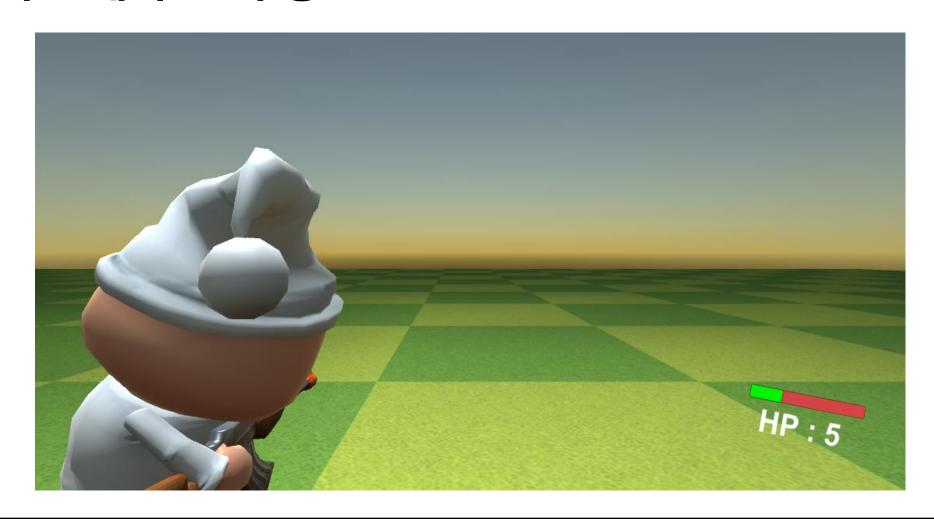
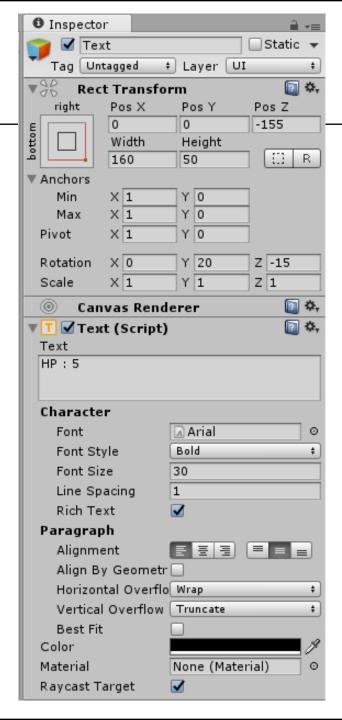
## **Unity – Damage Process**

NHN NEXT 서형석

- 피격 처리를 위한 체력 UI 구성

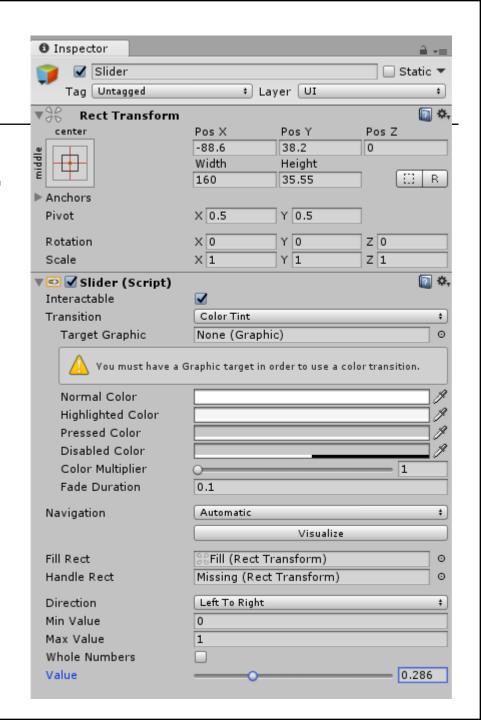


- 피격 처리를 위한 체력 UI: Text 추가



- 피격 처리를 위한 체력 UI: Slider 추가





- PlayerState: 체력 처리 스크립트

```
public class PlayerState: MonoBehaviour
   public UnityEngine.UI.Text hpText;
   public UnityEngine.UI.Slider hpSlider;
   public int healthPoint = 5;
   public int maxHealthPoint = 5;
```

- PlayerState: 체력 감소용 함수 구현

```
public class PlayerState: MonoBehaviour
   public void DamageByEnemy()
      --healthPoint;
      hpText.text = "HP:" + healthPoint;
      hpSlider.value = (float)healthPoint / maxHealthPoint;
```

