

Assignment05

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1 Assignment05

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1.3 GitHub : <https://github.com/ChoiBowon/Assignment>

1.4 Import packages for project

```
In [286]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
from scipy import signal
from skimage import io, color
from skimage import exposure
```

1.5 Input file image and transform to gray scale image

```
In [287]: file_image = 'cau.jpg'

im_color = io.imread(file_image)
im_gray = color.rgb2gray(im_color)
```

1.6 Define kernels for example

```
In [288]: ker = np.array([[0,0,0],[0,1,0],[0,0,0]])
im_conv = signal.convolve2d(im_gray, ker, boundary='symm', mode='same')
```

1.7 Plot the images

```
In [289]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
p1 = plt.subplot(2,2,1)
p1.set_title('color image')
plt.imshow(im_color)
plt.axis('off')

p2 = plt.subplot(2,2,2)
p2.set_title('gray image')
plt.imshow(im_gray, cmap='gray')
```

```
plt.axis('off')

p3 = plt.subplot(2,2,3)
p3.set_title('convolution kernel')
plt.imshow(ker, cmap='gray')
plt.axis('off')

p4 = plt.subplot(2,2,4)
p4.set_title('convolution result')
plt.imshow(im_conv, cmap='gray')
plt.axis('off')

plt.show()
```

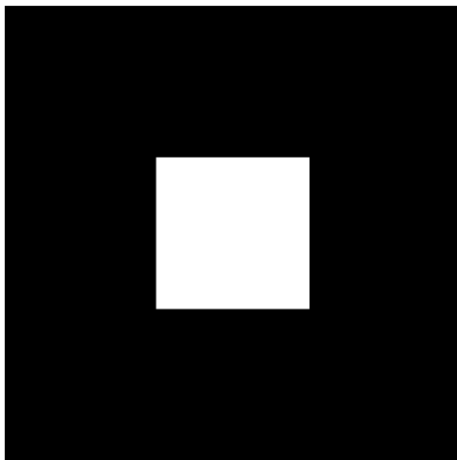
color image



gray image



convolution kernel



convolution result



1.8 Define kernels for computing image gradients

```
In [290]: ker_gradient = np.array([[1,0,-1],[1,0,-1],[1,0,-1]])
```

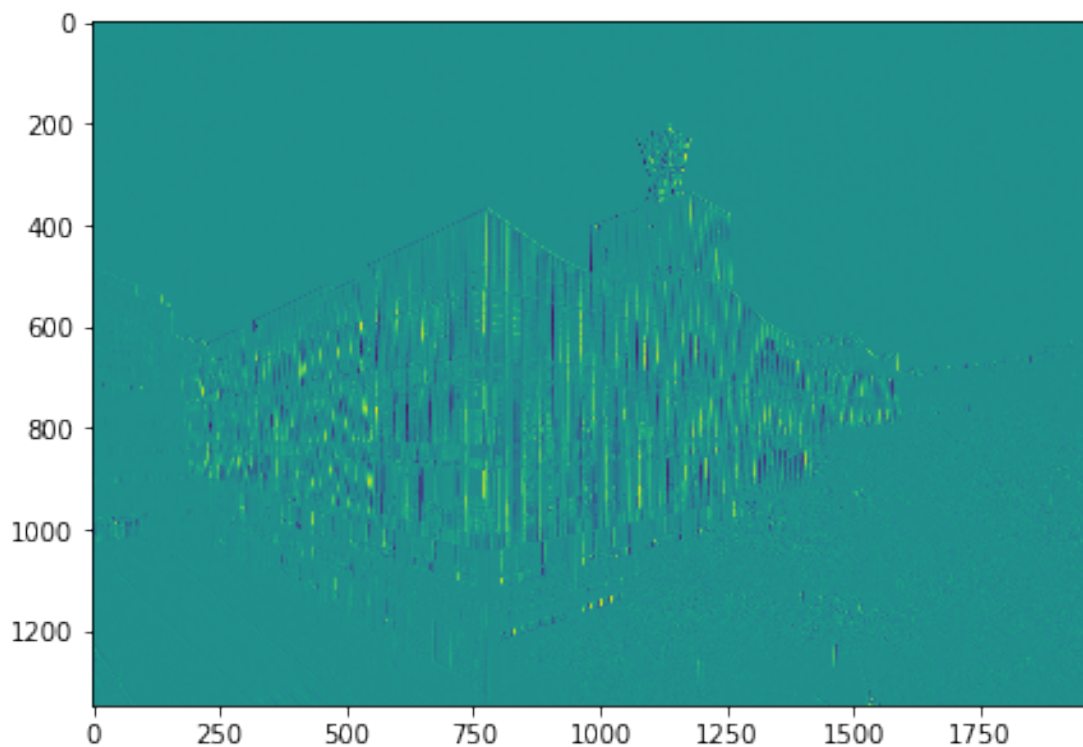
1.9 Function for computing x_derivative and y_derivative and shows the result

