



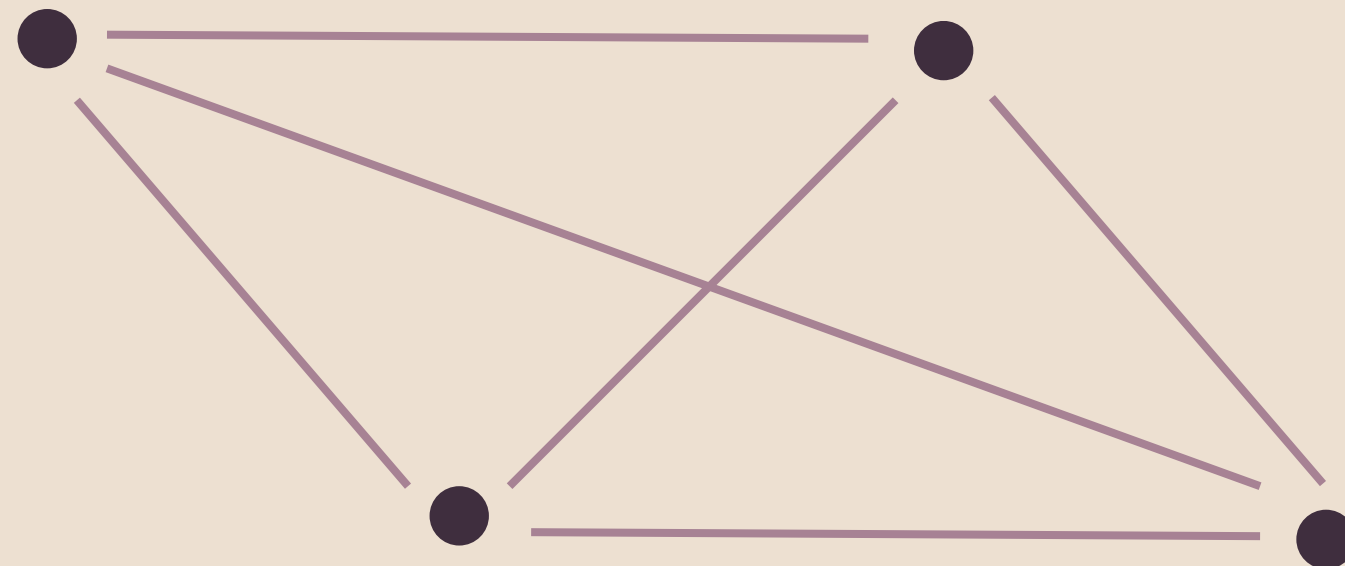
# GRAPHS

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# GRAPH

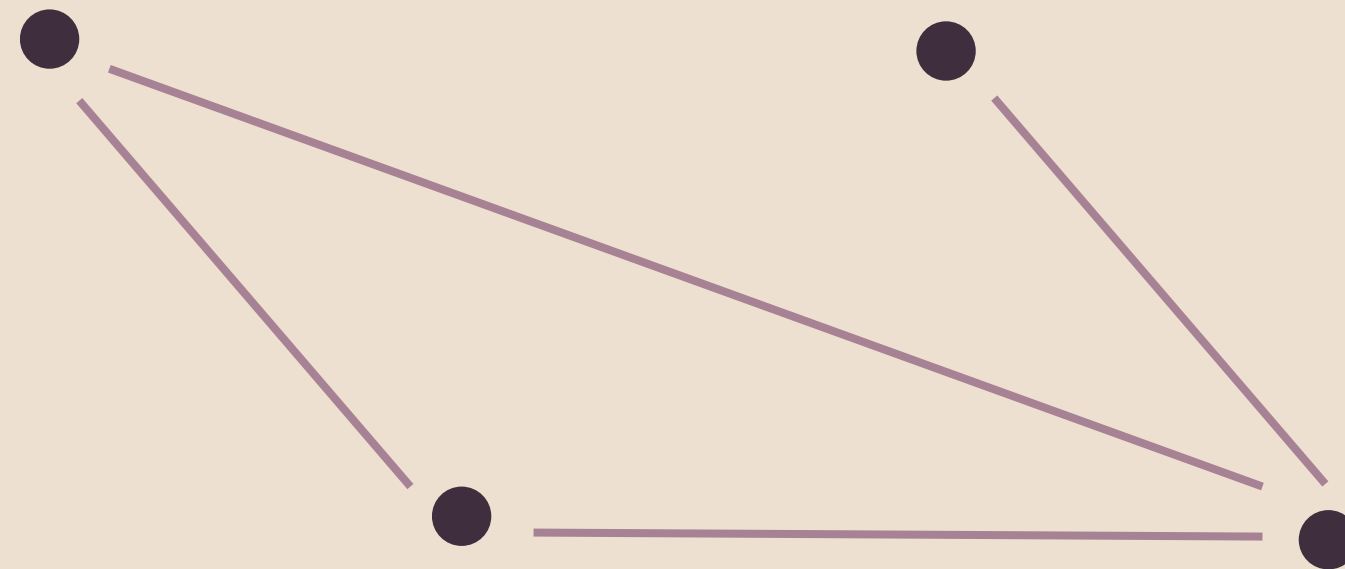
- finite set of points called **vertices/nodes**
- together with a finite set of **edges**
  - each of which join a pair of nodes



