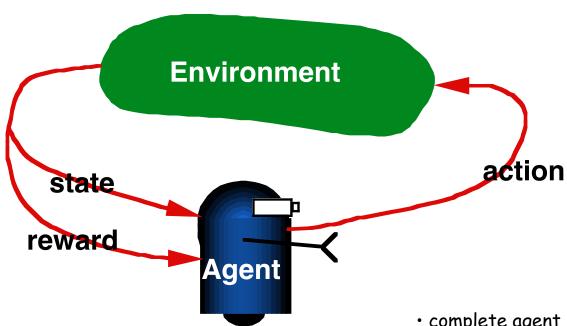
Examples and Videos of Markov Decision Processes (MDPs) and Reinforcement Learning

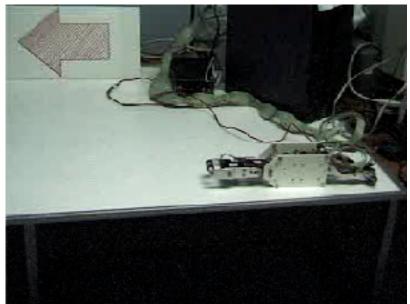
Artificial Intelligence is interaction to achieve a goal



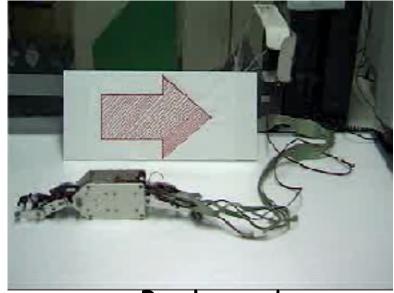
- · complete agent
- temporally situated
- · continual learning & planning
- object is to affect environment
- · environment stochastic & uncertain

