In [61]:

```
%matplotlib inline
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
import mpld3
mpld3.enable_notebook()
```

In [47]:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import random
import xgboost as xgb
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pylab
import seaborn as sns
from pandas.tools.plotting import scatter_matrix
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.metrics import fl_score
from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score, auc,roc_curve
import pandas_profiling
from scipy import stats
```

In [7]:

```
train = pd.read_csv("train.csv")
test = pd.read_csv("test.csv")
pandas_profiling.ProfileReport(train)
```

Overview

Dataset info

Number of variables22Number of observations69713Total Missing (%)8.8%Total size in memory11.7 MiBAverage record size in memory176.0 B

Variables types

Numeric 8
Categorical 12
Date 0
Text (Unique) 1
Rejected 1

Warnings

- Approved has 68693 / 98.5% zeros
- City Category has 814 / 1.2% missing values Missing
- City Code has 814 / 1.2% missing values Missing
- City Code has a high cardinality: 679 distinct values warning
- Customer_Existing_Primary_Bank_Code has 9391 / 13.5% missing values Missing
- Customer_Existing_Primary_Bank_Code has a high cardinality: 58 distinct values warning
- DOB has a high cardinality: 10760 distinct values warning
- EMI is highly correlated with Loan Amount (ρ = 0.91683) Rejected
- Employer_Category1 has 4018 / 5.8% missing values Missing
- Employer Category2 has 4298 / 6.2% missing values Missing
- Employer Code has 4018 / 5.8% missing values Missing
- Employer Code has a high cardinality: 36618 distinct values warning
- Existing EMI is highly skewed (y1 = 194.93)
- Existing_EMI has 46621 / 66.9% zeros
- Interest Rate has 47437 / 68.0% missing values Missing
- Lead_Creation_Date has a high cardinality: 92 distinct values | warning
- Loan Amount has 27709 / 39.7% missing values Missing
- Loan Period has 27709 / 39.7% missing values Missing
- Monthly Income is highly skewed (y1 = 168.42)
- Primary_Bank_Type has 9391 / 13.5% missing values Missing
- Var1 has 23308 / 33.4% zeros

Variables

Approved

Numeric

Distinct count 2
Unique (%) 0.0%

Missing (%) 0.0%

Missing (n) 0 Infinite (%) 0.0%

Infinite (n) 0

Mean 0.014631

Minimum0Maximum1

Zeros (%) 98.5%

Toggle details

City_Category

Categorical

Distinct count 4

Unique (%) 0.0% **Missing (%)** 1.2%

Missing (n) 814

A 49885

C 11694

B 7320

(Missing) 814

Toggle details

City_Code

Categorical

Distinct count 679 Unique (%) 1.0%

Missing (%) 1.2%

Missing (n) 814

C10001 10007

C10002 8716

C10003 8666

Other values (675) 41510

Toggle details

Contacted

Categorical

 Distinct count
 2

 Unique (%)
 0.0%

 Missing (%)
 0.0%

 Missing (n)
 0

Y 45275

N 24438

Toggle details

Customer_Existing_Primary_Bank_Code

Categorical

 Distinct count
 58

 Unique (%)
 0.1%

 Missing (%)
 13.5%

 Missing (n)
 9391

B001 14197

B002 10880

B003 9515

Other values (54) 25730

(Missing) 9391

Toggle details

DOB

Categorical

 Distinct count
 10760

 Unique (%)
 15.4%

 Missing (%)
 0.0%

 Missing (n)
 15

11/01/82 253

04/03/71 183

03/03/71 121

Other values (10756) 69141

Toggle details

EMI

Highly correlated

This variable is highly correlated with Loan_Amount and should be ignored for analysis

Correlation 0.91683

Employer_Category1

Categorical

Distinct count 4

Unique (%) 0.0% Missing (%) 5.8% Missing (n) 4018

A 33336

B 18056

C 14303

(Missing) 4018

Toggle details

Employer_Category2

Numeric

Distinct count 5

Unique (%) 0.0%

Missing (%) 6.2%

Missing (n) 4298

Infinite (%) 0.0%

Infinite (n) 0

Mean 3.7202

Minimum 1

Maximum 4

Zeros (%) 0.0%

Toggle details

Employer_Code

Categorical

 Distinct count
 36618

 Unique (%)
 55.7%

 Missing (%)
 5.8%

Missing (n) 4018

COM0000002 457

COM000003 324

COM0000004 262

Other values (36614)
(Missing) 4018

Toggle details

64652

Existing_EMI

Numeric

 Distinct count
 3246

 Unique (%)
 4.7%

 Missing (%)
 0.1%

 Missing (n)
 51

 Infinite (%)
 0.0%

 Infinite (n)
 0

 Mean
 360.93

 Minimum
 0

545440

66.9%

Maximum

Zeros (%)

Toggle details

Gender

Categorical

 Distinct count
 2

 Unique (%)
 0.0%

 Missing (%)
 0.0%

 Missing (n)
 0

Male 39949

Female 29764

Toggle details

ID

Categorical, Unique

First 3 values

APPC40121545438

APPQ30174685224

APPJ40284465127

Last 3 values

APPZ70610951333

APPB30147687132

APPP40371676716

Interest_Rate

Numeric

Distinct count 73 0.3% Unique (%) Missing (%) 68.0% Missing (n) 47437 Infinite (%) 0.0% Infinite (n) 0 Mean 19.214 Minimum 11.99 Maximum 37 Zeros (%) 0.0%

Toggle details

Lead_Creation_Date

Categorical

 Distinct count
 92

 Unique (%)
 0.1%

 Missing (%)
 0.0%

 Missing (n)
 0

02/09/16 1838 22/09/16 1629 29/09/16 1038

Other values (89) 65208

Toggle details

Loan_Amount

Numeric

 Distinct count
 197

 Unique (%)
 0.5%

 Missing (%)
 39.7%

 Missing (n)
 27709

 Infinite (%)
 0.0%

 Infinite (n)
 0

 Mean
 39430

Minimum 5000



Toggle details

Loan_Period

Numeric

Distinct count 7 Unique (%) 0.0% Missing (%) 39.7% Missing (n) 27709 Infinite (%) 0.0% Infinite (n) 0 Mean 3.8906 Minimum 1

Maximum 6

Zeros (%) 0.0%



Toggle details

Monthly_Income

Numeric

 Distinct count
 5010

 Unique (%)
 7.2%

 Missing (%)
 0.0%

 Missing (n)
 0

 Infinite (%)
 0.0%

 Infinite (n)
 0

 Mean
 5622.3

Minimum 0

Maximum 38384000

Zeros (%) 0.4%

1e7

Toggle details

Primary_Bank_Type Categorical **Distinct count** 3 Unique (%) 0.0% Missing (%) 13.5% Missing (n) 9391 Ρ 39619 G 20703 (Missing) 9391 Toggle details Source Categorical **Distinct count** 29 Unique (%) 0.0% Missing (%) 0.0% Missing (n) 0 S122 30941 S133 23877 S159 4474 Other values (26) 10421 Toggle details Source_Category Categorical **Distinct count** 7 Unique (%) 0.0% Missing (%) 0.0% Missing (n) 0 29812 В G 26518 С 11374 Other values (4) 2009 Toggle details Var1 Numeric **Distinct count** 5 Unique (%) 0.0%

Missing (%) 0.0%
Missing (n) 0
Infinite (%) 0.0%
Infinite (n) 0
Mean 3.9484
Minimum 0
Maximum 10
Zeros (%) 33.4%

Toggle details

Sample

	ID	Gender	DOB	Lead_Creation_Date	City_Code
0	APPC90493171225	Female	23/07/79	15/07/16	C10001
1	APPD40611263344	Male	07/12/86	04/07/16	C10003
2	APPE70289249423	Male	10/12/82	19/07/16	C10125
3	APPF80273865537	Male	30/01/89	09/07/16	C10477
4	APPG60994436641	Male	19/04/85	20/07/16	C10002

In [6]:

pandas_profiling.ProfileReport(test)

Overview

Dataset info

Number of variables21Number of observations30037Total Missing (%)9.2%Total size in memory4.8 MiBAverage record size in memory168.0 B

Variables types

Numeric 7
Categorical 12
Date 0
Text (Unique) 1
Rejected 1

Warnings

- City Category has 314 / 1.0% missing values Missing
- City_Code has 314 / 1.0% missing values Missing
- City Code has a high cardinality: 578 distinct values warning
- Customer_Existing_Primary_Bank_Code has 4037 / 13.4% missing values Missing
- Customer_Existing_Primary_Bank_Code has a high cardinality: 57 distinct values Warning
- DOB has a high cardinality: 8511 distinct values Warning
- EMI is highly correlated with Loan Amount (ρ = 0.93361) Rejected
- Employer Category1 has 1605 / 5.3% missing values Missing
- Employer Category2 has 1695 / 5.6% missing values Missing
- Employer Code has 1605 / 5.3% missing values Missing
- Employer Code has a high cardinality: 18656 distinct values warning
- Existing_EMI has 20111 / 67.0% zeros
- Interest Rate has 20385 / 67.9% missing values Missing
- Lead_Creation_Date has a high cardinality: 92 distinct values warning
- Loan Amount has 11871 / 39.5% missing values Missing
- Loan Period has 11871 / 39.5% missing values | Missing
- Monthly Income is highly skewed (y1 = 117.66)
- Primary Bank Type has 4037 / 13.4% missing values Missing
- Var1 has 9937 / 33.1% zeros

Variables

City_Category Categorical **Distinct count** 4 Unique (%) 0.0% Missing (%) 1.0% Missing (n) 314 Α 21498 С 5067 3158 В (Missing) 314 Toggle details City_Code Categorical **Distinct count** 578 Unique (%) 1.9% Missing (%) 1.0% Missing (n) 314 4306 C10001 C10002 3746 C10003 3684 Other values (574) 17987 Toggle details Contacted Categorical **Distinct count** 2 Unique (%) 0.0% Missing (%) 0.0% Missing (n) 0 Υ 19497 Ν 10540 Toggle details Customer_Existing_Primary_Bank_Code Categorical **Distinct count** 57

Unique (%)

Missing (%)

0.2%

13.4%

Missing (n) 4037 B001 5958 B002 4665 B003 4167 Other values (53) 11210 (Missing) 4037 Toggle details DOB Categorical **Distinct count** 8511 Unique (%) 28.3% Missing (%) 0.0% Missing (n) 3 11/01/82 92 04/03/71 84 03/03/91 51 Other values (8507) 29807 Toggle details

