If  $\cos(x) = -4.3$ ,  
 then  $x$  is undefined.