

SSY281 Model Predictive Control

Assignment 4 - MPT and persistent feasibility

Fengxiang Xue(LoginID:xuefe)

February 26, 2024

Question 1 MPT and polyhedral sets

(a) we use the Polyhedron() function and plot the graph as below:

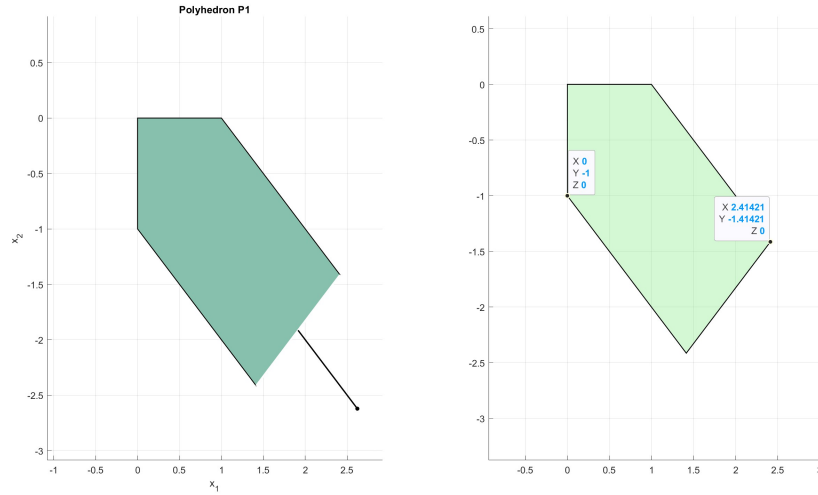


Figure 1: Enter Caption

(b) P , Q , $P + Q$, $P - Q$, $(P - Q) + Q$, $(P + Q) - Q$, $(Q - P) + P$, $(Q + P) - P$ are plotted as below:

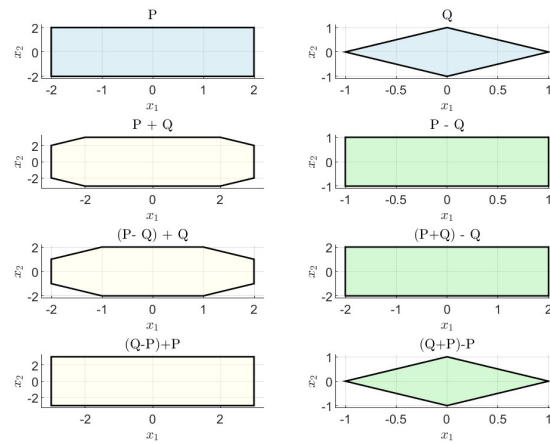


Figure 2: Minkowski sum and the Pontryagin difference operations

According to the Hint, when S1= and S2 not empty, the S1+S2 will incorrectly return S2, so we can see the left down corner $\text{graph}(Q-P)+P$, MPT incorrectly return P.

Question 2 Forward and backward reachability

(a) The set S is positively invariant.

By definition, the control invariant set C for system $x(k+1) = f(x(k), u(k))$ if:

$$x(k) \in C \rightarrow \exists u(k) \in U \text{ such that } x(k+1) = f(x(k), u(k))$$

we can see that the 'AS' is contained in 'S' set, which means the x is control invariant.

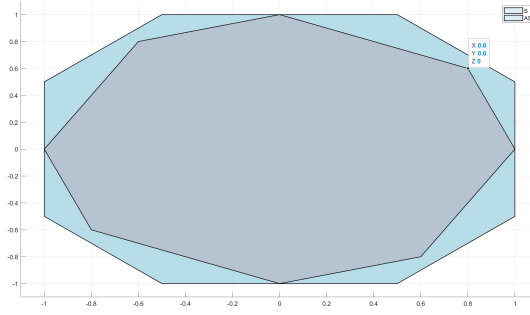


Figure 3: Control invariant

(b) By definition, the reachable set can be computed by affine mapping operation:

$$\text{reach}(X) = (A \circ X) \oplus (B \circ U) \quad (1)$$

the S and one-step reachable set are plotted as:

