

Feb 5th  
Problem Set 3

Q7:  $V, W$  vector spaces over  $F$

$$\alpha = \{v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n\} \text{ and } \beta = \{w_1, w_2, \dots, w_n\}$$

$T: V \rightarrow W$  linear transformation

Prove that  $T$  is an isomorphism iff  $[T]_{\beta\alpha}$  is an invertible matrix.

$(\Rightarrow)$   $T$  is an iso

Let  $T^{-1}: W \rightarrow V$  denote the inverse linear transformation.

$$T \cdot T^{-1} = Id_w \text{ and } T^{-1} \cdot T = Id_v$$

$$[T \cdot T^{-1}]_{\beta}^{\beta} = [Id_v]_{\beta}^{\beta} \quad [T^{-1} \cdot T]_{\alpha}^{\alpha} = [Id_v]_{\alpha}^{\alpha}$$

[NOT YET DONE]

( $\Leftarrow$ ) Assume that  $[T]_{\alpha}^{\beta}$  is an invertible matrix

Try to prove directly that  $T: V \rightarrow W$  is 1-1 and onto  
injective surjective

Injective: Suppose that  $v \in V$  and  $T(v) = 0$

$$0 = [T(v)]_\beta = [T]_\alpha^\beta [v]_\alpha \Rightarrow [v]_\alpha = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow v=0 \Rightarrow \ker(T) = \{0\}$$

Surjective: Suppose  $w \in W$

Q5:  $W = \text{span} \{1+x^2+x^3, 1+x+x^2, 3+x+3x^2+2x^3, -x+x^3\}$  Determine the dimension  $d$  of  $W$  and find an isomorphism  $T: W \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^d$

We would like to "modify" the whole spanning set to obtain another spanning set consisting of linearly independent vectors, since the new spanning set would then be a basis of  $W$ .

$$1+x^2+x^3=(1011)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$W = \text{span} \{1+x^2+x^3, x-x^3\}$$

Note that  $1+x^2+x^3$  and  $x-x^3$  are linearly indep.  
So these vectors form a basis of  $W$ .