EMI

Highly correlated

This variable is highly correlated with Loan_Amount and should be ignored for analysis

Correlation 0.93361

Employer_Category1

Categorical

 Distinct count
 4

 Unique (%)
 0.0%

 Missing (%)
 5.3%

 Missing (n)
 1605

A 14469

B 7744 C 6219

(Missing) 1605

Toggle details

Employer_Category2 Numeric

Distinct count 5

Unique (%) 0.0%

Missing (%) 5.6% Missing (n) 1695

Infinite (%) 0.0%

Infinite (n) 0

Mean 3.7282

Minimum 1 Maximum 4

Zeros (%) 0.0%

Toggle details

Employer Code

Categorical

Distinct count 18656 **Unique (%)** 65.6%

Missing (%) 5.3%

Missing (n) 1605

COM0000002 165

COM0000004 130

COM0000003 124

Other values (18652) 28013

(Missing) 1605

Toggle details

Existing_EMI

Numeric

Distinct count 1805

Unique (%) 6.0%

Missing (%) 0.1%

Missing (n) 32

Infinite (%) 0.0%

Infinite (n) 0

Mean 348.91

Minimum 0

Maximum 43000

Zeros (%) 67.0%

Toggle details

Gender

Categorical

 Distinct count
 2

 Unique (%)
 0.0%

 Missing (%)
 0.0%

 Missing (n)
 0

Male 17204

Female 12833

Toggle details

ID

Categorical, Unique

First 3 values

APPS90177849642

APPF50232302911

APPN10004372935

Last 3 values

APPN90087131519

APPY10040885644

APPZ30412063529

Toggle details

Interest_Rate

Numeric

Zeros (%)

Distinct count 71 Unique (%) 0.7% Missing (%) 67.9% Missing (n) 20385 Infinite (%) 0.0% Infinite (n) 0 19.281 Mean Minimum 11.99 Maximum 37

0.0%

Lead_Creation_Date

Categorical

 Distinct count
 92

 Unique (%)
 0.3%

 Missing (%)
 0.0%

 Missing (n)
 0

02/09/16 776 22/09/16 676 30/09/16 485

Other values (89) 28100

Toggle details

Loan_Amount

Numeric

 Distinct count
 169

 Unique (%)
 0.9%

 Missing (%)
 39.5%

 Missing (n)
 11871

 Infinite (%)
 0.0%

 Infinite (n)
 0

 Mean
 39483

 Minimum
 5000

Minimum 5000 Maximum 300000

Zeros (%) 0.0%

Toggle details

Loan_Period

Numeric

 Distinct count
 7

 Unique (%)
 0.0%

 Missing (%)
 39.5%

 Missing (n)
 11871

 Infinite (%)
 0.0%

 Infinite (n)
 0

Mean 3.9031

Minimum 1

Maximum 6 Zeros (%) 0.0%

Toggle details

Monthly_Income

Numeric

 Distinct count
 2825

 Unique (%)
 9.4%

 Missing (%)
 0.0%

 Missing (n)
 0

 Infinite (%)
 0.0%

 Infinite (n)
 0

 Mean
 3977.1

 Minimum
 0

Maximum 3500000

Zeros (%)

0.3%

Toggle details

Primary_Bank_Type

Categorical

 Distinct count
 3

 Unique (%)
 0.0%

 Missing (%)
 13.4%

 Missing (n)
 4037

P 16864

G 9136

(Missing) 4037

Toggle details

Source

Categorical

 Distinct count
 28

 Unique (%)
 0.1%

 Missing (%)
 0.0%

 Missing (n)
 0

S122 13272 S133 10313 S159 1949

4503

Other values (25)

Toggle details

Source_Category

Categorical

 Distinct count
 7

 Unique (%)
 0.0%

 Missing (%)
 0.0%

 Missing (n)
 0

B 12931 G 11385

C 4900

Other values (4) 821

Toggle details

Var1 Numeric

 Distinct count
 5

 Unique (%)
 0.0%

 Missing (%)
 0.0%

 Missing (n)
 0

 Infinite (%)
 0.0%

 Infinite (n)
 0

 Mean
 3.9623

 Minimum
 0

Maximum 10 Zeros (%) 33.1%

lu, m

Toggle details

Sample

		ID	Gender	DOB	Lead_Creation_Date	City_Code
	0	APPA70109647212	Male	03/06/88	05/07/16	C10028
	1	APPB10687939341	Male	13/07/81	01/07/16	C10003
	2	APPC80449411414	Female	19/11/90	01/07/16	C10009
	3	APPD30665094501	Female	15/10/92	01/07/16	C10005
	4	APPE80379821637	Male	21/09/88	01/07/16	C10005
•						>

Univariate Analysis

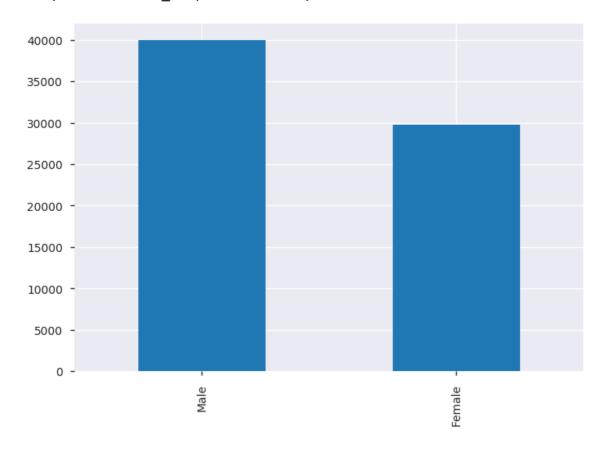
Bar charts of categorical data (Univariate Analysis)

In [18]:

train['Gender'].value_counts().head(100).plot.bar() #For top 100

Out[18]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177d6ab0f0>

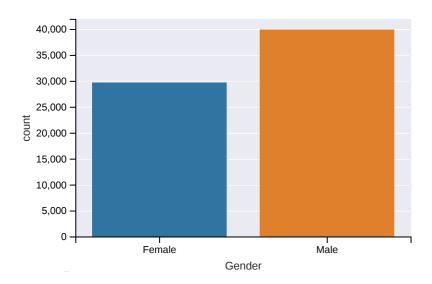


In [88]:

#pandas bar plot = seaborn count plot
sns.countplot(train['Gender'])

Out[88]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177a0ab198>

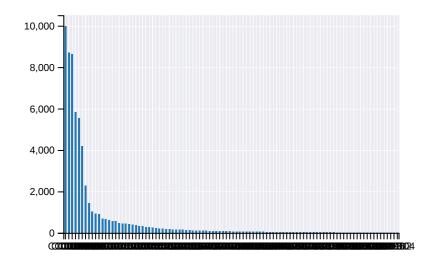


In [22]:

train['City_Code'].value_counts().head(100).plot.bar() #For top 100

Out[22]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177d24f198>

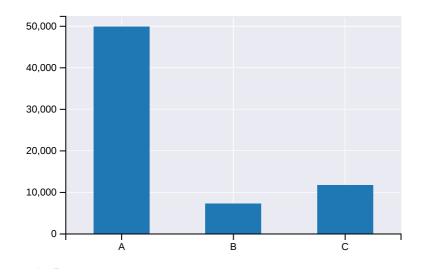


In [36]:

train['City_Category'].value_counts().sort_index().head(100).plot.bar() #For top
 100

Out[36]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177bd6fbe0>

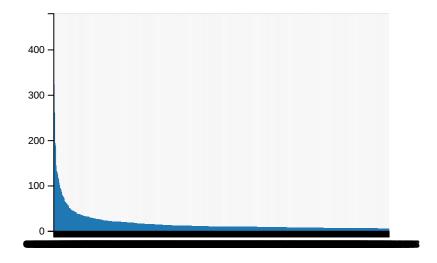


In [25]:

train['Employer_Code'].value_counts().head(1000).plot.bar() #For top 100

Out[25]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177ce8ac50>

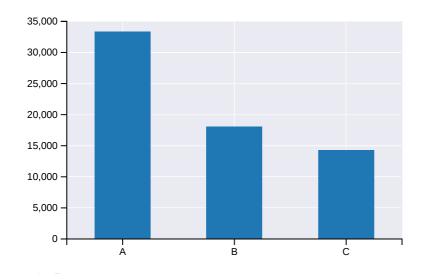


In [35]:

 $\label{lem:loss} train['Employer_Category1'].value_counts().sort_index().head(1000).plot.bar() ~\#F \\ or ~top~100$

Out[35]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177bda1da0>

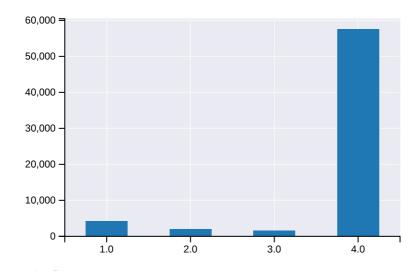


In [34]:

 $\label{lem:lemployer_Category2'].value_counts().sort_index().head(1000).plot.bar() \textit{\#F or top } 100$

Out[34]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177bdeeba8>

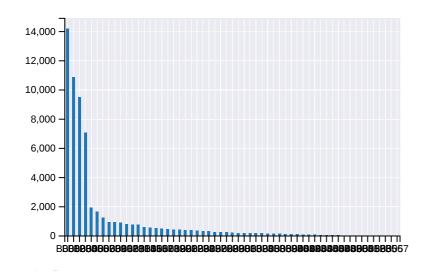


In [28]:

train['Customer_Existing_Primary_Bank_Code'].value_counts().head(1000).plot.bar
() #For top 100

Out[28]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177c2c1a90>

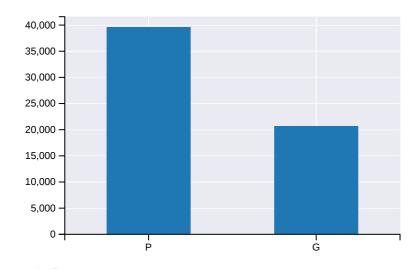


In [29]:

train['Primary_Bank_Type'].value_counts().head(1000).plot.bar() #For top 100

Out[29]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177bf46208>

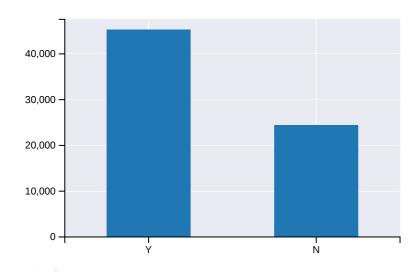


In [30]:

train['Contacted'].value_counts().head(1000).plot.bar() #For top 100

Out[30]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177bf820b8>

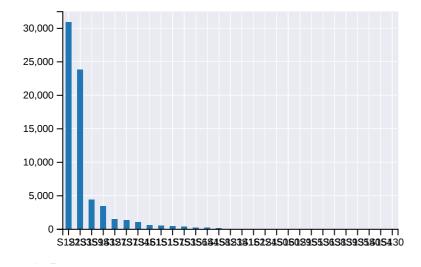


In [31]:

train['Source'].value_counts().head(1000).plot.bar() #For top 100

Out[31]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177bf3b358>

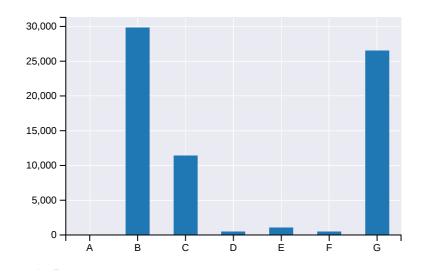


In [33]:

train['Source_Category'].value_counts().sort_index().head(1000).plot.bar() #For
 top 100

Out[33]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177be154a8>

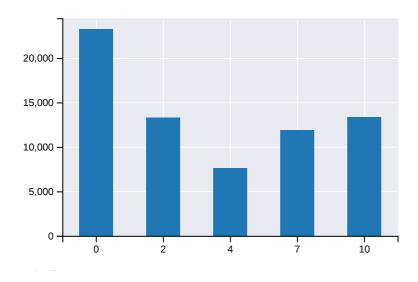


In [38]:

train['Var1'].value_counts().sort_index().head(1000).plot.bar()

Out[38]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177bce2240>



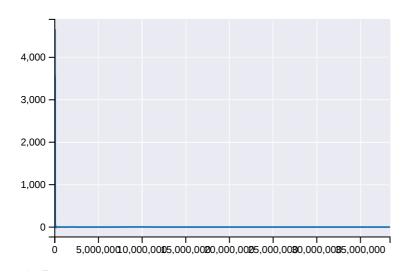
Line charts of numeric data (Univariate Analysis)

In [39]:

train['Monthly_Income'].value_counts().sort_index().plot.line()

Out[39]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177bcdd940>

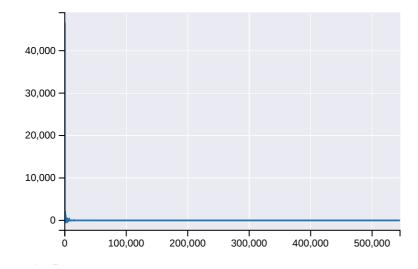


In [40]:

train['Existing_EMI'].value_counts().sort_index().plot.line()

Out[40]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177bac1f60>

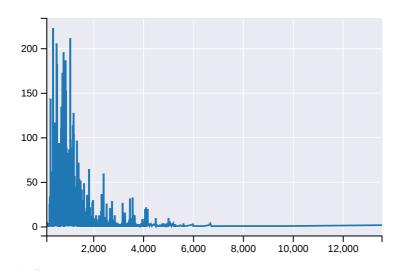


In [46]:

train['EMI'].value_counts().sort_index().plot.line()

Out[46]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177b9eb940>

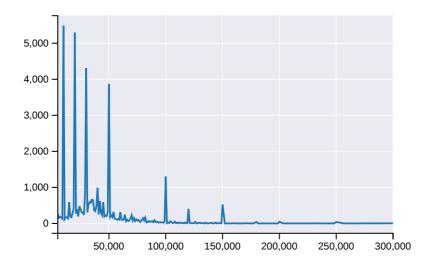


In [42]:

train['Loan_Amount'].value_counts().sort_index().plot.line()

Out[42]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177ba4dba8>

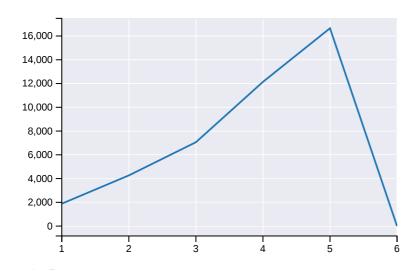


In [44]:

train['Loan_Period'].value_counts().sort_index().plot.line()

Out[44]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177ba5e898>

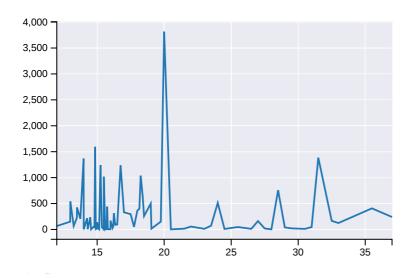


In [45]:

train['Interest_Rate'].value_counts().sort_index().plot.line()

Out[45]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177ba9b908>



In []:

#Point To Remember : Area charts are line charts with bottom area shaded
#train['Interest_Rate'].value_counts().sort_index().plot.area()

Kernel Density Estimate Plot (Univariate Analysis)

In [90]:

#Source: https://www.kaggle.com/residentmario/plotting-with-seaborn

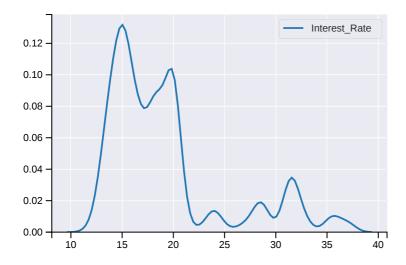
KDE, short for "kernel density estimate", is a statistical technique for smoothing out data noise. It addresses an important fundamental weakness of a line chart: it will buff out outlier or "in-betweener" values which would cause a line chart to suddenly dip.

For example, suppose that there was just one wine priced 19.93\$, but several hun dred prices 20.00\$. If we were to plot the value counts in a line chart, our line would dip very suddenly down to 1 and then back up to around 1000 again, creating a strangely "jagged" line. The line chart with the same data, shown below for the purposes of comparison, has exactly this problem!

sns.kdeplot(train['Interest_Rate'].dropna())

Out[90]:

<matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177a001198>



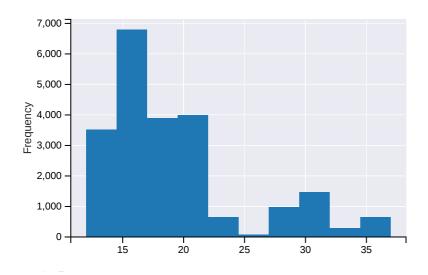
Histogram (Univariate Analysis) - For Numeric Data

In [51]:

```
#For Numeric
train['Interest_Rate'].plot.hist()
```

Out[51]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177b9b5208>

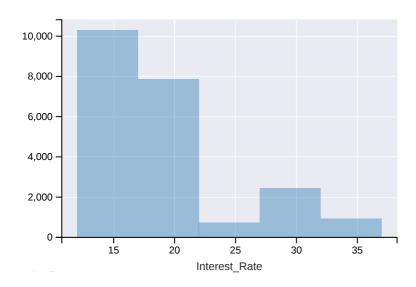


In [95]:

#"seaborn distplot" same as "pandas hist"
#bins = number of bins mention to make a clearer plot
#kde i.e smooting by default is True, make it False explicitly
sns.distplot(train['Interest_Rate'].dropna(), bins=5, kde=False)

Out[95]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177a18c978>

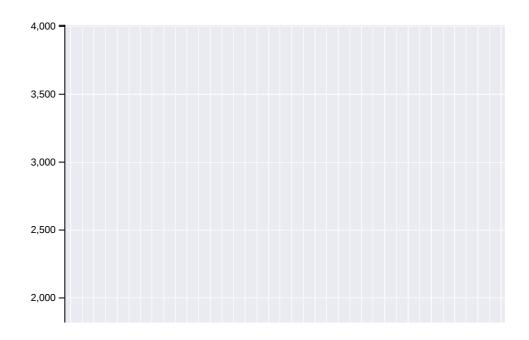


In [79]:

train['Interest_Rate'].value_counts().sort_index().plot.bar(figsize=(15, 10))

Out[79]:

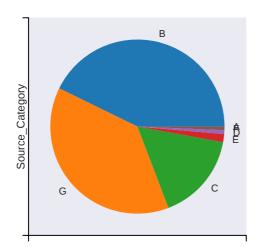
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177a42ee10>



Pie Charts (Univariate Analysis)

In [55]:

train['Source_Category'].value_counts().head(10).plot.pie()
plt.gca().set_aspect('equal')



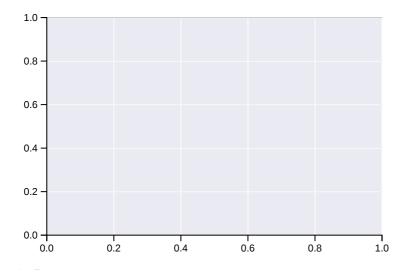
In [102]:

sns.boxplot(x='Source_Category', y='Loan_Amount',data=train)