# GRAPH

## CONNECTED GRAPH

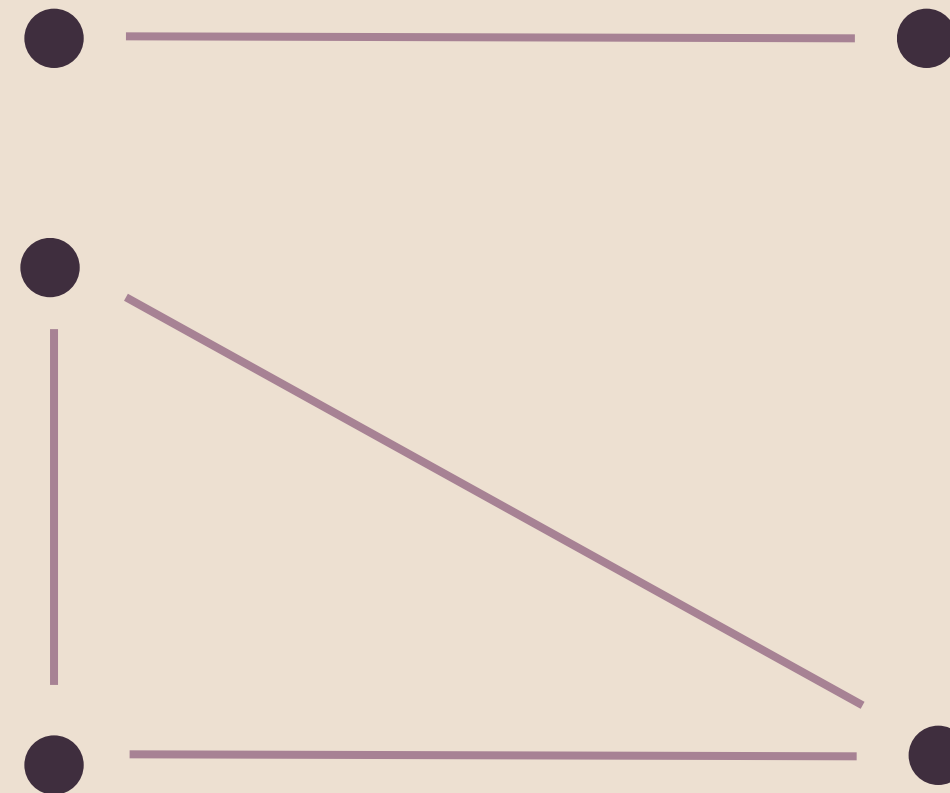
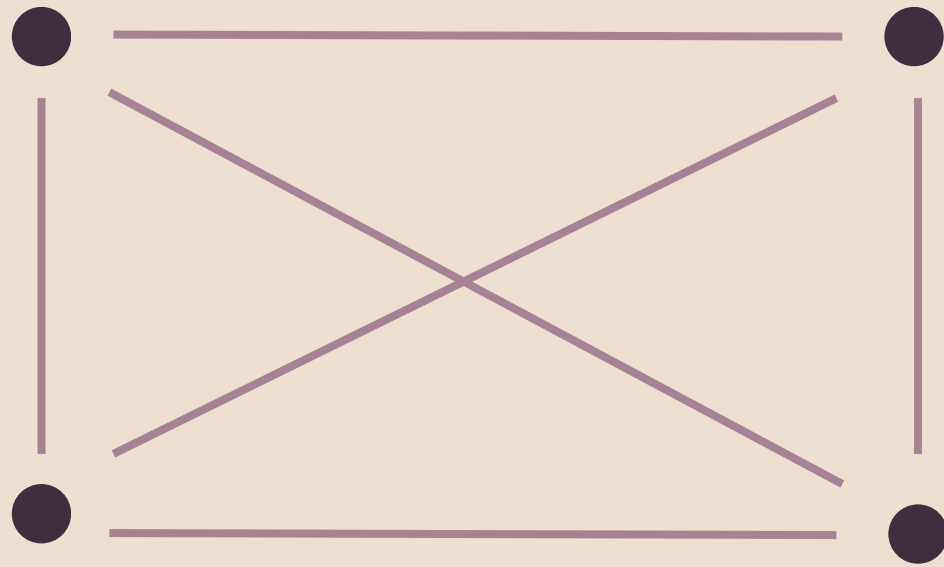
- if there exists a path from any arbitrary source node to an arbitrary destination node