States, Actions, and Rewards

Hajime Kimura's RL Robots



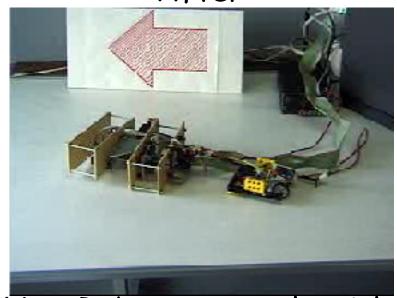
Before



Backward



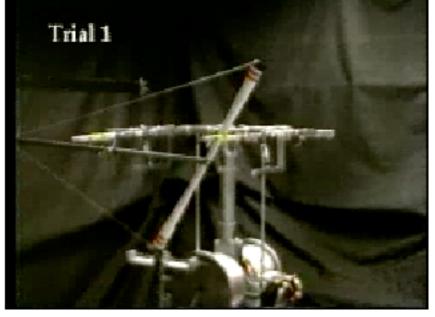
After



New Robot, Same algorithm

Devilsticking

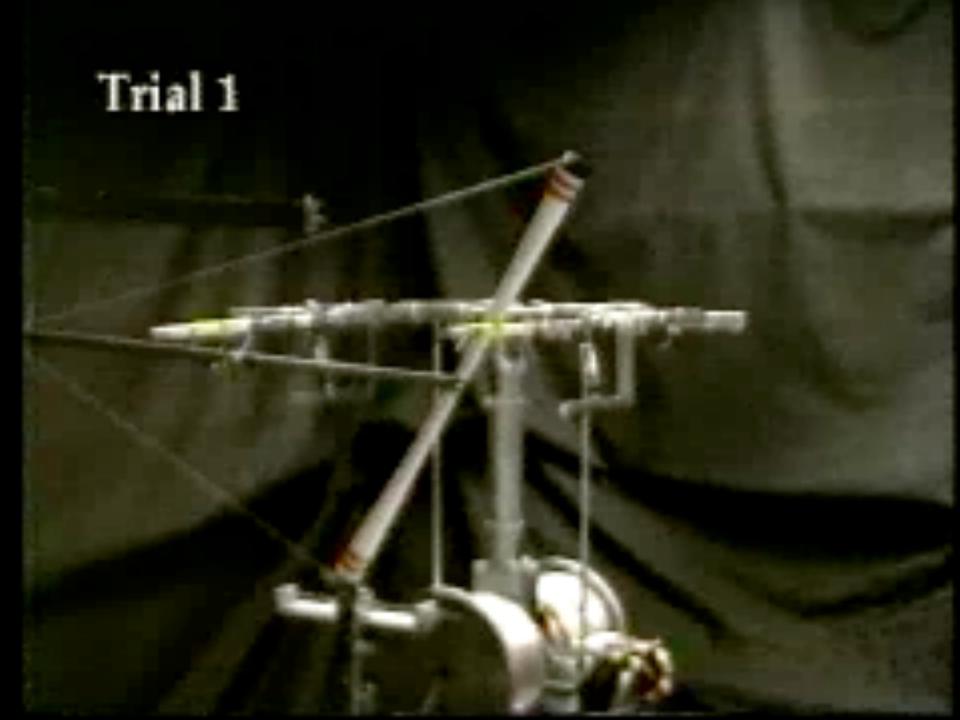




Finnegan Southey University of Alberta

Stefan Schaal & Chris Atkeson Univ. of Southern California "Model-based Reinforcement Learning of Devilsticking"





The RoboCup Soccer Competition



Autonomous Learning of Efficient Gait Kohl & Stone (UTexas) 2004









Policies

- A policy maps each state to an action to take
 - Like a stimulus-response rule

 We seek a policy that maximizes cumulative reward

The policy is a subgoal to achieving reward

The Reward Hypothesis

The goal of intelligence is to maximize the cumulative sum of a single received number: "reward" = pleasure - pain

Artificial Intelligence = reward maximization

Value

Value systems are hedonism with foresight

We value situations according to how much reward we expect will follow them

All efficient methods for solving sequential decision problems determine (learn or compute) "value functions" as an intermediate step

Value systems are a means to reward, yet we care more about values than rewards

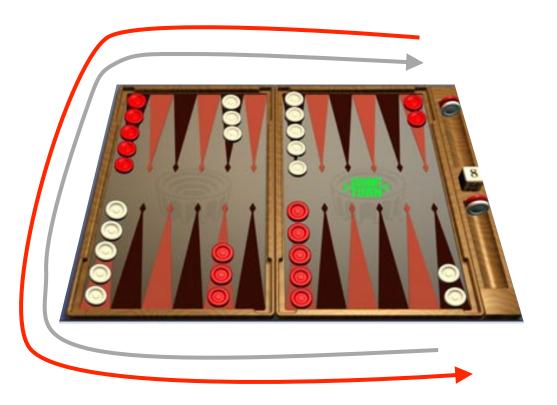
Pleasure = Immediate Reward ≠ good = Long-term Reward

"Even enjoying yourself you call evil whenever it leads to the loss of a pleasure greater than its own, or lays up pains that outweigh its pleasures. ... Isn't it the same when we turn back to pain? To suffer pain you call good when it either rids us of greater pains than its own or leads to pleasures that outweigh them."

-Plato, Protagoras



Backgammon



STATES: configurations of the

playing board ($\approx 10^{20}$)