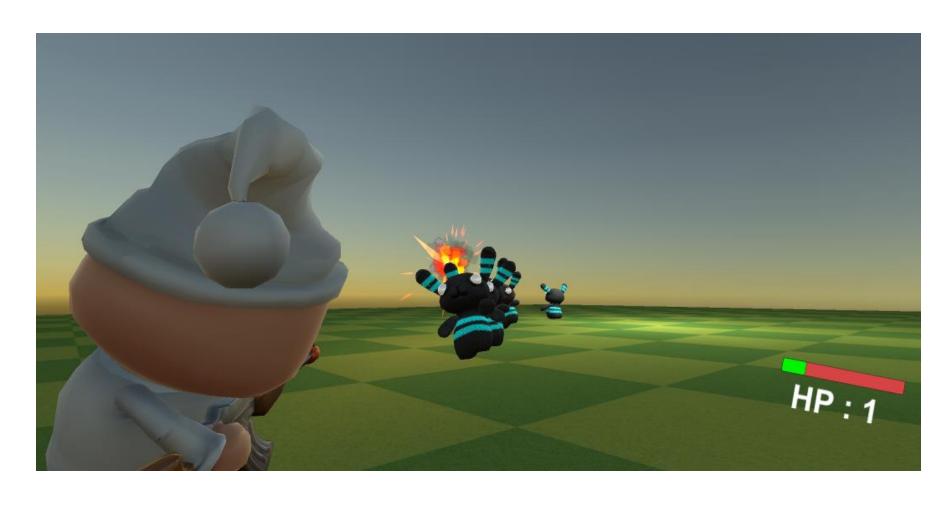
### - 피격 함수 호출

```
public class Zombie: MonoBehaviour
   Transform target = null;
   PlayerState playerState = null;
   void
          Start()
       target = GameObject.Find( "Player" ).transform;
       playerState = target.GetComponent< PlayerState >();
```

### - 피격 함수 호출

```
public class Zombie : MonoBehaviour
   case ENEMYSTATE.ATTACK:
       stateTime += Time.deltaTime;
       if( stateTime > attackStateMaxTime )
          playerState.DamageByEnemy();
   break;
```

