Notes 10.1. t=r, >VL re(0,T) NZ+ Ko. E Portfolio A: Kr. P-SLT-r Portfolia B: Portolio A Portfolio B. Kr-Kr+ST = ST law of one price Vc+ Ko. e S(T-r) VL = (Kr-ko). e-S(T-r) For example No Income VL = (Sr. e^{S(T-r)} - S. e^{SI})·e VL = Sr - So. esr.

<u>Db</u>. Ko \$19693.97 r= 10. T= 16 months Kr = (Sr-(PV2)), S(T-r) $= \left(\frac{45.60}{100} \times 50,000 - 2,500 \cdot e^{-0.07.1/2}\right) \cdot e^{0.07. \left(\frac{16-10}{12}\right)}$ = \$21,082.79 $V_{L} = \left(k_{r} - k_{o} \right) \cdot e^{-S(T-r)}.$ $-0.07 \cdot \left(\frac{lb-lo}{12}\right)$ = (21082.79-19693,97).e =\$1341.05

Vield Curves.

Viold

Term.

1 Spot ratis 2 forward rates. S, Sz. Spot Rates Zero-compon bond. P. $(HSD)^{t} = C$ (=) $P = (HS+)^{t} \cdot C$. O \$094 (2) \$0.70 3\$0.47. Sol: 0: 0.94 = $(1+51)^{-1} \cdot $1 \Rightarrow 80 = 6.4\%$

The half yrs. P= E Fr. vor + C. voj j. Lalt-year. P= 5 Fr. Usp + C. Usp: Sp. half-year spot rates. P = Fr (Vsi + Vs2 + ··· + Vsn) + C-Usn P= Fr 1+Si) + (HSi)2 + ... + (HSi)n

PP (P=1,2...n); price of a unit

zero-coapon board maturity

in P half years.

D= Fr. (Pi+P2+..+Pn)+ C-Pn.

 $P = Franj + C U_j^n \Rightarrow (j \Rightarrow j + (H_j) - 1$ $P = Fr \cdot (V_{s_1} + V_{s_2}^2 + \dots + V_{s_n}^n) + C \cdot V_{s_n}^n$ $- I_{s_n} = 10\%$ $= |00.\frac{10\%}{2}.\frac{1}{(1+\frac{7.5\%}{2})} + \frac{1}{(1+\frac{7.75\%}{2})^2} + \cdots + \frac{1}{(1+\frac{9\%}{2})^2}$ + 100. (H 9%)8 = (\$ 103.72.) 103.72 = 100. 10%. agj + 100. Uj => linear interpolation $7 = (1+j)^2 - 1 = 9.07\%$

Forward Rates. $(1+S_t)^t \rightarrow (1+f_{t,T})^{T-t}$ $(1+S_t)^t \rightarrow (1+S_t)^T \rightarrow (1+$

$$(lt ST)^T = (lt St)^t \cdot (lt ft, T)^{T-t}$$

$$if T = t+1$$

$$(+S_{t+1})^{t+1} = (+S_t)^t \cdot (+f_{t,t+1})$$

$$\Rightarrow |t + f_{t,t+1} = \frac{(1+S_{t+1})^{t+1}}{(1+S_t)^t}$$

$$f_{11}$$
 f_{12}
 f_{23}
 $f_{4,t}$
 $f_{4,t}$
 $f_{5,1}$
 f_{12}
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 $f_{5,1}$
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$$(l+S_t)^t \rightarrow l$$