ACTIONS: moves

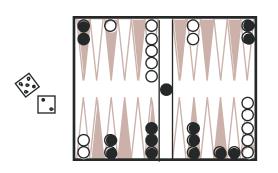
REWARDS: win: +1

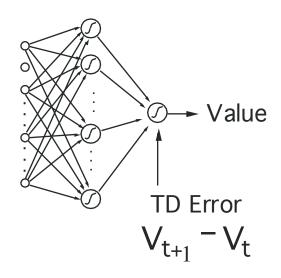
lose: -I

else: 0

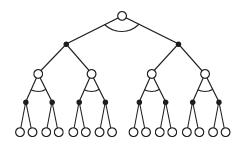
a "big" game

TD-Gammon





Action selection by 2-3 ply search



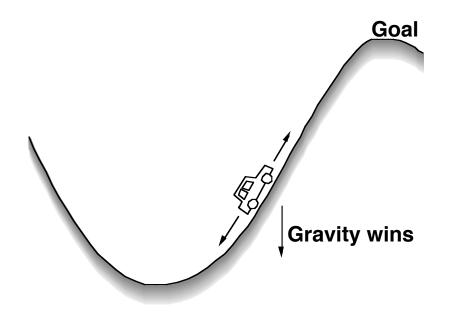
Start with a random Network

Play millions of games against itself

Learn a value function from this simulated experience

Six weeks later it's the best player of backgammon in the world

The Mountain Car Problem



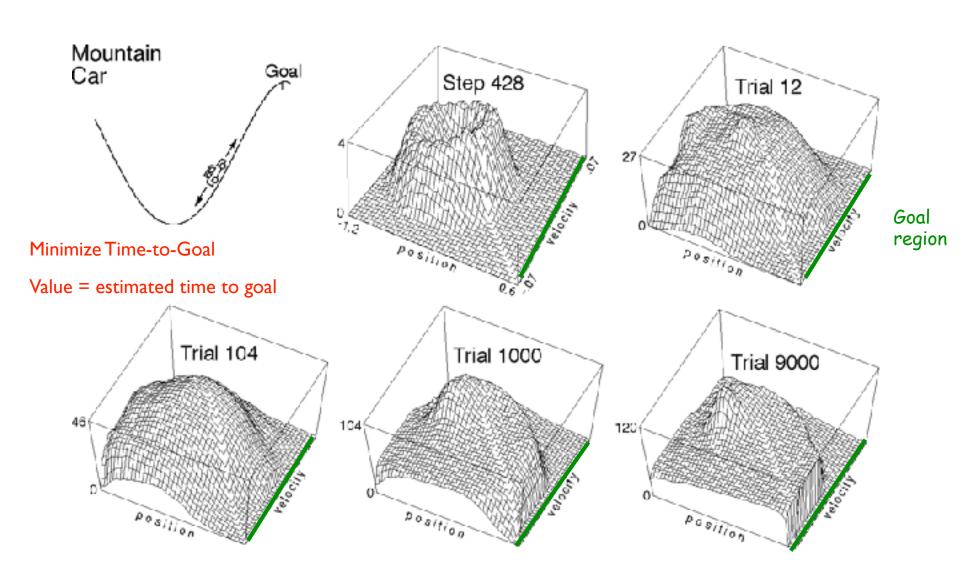
<u>SITUATIONS</u>: car's position and velocity

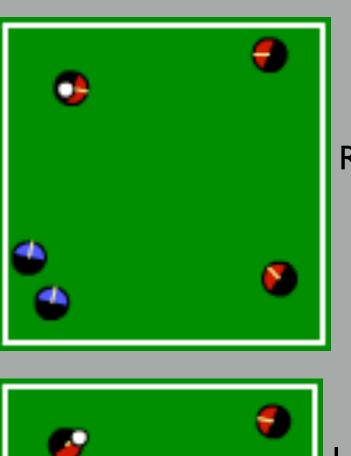
<u>ACTIONS</u>: three thrusts: forward, reverse, none

REWARDS: always -1 until car reaches the goal No Discounting

Minimum-Time-to-Goal Problem

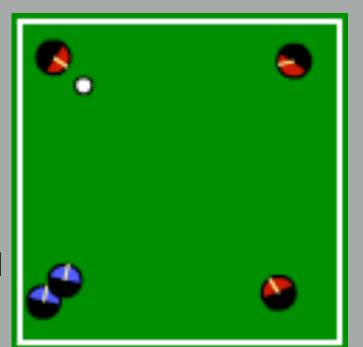
Value Functions Learned while solving the Mountain Car problem