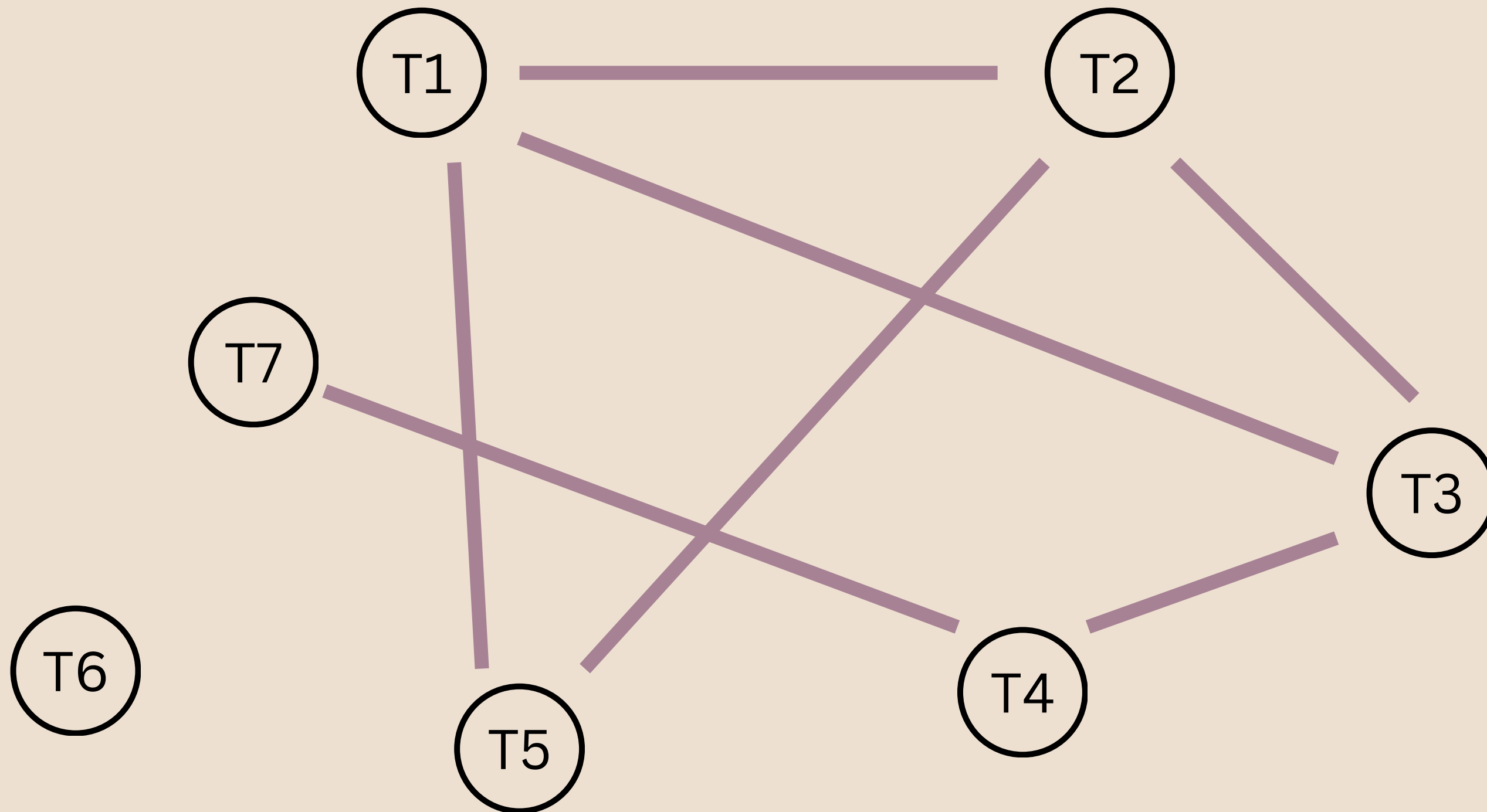
# GRAPH

## COMPLETE GRAPH

- every pair node is joined by an edge
- **general formula:**  $(n-1)*n/2$



# GRAPH



# GRAPH

## UNDIRECTED GRAPH

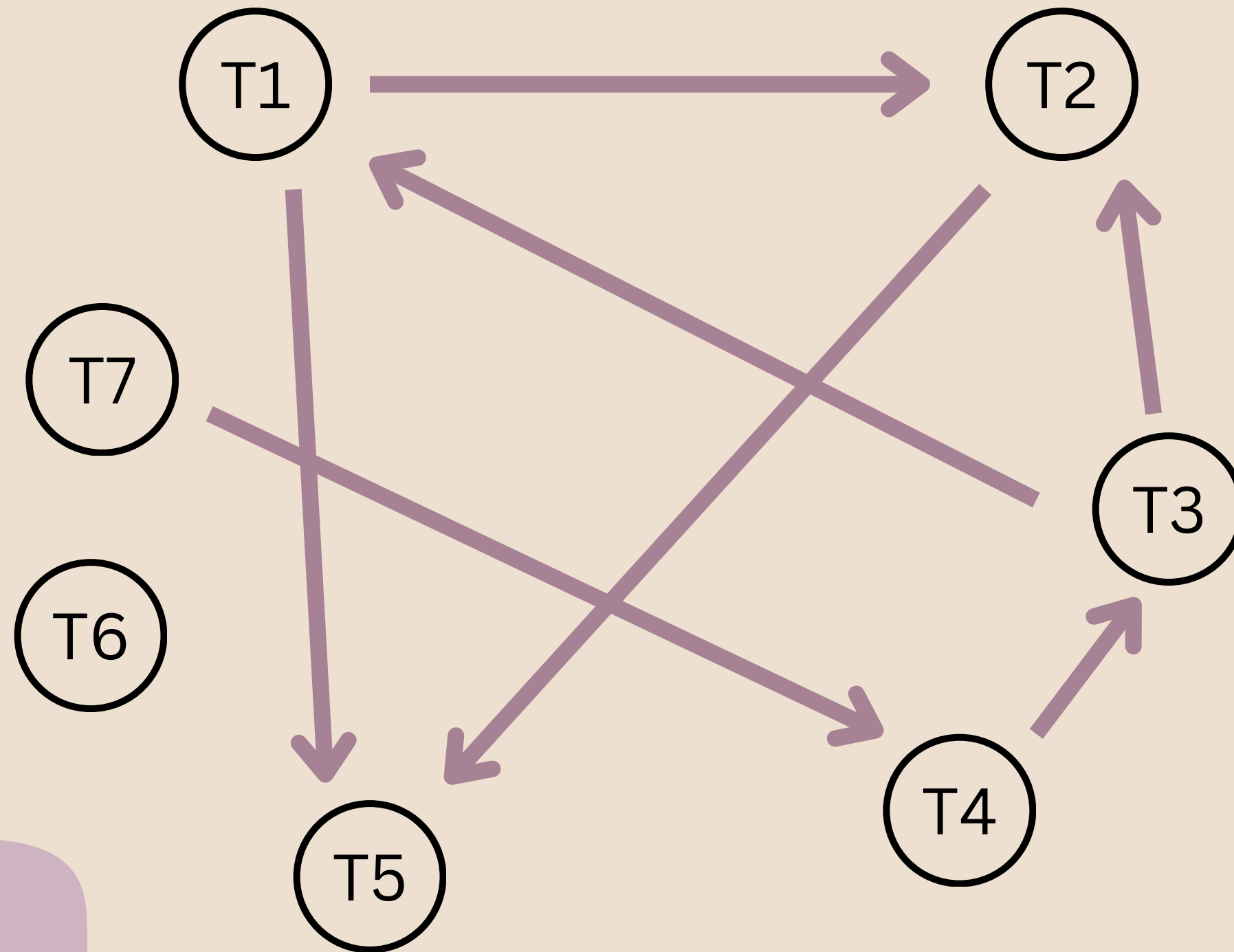


## DIRECTED GRAPH



ARCS

# GRAPH



## Path

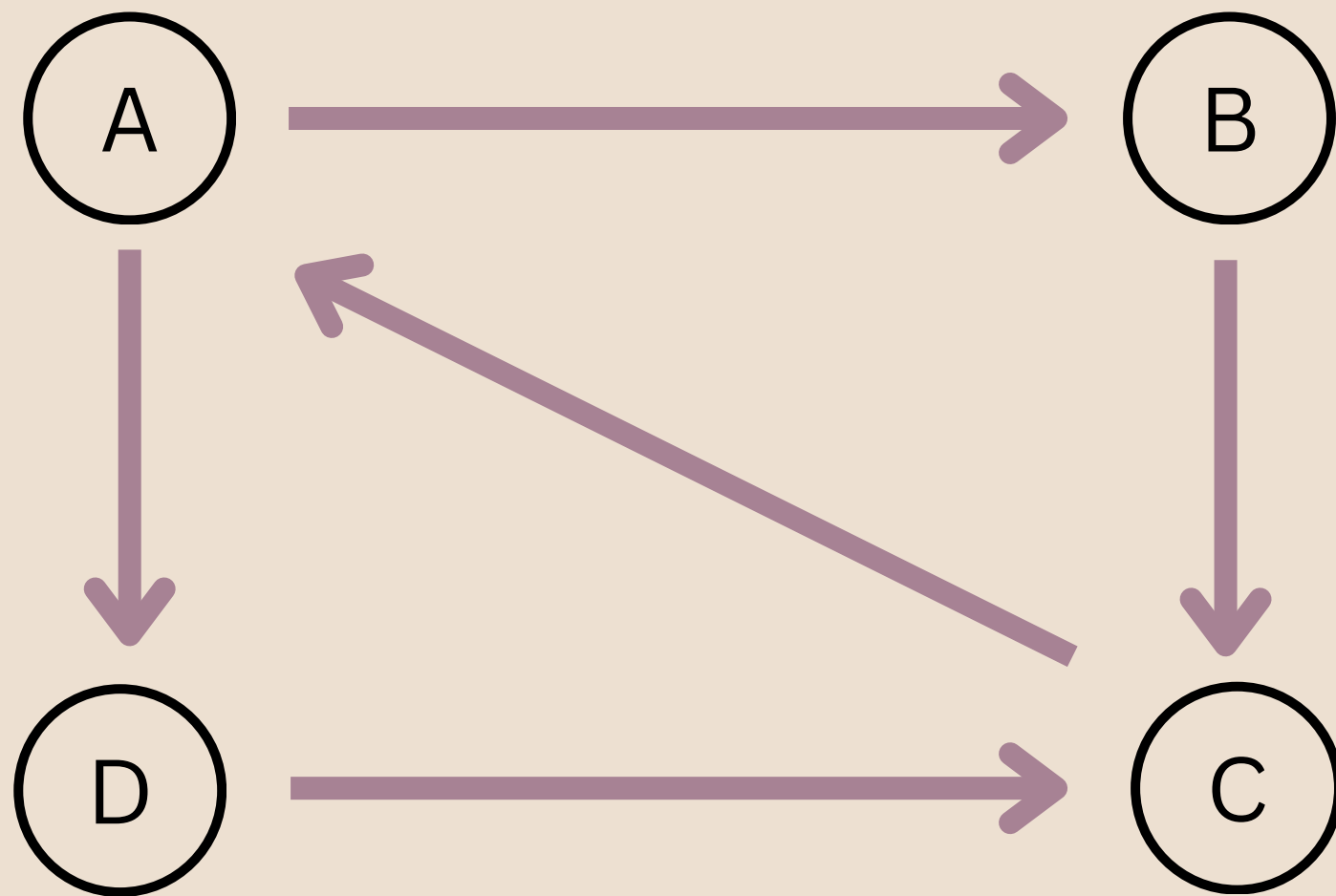
- sequence of vertices

## Length

- number of arcs in a path

# SIMPLE PATH

- if all vertices in a path are distinct
- both paths from T7 to T2 are simple paths