```
TypeError
                                          Traceback (most recent cal
l last)
<ipython-input-102-a222e2752bbc> in <module>()
----> 1 sns.boxplot(x='Source Category',data=train)
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/seaborn/categorical.py in box
plot(x, y, hue, data, order, hue order, orient, color, palette, satu
ration, width, dodge, fliersize, linewidth, whis, notch, ax, **kwarg
s)
   2215
            kwargs.update(dict(whis=whis, notch=notch))
   2216
            plotter.plot(ax, kwargs)
-> 2217
   2218
            return ax
   2219
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/seaborn/categorical.py in plo
t(self, ax, boxplot kws)
    542
            def plot(self, ax, boxplot kws):
                """Make the plot."""
    543
--> 544
                self.draw boxplot(ax, boxplot kws)
    545
                self.annotate axes(ax)
                if self.orient == "h":
    546
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/seaborn/categorical.py in dra
w boxplot(self, ax, kws)
    479
                                                  positions=[i],
                                                  widths=self.width,
    480
                                                  **kws)
--> 481
    482
                        color = self.colors[i]
    483
                        self.restyle boxplot(artist dict, color, pro
ps)
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/matplotlib/ init .py in inn
er(ax, *args, **kwargs)
   1708
                            warnings.warn(msg % (label namer, func.
_name___),
   1709
                                           RuntimeWarning, stacklevel
=2)
-> 1710
                    return func(ax, *args, **kwargs)
   1711
                pre doc = inner. doc
   1712
                if pre doc is None:
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/matplotlib/axes/ axes.py in b
oxplot(self, x, notch, sym, vert, whis, positions, widths, patch art
ist, bootstrap, usermedians, conf_intervals, meanline, showmeans, sh
owcaps, showbox, showfliers, boxprops, labels, flierprops, medianpro
ps, meanprops, capprops, whiskerprops, manage xticks, autorange, zor
der)
   3330
                bxpstats = cbook.boxplot stats(x, whis=whis, bootstr
   3331
ap=bootstrap,
-> 3332
                                                labels=labels, autora
nge=autorange)
   3333
                if notch is None:
   3334
                    notch = rcParams['boxplot.notch']
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/matplotlib/cbook/__init__.py
 in boxplot_stats(X, whis, bootstrap, labels, autorange)
   1823
```

