

## Ordinary Least squares model

$$y_{i\bar{j}} = \beta_{0\bar{j}} + \beta_{1\bar{j}} x_{i\bar{j}} + \varepsilon_{i\bar{j}}$$

$$i = 1 \dots n_{\bar{j}}$$

$$\bar{j} = 1 \dots m$$

$$\varepsilon_{i\bar{j}} \sim N(0, \underbrace{\sigma_{\bar{j}}^2}_{\sigma^2/\text{or}})$$

model each school separately

Problem: some school has small sample size

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$$y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_i + \varepsilon_i$$

combine all data,  $i = 1 \dots n$ ,  $n = \sum_{\bar{j}=1}^m n_{\bar{j}}$

Problem: school behaves differently

## Hierarchical Model

$$y_{i\bar{j}} = \beta_{0\bar{j}} + \beta_{1\bar{j}} x_{i\bar{j}} + \varepsilon_{i\bar{j}} \quad \varepsilon_{i\bar{j}} \sim N(0, \sigma^2)$$

$$\beta_{\bar{j}} = (\beta_{0\bar{j}}, \beta_{1\bar{j}}) \sim \text{MVN}(\theta, \Sigma)$$

Priors and posteriors shown in slides  $\beta_{\bar{j}} = \theta + \tau_{\bar{j}}$

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$$y_{i\bar{j}} = \underbrace{\theta}_{\text{fixed effect}} x_{i\bar{j}} + \underbrace{\tau_{\bar{j}}}_{\text{random effect}} x_{i\bar{j}} + \varepsilon_{i\bar{j}}$$

$\tau_{\bar{j}}$  is random