**simple**

$A \rightarrow D$

**not simple**

$A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C \rightarrow A \rightarrow D$



# SIMPLE PATH

## Simple Cycle

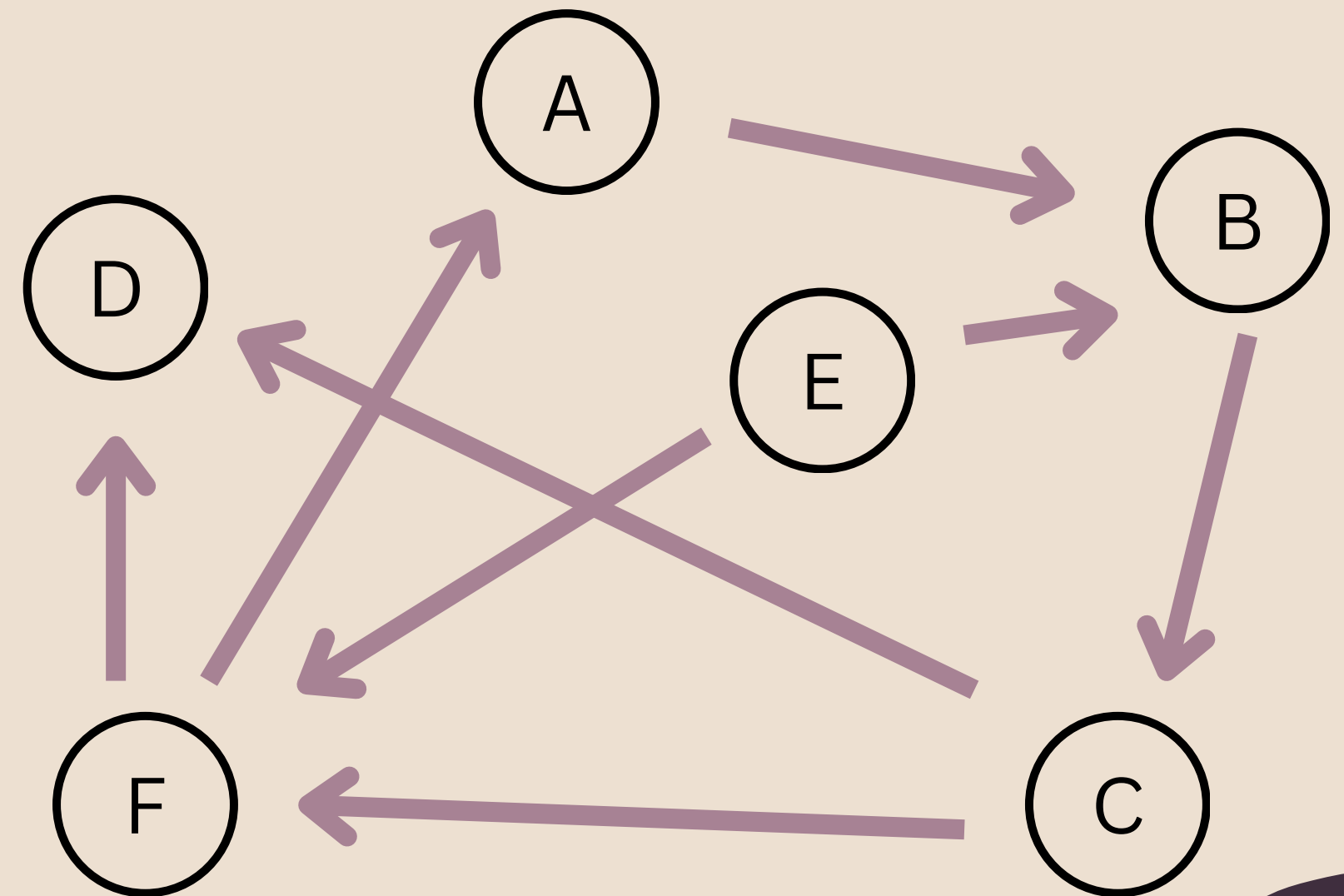
- simple path that begins and ends at the same vertex

## Cyclic Graph

- when a graph contains a cycle

## Acyclic Graph

- when a graph has no cycle

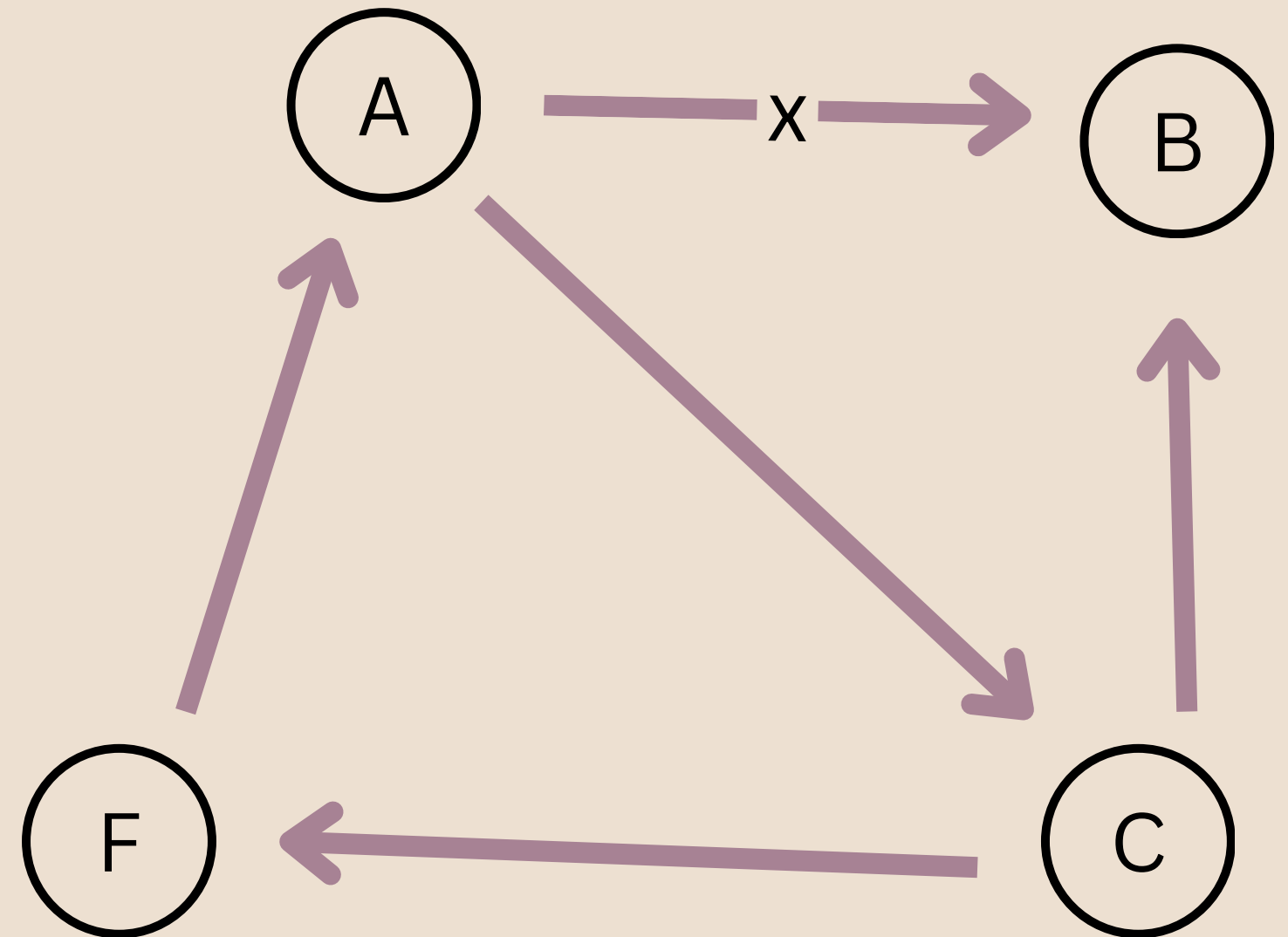


# INCIDENT

- a node is **incident** to an arc if  $n$  (*node*) is one of the 2 nodes in the ordered pair

