

Reduction of Order

Consider: $L[y] = y'' + py' + qy = 0$

Method: Spcs y_1 is a soln of $L[y] = 0$. Put $y(t) = v(t)y_1(t)$. Then the equation $L[y] = 0$ becomes a first order separable eqn for w , where $w(t) = v'(t)$

Indeed: $y = vy_1$,

$$y' = vy_1' + v'y_1$$

$$y'' = vy_1'' + 2v'y_1' + v''y_1$$

$$0 = y'' + py' + qy$$

$$= v(y_1'' + py_1' + qy_1) + v'(2y_1' + py_1) + v''y_1$$

$$= v'(2y_1' + py_1) + v''y_1$$

So, $w = v'$ satisfies $0 = w(2y_1' + py_1) + w'y_1$

Example: $y'' + 6y' + 9y = 0$

$$y_1(t) = e^{-3t}$$

$$\text{Write } y(t) = v(t)e^{-3t}$$

$$y'(t) = v(t) \cdot (-3)e^{-3t} + v'e^{-3t}$$

$$y''(t) = v(t) \cdot 9e^{-3t} - 6v'e^{-3t} + v''e^{-3t}$$

$$\Rightarrow y'' + 6y' + 9y = v e^{-3t} (9 + (-3)(-6) + 9) + v' e^{-3t} (-6 + 6) + v'' e^{-3t}$$

$$\Rightarrow v'' = 0$$

Example: Solve $t^3 y'' - ty' + y = 0$

Note: $y_1(t) = t$ is a solution

$$\text{Put } y(t) = v(t)t$$

$$y'(t) = v'(t)t + v(t)$$

$$y''(t) = v''(t)t + 2v'(t)$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 = t^3 y'' - ty' + y$$

$$= t^3 (t v'' + 2v') - t(t v' + v) + t v$$

$$= v'' t^4 + v'(2t^3 - t^2)$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 = v'' t^4 + v'(2t^3 - t^2)$$

$$0 = v'' t^3 + v'(2t - 1)$$

Qwiz: ① $2y'' + 10y' + 17y = 0$, $y(0) = 3$, $y'(0) = -3$.

② $y'' + 6y' + 9y = 0$ fundamental set & calculate w

$$V' = -\frac{2t-1}{t^2} = -\frac{2}{t} + \frac{1}{t^2}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \ln(V')$$

$$\ln(V') = -2\ln(t) - \frac{1}{t} \quad (\text{just need one solution, needn't worry about constant})$$

$$\Rightarrow V' = \frac{1}{t} \exp(-\frac{1}{t}) = \frac{d}{dt} \exp(-\frac{1}{t})$$

$$\Rightarrow V(t) = \exp(-\frac{1}{t})$$

$$\Rightarrow y_2(t) = V(t)y_1(t) = \exp(-\frac{1}{t}) t \text{ is a second solution.}$$