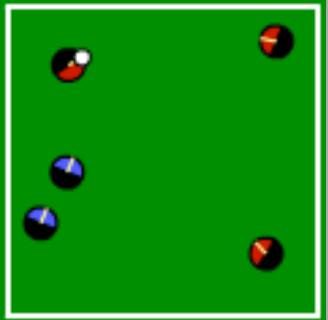




Random

Learned

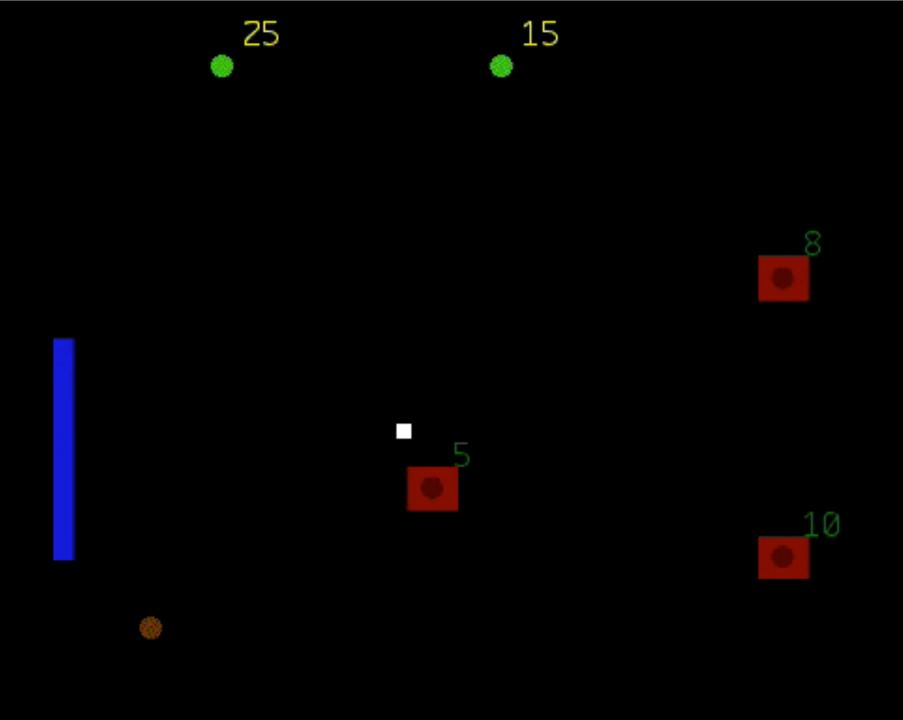




Hand-coded

Hold

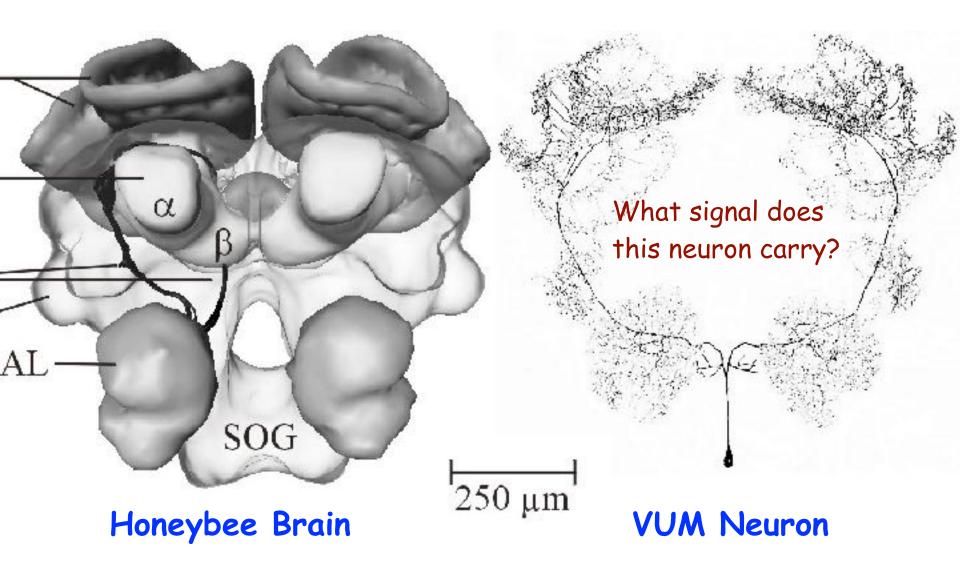




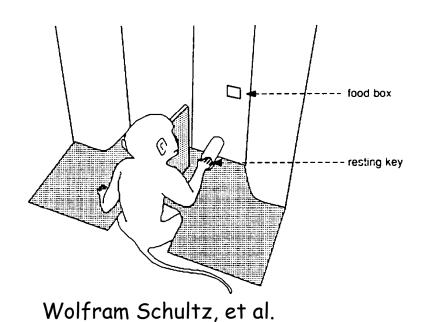
Temporal-difference (TD) error

Do things seem to be getting better or worse, in terms of long-term reward, at this instant in time?

