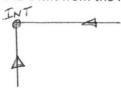
Applied Differentiation.

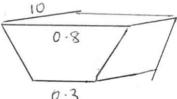
1. Two boats start moving from the same point. One travels south at 60km/hr and the other travels west at 25km/hr. At what rate is the distance between the boats increasing two hours later.



2. Car A is travelling west at $50 \, km/hr$ and car B is travelling north at $60 \, km/hr$. Both cars are heading for the intersection of the two roads. At what rate are the cars approaching each other when car A is 3km and car B is $4 \, km$ from the intersection.



- 3. The altitude of a triangle is increasing at a rate of $1 \, cm/min$ while the area of the triangle is increasing at a rate of $2 \, cm^2/min$. At what rate is the base of the triangle changing when the altitude is $10 \, cm$ and the area is $100 \, cm^2$.
- 4. A water trough is $10 \, m$ long and a cross-section has the shape of an isosceles trapezoid that is 30cm wide at the bottom, $80 \, cm$ wide at the top, and has height $50 \, cm$. If the trough is being filled with water at the rate of $0.2 \, m^3 / min$, how fast is the water level rising when the water is $30 \, cm$ deep.



- 5. Boyle's Law states that when a sample of gas is compressed at a constant temperature, the pressure P and volume V satisfy the equation PV = C where C is a constant. Suppose that at a certain instant the volume is $600 \ cm^3$, the pressure is $150 \ kPa$ and the pressure is increasing at a rate of $20 \ kPa/min$. At what rate is the volume changing at this instant.
- 6. A man launches his boat from point A on a bank of a straight river, 3km wide, and wants to reach point B, 8km downstream on the opposite bank, as quickly as possible. He could row his boat directly across the river to point C and then run to B, or he could row to point D between C and B and then run to B. If can row 6km/hr and run 8km/hr, where should he land to reach B as soon as possible? (Assume that other factors are negligible).