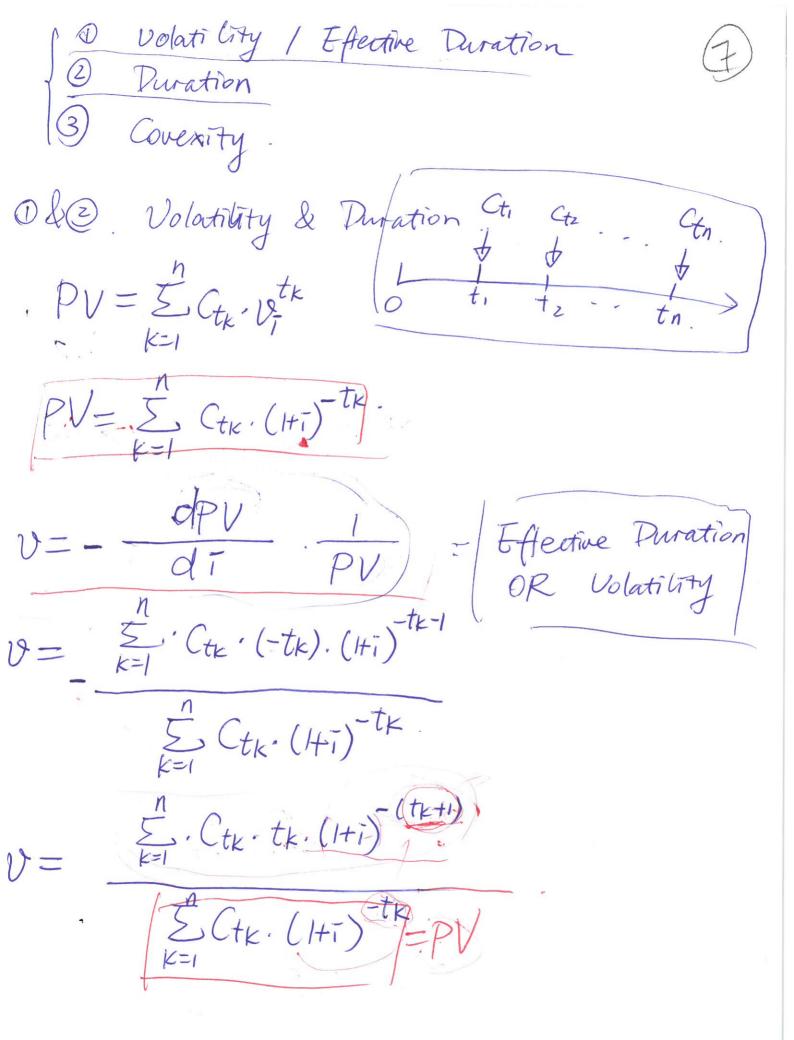
$$P = \frac{Fr}{(l+f_{01})} + \frac{Fr}{(l+f_{01})(l+f_{12})} + \cdots + \frac{Fr+c}{(l+f_{01})(l+f_{12})\cdots(l+f_{1n},n)}$$

$$5_{1}: S_{1} = \frac{206\%}{50} \Rightarrow f_{1,2}$$

 $S_{2} = 8.08\% \Rightarrow f_{1,2}$

$$\langle S_1 \rightarrow \not \leftarrow f_{12} \rightarrow \downarrow \rangle$$
 $0 \qquad 1 \qquad 2$
 $| \leftarrow C_1 \rightarrow \downarrow \rangle$

$$(1+52)^2 = (1+51) \cdot (1+f_{12}) \Rightarrow f_{12} = \frac{(1+52)^2}{1+51} - 1$$



 $DMT = T = \sum_{k=1}^{n} Ct_k \cdot t_k \cdot (1+i)$ $\frac{1}{\sum_{k=1}^{n} Ct_k \cdot (1+i)} \cdot Ct_k \cdot (1+i) \cdot Ct_k$ discounted $\frac{1}{\sum_{k=1}^{n} Ct_k \cdot (1+i)} \cdot Ct_k \cdot Ct_k \cdot (1+i) \cdot Ct_k$

term.

$$P = F_r \cdot \alpha_{nj} + c \cdot \upsilon_j^n$$

$$P = \frac{c}{t-1} F_r \cdot \upsilon_j^t + c \cdot \upsilon_j^n$$

$$\Rightarrow T = \underbrace{\sum_{t=1}^{n} t \cdot F_r \cdot v_j^t + \mathbf{n} \cdot C \cdot v_j^n}_{t=1} + \mathbf{r} \cdot C \cdot v_j^n = P$$

Exz:
$$n-xear$$
 zero-coupon bond.

$$T = \frac{n \cdot C \cdot b_{i}^{n}}{C \cdot b_{i}^{n}} = n.$$