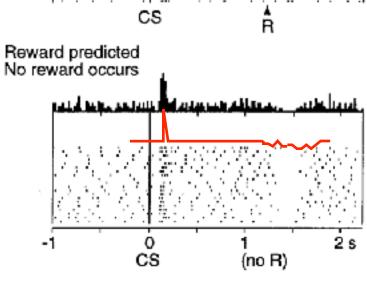
Brain reward systems



Brain reward systems seem to signal TD error

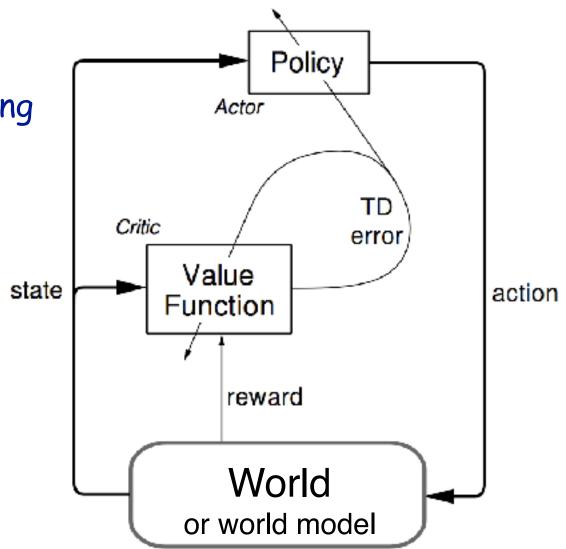


No prediction Reward occurs TD error (no CS) Reward predicted Reward occurs



World models

the actor-critic reinforcement learning architecture



"Autonomous helicopter flight via Reinforcement Learning"

