

MAT 1275, Classwork18, Fall2024

ID: _____

Name: _____

1. Compare the graph of $(x - 1)^2 + (y - 2)^2 = 4$ with the graph of $x^2 + y^2 = 4$. What do you see?

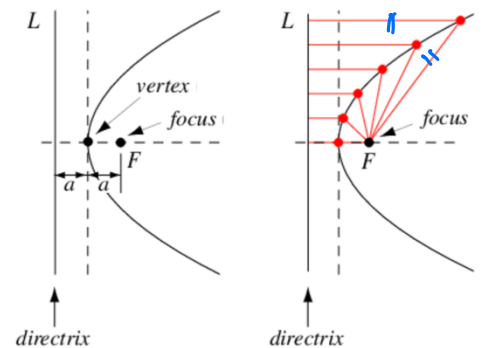
The graph of $(x-1)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 4$ is a shifting of the graph of $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ from center $(0,0)$ to center $(1,2)$

2. Shifting of the circle:

Center of $x^2 + y^2 = 4$: $(0, 0)$

Center of $(x - 1)^2 + (y - 2)^2 = 4$: $(1, 2)$

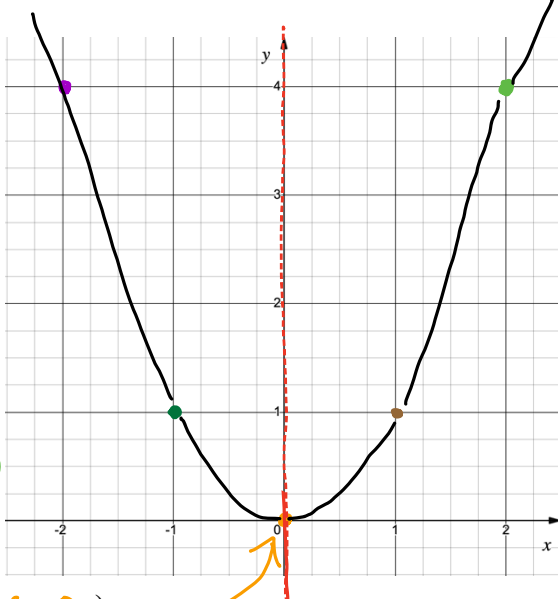
3. Parabola: A curve formed by a point moving so that its distance from a fixed point (which is called focus) is equal to its distance from a fixed line (which is called directrix).



4. The vertex and symmetric axis of parabola:

| x | y |
|---------|---|
| -3 | 9 |
| (-2, 4) | |
| (-1, 1) | |
| (0, 0) | |
| (1, 1) | |
| (2, 4) | |
| 3 | 9 |

Graph $y = x^2$.

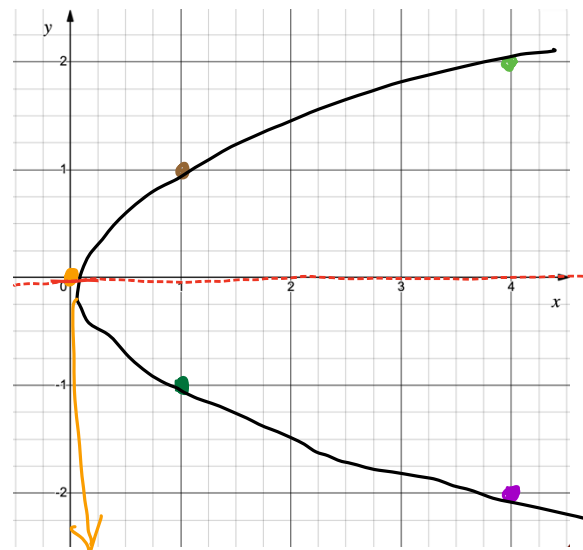


Vertex: $(0, 0)$

Symmetric axis: $x = 0$ (y-axis)

| x | y |
|---------|----|
| 9 | -3 |
| (4, -2) | |
| (1, -1) | |
| (0, 0) | |
| (1, 1) | |
| (4, 2) | |
| 9 | 3 |

Graph $x = y^2$.



