

DETAILED TEXT DESCRIPTIONS OF HOW TO HANDLE THE SCENARIOS

1. Determining how to store the board
 - a. The board will be stored when the Class “HasamiShogiGame” is called.
2. Initializing the board
 - a. The board is initialized in the init method of the class “HasamiShogiGame”.
3. Determining how to track which player's turn it is to play right now
 - a. Since Black goes first (1), an init variable named `_move_tracker` will be initialized to 1. The `_move_tracker` then increments by 1 based on successful moves by each player. Black will always move when `_move_tracker` is “odd”. Red will always move when `_move_tracker` is “even”.
4. Determining how to validate piece movement
 - a. Piece movements will depend on several things:
 - i. If the current active player is starting the move `{get_active_player()}`
 - ii. If the starting location for the move belongs to the current active player
 - iii. If the move is horizontal or vertical
 1. A move is horizontal if starting location's row IS the same as the ending location's row AND starting location's column IS NOT the same as the ending location's column.
 2. A move is vertical if starting location's row IS NOT the same as the ending location's row AND starting location's column IS the same as the ending location's column.
 3. Anything else is an invalid move
 - iv. If the move is within the board's dimensions 9x9 (a1:i9)
 - v. If the movement is not obstructed by any other pieces along the way using `{get_square_occupant()}`
5. Determining when pieces have been captured
 - a. Opposing pieces can only be captured by the active player's move (active player cannot lose their own piece on their own turn).
 - b. If there's an opposing piece adjacent to the move's end location, check to determine if the active player has another piece on the opposing piece's side (sandwich).
 - i. If so, capture the piece and increase the `num_of_captured_piece(opposing_color)` by 1
 - c. If the move was to one of 8 “double team” corner positions (a2, b1, a8, b9, h1, i2, i8, h9). A piece of the opponent would need to be in the respective corner (a1, a9, i0, i9). If there's a piece there, then check if active player has the 2nd “double team” position filled.
6. Determining when the game has ended
 - a. While loop will be used to keep the movement going for the game.
 - b. `get_game_state()` will be used to keep the while loop on-going.
 - c. At the end of each successful move, `get_num_captured_pieces(“BLACK”)` and `get_num_captured_pieces(“RED”)` will be called. Those are used to update the `game_state` if either call returns a value greater than 7.

Steven Tran

CS162 – Final Project: Hasami Shogi Board Game Draft

```
# Steven Tran
# 2021-12-02
# CS-162 Final Project: Hasami Shogi (Variant 1)
# Description: In the Japanese Board Game of Hasami Shogi, players
take turns moving their piece (either red or black). Pieces move like
rooks in the game of chess, horizontally or vertically. The goal is to
at capture least 8 of the 9 opponent's pieces. To capture a piece, the
opposing player's piece(s) must be "sandwiched" between two of the
active player's pieces. Or be trapped in the corner by two of the
active player's pieces.
```

```
class GamePiece():
```

```
    """Initial game pieces (either RED or BLACK). Still TBD if want to
use."""
```

```
    def __init__(self):
        pass
```

```
class HasamiShogiGame():
```

```
    """Initializes a game of Hasami Shogi (Japanese Rook-Like Capture
Game).
```

```
    The board will be stored in this init of _game_board where it is
first initialized with 'RED' and 'BLACK' pieces at the applicable
starting positions."""
```

```
    def __init__(self):
```

```
        """Initializes the _game_board.
```

```
        Moves will be tracked using the _move_tracker which will
increment by one based on successful moves. This may also be used
later at the end to determine how many moves it took for the game to
complete.
```

```
        _game_state: will be used with a while loop to determine the
current state of the game. After each move, determines if the game is
still in progress. This will be achieved by calling
get_num_captured_pieces function to determine if either RED or BLACK
has captured at least 8 pieces. If so, the _game_state flag will
result with the winner.
```

```
        Otherwise it will remain in the 'UNFINISHED state. """
```

```
        self._top_label = "    1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9"
```

```
        self._side_label = ['a','b','c','d','e','f','g','h','i']
```

```
        self._game_board = [ ["R", "R", "R", "R", "R", "R", "R", "R", "R",
"R"],
```

```
        [ "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-"],
        [ "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-"],
        [ "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-"],
        [ "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-"],
        [ "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-"],
        [ "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-"],
        [ "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-", "-"],
        [ "B", "B", "B", "B", "B", "B", "B", "B", "B"]]
```

```
        self._move_tracker = 1      # Tracks the number of moves
performed in the game
```

```
        self._game_state = "UNFINISHED"      # Will be used for while
loop to determine if the game is still on-going.
```

```
def display_game(self):
    """Displays the current state of the game. """
    pass

def set_red(self, space):
    """Sets a red piece in a specified location."""
    pass

def set_black(self, space):
    """Sets a black piece in a specified location."""
    pass

def set_empty(self, space):
    """Sets a space to empty in a specified location (typically
starting location of a move)."""
    pass

def get_game_state(self):
    """Function determines the current progress of the game. If
there's a current winner or if its still "UNFINISHED".

    Returns:
        UNFINISHED (str): when red/black captures < 8
        RED_WON (str): when black captures >= 8
        BLACK_WON (str): when red captures >= 8
    """
    pass

def get_active_player(self):
    """Determines the active player of the game init based on
number of turns partaken.

    Returns:
        BLACK (str): if move_tracker is odd
        RED (str): if move_tracker is even
    """
    if self._move_tracker % 2 == 1:
        return "BLACK"
    else:
        return "RED"

def get_num_captured_pieces(self, color = None):
    """Returns the number of captured pieces for the specified
color. Used to determine if there's a winner after each move."""
    pass

def move_to_index(self, move):
    """Converts the move to an index for the _game_board's list
parameters allowing for rows of a-i and columns 1-9.
    Returns:
```

```

        HORIZONTAL (str): move to make is horizontal
        VERTICAL (str): move to make is vertical
        FALSE:    Illegal move request (i.e. diagonal, non-existent
space)
    """
    pass

    def get_square_occupant(self, square = ""):
        """Determines if the square is occupied or not.

        Returns:
            "RED": if square is occupied by a "R" piece
            "BLACK": if square is occupied by a "B" piece
            "NONE": square is empty; occupied by a "_"
        """
        pass

    def move_type(self, start_loc, end_loc):
        """After checking the start and end locations are valid, this
function
        determines what kind of movement direction is being requested.

        Args:
            start_loc (str): a location with an active piece
            end_loc (str): a valid location to move an active piece

        Returns:
            HORIZONTAL: move to make is horizontal
            VERTICAL: move to make is vertical
            None:    Illegal move request (i.e. diagonal, non-existent
space)
        """
        pass

    def horizontal_move(self, start_loc, end_loc):
        """Checks to see if there are any pieces between the start_loc
to the end_loc. If the start location's column is less than
the end location's column, then the movement is right (i.e. d1
to d7). If the start location's column is greater than the end
location's row, then the movement is left (i.e. d7 to d1).

        Args:
            start_loc (str): a location with an active piece
            end_loc (str): a valid location to move an active piece

        Returns:
            True: move is valid; sets the move.
            False: move is not valid (something obstructs)
        """
        pass

    def vertical_move(self, start_loc, end_loc):