```
1824
                # arithmetic mean
-> 1825
                stats['mean'] = np.mean(x)
   1826
   1827
                # medians and quartiles
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/numpy/core/fromnumeric.py in
mean(a, axis, dtype, out, keepdims)
   2887
   2888
            return methods. mean(a, axis=axis, dtype=dtype,
-> 2889
                                   out=out, **kwargs)
   2890
   2891
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/numpy/core/_methods.py in _me
an(a, axis, dtype, out, keepdims)
     68
                    is float16 result = True
     69
---> 70
            ret = umr_sum(arr, axis, dtype, out, keepdims)
     71
            if isinstance(ret, mu.ndarray):
     72
                ret = um.true divide(
```

TypeError: cannot perform reduce with flexible type



Bivariate Analysis

Scatter plot (Bivariate Analysis)

In [62]:

train.plot.scatter(x='Loan_Amount', y='EMI')

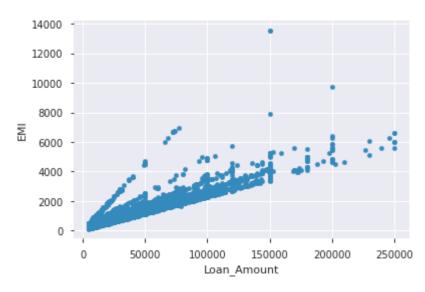
Out[62]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177b2b19b0>

```
TypeError
                                           Traceback (most recent cal
l last)
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/IPython/core/formatters.py in
  call (self, obj)
    339
                        pass
    340
                    else:
                        return printer(obj)
--> 341
                    # Finally look for special method names
    342
                    method = get real method(obj, self.print method)
    343
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/ display.py in <lambda>
(fig, kwds)
    408
            formatter = ip.display formatter.formatters['text/html']
    409
            formatter.for_type(Figure,
--> 410
                               lambda fig, kwds=kwargs: fig to html
(fig, **kwds))
    411
    412
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/ display.py in fig to h
tml(fig, d3 url, mpld3 url, no extras, template type, figid, use htt
p, **kwargs)
    249
                                   d3 url=d3 url.
    250
                                   mpld3 url=mpld3 url,
--> 251
                                   figure json=json.dumps(figure jso
n, cls=NumpyEncoder),
    252
                                   extra css=extra css,
    253
                                   extra js=extra js)
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/__init__.py in dumps(obj, skipkeys, en
sure ascii, check circular, allow nan, cls, indent, separators, defa
ult, sort keys, **kw)
                check circular=check circular, allow nan=allow nan,
    235
indent=indent,
    236
                separators=separators, default=default, sort keys=so
rt keys,
--> 237
                **kw).encode(obj)
    238
    239
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in encode(self, o)
    196
                # exceptions aren't as detailed. The list call shou
ld be roughly
                # equivalent to the PySequence Fast that ''.join() w
    197
ould do.
                chunks = self.iterencode(o, _one_shot=True)
--> 198
    199
                if not isinstance(chunks, (list, tuple)):
                    chunks = list(chunks)
    200
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in iterencode(self, o, one
_shot)
    254
                        self.key_separator, self.item_separator, sel
f.sort keys,
    255
                        self.skipkeys, one shot)
--> 256
                return iterencode(o, 0)
    257
    258 def _make_iterencode(markers, _default, _encoder, _indent, _
floatstr,
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/_display.py in default
(self, obj)
    136
                    numpy.float64)):
    137
                    return float(obj)
--> 138
                return json.JSONEncoder.default(self, obj)
    139
    140
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in default(self, o)
    178
--> 179
                raise TypeError(repr(o) + " is not JSON serializabl
e")
    180
            def encode(self, o):
    181
```

TypeError: array([0.3]) is not JSON serializable



Kernel Density Estimate plot (Bivariate Analysis)

In [92]:

sns.kdeplot(train[['Loan_Amount','Approved']].dropna())

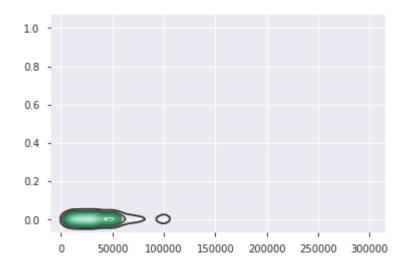
Out[92]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f1779f0a208>

```
TypeError
                                           Traceback (most recent cal
l last)
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/IPython/core/formatters.py in
  call (self, obj)
    339
                        pass
    340
                    else:
                        return printer(obj)
--> 341
                    # Finally look for special method names
    342
                    method = get real method(obj, self.print method)
    343
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/ display.py in <lambda>
(fig, kwds)
    408
            formatter = ip.display formatter.formatters['text/html']
    409
            formatter.for_type(Figure,
--> 410
                               lambda fig, kwds=kwargs: fig to html
(fig, **kwds))
    411
    412
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/ display.py in fig to h
tml(fig, d3 url, mpld3 url, no extras, template type, figid, use htt
p, **kwargs)
    249
                                   d3 url=d3 url.
    250
                                   mpld3 url=mpld3 url,
--> 251
                                   figure json=json.dumps(figure jso
n, cls=NumpyEncoder),
    252
                                   extra css=extra css,
    253
                                   extra js=extra js)
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/__init__.py in dumps(obj, skipkeys, en
sure ascii, check circular, allow nan, cls, indent, separators, defa
ult, sort keys, **kw)
                check circular=check circular, allow nan=allow nan,
    235
indent=indent,
    236
                separators=separators, default=default, sort keys=so
rt keys,
--> 237
                **kw).encode(obj)
    238
    239
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in encode(self, o)
    196
                # exceptions aren't as detailed. The list call shou
ld be roughly
                # equivalent to the PySequence Fast that ''.join() w
    197
ould do.
                chunks = self.iterencode(o, _one_shot=True)
--> 198
    199
                if not isinstance(chunks, (list, tuple)):
                    chunks = list(chunks)
    200
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in iterencode(self, o, one
_shot)
    254
                        self.key_separator, self.item_separator, sel
f.sort keys,
    255
                        self.skipkeys, one shot)
--> 256
                return iterencode(o, 0)
    257
    258 def _make_iterencode(markers, _default, _encoder, _indent, _
floatstr,
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/_display.py in default
(self, obj)
    136
                    numpy.float64)):
    137
                    return float(obj)
--> 138
                return json.JSONEncoder.default(self, obj)
    139
    140
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in default(self, o)
    178
                raise TypeError(repr(o) + " is not JSON serializabl
--> 179
e")
    180
            def encode(self, o):
    181
```

TypeError: array([1.75]) is not JSON serializable



Hexplot (A hexplot aggregates points in space into hexagons, and then colorize those hexagons) (Bivariate Analysis)

In [63]:

train.plot.hexbin(x='Loan_Amount', y='EMI', gridsize=15)

Out[63]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177b062f60>