Ng (Stanford), Kim, Jordan, & Sastry (UC Berkeley) 2004

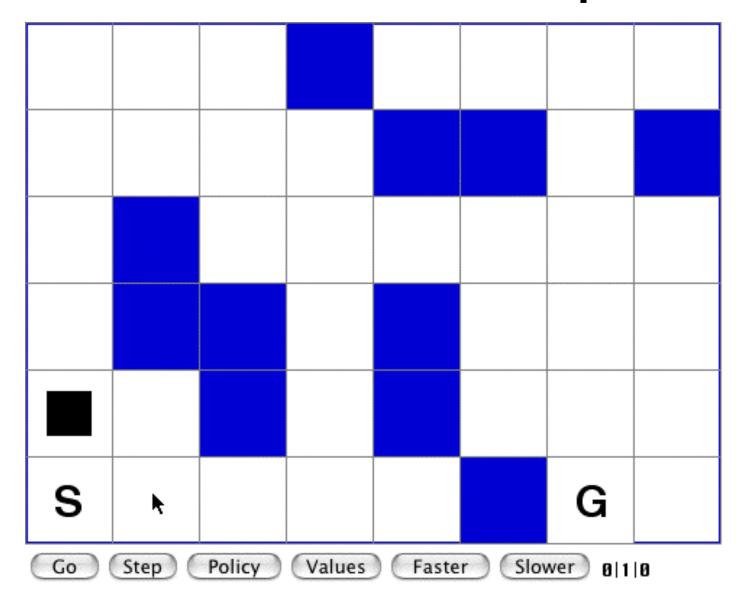


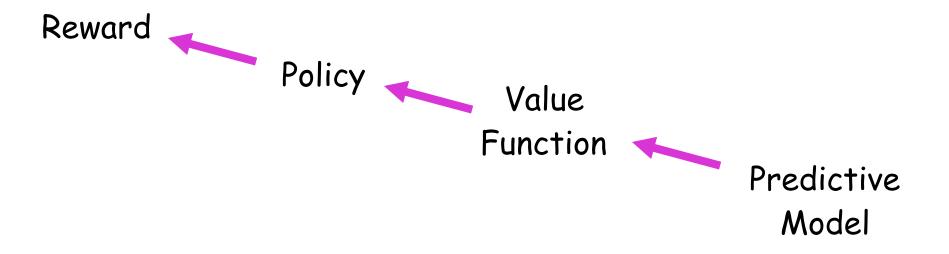


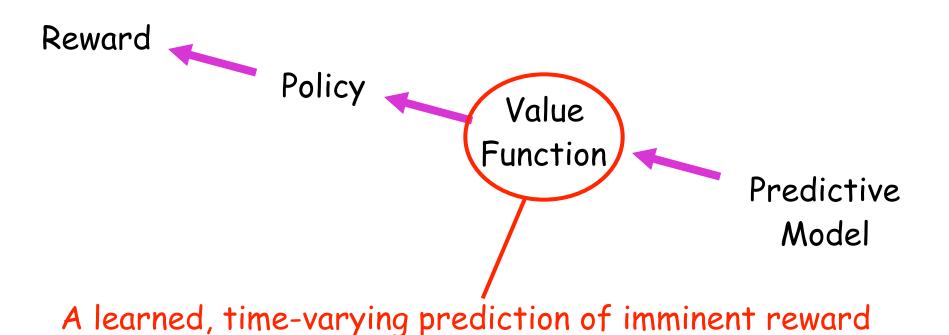
Reason as RL over Imagined Experience

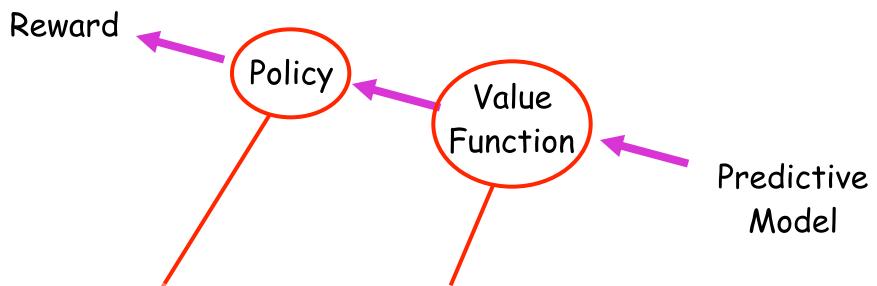
- I. Learn a predictive model of the world's dynamics transition probabilities, expected immediate rewards
- 2. Use model to generate imaginary experiences internal thought trials, mental simulation (Craik, 1943)
- 3. Apply RL as if experience had really happened vicarious trial and error (Tolman, 1932)

