$$(e^{x}) = e^{x}$$

$$(2nx) = x \cdot 4x$$

$$(n + x) = f(x)$$

$$(n$$

$$(2n \times) = \frac{1}{x} \cdot (2x \times 0)$$
, $(a^{+(x)}) = (2na) \cdot f(x) \cdot a^{-(x)}$
 $(2n + f(x)) = \frac{f(x)}{f(x)}$, $(2nab) = 2na+2nb$; $(2nab) = 2na+2nb$; $(2nab) = 2na+2nb$

$$(20) = (20) + (20) = (20) +$$

Inxa = alnx;

Differentiate: $y=\mathrm{e}^{3\,r^2-2}$

$$y = (3x^{2}-2)(e^{3x^{2}-2})$$

= $(6x)(e^{3x^{2}-2})$

c)
$$y' = 3 x e^{3x^2-2}$$

d)
$$y' = 6 x e^{3 r^2 - 2}$$

e)
$$y' = e^{3x^2-2}$$

Ouestion 2

Differentiate:
$$y = 3xe^{4x^2}$$
 By Product Rule

a)
$$y' = 3e^{4x^2}$$
 $y' = (3x)'e^{4x^2} + 3x(e^{4x^2})'$

a)
$$y' = 3e^{4x^2}$$
 $3e^{4x^2} = 3e^{4x^2} = 3e^{4x^2$

c)
$$y' = 3e^{8x}$$
 = $3e^{4\chi^2} + 24\chi^2 e^{4\chi^2}$

d)
$$y' = 3 e^{4 x^2} - 3 x e^{4 x^3}$$

e)
$$y' = e^{4x^2} + 8x^2e^{4x^2}$$

Question 3

Differentiate: $y = \cos(3e^{4x})$ By Chain Rule.

a)
$$y' = -3e^{4x}\sin(3e^{4x})$$
 $y' = -5in(3e^{4x}) \cdot [(3e^{4x})]$

b)
$$y' = -12e^{4x}\cos(3e^{4x})\sin(3e^{4x}) = -12e^{4x}-\sin(3e^{4x})$$

c)
$$y' = 12 e^{4x} \sin(3 e^{4x})$$

d)
$$y' = 12 e^{4x} \cos(3 e^{4x}) \sin(3 e^{4x})$$

e)
$$y' = -12 e^{4x} \sin(3 e^{4x})$$

Question 4

Differentiate:
$$y = 3e^{\sqrt{5x}}$$

$$a) \qquad y' = \frac{15}{\sqrt{5x}} e^{\sqrt{5x}}$$

b)
$$y' = \frac{15}{2\sqrt{5x}} e^{\sqrt{5x}}$$

c)
$$y' = \frac{3}{\sqrt{5x}} e^{\sqrt{5x}}$$

d)
$$y' = \frac{15}{2} \sqrt{5x} e^{\sqrt{5x}}$$

e)
$$y' = 15\sqrt{5x} e^{\sqrt{5x}}$$

Ouestion 5

Differentiate:
$$y = \tan\left(7^{5 \, x^2}\right)$$

$$y = 3. \pm \frac{5}{100} e^{150}$$

= $\frac{15}{100} = \frac{15}{100} e^{150}$.

c)
$$= y = \frac{15}{\sqrt{5x}} e^{-x}$$
d) $= y' = \frac{15}{2} \sqrt{5x} e^{-x}$

