A quick introduction to FLR

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The Fisheries Library in R (FLR) is a collection of tools for quantitative fisheries science, developed in the R language, that facilitates the construction of bio-economic simulation models of fisheries systems.

FLR builds on the powerful R environment and syntax to create a domain-specific language for the quantitative analysis of the expected risks and effects of fisheries management decision. The classes and methods in FLR consider uncertainty an integral part of our knowledge of fisheries system. [...]

Required packages

To follow this tutorial you should have installed the following packages:

• FLR: FLCore

You can do so as follows,

```
install.packages(c("FLCore"), repos = "http://flr-project.org/R")
```

Starting with FLR

The main *classes* (i.e. data structures) and methods (i.e. procedures) in the FLR system are found in the FLCore package. Let's load it first

library(FLCore)

The FLOuant class

The basic element on which the FLR classes are based is the FLQuant class. We can look at the structure of the class in its help page

help(FLQuant)

It is a six-dimensional array, in which the first dimension is free to have any name, *quant* by default, commonly age, while the other five have set names:

- year: year of the data point.
- unit: any subdivision of the data not based on space or time, for example gender (male and female).
- season: any time step shorter than year (e.g. month, quarter, week).
- area: spatial subdivision of data

• iter: multiple iterations of the same process (e.g. bootstrap, Bayesian, Monte Carlo, ...)

We can now call the FLQuant() constructor method to see an example with some random numbers

```
FLQuant(rlnorm(20), dim = c(4, 5), quant = "age",
    units = "kg")
An object of class "FLQuant"
An object of class "FLQuant"
, , unit = unique, season = all, area = unique
   year
age 1
            2
                    3
                            4
                                    5
  1 0.60352 0.97440 0.99065 1.68515 1.36443
  2 1.93833 2.09946 3.13919 0.84972 0.53418
  3 0.24826 1.51710 5.28007 0.61229 0.59522
  4 3.14748 6.16351 1.06234 0.93561 1.43151
units: kg
```

and this produces an FLQuant object with some numbers for ages 1 to 4, and years 1 to 5. The name of the first dimension has been specified to be "age", while the units of measurement, "kg", have been stored as an attribute to the array.

An important part of the information associated with any dataset is kept in an FLQuant as the dimnames of the array. For example, we can specify in the constructor call the names of any of the dimensions, by using the dimnames argument

```
FLQuant(rlnorm(20), units = "kg", dimnames = list(age = 0:3,
   year = 2010:2014))
An object of class "FLQuant"
An object of class "FLQuant"
, , unit = unique, season = all, area = unique
  year
age 2010
            2011
                     2012
                              2013
 0 5.05653 0.15654 0.69089 1.00484
  1 0.69980 4.84358 2.49983 2.98628
  2 1.19544 3.67105 0.28047 3.45236
  3 0.81529 0.88436 0.41125 2.65102
  year
age 2014
```

```
0 0.59178
  1 18.75915
  2 0.35310
  3 0.43105
units: kg
```

There are a number of methods and ways to create FLQuant objects from different R objects (vector, matrix, array or data.frame) once loaded into R, please see ?FLQuant and ?as.FLQuant for a complete list of available methods.

Objects of this class have the same properties as any array in R, with some important differences. For example, subsetting on an FLQuant does not drop by default unused dimensions

```
flq <- FLQuant(rlnorm(20), units = "kg", dimnames = list(age = 0:3,</pre>
    year = 2010:2014))
flq[1, ]
An object of class "FLQuant"
An object of class "FLQuant"
, , unit = unique, season = all, area = unique
  year
age 2010
            2011
                    2012
                             2013
                                     2014
 0 0.83273 0.93033 0.57937 0.53811 0.66576
units: kg
dim(flq[1, ])
[1] 1 5 1 1 1 1
```

so they remain valid FLQuant objects. Similarly, arithmetic operations on objects of the class, against each other or against numeric vectors, always return an FLQuant object.

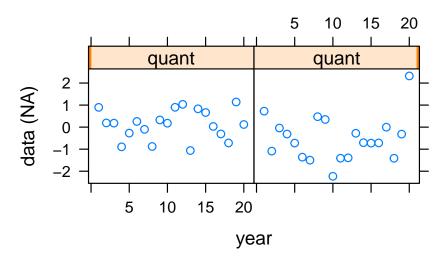
```
flq * 2
An object of class "FLQuant"
An object of class "FLQuant"
, , unit = unique, season = all, area = unique
  year
age 2010
            2011
                    2012
                            2013
                                    2014
  0 1.66546 1.86067 1.15873 1.07622 1.33152
```

```
A QUICK INTRODUCTION TO FLR 4
```

```
1 1.74553 1.58617 1.13461 2.58775 2.61444
  2 0.95651 1.61724 0.91591 1.52422 0.46513
  3 4.02794 4.84576 1.19348 0.76540 1.54251
units: kg
flq + (flq * 2)
An object of class "FLQuant"
An object of class "FLQuant"
, , unit = unique, season = all, area = unique
  year
age 2010
           2011
                  2012
                         2013
                                2014
  0 2.4982 2.7910 1.7381 1.6143 1.9973
  1 2.6183 2.3793 1.7019 3.8816 3.9217
  2 1.4348 2.4259 1.3739 2.2863 0.6977
  3 6.0419 7.2686 1.7902 1.1481 2.3138
units: kg
```

• summary, plot

plot(FLQuant(rnorm(200), dim = c(2, 20)))



• FLStock

FLPar

FLSR

References

L. T. Kell, I. Mosqueira, P. Grosjean, J-M. Fromentin, D. Garcia, R. Hillary, E. Jardim, S. Mardle, M. A. Pastoors, J. J. Poos, F. Scott, R. D. Scott; FLR: an open-source framework for the evaluation and development of management strategies. *ICES J Mar Sci* 2007; 64 (4): 640-646. doi: 10.1093/icesjms/fsmo12

More information

- You can submit bug reports, questions or suggestions on this tutorial at https://github.com/flr/doc/issues.
- Or send a pull request to https://github.com/flr/doc/
- For more information on the FLR Project for Quantitative Fisheries Science in R, visit the FLR webpage, http://flr-project.org.

Software Versions

- R version 3.3.2 (2016-10-31)
- FLCore: 2.6.0.20170228
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