GridWorld Example

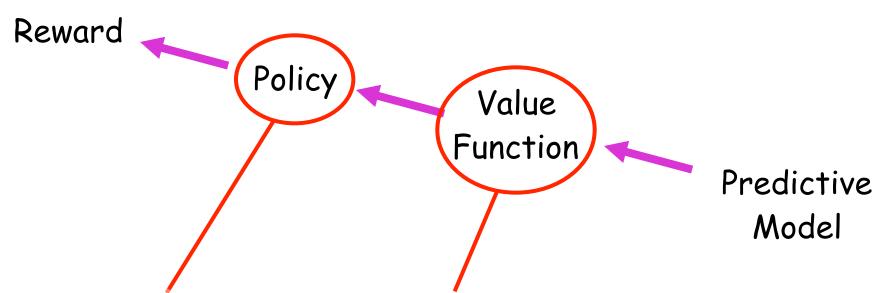






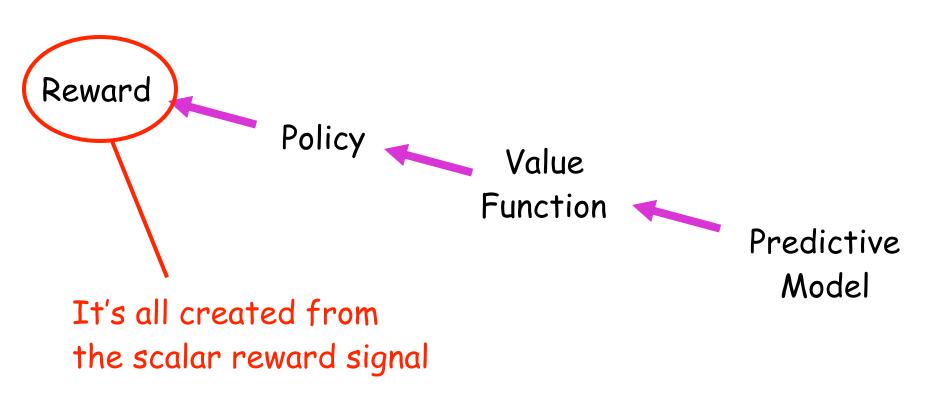


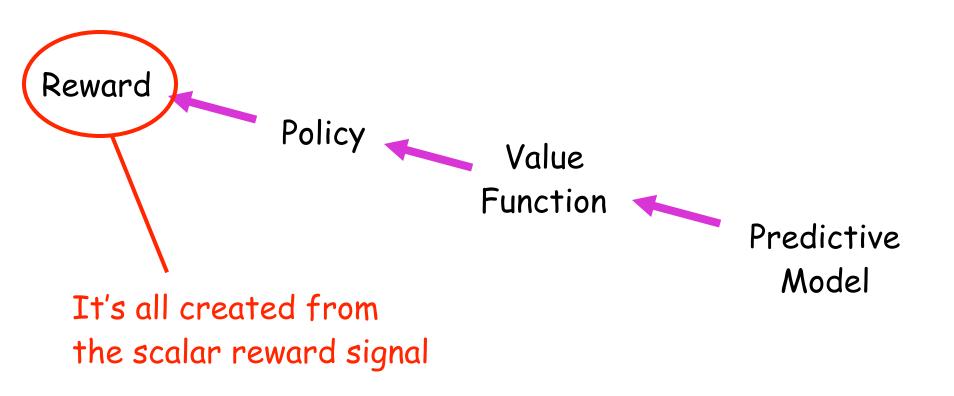
A learned, time-varying prediction of imminent reward Key to all efficient methods for finding optimal policies



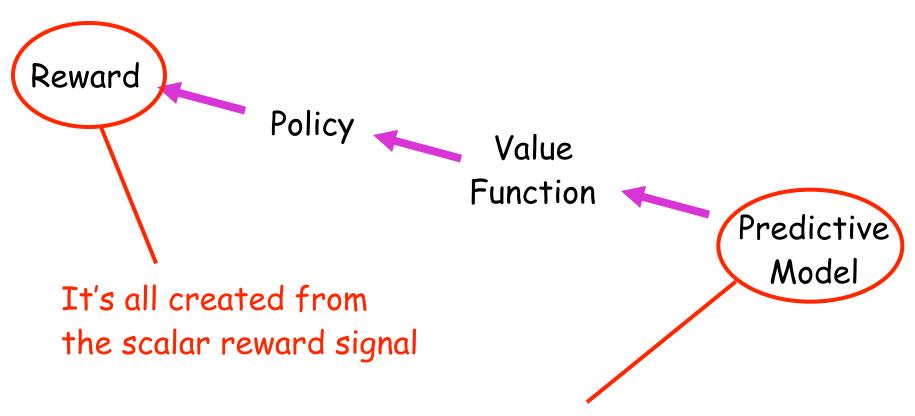
A learned, time-varying prediction of imminent reward Key to all efficient methods for finding optimal policies

This has nothing to do with either biology or computers





together with the causal structure of the world



together with the causal structure of the world

The End