$$y' = \frac{15}{2} \sqrt{5x} e^{-x}$$

$$= (2n7)(10x)(75x^2) \cdot sec(75x^2)$$

a)
$$y' = 7^{5x^2} (10x) \sec^2 (7^{5x^2})$$

b)
$$y' = 7^{5r^2} \ln(7)(10x) \sec^2(7^{5x^2})$$

c)
$$y' = 7^{5x^2} \ln(7)(10x) \tan(7^{5x^2})$$

d)
$$y' = 7^{5x^2} \ln(7)(10x) \sec(7^{5x^2}) \tan(7^{5x^2})$$

e)
$$y' = 7^{5x^2} (10x) \tan(7^{5x^2})$$

Question 6
Differentiate:
$$y = \ln(3x^2 + 4)$$

$$y = \frac{3x^2+4}{3x^2+4}$$

a)
$$y' = -\frac{1}{(3x^2+4)^2}$$

$$(3x^2+4)^2 = \frac{6X}{3X^2+4}$$
b) $y' = \frac{3}{3x^2+4}$

c)
$$y' = -\frac{6x}{(3x^2+4)^2}$$

d)
$$y' = \frac{1}{3x^2 + 4}$$

e)
$$y' = \frac{6x}{3x^2 + 4}$$

Ouestion 7

Differentiate
$$y = e^{3x} \ln(x^2)$$

a)
$$y' = e^{3x} \ln(2x) - \frac{e^x}{x}$$

b) $y' = 6e^{3x} \ln(x) + \frac{2e^{3x}}{x}$

c) $y' = 3e^{3x} \ln(2x) - \frac{e^{3x}}{x}$

d) $y' = \ln(x^2) + \frac{e^{3x}}{x}$

e) $y' = e^{3x} \ln(x^2) + 3e^x$

$$f(x) = \frac{(\sqrt{9} + \sqrt{x})^2}{\sqrt{9} + \sqrt{2}}$$

Ouestion 8

Determine the domain and differentiate $f(x) = \ln \sqrt{9 - 4x^2}$

b)
$$dom(f) = (0, \infty); f'(x) = \frac{1}{4x^2 + 9} = \frac{4x}{9+4x^2}$$

c)
$$= \text{dom}(f) = (-\infty, \infty); \ f'(x) = \frac{4x}{4x^2 + 9}$$

d)
$$= (-\infty, \infty); f'(x) = \frac{1}{4x^2 + 9}$$

e)
$$dom(f) = (-\infty, \infty); f'(x) = \frac{1}{8x^2 + 18}$$

Question 9

Calculate the derivative by logarithmic differentiation:

$$9. \ln 9(x) = \ln x^{2} + \ln (x+1)^{2} - \ln (x+2)^{2} - \ln (x+1)^{4}$$

$$= 5 \ln x + 2 \ln (x+1) - 2 \ln (x+2) - 4 \ln (x+1)$$

$$= 5 \ln x + 2 \ln (x+1) - 2 \ln (x+2) - 4 \ln (x+1)$$

$$= 5 \ln x + 2 \ln (x+1) - 2 \ln (x+2) - 4 \ln (x+1)$$

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$$= 5 \ln x + 2 \ln (x+1) - 2 \ln (x+2) - 4 \ln (x+1)$$

$$= 5 \ln x + 2 \ln (x+1) - 2 \ln (x+2) - 4 \ln (x+1)$$

$$= 5 \ln x + 2 \ln (x+1) + 2 \ln (x+1) + 2 \ln (x+1)$$

$$= 5 \ln x + 2 \ln (x+1) + 2 \ln (x+1) + 2 \ln (x+1)$$

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$$= 5 \ln x + 2 \ln (x+1) + 2 \ln (x+1) + 2 \ln (x+1)$$

$$= 5 \ln x + 2 \ln (x+1) + 2 \ln (x+1) + 2 \ln (x+1)$$

$$= 6 \ln x + 2 \ln (x+1) + 2 \ln (x+1) + 2 \ln (x+1)$$

$$= 6 \ln x + 2 \ln (x+1) + 2 \ln (x+1)$$

$$= 6 \ln x + 2 \ln (x+1) + 2 \ln (x+1)$$

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$$= 6 \ln x + 2 \ln (x+1) + 2 \ln (x+1)$$

Print Test

$$g(x) = \frac{x^{5}(x-1)^{2}}{(x+2)^{2}(x^{2}+1)^{4}}.$$
 $\Rightarrow g(x) = g(x) \left[\frac{5}{X} + \frac{2}{X+1} - \frac{2}{X+1} - \frac{6x^{3}}{X+1} \right]_{(x+2)^{2}(x^{2}+1)^{4}}.$

a)
$$g'(x) = \frac{x^5(x-1)^2}{(x-2)^2(x^2+1)^4} \left(\frac{5}{x} - \frac{2}{x-1} + \frac{2}{x+2} + \frac{8x}{x^2-1}\right)$$

b)
$$g'(x) = \frac{x^5(x-1)^2}{(x+2)^2(x^2-1)^4} \left(\frac{5}{x^2} - \frac{2}{(x-1)^2} - \frac{2}{x+2} - \frac{8x}{x^2+1}\right)$$

