# Additional Options +

### **GIT CONFIG**

git configglobal user.name <name></name>	Define the author name to be used for all commits by the current user.
<pre>git configglobal user.email <email></email></pre>	Define the author email to be used for all commits by the current user.
<pre>git configglobal alias. <alias-name> <git-command></git-command></alias-name></pre>	Create shortcut for a Git command. E.g. alias.glog "log —graph —oneline" will set "git glog" equivalent to "git log —graph —oneline.
git configsystem core.editor <editor></editor>	Set text editor used by commands for all users on the machine. <editor> arg should be the command that launches the desired editor (e.g., vi).</editor>
git config globaledit	Open the global configuration file in a text editor for manual editing.

### **GIT LOG**

git log - <limit></limit>	Limit number of commits by <limit>.  E.g. "git log -5" will limit to 5 commits.</limit>
git logoneline	Condense each commit to a single line.
git log -p	Display the full diff of each commit.
git logstat	Include which files were altered and the relative number of lines that were added or deleted from each of them.
git logauthor= " <pattern>"</pattern>	Search for commits by a particular author.
git log grep=" <pattern>"</pattern>	Search for commits with a commit message that matches <pattern>.</pattern>
git log <since><until></until></since>	Show commits that occur between <since> and <until>. Args can be a commit ID, branch name, HEAD, or any other kind of revision reference.</until></since>
git log <file></file>	Only display commits that have the specified file.
git loggraph decorate	graph flag draws a text based graph of commits on left side of commit msgsdecorate adds names of branches or tags of commits shown.

### **GIT DIFF**

git diff HEAD	Show difference between working directory and last commit.
git diffcached	Show difference between staged changes and last commit

### **GIT RESET**

git reset	Reset staging area to match most recent commit, but leave the working directory unchanged.
git resethard	Reset staging area and working directory to match most recent commit and <b>overwrites all changes</b> in the working directory.
git reset <commit></commit>	Move the current branch tip backward to <commit>, reset the staging area to match, but leave the working directory alone.</commit>
git resethard <commit></commit>	Same as previous, but resets both the staging area & working directory to match. <b>Deletes</b> uncommitted changes, and <b>all commits after</b> <commit>.</commit>

#### **GIT REBASE**

git rebase -i	Interactively rebase current branch onto <base/> . Launches editor to enter
<base/>	commands for how each commit will be transferred to the new base.

## **GIT PULL**

git pullrebase	Fetch the remote's copy of current branch and rebases it into the local
<remote></remote>	copy. Uses git rebase instead of merge to integrate the branches.

### **GIT PUSH**

git push <remote>force</remote>	Forces the git push even if it results in a non-fast-forward merge. Do not use the —force flag unless you're absolutely sure you know what you're doing.
git push <remote></remote>	Push all of your local branches to the specified remote.
git push <remote></remote>	Tags aren't automatically pushed when you push a branch or use thea11 flag. Thetags flag sends all of your local tags to the remote repo.