```

```

    """Checks to see if there are any pieces between the start_loc
    to the end_loc. If the start location's row is less than the
    end location's row, then the movement is up (i.e. i1 to h1).
    If the start location's row is greater than the end location's
    row, then the movement is down (i.e. a1 to f1).

    Args:
        start_loc (str): a location with an active piece
        end_loc (str): a valid location to move an active piece

    Returns:
        True: move is valid; sets the move.
        False: move is not valid (something obstructs)
    """
    pass

def corner_capture(self, start_loc, end_loc):
    """If the current move is nearby an opponent's corner piece,
    check to see if another active player's piece resides on the
    nearby corner.
    Note: Corner captures can only occur if the active player
    moves to one 8 tiles (a2, b1, a8, b9, h1, i2, i8, h9). A piece
    of the opposite would need to be in the respective corner (a1,
    a9, i0, i9)

    Args:
        start_loc (str): a location with an active piece
        end_loc (str): a valid location to move an active piece

    Returns:
        True: Captures the corner piece. Updates the active
        player, and move_tracker
        False: if corner capture condition is not met
    """
    pass

def horizontal_capture(self, start_loc, end_loc):
    """After a valid move check, determines if the current move is
    horizontal to an opponent's piece. If so check recursively on
    the opposing side if either NONE, RED, or BLACK piece is on the side.
    If None, capture will not occur. If color matches active player,
    capture the piece and score. If color matches opposing player, check
    again recursively.

    Args:
        start_loc (str): a location with an active piece
        end_loc (str): a valid location to move an active piece

    Returns:
        True: Captures the opponent's piece(s). Updates number of
        captured pieces, and move_tracker
        False: if horizontal capture condition is not met

```

```
    """
    pass

    def vertical_capture(self, start_loc, end_loc):
        """After a valid move check, determines if the current move
        is vertical to an opponent's piece. If so check recursively on the
        opposing side if either NONE, RED, or BLACK piece is on the side. If
        None, capture will not occur. If color matches active player, capture
        the piece and score. If color matches opposing player, check again
        recursively.

        Args:
            start_loc (str): a location with an active piece
            end_loc (str): a valid location to move an active piece

        Returns:
            True: Captures the opponent's piece(s). Updates number of
            captured pieces, and move_tracker
            False: if vertical capture condition is not met
        """
        pass

    def next_turn(self):
        """Increases the move tracker after a successful turn."""
        self._move_tracker += 1

    def make_move(self, start_loc, end_loc):
        """Moves a piece from the start_loc to the end_loc as long as
        it is a valid move.

        Checks for:
            * Valid Turn (if its RED or BLACK's turn)
            * Valid Move (if the start_loc can actually reach end_loc
            without any obstructions)
            * Type of Move (horizontal versus vertical)
            * Capturing conditions:
              - Horizontal Captures (left and right)
              - Vertical Captures (above and below)
              - Corner Captures

        Args:
            start_loc (str): a location with an active piece
            end_loc (str): a valid location to move an active piece

        Returns:
            True: updated location with the piece. Also updates start_loc
            to an empty location again. Updates the active player, and
            move_tracker
            False: if the current move is blocked by any pieces
        """
        pass
```