1.9.1 The y_derivative function uses transpose matrix of image

```
In [291]: x_result = x_derivative()
def x_derivative():
    x_result = signal.convolve2d(im_gray, ker_gradient, boundary='symm', mode='same')
    plt.figure(figsize=(7,7))
    plt.imshow(x_result)
    print("x derivative image")

    return x_result
```

x derivative image



```
In [292]: def y_derivative():
    y_result = signal.convolve2d(im_gray.T, ker_gradient, boundary='symm', mode='same')
    plt.figure(figsize=(7,7))
    plt.imshow(y_result.T)
```

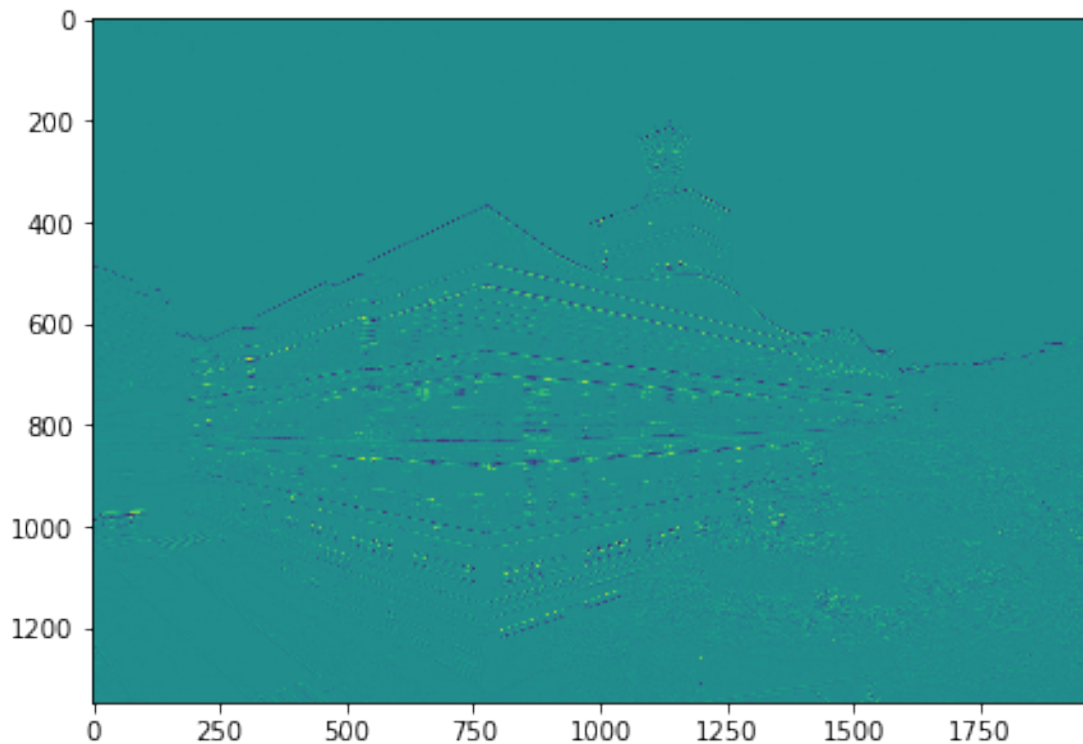
```

    print("y derivative image")

    return y_result.T
y_result = y_derivative()

