



MEASURES VARIABILITY FOR GROUPED DATA

STANDARD DEVIATION AND VARIANCE



+ Formula for **VARIANCE** (grouped data)

$$s_g^2 = \frac{n \sum f_i x_i^2 - (\sum f_i x_i)^2}{n(n-1)}$$

where

f_i is the frequency of the i^{th} class

x_i is the class mark of the i^{th} class

n is the number of observations

+ Formula for **STANDARD DEVIATION** (grouped data)

$$s_g = \sqrt{\frac{n \sum f_i x_i^2 - (\sum f_i x_i)^2}{n(n-1)}}$$

$$s_g = \sqrt{s_g^2}$$

where

f_i is the frequency of the i^{th} class

x_i is the class mark of the i^{th} class

n is the number of observations

EXAMPLE +

Compute for the variance and standard deviation of the following FDT.

| Age (in years) | Frequency |
|----------------|-----------|
| 15-18 | 4 |
| 19-22 | 8 |
| 23-26 | 14 |
| 27-30 | 9 |
| 31-34 | 8 |
| 35-39 | 7 |
| Total | 50 |

This table will serve as your reference for the computation of variance and standard deviation of grouped data.

| | B | C | D | G | |
|--|-------------|-------|-------------------------|--------------------|--|
| | | | | | |
| | Class Limit | | Class Frequency (fi) | Class Mark (xi) | |
| | Lower | Upper | | | |
| | 15 | 18 | 4 | 16.5 | |
| | 19 | 22 | 8 | 20.5 | |
| | 23 | 26 | 14 | 24.5 | |
| | 27 | 30 | 9 | 28.5 | |
| | 31 | 34 | 8 | 32.5 | |
| | 35 | 38 | 7 | 36.5 | |
| | TOTAL | | 50=n | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

Then, extend the table by adding a column for $f_i X_i$ and $f_i X_i^2$.

| Class Limit | | Class Frequency (f_i) | Class Mark (x_i) | FIXI | $x_i * x_i$ | $f_i * x_i * x_i$ |
|-------------|-------|------------------------------|-------------------------|-------|-------------|-------------------|
| Lower | Upper | | | | | |
| 15 | 18 | 4 | 16.5 | 66 | 272.25 | 1089 |
| 19 | 22 | 8 | 20.5 | 164 | 420.25 | 3362 |
| 23 | 26 | 14 | 24.5 | 343 | 600.25 | 8403.5 |
| 27 | 30 | 9 | 28.5 | 256.5 | 812.25 | 7310.25 |
| 31 | 34 | 8 | 32.5 | 260 | 1056.25 | 8450 |
| 35 | 38 | 7 | 36.5 | 255.5 | 1332.25 | 9325.75 |
| TOTAL | | 50=n | | 1345 | | 37940.5 |

**To compute for the variance,
we have**

$$s_g^2 = \frac{n \sum f_i x_i^2 - (\sum f_i x_i)^2}{n(n-1)}$$

$$s_g^2 = \frac{50(37940.5) - (1345)^2}{50(50-1)}$$

$$s_g^2 = \frac{1897025 - 1809025}{50(49)}$$

$$s_g^2 = \frac{88000}{2450}$$

$$s_g^2 = 35.91836735 \approx 35.92$$

| Class Limit | | Class Frequency (fi) | Class Mark (xi) | FIXI | xi*xi | fi*xi*xi |
|-------------|-------|-------------------------|--------------------|-------|---------|----------|
| Lower | Upper | | | | | |
| 15 | 18 | 4 | 16.5 | 66 | 272.25 | 1089 |
| 19 | 22 | 8 | 20.5 | 164 | 420.25 | 3362 |
| 23 | 26 | 14 | 24.5 | 343 | 600.25 | 8403.5 |
| 27 | 30 | 9 | 28.5 | 256.5 | 812.25 | 7310.25 |
| 31 | 34 | 8 | 32.5 | 260 | 1056.25 | 8450 |
| 35 | 38 | 7 | 36.5 | 255.5 | 1332.25 | 9325.75 |
| TOTAL | | 50=n | | 1345 | | 37940.5 |

To compute for the standard deviation, we have

$$s_g = \sqrt{s_g^2}$$

$$s_g = \sqrt{35.91836735}$$

$$s_g = 5.99319318$$

$$s_g \approx 5.99$$

| Class Limit | | Class Frequency (fi) | Class Mark (xi) | FIXI | xi*xi | fi*xi*xi |
|-------------|-------|-------------------------|--------------------|-------|---------|----------|
| Lower | Upper | | | | | |
| 15 | 18 | 4 | 16.5 | 66 | 272.25 | 1089 |
| 19 | 22 | 8 | 20.5 | 164 | 420.25 | 3362 |
| 23 | 26 | 14 | 24.5 | 343 | 600.25 | 8403.5 |
| 27 | 30 | 9 | 28.5 | 256.5 | 812.25 | 7310.25 |
| 31 | 34 | 8 | 32.5 | 260 | 1056.25 | 8450 |
| 35 | 38 | 7 | 36.5 | 255.5 | 1332.25 | 9325.75 |
| TOTAL | | 50=n | | 1345 | | 37940.5 |