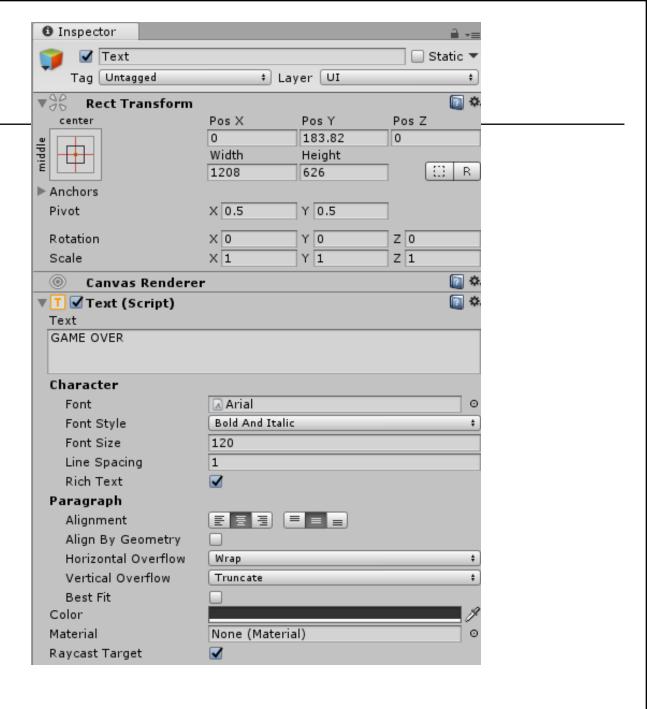
- 체력 수치 확인



- 게임 오버용 UI 추가



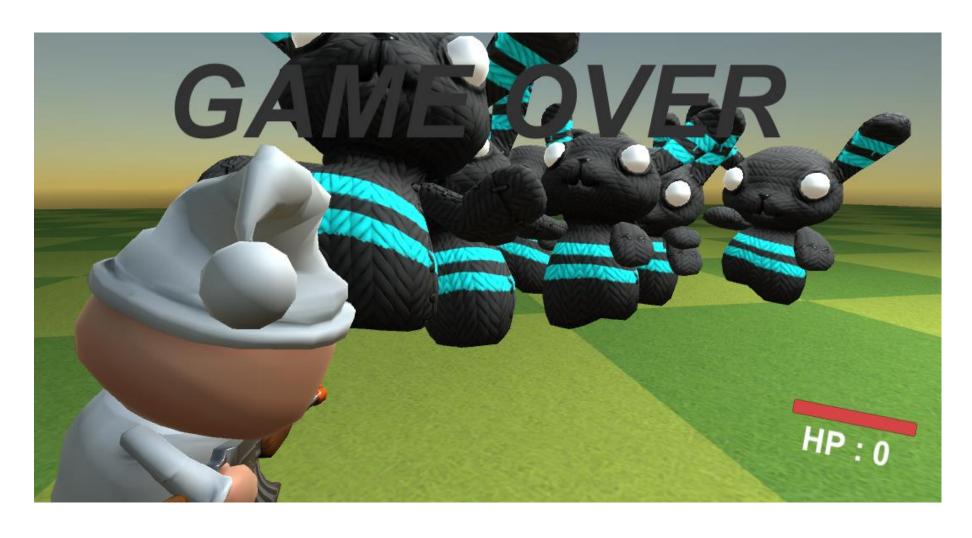
- 게임 오버용 Text UI 추가



```
public class PlayerState: MonoBehaviour
   public bool isDead = false;
   public GameObject gameOverText;
  void Awake()
    gameOverText.SetActive(false);
  public void DamageByEnemy()
    if (isDead)
       return;
     --healthPoint;
    hpText.text = "HP: " + healthPoint;
    hpSlider.value = (float)healthPoint / maxHealthPoint;
     if (healthPoint <= 0)</pre>
       isDead = true;
       gameOverText.SetActive(true);
```

## 상태별 처리 구조 구현

- 동작 확인



 생각해 볼 점 :
 죽었을 때 캐릭터 이동 및 카메라 회전, 포탄 발사는 적절치 않을 수 있다.
 죽었을 때에 대한 구현 방안을 고민해 볼 것.

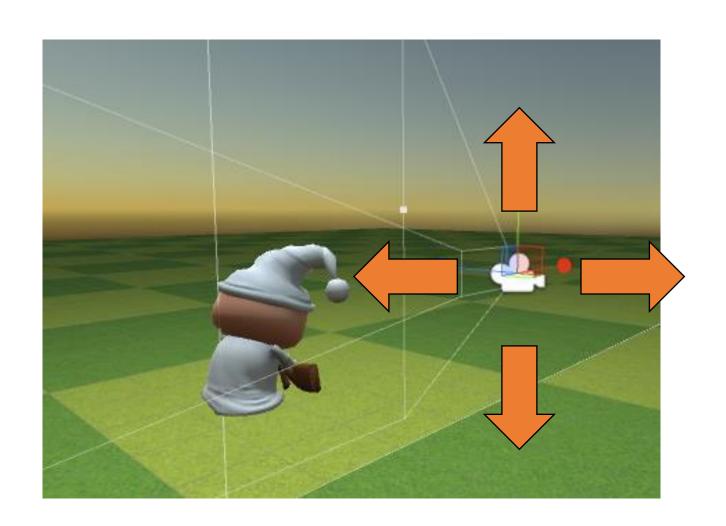
## - 죽을때의 상태 처리

```
public class PlayerMove: MonoBehaviour
   PlayerState playerState = null;
   void Start()
      characterController = GetComponent < CharacterController >();
      playerState = GetComponent< PlayerState >();
   void Update()
       if( playerState.isDead )
           return;
```

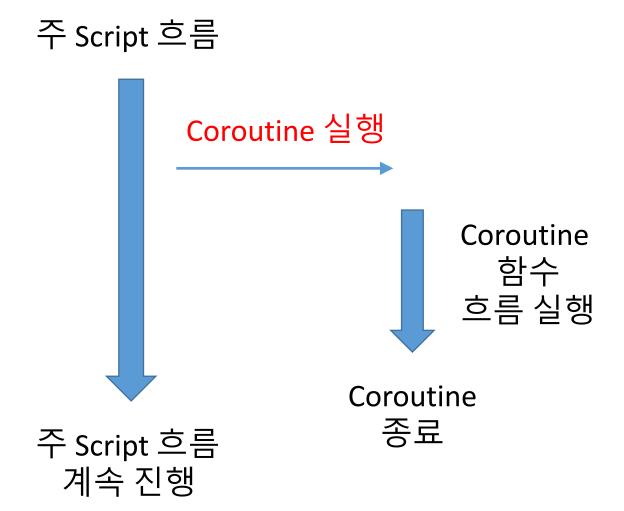
## - 죽을때의 상태 처리

```
public class PlayerState: MonoBehaviour
  public FireBall fireBall;
  public CameraControl cameraControl;
  public void DamageByEnemy()
    if (healthPoint <= 0)
       isDead = true;
      gameOverText.SetActive(true);
      fireBall.enabled = false;
       cameraControl.enabled = false;
```

