Combining segmentations and spatial information

Repository gathering Matlab scripts combining section segmentations from llastik softw are and spatial information (atlas regions) obtained after anchoring using QuickNII.



The main objective is to provide regional information about the objects (single cells, plaques, etc...) extracted from the microscopy sections.

Any request about these scripts should be directed to christopher dot coello at gmail dot com.

Important: these scripts have been developed for the Allen Mouse Brain Atlas at 25 (\text{\text{(\text{mu m})}}\) resoution. Even if extending the script to other atlases might be trivial, no test have been made with rat or human atlases. In addition, real world spatial coordinates will be incorrect when changing atlas (because of orientation standards)

General description of the workflow

The workflow can be decomposed in two or three major steps.

The first step (quantify_dataset.m) is to generate a list of all the individual objects together with the region they belong to. The second step (combine_obj_seg.m) is to combine these individual objects to obtain regional information. The third step (optional, combine_hierarchy.m) is to gather regions following a hierarchy to generate results at a coarse regional level.

Usage

Step 1: generate list of individual objects and its associated regions

```
>> output_json_file = quantify_dataset('C:\data\test\cs\study_info.json');
```

Step 2: combine these individual objects to obtain regional information

```
>> stats_json_file = combine_obj_reg(output_json_file);
```

Step 3 hierarchy

>> combine_hierarchy(stats_json_fn,'C:\data\test\cs\study_info.json')

Inputs

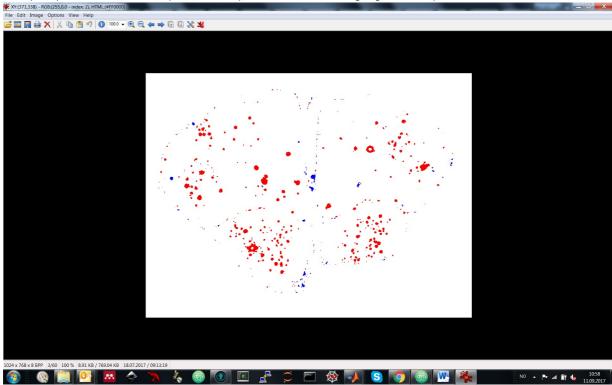
The input is formatted as a JSON file. This JSON file is referred as study_info.json in this document. This file will be given as input of the function

quantify_dataset . Remember that Window's path have to be entered with double backslashes (\\) and not simple backslashes (\\). The last entry line does not finish with a comma (,).

```
"study_name": "crossseeds_m287",
    "slice_dir": "C:\\data\\cs\\5_downsampledQuickNii\\",
    "slice_ori": "coronal",
    "atlas_dir": "C:\\data\\cs\\6_reslicedAtlasTemplate\\",
    "atlas_lbl_file": "C:\\data\\cs\\6_reslicedAtlasTemplate\\annotation.label",
    "seg_dir": "C:\\data\\cs\\7_segmentationilastik\\",
    "obj_lbl": 2,
    "output_dir": "C:\\data\\cs\\8_output",
    "hier_dir": "C:\\data\\cs\\7_segmentationilastik\\regions\\"
}
```

Required inputs

- "study_name" the name of the study that will be used to name the output JSON files.
- "slice_dir" a folder containing the downsmapled image files (png). It is important to use the images that have been used for the anchoring using QuickNII.
- "slice_ori" either coronal or sagittal.
- "atlas dir" the path to the customised atlas sections generated by Gergely that contains for each section
 - a custom MRI cut (png)
 - o a custom Atlas cut (png)
 - o a custom Atlas cut (bin)
 - o (if mouse) a custom Atlas cut with NissI stain (png)
- "atlas_lbl_file" the path to the file that contains the list of annotations from the reference atlas (ITKSnap label file). This file is used to get the correspondence between image label and region name
- "seg_dir" the path to the folder containing the segmentation images obtained after llastik process
- "obj_lb!" the label (integer) that encodes the object of interest in the output segmentation image.In the example below, the object of interest (red) is indexed with 2 (see top frame of the window: RGB(255,0,0 index: 2), software used for visualising images: IrfanView)



• "output_dir" the path to the folder where the output json files and the overlay images are stored

Optional Inputs

- "hier_dir" if ones want to gather regions following a hierarchy, the path to the folder containing the Excel files of the different hierarchies should be entered in this field
- "original_dir" location of the tiff files with original dimensions. This folder might also contain the txt file containing the spatial metadata (resolution, width and height).

- "allen_json" location of the JSON file containing the information of the whole dataset as generated per Allen Institute.
- "pixel_dim" pixel edge dimension in micrometers of the pixel in the images in "seg_dir"

Important

Harvesting the resolution of the image

The segmentation and anchoring work is achieved on a downsampled version of the original image. Therefore, if the user wants the objects areas to be expressed in real world dimensions (and not pixels), the original resolution and the original width and height of the images have to be harvested.

Four alernative approaches to harvest this information have been implemented:

- to parse the information from a text file generated by an export script from Zen. This text file is located in the folder "original_dir",
- to parse the information from the original tiff file located in "original_dir". In a Tiff file, one can embed metadata information such as ImageWidth, ImageLength, XResolution, YResolution and ResolutionUnit. Zen correctly exports this information in the tiff files creating during the Export procedure,
- to parse the information from a metadata JSON file ("allen_json") generated by the Allen Brain Institue. The Rest API to Allen Institute data exchanges information about datasets through JSON files. When using tools to download Allen Brain data (see allen2quicknii), such JSON file is automatically generated,
- to enter the pixel edge dimension ("pixel_dim") in the JSON file

The program will do as follows:

- if neither "original_dir","allen_json" or "pixel_dim" are specified, the program will generated statistics that are not in real world dimensions but only in pixels,
- if only "original_dir" is specified, the program will look for a txt with the same name as the image file. If found, the information is harvested from this file. If not found, the spatial information is harvested from the tiff file metadata,
- if only "allen_json" is specified, the program will parse the spatial information from the JSON file,
- if only "pixel_dim" is specified, the program will use this spatial information,
- in other cases, the program will stop with an error asking you to remove name/value pairs from the study_info.json file.

Naming standards

To makes easy the generisation of this tool, a naming convention is required in order to function. A filename is composed of a core name and and index string. The name of the file in "seg_dir" defines:

- the core name is the string previous to the index string (excluding _Object Predictions if it exists),
- the index string is _sxxx where XXX are three digits defining the index of the image

Example: "seg_dir" -> tg2576_m287_1D1_s010_Object Predictions.png

- core name: tg2576_m287_1D1
- index string: _s010
- index: 10

"atlas_dir"-> 761_3165_4247_tg2576_m287_1D1_s010_Segmentation.bin

"slice_dir"-> tg2576_m287_1D1_s010.png and tg2576_m287_1D1_s010.txt

Which files to analyze

The segmentation folder "seg_dir" defines the sections to be analysed. There fore if you want to analyze only a sub sample of the dataset, you can remove files from the "seg_dir" folder in order to control for which images are analysed.

Requirements

- Matlab (2015b or more recent)
- JSONlab a Matlab toolobox to read/w rite JSON files. IF yu get an error message saying that the program didn't manage to install the JSONlab, try to download if
 to a given path and type

addpath('/to/the/given/path')

in the commend window of Matlab before starting the program.