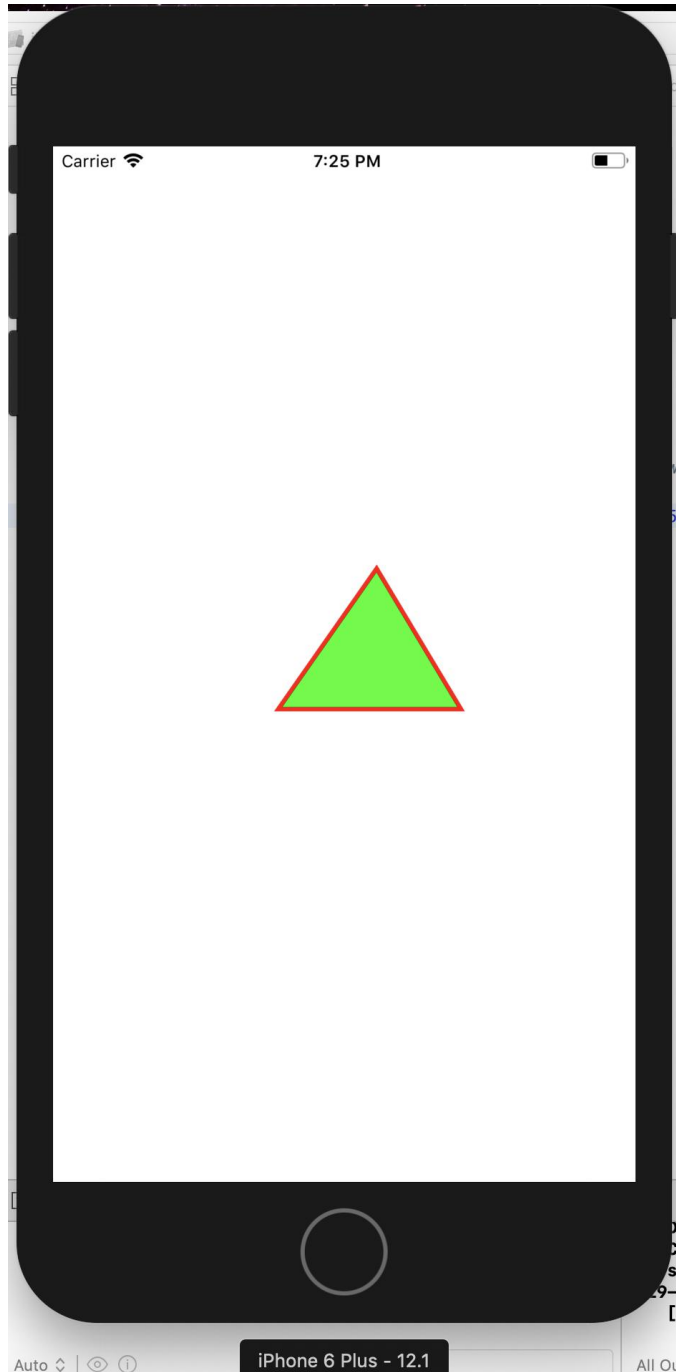


# Objective-C Assignment 1

2016302580127 曹相成 2016 级卓越 1 班

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I used an iPhone 6 Plus Simulator and the result is as following:



Some thoughts on the experiment:

1. We must distinguish the difference between *frame* and *bounds*, *frame* is set the origin by others while *bounds* uses (0,0) as origin. They both require the user to

determine the size, such as the width and height.

2. I use the CGRect and UIBezierPath to draw the triangle. Blindly imitating the PPT of Stanford will not solve problem. Swift is a very cool language which can help us do very cool things.

The following is main part of the codes:

```
assignment1 > assignment1 > ViewController.swift > No Selection
1 //
2 // ViewController.swift
3 // assignment1
4 //
5 // Created by 曹相成 on 2019/3/22.
6 // Copyright © 2019 曹相成. All rights reserved.
7 //
8
9 import UIKit
10
11 class ViewController: UIViewController {
12
13     override func viewDidLoad() {
14         super.viewDidLoad()
15         // Do any additional setup after loading the view, typically from a nib.
16
17         let triangle = MyTriangle(frame: CGRect(x:150,y:250,width:400,height:400))
18         triangle.backgroundColor = UIColor.clear//保证frame的背景颜色与周围一致!
19         self.view.addSubview(triangle)
20     }
21 }
22
23
24 class MyTriangle:UIView{
25     override func draw(_ rect: CGRect){
26         let path = UIBezierPath()
27         path.move(to: CGPoint(x:80,y:50))
28         path.addLine(to: CGPoint(x:140,y:150))
29         path.addLine(to: CGPoint(x:10,y:150))
30
31         path.close()
32
33         UIColor.green.setFill()
34         UIColor.red.setStroke()
35         path.lineWidth = 3.0
36         path.fill()
37         path.stroke()
38     }
39 }
40
41
```