Vertex: $(0, 0)$

Symmetric axis: $y = 0$ (x-axis)

5. (Mirror of graph) Compare the graph of $y = -x^2$ with the graph of $y = x^2$. What do you see?

The graph of $y = -x^2$ is open **down** and $y = x^2$ is open **up**.
they are **symmetrical with respect to x-axis**.

6. (Shifting of graph) Compare the graph of $y = (x + 1)^2$ with the graph of $y = x^2$. What do you see?

Vertex $(-1, 0)$
Symmetrical axis $x = -1$

Vertex $(0, 0)$
 $x = 0$

7. (Shifting of graph) Compare the graph of $y - 1 = (x + 1)^2$ with the graph of $y = x^2$. What do you see?

Vertex $(-1, 1)$
Symmetrical axis $x = -1$

8. Graph $x^2 + 2x + y = 0$.

Complete the square

$$x^2 + 2x + 1 + y = 0 + 1$$

$$(x+1)^2 + y = 1$$

$$-(x+1)^2$$

$$y = 1 - (x+1)^2$$

$$y - 1 = -(x+1)^2$$

$$x^2 + 2ax + a^2$$

$$2a = 2 \Rightarrow a = 1$$

$$C = a^2 = 1$$

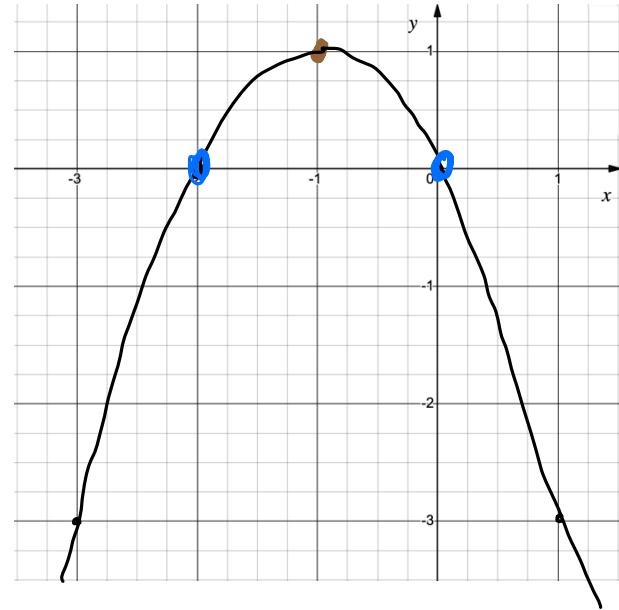
Vertex

$$x+1=0 \Rightarrow x=-1$$

$$(-1, 1)$$

x-intercept

$$(-2, 0) \text{ and } (0, 0)$$



9. (Mirror of graph) Compare the graph of $x = -y^2$ with the graph of $x = y^2$. What do you see?

The graph of $x = -y^2$ is open to the **left**, but the graph of $x = y^2$ is open to the **right**.

10. (Shifting of graph) Compare the graph of $x - 1 = (y + 2)^2$ with the graph of $x = y^2$. What do you see?

The graph of $x - 1 = (y + 2)^2$ (with vertex $(1, -2)$) is the graph $x = y^2$ move to the **right 1 unit** and move **down 2 units**.

11. Graph $y^2 + 4y + x + 3 = 0$.

Complete the square

$$y^2 + 4y + 4 + x + 3 = 0 + 4$$

$$(y+2)^2 + x + 3 = 4$$

$$-(y+2)^2 - 4$$

$$x - 1 = -(y+2)^2$$

Vertex

$$x-1=0 \Rightarrow x=1$$

y-intercept

$$(where x=0) \Rightarrow (0, -1) \text{ or } (0, -3)$$

$$y^2 + 4y + 0 + 3 = 0 \Rightarrow y^2 + 4y + 3 = 0 \Rightarrow (y+1)(y+3) = 0$$

$$y = -1 \text{ or } y = -3$$