```

y derivative image



1.10 Function for computing the magnitude of the gradient and Showing the result images

```

In [293]: def magnitude(x, y):
            absolte = (x**2 + y**2)**0.5
            plt.figure(figsize=(7,7))
            plt.imshow(absolte)
            print("absoulte image")

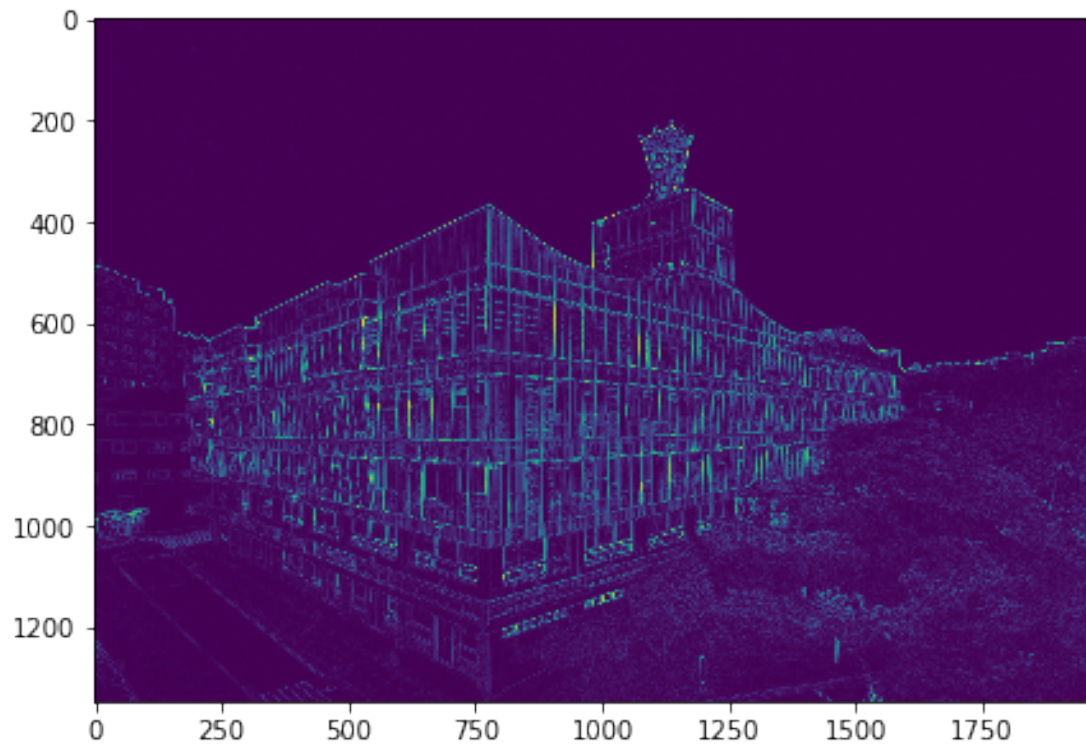
```

```

In [294]: magnitude(x_result, y_result)

