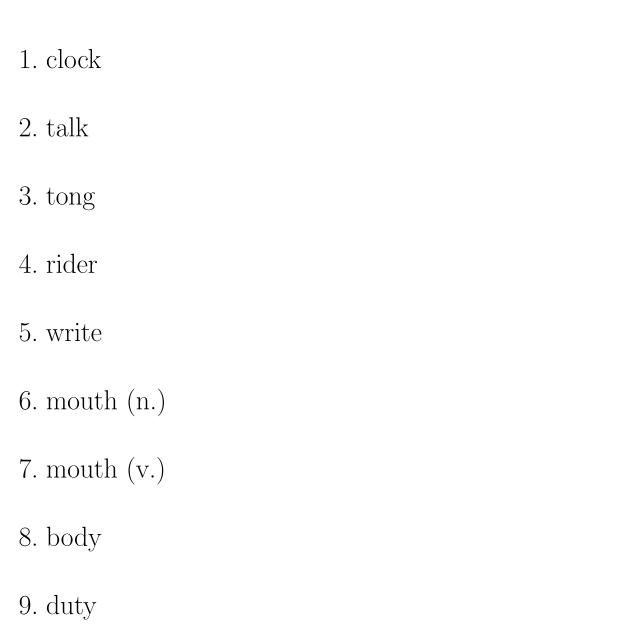
LIN200 Review Exercises

Provide the phonemic and phonetic transcriptions of the following words of Canadian English.



10. investigate

Tagalog: Are the [h] and [?] separate phonemes in Tagalog or allophones of one phoneme?

1.	[kahon]	"box"	4.	[?ari	property"
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- 2. [hari] "king" 5. [ka?on] "to fetch"
- 3. [?umagos] "to flow" 6. [humagos] "to paint"

Tagalog: Are the [d] and [r] separate phonemes in Tagalog or allophones of one phoneme?

1.	[dati]	"to arrive"	6.	[data]	"will complain"
2.	[dami]	"amount"	7.	[marumi]	"dirty"
3.	[dumi]	"dirt"	8.	[marami]	"many"
4.	[darati]	"will arrive"	9.	[dai]	"to complain"
5.	[mandurukot]	"pick pocket"	10.	[mandukot]	"to go pickpocketing"

Consider the data below from Michoacán Nahuatl (Aztecan).

[nokali]	'my house'	[mopelomes]	'your dogs'
[nokalimes]	'my houses'	[ipelo]	'his dog'
[mokali]	'your houses'	[mokwahmili]	'your cornfield'
[ikali]	'his house'	[ikwahmili]	'his cornfield'
[kalimes]	'houses'	[nopelo]	'my dog'

- 1. What kind of morphology does Michoacán Nahuatl seem to use?
- 2. Identify the seven morphemes that correspond to the seven meanings present in the data set.

MEANING	MORPHEME
a. house	
b. dog	
c. cornfield	
d. my	
e. your	
f. his	
g. plural	

- $3.\$ Given the morphemes you've identified, how would you say the following two words in Michoacán Nahuatl?
 - i. dogs
 - ii. his cornfields

Draw the tree structure for the following sentences:				
The ship sank.	The ship in the harbour sank			
The fast ship won the race.	The very fast ship won the race in Venice.			

Mokilese: Are the voiced [i] and voiceless [i] separate phonemes in Mokilese or allophones of one phoneme?

	1.	[pisan]	"full of leaves"	7.	[uduk]	"flesh"
	2.	[dupukda]	"bought"	8.	[kaskas]	"to throw"
,	3.	[puko]	"basket"	9.	[poki]	"to strike something"
2	4.	[kisa]	"we two"	10.	[pil]	"water"
,	5.	[supwo]	"firewood"	11.	[apid]	"outrigger support"
(6.	[kamwəkiti]	"to move"	12.	[luʤuk]	"to tackle"