## Implementing Asynchronous Patterns



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#### Overview



Why asynchronous code is important

**Callback functions** 

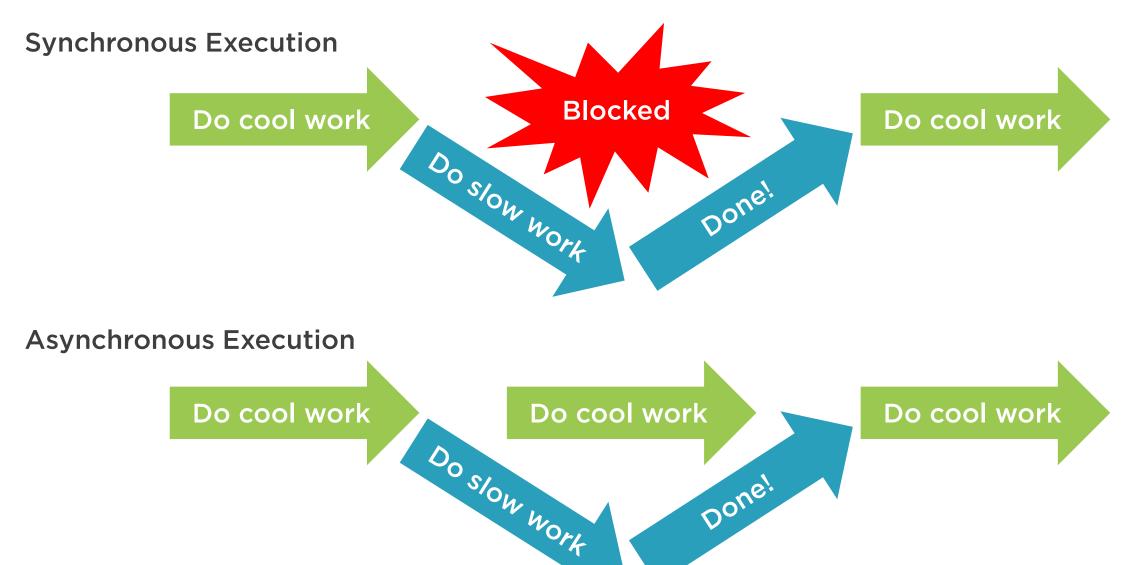
**Promises** 

async/await



#### Why Asynchronous Code Matters

Done!





# Callback Functions

A "higher order" function may be passed functions as parameters

Callbacks execute after an asynchronous operation

Commonly used to process asynchronous results

May have any signature

Conventionally accept an error and a data parameter



#### Demo



Using callbacks with asynchronous code



## Promise

The Promise object is used for asynchronous computations. A Promise represents a value which may be available now, or in the future, or never.

Mozilla Developer Network https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript/Reference/Global\_Objects/Promise



#### Promises

#### Native support in ES2015

- Requires TypeScript -- target compiler option set to ES2015

#### Simple API

- then
- catch

Similar to Tasks in C#

May be chained together

Created by passing a function to the Promise constructor





```
function doAsyncWork(resolve, reject) {
    // perform async calls
    if (success) resolve(data);
    else reject(reason);
}
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```
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   // perform async calls
   if (success) resolve(data);
   else reject(reason);
let p: Promise<string> = new Promise(doAsyncWork);
let p: Promise<string> = new Promise((resolve, reject) => {
   // perform async calls
   if (success) resolve(data);
   else reject(reason);
```

```
let p: Promise<string> = MethodThatReturnsPromise();
p.then(stringData => console.log(stringData))
```



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```



```
let p: Promise<string> = MethodThatReturnsPromise();
p.then(stringData => console.log(stringData))
   .catch(reason => console.log(reason));
```



```
let p: Promise<string> = MethodThatReturnsPromise();
p.then(stringData => console.log(stringData))
   .catch(reason => console.log(reason));
```



#### Demo



**Creating and using promises** 



async/await

Allows code to be written more linearly

Very similar to async/await in C#

**Uses ES2015 features** 

- Promises
- Generators
- Iterators

Coming soon to ES5



```
async function doAsyncWork() {
   let results = await GetDataFromServer();
   console.log(results);
}
```



```
async function doAsyncWork() {
   let results = await GetDataFromServer();
   console.log(results);
}
```



```
async function doAsyncWork() {
  let results = await GetDataFromServer();
  console.log(results);
}
```

```
async function doAsyncWork() {
   let results = await GetDataFromServer();
   console.log(results);
console.log('Calling server to retrieve data...');
doAsyncWork();
console.log('Results will be displayed when ready...');
```



#### Demo



Writing asynchronous code with async/await



## Summary



Asynchronous code keeps your application responsive

**Callbacks** 

**Promises** 

async/await

