

Term 2 is coming!

§ 2.3 Two-phase method: can solve any canonical linear programming problem.

Ex. Maximize  $Z = 2x_1 + 3x_2$  s.t.

$$x_1 + x_2 \leq 3$$

$$2x_1 + x_2 \geq 4$$

$$3x_1 - x_2 = -6$$

$$x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0.$$

Put in canonical form, so that each constraint has a non-negative right hand side:

Maximize  $Z = 2x_1 + 3x_2$  s.t.

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 3$$

$$2x_1 + x_2 - x_4 = 4$$

$$-3x_1 + x_2 = 6$$

$$x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0, x_3 \geq 0, x_4 \geq 0$$



Phase 1 will determine whether  $\oplus$  has a solution and if so, will find one. Also: the solution should be basic.

(Now, only  $x_3$  can serve as a basic variable).

We introduce an artificial variable ( $y_1$  and  $y_2$ ) into each constraint which lacks a basic variable and set up the phase 1 auxiliary problem.

Maximize  $Z = y_1 + y_2$  (or Maximize  $Z = -y_1 - y_2 \leftarrow -\sum \text{all artificial variables}$ )

s.t.

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 3$$

$$2x_1 + x_2 - x_4 + y_1 = 4$$

$$-3x_1 + x_2 + y_2 = 6$$

$$x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0, x_3 \geq 0, x_4 \geq 0, y_1 \geq 0, y_2 \geq 0$$



This problem is bounded (that is, has an optimal solution) where either

$$\textcircled{1} Z = 0$$

$$\textcircled{2} Z > 0$$

If  $Z = 0$ , then  $x_1 = 0, x_2 = 0$ , and  $x_1, \dots, x_4$  are feasible for  $\oplus$ .

If  $Z > 0$ , is optimal, then any  $x_1, \dots, x_4, y_1, y_2$  that are feasible for  $\oplus$  have  $y_1 \neq 0$  or  $y_2 \neq 0$ , so  $x_1, \dots, x_4$  are infeasible for  $\oplus$  for any  $x_1, \dots, x_4$ .

## A simplex solution of the auxiliary problem

Tableau ①

	$x_1$	$x_2$	$x_3$	$x_4$	$y_1$	$y_2$	
$x_3$	1	1	1	0	0	0	3
$y_1$	2	1	0	-1	1	0	4
$y_2$	-3	1	0	0	0	1	6
	0	0	0	0	1	1	0

$x_2$  with ratio

$x_2$  col

$\theta$ -ratio

$\frac{3}{1}$

$\frac{4}{1}$

$\frac{6}{1}$

The optimality criterion does not apply because some basic variables have non-negative coefficients in the objective row. we eliminate these according to routine by replacing the objective row with objective row -  $y_1$ , row -  $y_2$ .

Tableau ②

	$x_1$	$x_2$	$x_3$	$x_4$	$y_1$	$y_2$	
$x_2$	1	1	1	0	0	0	3
$y_1$	1	0	-1	-1	1	0	1
$y_2$	-4	0	-1	0	0	1	3
	3	0	2	1	0	0	-4

Optimal tableau:

No feasible solution to  $\oplus$  has  $y_1=0, y_2=0$ ,  $\otimes$  has no feasible solution.

## Notes on "A Two-phase optimization"

Eg. Maximize  $z = -2x_1 - 3x_2 - 2x_3$  s.t.

$$6x_1 - x_2 = 32$$

$$-2x_1 + 4x_2 + 3x_3 = 12$$

$$7x_1 - 5x_2 - 3x_3 \geq 20$$

$$3x_1 + 3x_2 + 3x_3 = 44$$

$$x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0, x_3 \geq 0$$

After putting in the slack  $x_4$ , and setting up the auxiliary problem, one gets phase 1, tableau ①