- 카메라 흔들기



### - 코루틴



- 코루틴

일시적으로 생성한 별도의 흐름

https://docs.unity3d.com/Manual/ExecutionOrder.html

update.

If a coroutine has yielded previously but is now due to

resume then execution takes place during this part of the

Update

yield null

vield WaitForSeconds

yield WWW

yield StartCoroutine

Internal animation update

LateUpdate

이해하기 쉬운 개념: 쓰레드 처럼 생각해도 무방 실제 동작: LateUpdate 단에서 호출되는 흐름

#### - Camera Shake

```
public class CameraShake: MonoBehaviour
  Vector3 localPosition = Vector3.zero;
  void Start()
     localPosition = transform.localPosition;
  public void PlayCameraShake()
   StopAllCoroutines();
   StartCoroutine( CameraShakeProcess(1.0f, 0.2f));
```

```
IEnumerator CameraShakeProcess(float shakeTime, float shakeSense)
     float deltaTime = 0.0f;
     while( deltaTime < shakeTime )</pre>
       deltaTime += Time.deltaTime;
       transform.localPosition = localPosition;
       Vector3 pos = Vector3.zero;
       pos.x = Random.Range( -shakeSense, shakeSense );
       pos.y = Random.Range( -shakeSense, shakeSense );
       pos.z = Random.Range( -shakeSense, shakeSense );
       transform.localPosition += pos;
       vield return new WaitForEndOfFrame();
     transform.localPosition = localPosition;
     vield return null;
```

## - 코루틴 반환값

코루틴용 데이터	엔진이 수행하는 기능
yield return <b>null</b>	다음 프레임까지 대기
yield return <b>new WaitForSeconds(float)</b>	지정된 초 만큼 대기
yield return <b>new WaitForEndOfFrame()</b>	모든 렌더링작업이 끝날 때까지 대기
<pre>yield return new WaitForFixedUpdate()</pre>	다음 물리 프레임까지 대기까지 대기
<pre>yield return StartCoRoutine(string)</pre>	다른 코루틴이 끝날 때까지 대기
yield return <b>new WWW(string)</b>	웹 통신 작업이 끝날 때까지 대기
yield return <b>new AsyncOperation</b>	비동기 작업이 끝날 때까지 대기 ( 씬로딩 )

## - 카메라 쉐이크 호출

```
public class PlayerState : MonoBehaviour
{
    .....
    CameraShake cameraShake = null;

    void Start()
    {
        cameraShake =
            GetComponentInChildren < CameraShake > ();
    }
}
```

```
public void DamageByEnemy()
   if( isDead )
      return;
    --healthPoint;
    cameraShake.PlayCameraShake();
    if (healthPoint <= 0)</pre>
       isDead = true;
```

## - 코루틴 복습: 죽은 흔적 구현

```
public class Zombie: MonoBehaviour
   enum ENEMYSTATE
      NONE = -1,
      IDLE = 0,
      MOVE,
      ATTACK,
      DAMAGE,
      DEAD
   ENEMYSTATE enemyState = ENEMYSTATE.IDLE;
```

#### - 죽음 처리

```
case ENEMYSTATE.DEAD:
   // Destroy( gameObject );
   StartCoroutine( "DeadProcess");
   enemyState = ENEMYSTATE.NONE;
break;
```

### - 죽음 처리시 포탄 처리가 진행되지 않도록 수정

```
void OnCollisionEnter(Collision collision)
  if( enemyState == ENEMYSTATE.NONE ||
      enemyState == ENEMYSTATE.DEAD )
      return;
```