c)
$$g'(x) = \frac{x^5(x-1)^2}{(x+2)^2(x^2+1)^4} \left(\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x-1} - \frac{1}{x+2} - \frac{4}{x^2+1}\right)$$

d)
$$g'(x) = \frac{x^5(x-1)^2}{(x+2)^2(x^2-1)^4} \left(\frac{5}{x} - \frac{2}{x-1} - \frac{2}{x+2} - \frac{8x}{x^2+1}\right)$$

e)
$$g'(x) = \frac{x^5(x-1)^2}{(x+2)^2(x^2+1)^4} \left(\frac{5}{x} - \frac{2}{x-1} - \frac{2}{x+2} - \frac{4}{x^2+1}\right)$$

Ouestion 10

Find the points of inflection for the function: $f(x) = x^2 \ln(x/2)$

$$= \chi^{2} (\ln X - \ln 2).$$

$$= \chi^{2} (\ln X - \ln 2).$$

$$= \chi^{2} \ln X - \chi^{2} \ln 2...$$

$$= \frac{\chi^{2} \ln \chi - \chi^{2} \ln \chi}{(2e^{3/2}, -6e^{-3})}$$

$$= \frac{\chi^{2} \ln \chi - \chi^{2} \ln \chi}{(2e^{3/2}, 0)}$$

$$= \chi^{2} \ln \chi - \chi^{2} \ln \chi$$

$$= \chi^{2} \ln \chi - \chi^{2} \ln \chi$$

$$= \chi^{2} \ln \chi - \chi^{2} \ln \chi$$

d)
$$= \left(\frac{1}{2}e^{3/2}, -6e^{3}\right)$$
 $= 2 \ln X + \frac{2X}{X} + \left(-2 \ln Z\right)$

Differentiate the given function: $f(x) = \frac{\log_0 x}{x^4} = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{10}}{\sqrt{10}}}{\sqrt{10}}$

a)
$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x^6 \ln(9)} - \frac{4 \ln(x)}{x^6 \ln(9)}$$
 $f(x) = \frac{1}{\ln 9} \left(\frac{\ln x}{x^4} \right)$

b)
$$= f'(x) = \frac{1}{x^4 (\ln(9))^2} - \frac{4 \ln(x)}{x^4 \ln(9)}$$

c)
$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x^5 \ln(9)} - \frac{4 \ln(x)}{x^5 \ln(9)}$$

d)
$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x^5 (\ln(9))^2} - \frac{4 \ln(x)}{x^5 \ln(9)}$$

e)
$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x^4 \ln(9)} - \frac{4 \ln(x)}{x^4 \ln(9)}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\ln 9} \left(\frac{\ln x}{x^4} \right)$$

b) =
$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x^4 (\ln(9))^2} - \frac{4 \ln(x)}{x^4 \ln(9)}$$
 f(x) = $\frac{1}{x^4 (\ln(9))^2} - \frac{4 \ln(x)}{x^4 \ln(x)}$

$$\mathbf{d} = f'(x) = \frac{x^5 \ln(9)}{x^5 (\ln(9))^2} - \frac{4 \ln(x)}{x^5 \ln(9)} = \frac{1}{x^5 (\ln(9))^2} - \frac{3 - 4x^3 \ln(9)}{x^5 \ln(9)}$$

e)
$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x^4 \ln(9)} - \frac{4 \ln(x)}{x^4 \ln(9)}$$
 $\frac{1}{2 \ln 9} \left[\frac{1 - 4 \ln x}{x^5} \right]$

5 of 6

 $\Rightarrow f(x)=0, \Rightarrow \ln x=\frac{3}{2} + \ln 2. \Rightarrow x=e^{\frac{3}{2} + \ln 2}=e^{\frac{3}{2} + \ln 2}=e^{\frac{3}{2} + \ln 2}=e^{\frac{3}{2} + \ln 2}\Rightarrow (2e^{\frac{3}{2}}, -6e^{\frac{3}{2}}).$ and $f(e^{\frac{3}{2}})=4e^{\frac{3}{2}}$. $\ln(\frac{2e^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2})=4e^{\frac{3}{2}}$. $(\ln e^{\frac{3}{2}})=\frac{3}{2}$. $(\ln e^{\frac{3}{2}})=-\frac{3}{2}$. $(\ln e^{\frac{3}{$

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