

## Question One

$$\begin{aligned} {}_{0.25}p_0^{ss} &= \exp\{-0.25 \times (\hat{\mu}^{AB} + \hat{\mu}^{AC} + \hat{\mu}^{AD})\} \\ &= \exp\left\{-0.25 \times \left(\frac{25}{500} + \frac{50}{500} + \frac{120}{500}\right)\right\} = 0.907 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Var}(\hat{\mu}^{AB}) = \frac{25}{500^2} \quad \text{Var}(\hat{\mu}^{AC}) = \frac{50}{500^2} \quad \text{Var}(\hat{\mu}^{AD}) = \frac{120}{500^2}$$

$$\text{Var}(\hat{\mu}^{AB} + \hat{\mu}^{AC} + \hat{\mu}^{AD}) = \frac{195}{500^2}$$

Let  $Y = \hat{\mu}^{AB} + \hat{\mu}^{AC} + \hat{\mu}^{AD}$  and using the delta method,

$$\text{Var}(e^{-0.25Y}) \approx (-0.25e^{-0.25Y})^2 \text{Var}(Y) = 0.25^2 (e^{-0.0975})^2 \frac{195}{500^2}$$

Hence an approximate 95% CI is

$$0.907 \pm 2\sqrt{0.25^2 (e^{-0.0975})^2 \frac{195}{500^2}} = 0.907 \pm 2 \times 0.0063$$

## Question Two

$${}_{t+dt}p_x^{12} = {}_t p_x^{11} {}_{dt}p_{x+t}^{12} + {}_t p_x^{12} {}_{dt}p_{x+t}^{22}$$

[Looking at state occupied at age  $x+t$ ]

$${}_{t+dt}p_x^{12} = {}_t p_x^{11} (\sigma dt + o(dt)) + {}_t p_x^{12} (1 - {}_{dt}p_{x+t}^{21} - {}_{dt}p_{x+t}^{23})$$

[Okay if you use  $\approx$  in the above and ignore the term  $o(dt)$ ]

$${}_{t+dt}p_x^{12} = {}_t p_x^{11} \sigma dt - (\rho + \nu) {}_t p_x^{12} dt + o(dt)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{{}_{t+dt}p_x^{12} - {}_t p_x^{12}}{dt} = {}_t p_x^{11} \sigma - (\rho + \nu) {}_t p_x^{12} + \frac{o(dt)}{dt}$$

From here taking the limit as  $t$  approaches zero gives the required result.

## Question Three

$${}_{t+dt}p_x^{\overline{gg}} = {}_tp_x^{\overline{gg}} - {}_dtp_x^{\overline{gg}}$$

$$= {}_tp_x^{\overline{gg}} \left( 1 - \sum_{r \neq g} {}_dtp_{x+t}^{gr} \right)$$

$$= {}_tp_x^{\overline{gg}} \left( 1 - \sum_{r \neq g} \mu_{x+t}^{gr} dt \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} {}_tp_x^{\overline{gg}} = \lim_{dt \rightarrow 0} \frac{{}_tp_x^{\overline{gg}} \left( 1 - \sum_{r \neq g} \mu_{x+t}^{gr} dt \right) - {}_tp_x^{\overline{gg}}}{dt}$$

$$= -{}_tp_x^{\overline{gg}} \sum_{r \neq g} \mu_{x+t}^{gr}$$

Now, using the above result we have:

$$\frac{\frac{\partial}{\partial t} {}_tp_x^{\overline{gg}}}{{}_tp_x^{\overline{gg}}} = - \sum_{r \neq g} \mu_{x+t}^{gr}$$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \ln({}_tp_x^{\overline{gg}}) = - \sum_{r \neq g} \mu_{x+t}^{gr}$$

$$\therefore {}_tp_x^{\overline{gg}} = \exp \left( - \int_0^t \sum_{r \neq g} \mu_{x+s}^{gr} ds \right)$$