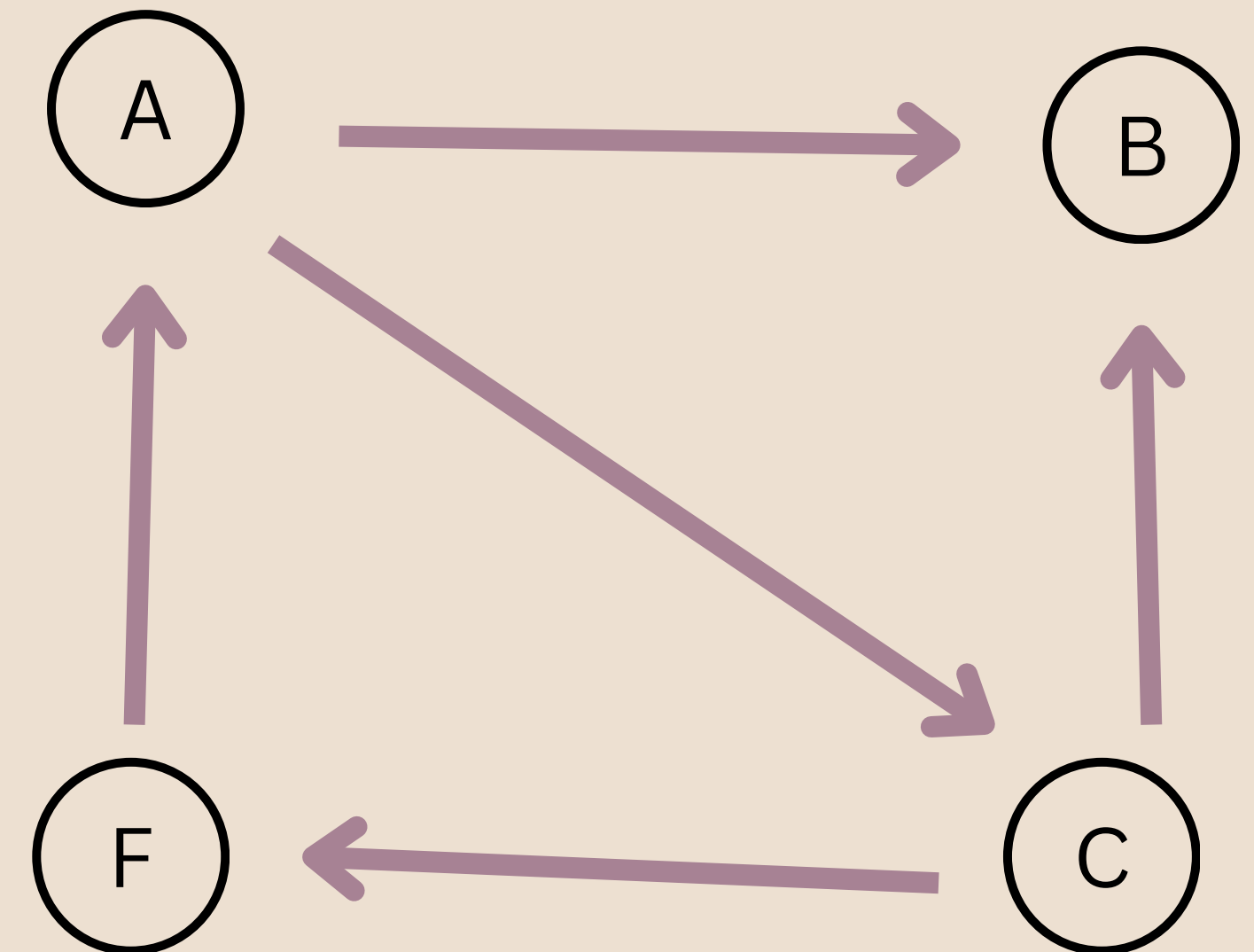
A is incident to arc  $x$

B is incident to arc  $x$



# DEGREE

- number of arcs incident to it
- **Indegree of a node**
  - number of arcs that have node as a head
- **Outdegree of a node**
  - number of arcs that have node as a tail