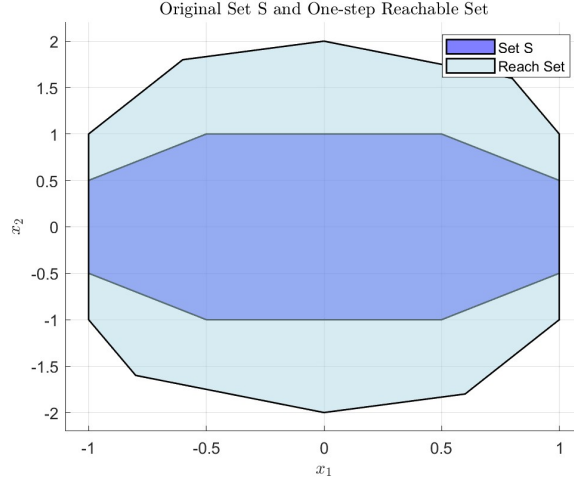


Figure 4: S and $Reach_S$

- (c) The $Pre(S)$ set contains all states from which the system can reach the set S in one time step,

$$Pre(S) = \{x \in R^2 : \forall u \in U, \exists x^+ \in S, \text{ such that } x^+ = Ax + Bu\}$$

To calculate the Pre set, we need:

- (1) express the condition $A_{in}(Ax+Bu) \leq b_{in}$;
- (2) express $-1 \leq u \leq 1$;

then we use the "projection" command to show the PreS set projection.

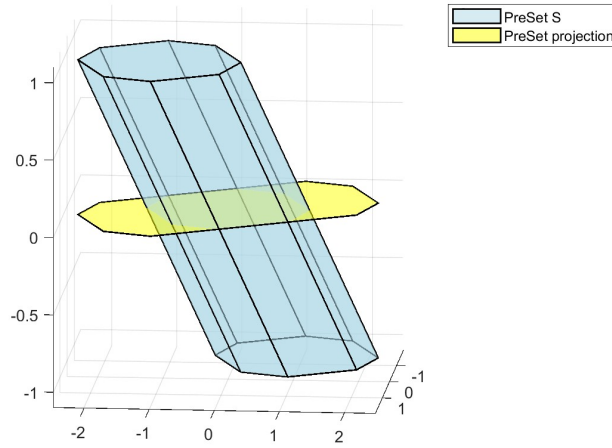


Figure 5: $PreS$ set projection

Question 3 Persistent feasibility

- (a) The shortest N to find a feasible controller is 26.
- (b) By setting the horizon $N=2$, and using 'InvariantSet' command to define $X_f = C_{inf}$, the RH controller is still feasible to the origin.
- (c) By function of 'reachableSet', we can find the feasible set for these 2 controllers as below:

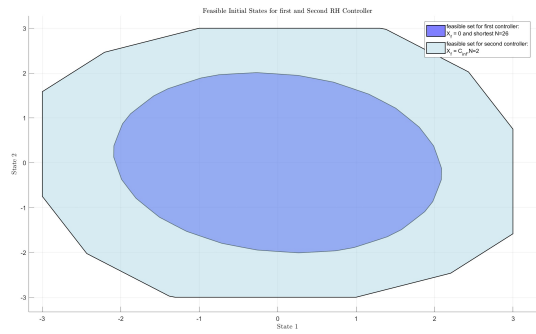


Figure 6: feasible sets of 2 controllers

The first controller has smaller set range due to the more strict terminal set $X_f = 0$, the first controller has $N=26$ longer prediction horizon thus leads to a larger feasible set.

Both controller have 2 states and 1 control input.

The first controller has 52 Inequalities, 0 equality;

the second controller has 14 inequalities, 0 equality.