```
TypeError
                                           Traceback (most recent cal
l last)
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/IPython/core/formatters.py in
  call (self, obj)
    339
                        pass
    340
                    else:
                        return printer(obj)
--> 341
                    # Finally look for special method names
    342
                    method = get real method(obj, self.print method)
    343
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/ display.py in <lambda>
(fig, kwds)
    408
            formatter = ip.display formatter.formatters['text/html']
    409
            formatter.for_type(Figure,
--> 410
                               lambda fig, kwds=kwargs: fig to html
(fig, **kwds))
    411
    412
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/ display.py in fig to h
tml(fig, d3 url, mpld3 url, no extras, template type, figid, use htt
p, **kwargs)
    249
                                   d3 url=d3 url.
    250
                                   mpld3 url=mpld3 url,
--> 251
                                   figure json=json.dumps(figure jso
n, cls=NumpyEncoder),
    252
                                   extra css=extra css,
    253
                                   extra js=extra js)
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/__init__.py in dumps(obj, skipkeys, en
sure ascii, check circular, allow nan, cls, indent, separators, defa
ult, sort keys, **kw)
                check circular=check circular, allow nan=allow nan,
    235
indent=indent,
    236
                separators=separators, default=default, sort keys=so
rt keys,
--> 237
                **kw).encode(obj)
    238
    239
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in encode(self, o)
    196
                # exceptions aren't as detailed. The list call shou
ld be roughly
                # equivalent to the PySequence Fast that ''.join() w
    197
ould do.
                chunks = self.iterencode(o, _one_shot=True)
--> 198
    199
                if not isinstance(chunks, (list, tuple)):
                    chunks = list(chunks)
    200
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in iterencode(self, o, one
_shot)
    254
                        self.key_separator, self.item_separator, sel
f.sort keys,
    255
                        self.skipkeys, one shot)
--> 256
                return iterencode(o, 0)
    257
    258 def _make_iterencode(markers, _default, _encoder, _indent, _
floatstr,
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/_display.py in default
(self, obj)
    136
                     numpy.float64)):
    137
                     return float(obj)
--> 138
                 return json.JSONEncoder.default(self, obj)
    139
    140
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in default(self, o)
    178
--> 179
                 raise TypeError(repr(o) + " is not JSON serializabl
e")
    180
            def encode(self, o):
    181
TypeError: array([ 1.]) is not JSON serializable
  14000
                                               5000
  12000
  10000
                                               4000
   8000
                                               3000
   6000 -
                                               2000
   4000 -
   2000
                                              - 1000
```

JointPlot - combine scatter and hexplot (Bivariate Analysis)

In [97]:

sns.jointplot(x='Loan_Amount', y='EMI', data=train[['Loan_Amount', 'EMI']].dropn
a())

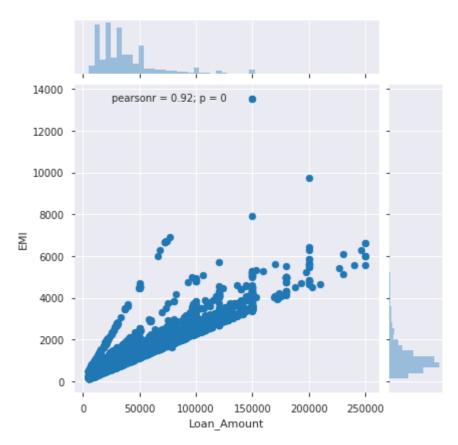
Out[97]:

<seaborn.axisgrid.JointGrid at 0x7f177a1b64e0>

```
TypeError
                                           Traceback (most recent cal
l last)
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/IPython/core/formatters.py in
  call (self, obj)
    339
                        pass
    340
                    else:
                        return printer(obj)
--> 341
                    # Finally look for special method names
    342
                    method = get real method(obj, self.print method)
    343
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/ display.py in <lambda>
(fig, kwds)
    408
            formatter = ip.display formatter.formatters['text/html']
    409
            formatter.for_type(Figure,
--> 410
                               lambda fig, kwds=kwargs: fig to html
(fig, **kwds))
    411
    412
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/ display.py in fig to h
tml(fig, d3 url, mpld3 url, no extras, template type, figid, use htt
p, **kwargs)
    249
                                   d3 url=d3 url.
    250
                                   mpld3 url=mpld3 url,
--> 251
                                   figure json=json.dumps(figure jso
n, cls=NumpyEncoder),
    252
                                   extra css=extra css,
    253
                                   extra js=extra js)
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/__init__.py in dumps(obj, skipkeys, en
sure ascii, check circular, allow nan, cls, indent, separators, defa
ult, sort keys, **kw)
                check circular=check circular, allow nan=allow nan,
    235
indent=indent,
    236
                separators=separators, default=default, sort keys=so
rt keys,
--> 237
                **kw).encode(obj)
    238
    239
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in encode(self, o)
    196
                # exceptions aren't as detailed. The list call shou
ld be roughly
                # equivalent to the PySequence Fast that ''.join() w
    197
ould do.
                chunks = self.iterencode(o, _one_shot=True)
--> 198
    199
                if not isinstance(chunks, (list, tuple)):
                    chunks = list(chunks)
    200
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in iterencode(self, o, one
_shot)
    254
                        self.key_separator, self.item_separator, sel
f.sort keys,
    255
                        self.skipkeys, one shot)
--> 256
                return iterencode(o, 0)
    257
    258 def _make_iterencode(markers, _default, _encoder, _indent, _
floatstr,
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/_display.py in default
(self, obj)
    136
                    numpy.float64)):
    137
                    return float(obj)
--> 138
                return json.JSONEncoder.default(self, obj)
    139
    140
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in default(self, o)
    178
--> 179
                raise TypeError(repr(o) + " is not JSON serializabl
e")
    180
            def encode(self, o):
    181
```

TypeError: array([0.3]) is not JSON serializable



In [99]:

 $sns.jointplot(x='Loan_Amount', y='EMI', data=train[['Loan_Amount', 'EMI']].dropn \\ a(), kind='hex', gridsize=20)$

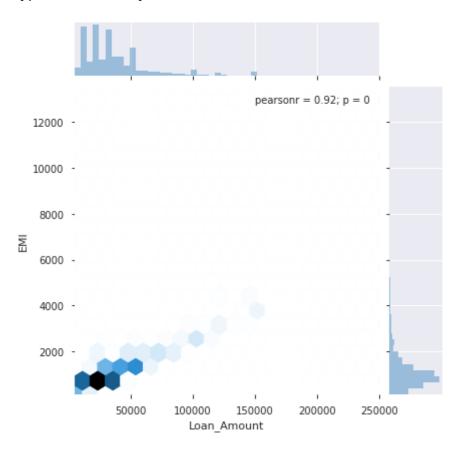
Out[99]:

<seaborn.axisgrid.JointGrid at 0x7f177c503a58>

```
TypeError
                                           Traceback (most recent cal
l last)
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/IPython/core/formatters.py in
  call (self, obj)
    339
                        pass
    340
                    else:
                        return printer(obj)
--> 341
                    # Finally look for special method names
    342
                    method = get real method(obj, self.print method)
    343
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/ display.py in <lambda>
(fig, kwds)
    408
            formatter = ip.display formatter.formatters['text/html']
    409
            formatter.for_type(Figure,
--> 410
                               lambda fig, kwds=kwargs: fig to html
(fig, **kwds))
    411
    412
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/ display.py in fig to h
tml(fig, d3 url, mpld3 url, no extras, template type, figid, use htt
p, **kwargs)
    249
                                   d3 url=d3 url.
    250
                                   mpld3 url=mpld3 url,
--> 251
                                   figure json=json.dumps(figure jso
n, cls=NumpyEncoder),
    252
                                   extra css=extra css,
    253
                                   extra js=extra js)
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/__init__.py in dumps(obj, skipkeys, en
sure ascii, check circular, allow nan, cls, indent, separators, defa
ult, sort keys, **kw)
                check circular=check circular, allow nan=allow nan,
    235
indent=indent,
    236
                separators=separators, default=default, sort keys=so
rt keys,
--> 237
                **kw).encode(obj)
    238
    239
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in encode(self, o)
    196
                # exceptions aren't as detailed. The list call shou
ld be roughly
                # equivalent to the PySequence Fast that ''.join() w
    197
ould do.
                chunks = self.iterencode(o, _one_shot=True)
--> 198
    199
                if not isinstance(chunks, (list, tuple)):
                    chunks = list(chunks)
    200
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in iterencode(self, o, one
_shot)
    254
                        self.key_separator, self.item_separator, sel
f.sort keys,
    255
                        self.skipkeys, one shot)
--> 256
                return iterencode(o, 0)
    257
    258 def _make_iterencode(markers, _default, _encoder, _indent, _
floatstr,
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/_display.py in default
(self, obj)
    136
                    numpy.float64)):
    137
                    return float(obj)
                return json.JSONEncoder.default(self, obj)
--> 138
    139
    140
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in default(self, o)
    178
                raise TypeError(repr(o) + " is not JSON serializabl
--> 179
e")
    180
            def encode(self, o):
    181
```

TypeError: array([1.]) is not JSON serializable



Stacked Plots (Bivariate Analysis)