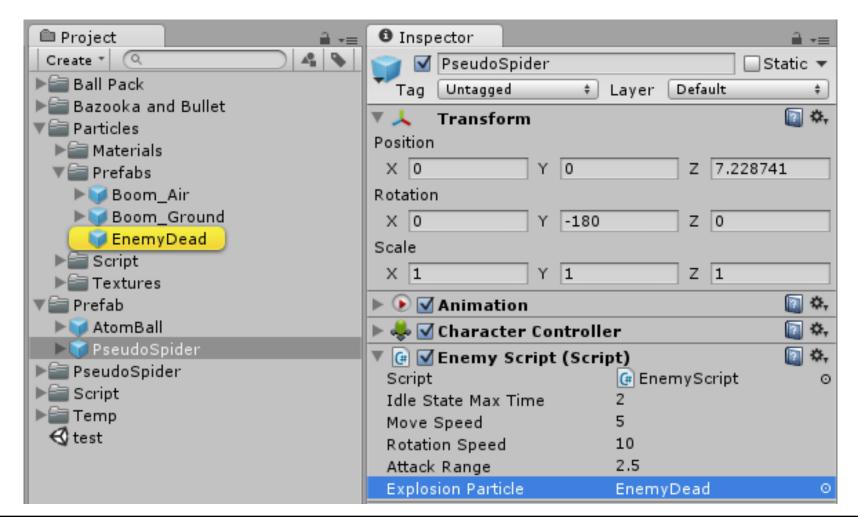
<u>- 죽음 처리 진행 1</u>

```
IEnumerator DeadProcess()
  CancelInvoke();
  characterController.enabled = false; // 죽은 후 충돌처리 여부
  anim[ "Death" ].speed = 2.0f;
  anim.Play( "Death" );
    yield return new WaitForSeconds( anim[ "Death" ].Length / 2.0f );
  while( anim.isPlaying )
     yield return new WaitForEndOfFrame();
  Destroy( gameObject );
```

#### 죽음 처리 진행 2

```
public GameObject explosionParticle = null;
IEnumerator DeadProcess()
 yield return new WaitForSeconds(1.0f);
  GameObject explosionObj = Instantiate( explosionParticle ) as GameObject;
  Vector3 explosionObjPos = transform.position;
  explosionObjPos.y = 1.0f;
  explosionObj.transform.position = explosionObjPos;
  Destroy( gameObject );
```

## - 죽음 처리 진행 – 파티클 연결



DeadObject package import



### - 죽음 처리 진행 3

```
public GameObject deadObject = null;
IEnumerator DeadProcess()
 yield return new WaitForSeconds(0.5f);
 GameObject deadObj = Instantiate(deadObject) as GameObject;
 Vector3 deadObjPos = transform.position;
 deadObjPos.y = 2.0f;
 deadObj.transform.position = deadObjPos;
 deadObj.transform.rotation = Random.rotation;
 Destroy( gameObject );
```

## 죽음 처리 진행 3

```
IEnumerator DeadProcess()
 GameObject deadObj = Instantiate(deadObject) as GameObject;
 Vector3 deadObjPos = transform.position;
 deadObjPos.y = 2.0f;
 deadObj.transform.position = deadObjPos;
 deadObj.transform.rotation = Random.rotation;
 Rigidbody rb = deadObj.GetComponent<Rigidbody>();
 rb.velocity = new Vector3(0.0f, Random.Range(2, 5), 0.0f);
 rb.angularVelocity = Vector3.one * Random.Range(1.0f, 10.0f);
 Destroy( gameObject );
```

- [Quiz] 남겨진 뼈가 땅으로 사라지는 효과를 직접 구현해 보기

#### [조건]

- 1. 일정 시간 뒤 지면 아래로 사라지고 파괴할 것. 예) 2초뒤 아래로 사라지고 파괴할 것.
- 2. Coroutine을 활용할 것.

```
public class DeadZombie : MonoBehaviour
{
   public Rigidbody rb;
   public MeshCollider meshCollider;
   public float downSpeed = 0.5f;
```

```
IEnumerator
             Start ()
  while (rb.velocity != Vector3.zero)
    yield return new WaitForEndOfFrame();
  rb.isKinematic = true:
  meshCollider.isTrigger = true;
  while (transform.position.y > -2.0f)
    Vector3 temp = transform.position;
    temp.y -= downSpeed * Time.deltaTime;
    transform.position = temp;
    yield return new WaitForEndOfFrame();
  Destroy(gameObject);
```