

LN 9.2.

①

① Forward price K

② Value of a forward contract V_L

① $K = ?$

C1). no income

Portfolio A

Portfolio B

$t=0$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} * \text{ long forward contract to buy one unit of } S \\ * \text{ Invest } \$K \cdot e^{-ST} + c \cdot e^{-st_i} \end{array} \right.$

buy one unit of S .
 $(\$S_0)$

$t=T$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} * \text{ pay } K \text{ to get one unit of } S \\ * \$K \cdot e^{-ST} \cdot e^{ST} = \$K \end{array} \right.$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} * \text{ have one unit of } S (S_T) \\ S_T + c \cdot e^{S(T-t_i)} \end{array} \right.$

\Updownarrow
 one unit of S
 $S_T + c \cdot e^{S(T-t_i)}$

\equiv

$$\Rightarrow K \cdot e^{-ST} = S_0 \Rightarrow \boxed{K = S_0 \cdot e^{ST}}$$

A

B

$t=0$

long forward contract to buy one S

borrow $\$S_0$ to buy one S

$t=T$

pay $\$K$ to get one S

repay $\$S_0 e^{ST}$
 have one S

\Rightarrow

$$K = S_0 \cdot e^{ST}$$

Ex: $S_0 = \$50$.
 $T = \frac{1}{2}$ yrs.
 $i = 9\%$ p.a. $\Rightarrow K$.

Sol: $K = \underline{S_0 e^{ST}} = S_0 \cdot (1+i)^T = \cancel{S_0} \cdot (1+9\%)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
 $= \$52.2$.

(2). Securities with income $\Rightarrow K?$
 Assume $\begin{matrix} c \cdot e^{-st_1} \\ \text{\$C} \\ c \cdot e^{S(T-t_1)} \end{matrix}$

$$\Rightarrow K \cdot e^{-ST} + c \cdot e^{-St_1} = S_0$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{K = S_0 e^{ST} - c e^{S(T-t_1)}}$$

Ex: $r = \frac{10\%}{2} = 5\%$

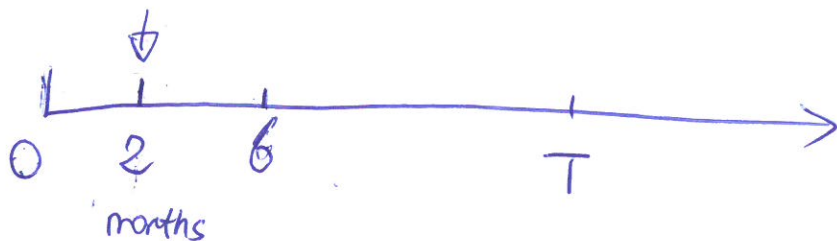
$$F = 100 = C$$

$$P = \$50.2 = S_0 \quad \text{per \$100 nominal}$$

\$20,000 nominal

$$S_0 = \$50.2 \times \frac{20,000}{100} = \underline{\$10,040}$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2} \text{ yrs.}$$



$$C = 20,000 \times 5\% = \$1000$$

$$r = 0.07 \text{ p.a.}$$

Sol:

$$K = S_0 \cdot e^{rT} - C \cdot e^{r(T-t_1)}$$

$$= 10,040 \cdot e^{0.07 \cdot \frac{1}{2}} - 1000 \cdot e^{0.07 \cdot (\frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{12})}$$

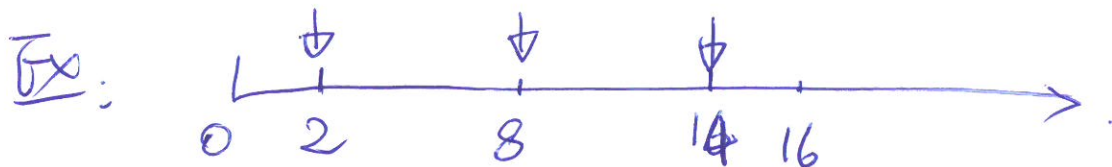
$$= 9,374$$

$$\Rightarrow K = S_0 \cdot e^{rT} - (PV_1) \cdot e^{rT}$$

$$K = (S_0 - PV_1) \cdot e^{rT}$$

$$\text{Ex: } PV_1 = 1000 \cdot e^{-r \cdot \frac{2}{12}}$$

$$\Rightarrow K = (S_0 - PV_1) \cdot e^{r \cdot \frac{1}{2}}$$



$$S_0 = 50,000 \times \frac{50.2}{100} = \$25,100$$

$$T = \frac{16}{12} \text{ yrs}$$

$$C = 50,000 \times \frac{0.1}{2} = \$2500$$

$$K = S_0 \cdot e^{rT} - C_1 \cdot e^{r(T-t_1)} - C_2 \cdot e^{r(T-t_2)} - C_3 \cdot e^{r(T-t_3)} \quad (4)$$

$$K = (S_0 - PVZ) \cdot e^{rT}$$

PVZ
||

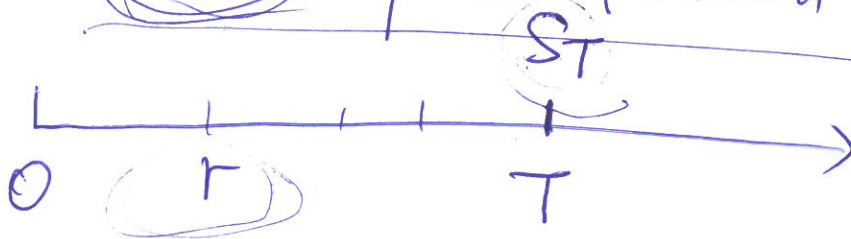
$$= \left[\$25,100 - \left(2500 \cdot e^{-8 \cdot \frac{2}{12}} + 2500 \cdot e^{-8 \cdot \frac{8}{12}} + 2500 \cdot e^{-8 \cdot \frac{14}{12}} \right) \right]$$

$$\times e^{8 \cdot \frac{16}{12}}$$

$$r = 0.07$$

$$= \$19,693.97$$

② The Value of a forward contract.



$$t=0: V_S = V_L = 0$$

$$t=T: \begin{cases} V_L = S_T - K & \text{: long} \\ V_S = K - S_T & \text{: short} \end{cases}$$