```
In [65]:
```

```
train_stats_as_per_source_category = train.groupby('Source_Category').mean()[[
'Loan_Amount', 'Existing_EMI', 'EMI']]
```

In [68]:

train_stats_as_per_source_category.head()

Out[68]:

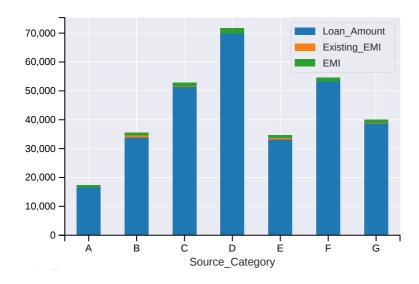
	Loan_Amount	Existing_EMI	ЕМІ
Source_Category			
Α	16500.000000	70.000000	848.000000
В	33986.532361	540.207652	927.607344
С	51448.958453	0.877440	1363.924179
D	69926.229508	0.000000	1851.180328
E	33110.248447	646.162381	909.305136

In [69]:

train_stats_as_per_source_category.plot.bar(stacked=True)
#Link https://www.kaggle.com/residentmario/bivariate-plotting-with-pandas/

Out[69]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177ac738d0>



In [70]:

train_stats_as_per_source_category.plot.area()

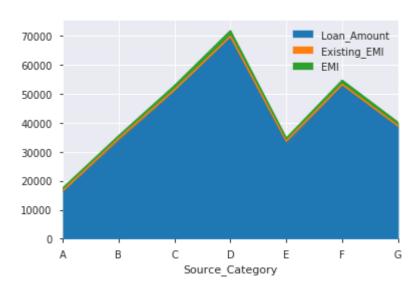
Out[70]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177ac07278>

```
TypeError
                                           Traceback (most recent cal
l last)
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/IPython/core/formatters.py in
  call (self, obj)
    339
                        pass
    340
                    else:
                        return printer(obj)
--> 341
                    # Finally look for special method names
    342
                    method = get real method(obj, self.print method)
    343
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/ display.py in <lambda>
(fig, kwds)
    408
            formatter = ip.display formatter.formatters['text/html']
    409
            formatter.for_type(Figure,
--> 410
                               lambda fig, kwds=kwargs: fig to html
(fig, **kwds))
    411
    412
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/ display.py in fig to h
tml(fig, d3 url, mpld3 url, no extras, template type, figid, use htt
p, **kwargs)
    249
                                   d3 url=d3 url.
    250
                                   mpld3 url=mpld3 url,
--> 251
                                   figure json=json.dumps(figure jso
n, cls=NumpyEncoder),
    252
                                   extra css=extra css,
    253
                                   extra js=extra js)
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/__init__.py in dumps(obj, skipkeys, en
sure ascii, check circular, allow nan, cls, indent, separators, defa
ult, sort keys, **kw)
                check circular=check circular, allow nan=allow nan,
    235
indent=indent,
    236
                separators=separators, default=default, sort keys=so
rt keys,
--> 237
                **kw).encode(obj)
    238
    239
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in encode(self, o)
    196
                # exceptions aren't as detailed. The list call shou
ld be roughly
                # equivalent to the PySequence Fast that ''.join() w
    197
ould do.
                chunks = self.iterencode(o, _one_shot=True)
--> 198
    199
                if not isinstance(chunks, (list, tuple)):
                    chunks = list(chunks)
    200
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in iterencode(self, o, one
_shot)
    254
                        self.key_separator, self.item_separator, sel
f.sort keys,
    255
                        self.skipkeys, one shot)
--> 256
                return iterencode(o, 0)
    257
    258 def _make_iterencode(markers, _default, _encoder, _indent, _
floatstr,
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/_display.py in default
(self, obj)
    136
                    numpy.float64)):
    137
                    return float(obj)
--> 138
                return json.JSONEncoder.default(self, obj)
    139
    140
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in default(self, o)
    178
--> 179
                raise TypeError(repr(o) + " is not JSON serializabl
e")
    180
            def encode(self, o):
    181
```

TypeError: array([0.3]) is not JSON serializable



In [71]:

```
train_stats_as_per_source_category.plot.line()
```

Out[71]:

<matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177ab45ac8>



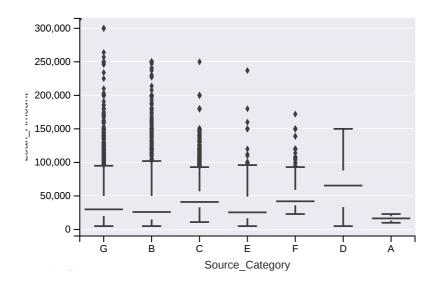
Box Plot (Bivariate Analysis)

In [103]:

sns.boxplot(x='Source_Category', y='Loan_Amount',data=train)

Out[103]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177e8b5fd0>



Violin Plot (Bivariate Analysis)

In [104]:

sns.violinplot(x='Source_Category', y='Loan_Amount',data=train)

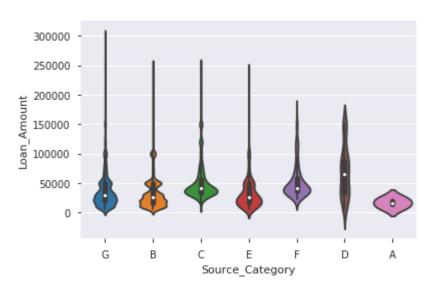
Out[104]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f177e7818d0>

```
TypeError
                                           Traceback (most recent cal
l last)
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/IPython/core/formatters.py in
  call (self, obj)
    339
                        pass
    340
                    else:
                        return printer(obj)
--> 341
                    # Finally look for special method names
    342
                    method = get real method(obj, self.print method)
    343
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/ display.py in <lambda>
(fig, kwds)
    408
            formatter = ip.display formatter.formatters['text/html']
    409
            formatter.for_type(Figure,
--> 410
                               lambda fig, kwds=kwargs: fig to html
(fig, **kwds))
    411
    412
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/ display.py in fig to h
tml(fig, d3 url, mpld3 url, no extras, template type, figid, use htt
p, **kwargs)
    249
                                   d3 url=d3 url.
    250
                                   mpld3 url=mpld3 url,
--> 251
                                   figure json=json.dumps(figure jso
n, cls=NumpyEncoder),
    252
                                   extra css=extra css,
    253
                                   extra js=extra js)
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/__init__.py in dumps(obj, skipkeys, en
sure ascii, check circular, allow nan, cls, indent, separators, defa
ult, sort keys, **kw)
                check circular=check circular, allow nan=allow nan,
    235
indent=indent,
    236
                separators=separators, default=default, sort keys=so
rt keys,
--> 237
                **kw).encode(obj)
    238
    239
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in encode(self, o)
    196
                # exceptions aren't as detailed. The list call shou
ld be roughly
                # equivalent to the PySequence Fast that ''.join() w
    197
ould do.
                chunks = self.iterencode(o, _one_shot=True)
--> 198
    199
                if not isinstance(chunks, (list, tuple)):
                    chunks = list(chunks)
    200
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in iterencode(self, o, one
_shot)
    254
                        self.key_separator, self.item_separator, sel
f.sort keys,
    255
                        self.skipkeys, one shot)
--> 256
                return iterencode(o, 0)
    257
    258 def _make_iterencode(markers, _default, _encoder, _indent, _
floatstr,
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/_display.py in default
(self, obj)
    136
                    numpy.float64)):
    137
                    return float(obj)
--> 138
                return json.JSONEncoder.default(self, obj)
    139
    140
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in default(self, o)
    178
--> 179
                raise TypeError(repr(o) + " is not JSON serializabl
e")
    180
            def encode(self, o):
    181
```

TypeError: array([1.75]) is not JSON serializable



Multivariate Plots

Pairplot (Multivariate plots)

In [106]:

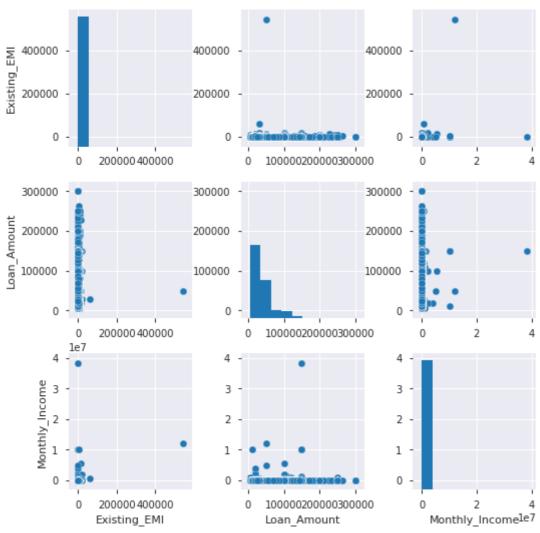
sns.pairplot(train[['Existing_EMI', 'Loan_Amount', 'Monthly_Income']].dropna())

Out[106]:

<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x7f177e7dfe80>