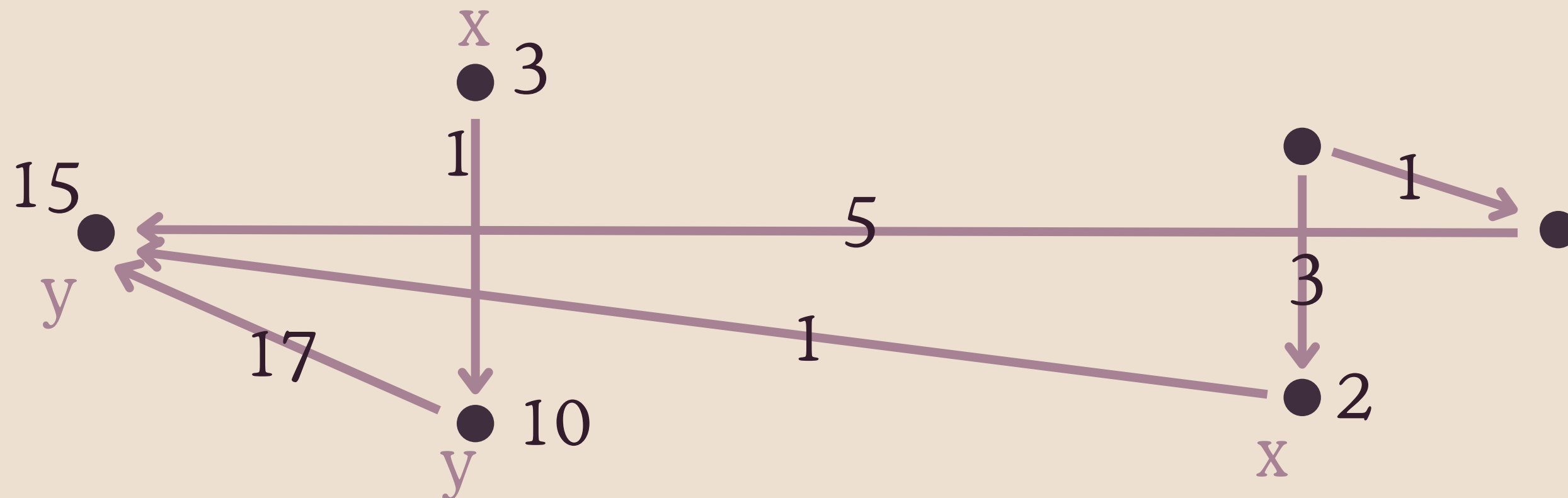
# RELATION

## WEIGHTED GRAPH

- weight of each arc is the remainder of  $y/x$  or head/tail

## LABELED GRAPH

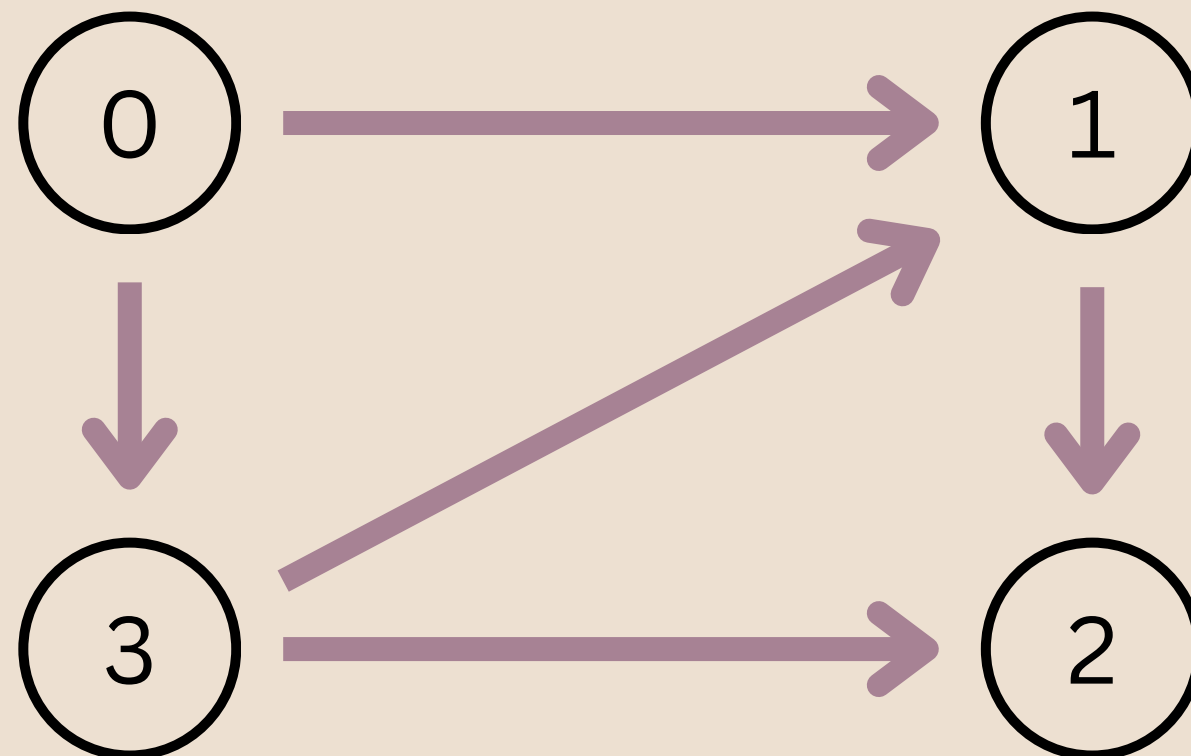
- di-graph in which arcs and/or vertices have associated label of any value



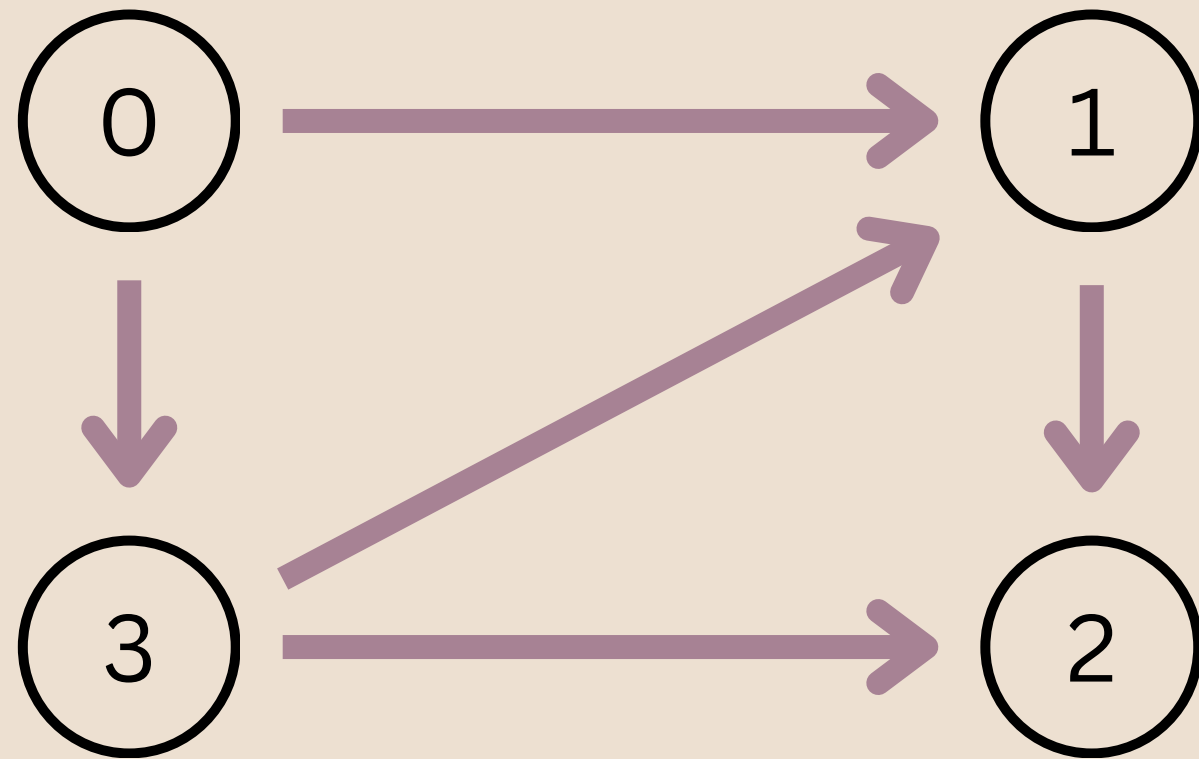
# REPRESENTATION

## Adjacency Matrix

- given a graph  $G = (V, E)$  &  $V = \{0, 1, 2, 3, \dots\}$ . the adjacency matrix of the digraph  $G$  is an  $n \times n$  Matrix of Booleans, where  $A[i, j]$  is true if & only if there is an arc from vertex  $i$  to vertex  $j$