```

absoulte image

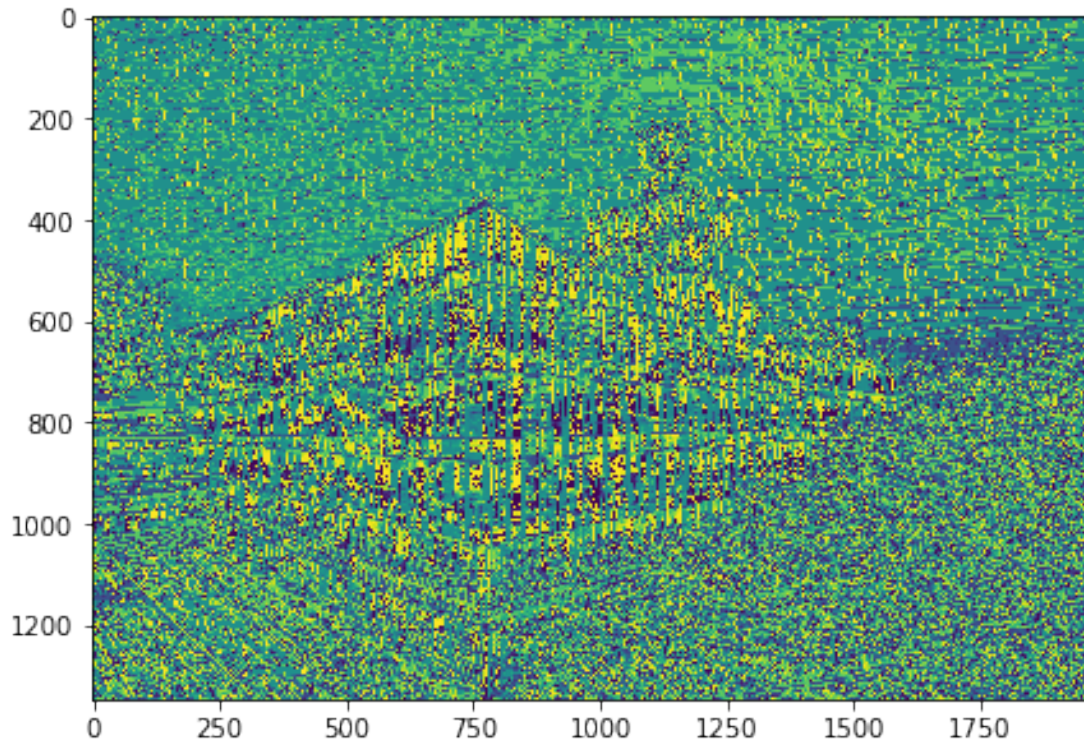


1.11 Function for computing the direction of the gradient using tangent method and Showing the result of direction

```
In [295]: def calculate_angle():
            angle = np.arctan2(y_result, x_result)
            plt.figure(figsize=(7,7))
            plt.imshow(angle)
            print("direction image")
```

```
In [296]: calculate_angle()
```

direction image



1.12 Define kernels for smoothing image

```
In [297]: ker_soomth = np.array([[1/3,1/3,1/3],[1/3,1/3,1/3],[1/3,1/3,1/3]])
```

1.13 Define function for smoothing and show the result of smoothing image function

```
In [298]: def smooth():
    s_result = signal.convolve2d(im_gray, ker_soomth, boundary='symm', mode='same')

    plt.figure(figsize=(20,20))
    p5 = plt.subplot(1,2,1)
    p5.set_title('gray image')
    plt.imshow(im_gray, cmap='gray')
    plt.axis('off')

    p6 = plt.subplot(1,2,2)
    p6.set_title('smooth image')
    plt.imshow(s_result, cmap='gray')
    plt.axis('off')

    plt.show()

In [299]: smooth()
```




1.14 Define my own kernel

```
In [300]: ker_own = np.array([[[-1,-1,-1],[-1,9,-1],[-1,-1,-1]])
```

1.15 Show the result of convolution with my own kernel

1.15.1 It shows the edge of gray scale image

```
In [301]: im_conv_own = signal.convolve2d(im_gray, ker_own, boundary='symm', mode='same')
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(20,20))
p7 = plt.subplot(1,2,1)
p7.set_title('my own result')
plt.imshow(im_conv_own, cmap='gray')
```

```
Out[301]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1c315cc320>
```

