In-class Exercises: XPath and XQuery

Given the example XML file quiz.xml, find the following:

1. Get the solution to every question (regardless of the question type).

Solution:

```
fn:doc("quiz.xml")/quiz/questions/*/@solution

or

fn:doc("quiz.xml")/quiz/questions//@solution
```

2. Get the elements of the true-false questions only.

Solution:

fn:doc("quiz.xml")/quiz/questions/tf-question

3. Get the text of the multiple-choice (mc) question which has the QID 'Q888'.

Solution:

```
fn:doc("quiz.xml")/quiz/questions/mc-question[@qid="Q888"] –see what happens when you remove @
```

- -This returns the entire mc-question element. Now get the *text* of the question: doc("quiz.xml")/quiz/questions/mc-question[@qid="Q888"]/question/text()
- 4. For the student with the ID \$555555555, list the second response answer recorded for them.

Solution:

fn:doc("quiz.xml")/quiz/class-responses/student[@sid="s55555555"]/response[2]/@answer

5. Now return that answer to question 4, enclosed by a <secondAns></secondAns> tag.

Solution:

6. Write an XQuery FLWOR expression that returns the text for each multiple-choice question in quiz.xml, along with the *number* of options available for that question. Hint: you can use count(option).

Solution:

```
for $q in doc('quiz.xml')/quiz/questions/mc-question return ($q/question/text(), $q/count(option))
```

And as we noticed when running the demo in class, using count() this way also works: return (q/question/text(), count(q/qoption))