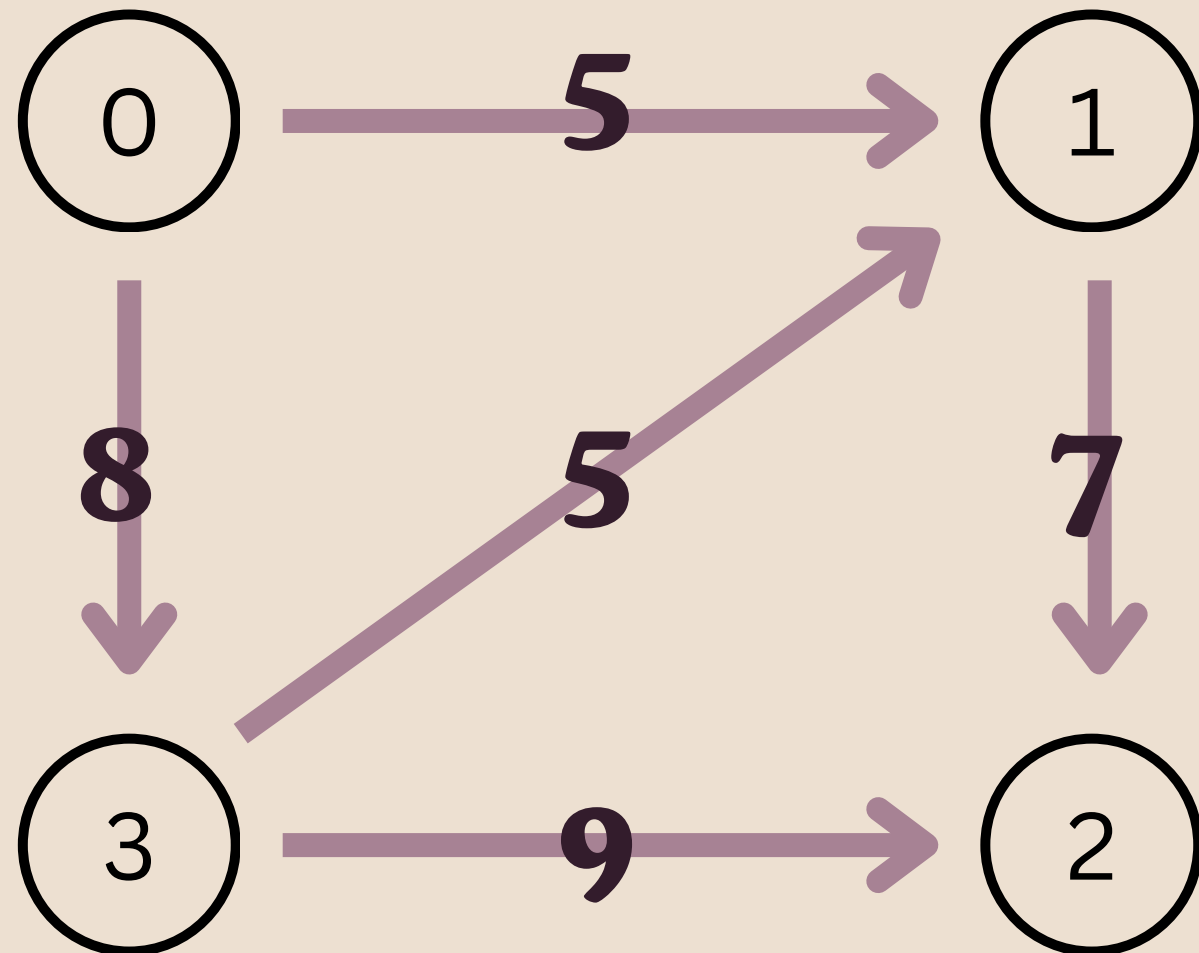


# REPRESENTATION



	0	1	2	3
0	0	1	0	1
1	0	0	1	0
2	0	0	0	0
3	0	1	1	0

# REPRESENTATION

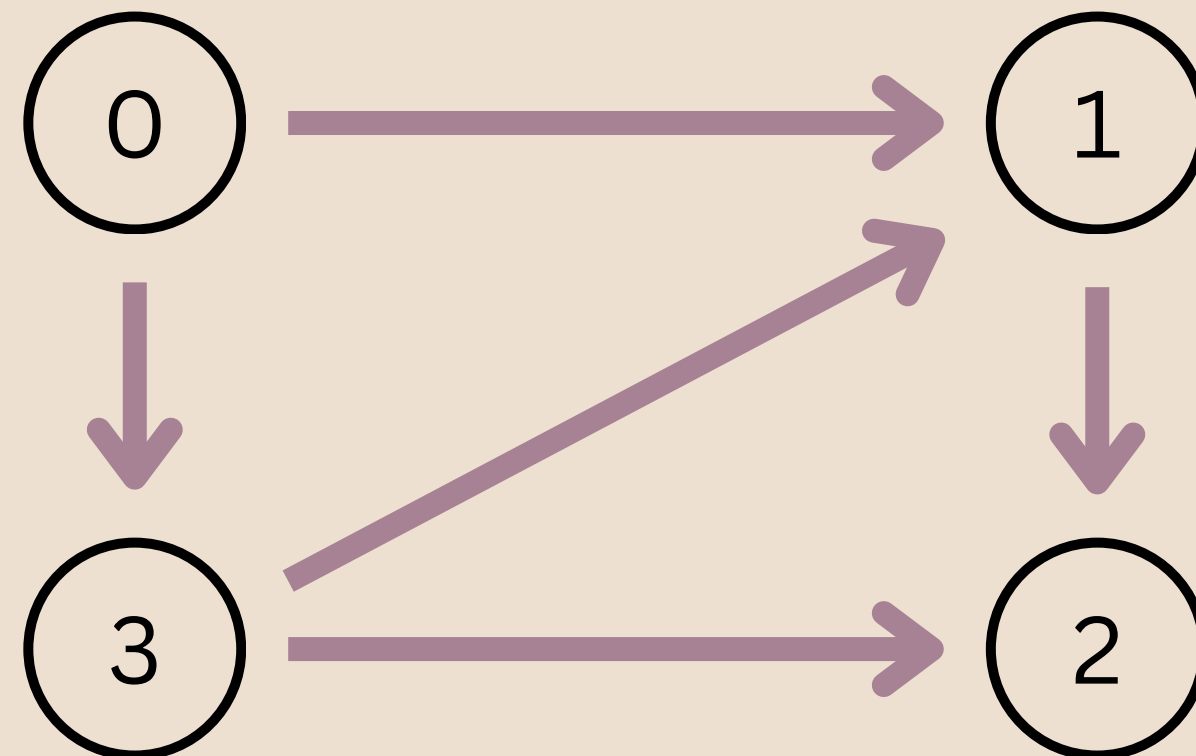


	0	1	2	3
0	$\infty$	5	$\infty$	8
1	$\infty$	$\infty$	7	$\infty$
2	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
3	$\infty$	5	9	$\infty$