```
TypeError
                                           Traceback (most recent cal
l last)
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/IPython/core/formatters.py in
  call (self, obj)
    339
                        pass
    340
                    else:
                        return printer(obj)
--> 341
                    # Finally look for special method names
    342
                    method = get real method(obj, self.print method)
    343
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/ display.py in <lambda>
(fig, kwds)
    408
            formatter = ip.display formatter.formatters['text/html']
    409
            formatter.for_type(Figure,
--> 410
                               lambda fig, kwds=kwargs: fig to html
(fig, **kwds))
    411
    412
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/ display.py in fig to h
tml(fig, d3 url, mpld3 url, no extras, template type, figid, use htt
p, **kwargs)
    249
                                   d3 url=d3 url.
    250
                                   mpld3 url=mpld3 url,
--> 251
                                   figure json=json.dumps(figure jso
n, cls=NumpyEncoder),
    252
                                   extra css=extra css,
    253
                                   extra js=extra js)
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/__init__.py in dumps(obj, skipkeys, en
sure ascii, check circular, allow nan, cls, indent, separators, defa
ult, sort keys, **kw)
                check circular=check circular, allow nan=allow nan,
    235
indent=indent,
    236
                separators=separators, default=default, sort keys=so
rt keys,
--> 237
                **kw).encode(obj)
    238
    239
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in encode(self, o)
    196
                # exceptions aren't as detailed. The list call shou
ld be roughly
                # equivalent to the PySequence Fast that ''.join() w
    197
ould do.
                chunks = self.iterencode(o, _one_shot=True)
--> 198
    199
                if not isinstance(chunks, (list, tuple)):
                    chunks = list(chunks)
    200
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in iterencode(self, o, one
_shot)
    254
                        self.key_separator, self.item_separator, sel
f.sort keys,
    255
                        self.skipkeys, one shot)
--> 256
                return iterencode(o, 0)
    257
    258 def _make_iterencode(markers, _default, _encoder, _indent, _
floatstr,
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/_display.py in default
(self, obj)
    136
                    numpy.float64)):
    137
                    return float(obj)
--> 138
                return json.JSONEncoder.default(self, obj)
    139
    140
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in default(self, o)
    178
--> 179
                raise TypeError(repr(o) + " is not JSON serializabl
e")
    180
            def encode(self, o):
    181
TypeError: array([ 0.3]) is not JSON serializable
```



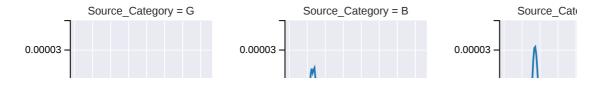
Facet Grid (Multivariate plots)

In [109]:

#A FacetGrid is an object which stores some information on how you want to break
up your data visualization.
g = sns.FacetGrid(train, col="Source_Category")
g.map(sns.kdeplot, "Loan_Amount")

Out[109]:

<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x7f177e5a3390>



Sub Plots (Multivariate plots)

In []:

```
#fig, axarr = plt.subplots(<number_of_rows>, <number_of_columns>, figsize=(<alon
g_x_axis>, <along_y_axis>))
fig, axarr = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize=(12, 8))
```

Scatter Plots (Multivariate plots)

In [110]:

sns.lmplot(x='Monthly_Income', y='Existing_EMI', hue='Source_Category', data=tra
in.dropna(), fit_reg=False)

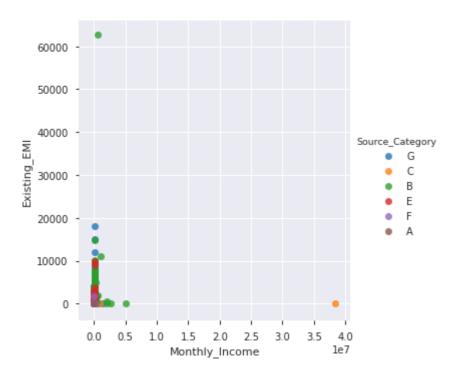
Out[110]:

<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x7f177e8a26d8>

```
TypeError
                                           Traceback (most recent cal
l last)
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/IPython/core/formatters.py in
  call (self, obj)
    339
                        pass
    340
                    else:
                        return printer(obj)
--> 341
                    # Finally look for special method names
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                    method = get real method(obj, self.print method)
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/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/ display.py in <lambda>
(fig, kwds)
    408
            formatter = ip.display formatter.formatters['text/html']
    409
            formatter.for_type(Figure,
--> 410
                               lambda fig, kwds=kwargs: fig to html
(fig, **kwds))
    411
    412
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/ display.py in fig to h
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    249
                                   d3 url=d3 url.
    250
                                   mpld3 url=mpld3 url,
--> 251
                                   figure json=json.dumps(figure jso
n, cls=NumpyEncoder),
    252
                                   extra css=extra css,
    253
                                   extra js=extra js)
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/__init__.py in dumps(obj, skipkeys, en
sure ascii, check circular, allow nan, cls, indent, separators, defa
ult, sort keys, **kw)
                check circular=check circular, allow nan=allow nan,
    235
indent=indent,
    236
                separators=separators, default=default, sort keys=so
rt keys,
--> 237
                **kw).encode(obj)
    238
    239
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in encode(self, o)
    196
                # exceptions aren't as detailed. The list call shou
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                # equivalent to the PySequence Fast that ''.join() w
    197
ould do.
                chunks = self.iterencode(o, _one_shot=True)
--> 198
    199
                if not isinstance(chunks, (list, tuple)):
                    chunks = list(chunks)
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/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in iterencode(self, o, one
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    254
                        self.key_separator, self.item_separator, sel
f.sort keys,
    255
                        self.skipkeys, one shot)
--> 256
                return iterencode(o, 0)
    257
    258 def _make_iterencode(markers, _default, _encoder, _indent, _
floatstr,
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/site-packages/mpld3/_display.py in default
(self, obj)
    136
                    numpy.float64)):
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                    return float(obj)
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                return json.JSONEncoder.default(self, obj)
    139
    140
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/json/encoder.py in default(self, o)
    178
--> 179
                raise TypeError(repr(o) + " is not JSON serializabl
e")
    180
            def encode(self, o):
    181
```

TypeError: array([0.]) is not JSON serializable



Heat Map (Multivariate Plots)

In [111]:

sns.heatmap(train[['Monthly_Income', 'EMI', 'Existing_EMI']].corr(),annot=True)

Out[111]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f1793701a90>