

University of Toronto
Faculty of Arts and Sciences
Sample Final Exam, April-May 2014
MAT 337 H1
Intro Real Analysis

Instructor: Regina Rotman

Duration - 3 hours

No aids allowed

Total marks for this paper is 400

Please write your name in the space provided as well as on the Blue Book

Student Number: _____

Last Name: _____

Given Name: _____

FOR MARKER ONLY	
Question	Mark
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
TOTAL	

[90] **Problem 1.**

Is there

- [10] (a) a function that is uniformly continuous on the interval $[0, 1]$, but is not Lipschitz there,
- [10] (b) a function that is Lipschitz on the interval $[0, \infty)$, but is not uniformly continuous there,
- [10] (c) a differentiable function whose derivative is bounded on the interval $[0, 1]$, but the function is not Lipschitz on $[0, 1]$,
- [10] (d) a function that is continuous on $[0, 1]$, but does not attain its minimum value on $[0, 1]$,
- [10] (e) a function that is continuous on \mathbf{R} , but is nowhere differentiable.
- [10] (f) a function f that is defined on $[0, 1]$, not continuous at any point of $[0, 1]$, but f^2 is continuous at every point of $[0, 1]$,
- [10] (g) a function that is defined on $[0, 1]$ and is continuous only at the irrational numbers of $[0, 1]$,
- [10] (h) a nonconstant continuous function $f : \mathbf{R} \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$, that has only irrational numbers in its range,
- [10] (i) a continuous function $f : \mathbf{R} \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^n$ such that $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f(\frac{1}{n}) \neq f(0)$,

You may explain your answers either by stating the relevant theorem or by giving an example, when it exists, but you do not have to do it to get a full credit for a correct answer.

[70] **Problem 2.**

- [35] (a) A normed vector space V is strictly convex if $\|u\| = \|v\| = \|\frac{u+v}{2}\| = 1$ for vectors u, v implies that $u = v$. Show that an inner product space is always strictly convex.
- [35] (b) Let K be a compact subset of \mathbf{R}^n . Let $C(K)$ denote the vector space of all continuous functions on K . For $f \in C(K)$, denote $\|f\|_\infty = \sup_{x \in K} |f(x)|$. Show that this is a norm on $C(K)$.

[70] **Problem 3.** Prove that a compact subset of a normed vector space is closed and bounded.

[70] **Problem 4.** Prove that an inner product space V satisfies the triangle inequality $\|x + y\| \leq \|x\| + \|y\|$ for all $x, y \in V$.

[50] **Problem 5.**

Prove that the series $f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{x}{n(1+nx^2)}$ converges uniformly on \mathbf{R} .

[50] **Problem 6.**

Find the Fourier series for $\sin^3 \theta$ on $[-\pi, \pi]$.