# REPRESENTATION

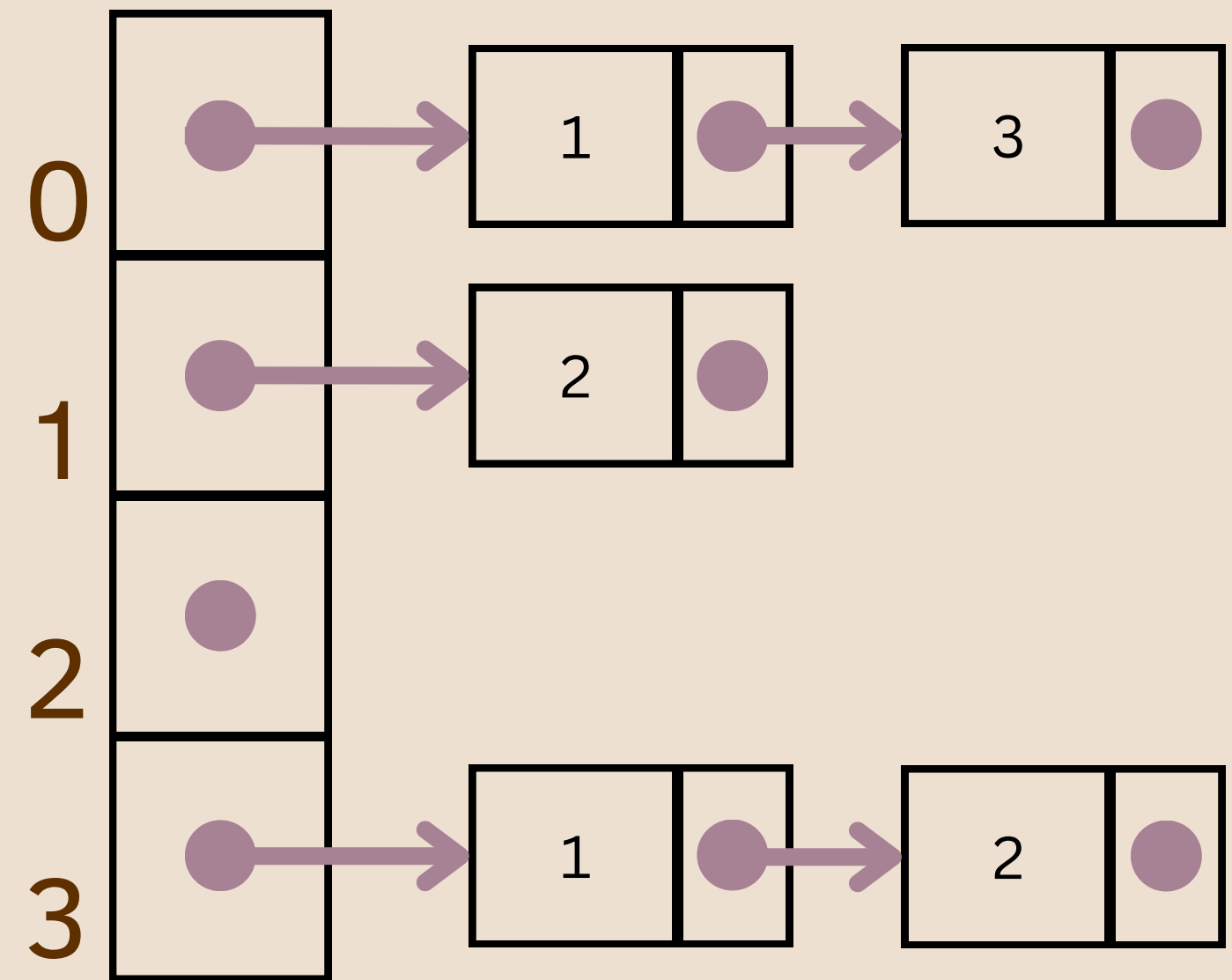
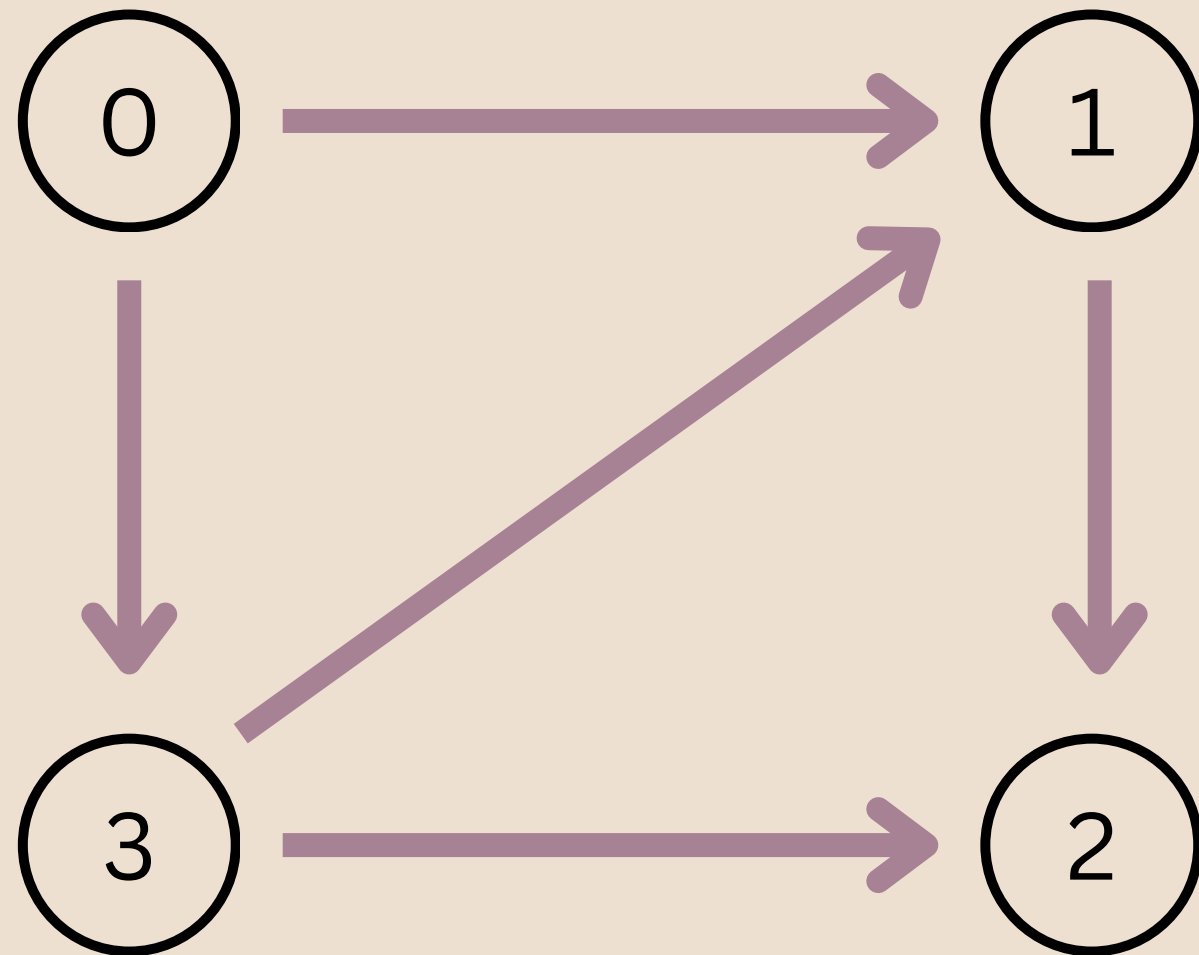
## Adjacency List

- using Open Hashing Chaining concept and Closed Hashing concept to represent the connection between nodes





# REPRESENTATION





**THANK YOU**