An_introduction_to_MSE_with FLR

16 February, 2017

This tutorial introduces a basic MSE: conditioning the operating model (starting from an existing stock assessment), setting up the observation error model, constructing a simple model-based HCR (based on the ICES MSY approach), performing the MSE simulations, producing performance statistics

Required packages

To follow this tutorial you should have installed the following packages:

- CRAN: ggplot2
- FLR: FLCore, FLash, FLXSA, FLBRP, ggplotFL

You can do so as follows,

```
install.packages(c("ggplot2"))
install.packages(c("FLa4a", "FLash", "FLXSA", "FLBRP", "ggplotFL"), repos="http://flr-project.org/R")
# This chunk loads all necessary packages, trims pkg messages
library(FLa4a)
library(FLash)
library(FLXSA)
library(FLBRP)
library(ggplotFL)
```

CONDITIONING THE OPERATING MODEL

Read in stock assessment data

```
data(ple4)
data(ple4.index)
stk <- ple4; rm("ple4")
idx <- FLIndices(idx=ple4.index); rm("ple4.index")</pre>
```

Set up the iteration and projection window parameters

```
it <- 20 # iterations
y0 <- range(stk)["minyear"] # initial data year
dy <- range(stk)["maxyear"] # final data year
iy <- dy+1 # initial year of projection (also intermediate)
fy <- dy+12 # final year
ny <- fy - iy + 1 # number of years to project from initial year
nsqy <- 3 # number of years to compute status quo metrics</pre>
```

Fit stock assessment model a4a

```
qmod <- list(~s(age, k=6))
fmod <- ~ te(replace(age, age>9,9), year, k=c(6,8))
mcmc <- 2000
mcsave <- mcmc / it #this needs to be an integer value
fit <- a4aSCA(stk, idx, fmodel=fmod, qmodel=qmod, fit="MCMC", mcmc = SCAMCMC(mcmc = mcmc, mcsave = mcsa</pre>
```

```
stk <- stk + fit
stk0 <- qapply(stk, iterMedians) #reduce to keep one iteration only
Fit stock-recruit model
srbh <- fmle(as.FLSR(stk, model="bevholt"), method="L-BFGS-B", lower=c(1e-6, 1e-6), upper=c(max(rec(stk
## final value -13.199792
## converged
## final value -13.199792
## converged
## final value -13.161960
## converged
## final value -13.117131
## converged
## final value -12.519496
## converged
## final value -12.925271
## converged
## final value -13.017653
## converged
## final value -14.434271
## converged
## final value -15.942283
## converged
## final value -13.203449
## converged
## final value -12.670650
## converged
## final value -11.813228
## converged
## final value -11.395789
## converged
## final value -13.100922
## converged
## final value -12.684184
## converged
## final value -11.656310
## converged
## final value -11.042795
## converged
## final value -11.929659
## converged
## final value -11.272703
## converged
## final value -11.107311
## converged
srbh0 <- fmle(as.FLSR(stk0, model="bevholt"), method="L-BFGS-B", lower=c(1e-6, 1e-6), upper=c(max(rec(s
```

Calculate reference points and set up the operating model for the projection window

final value -13.625097

converged

srbh.res <- rnorm(it, FLQuant(0, dimnames=list(year=iy:fy)), c(apply(residuals(srbh), 6, mad)))</pre>

```
brp <- brp(FLBRP(stk0, srbh0))
Fmsy <- c(refpts(brp)["msy", "harvest"])
Bpa <- 0.5*c(refpts(brp)["msy", "ssb"])
stk <- stf(stk, fy-dy, nsqy, nsqy)</pre>
```

SET UP OBSERVATION ERROR MODEL ELEMENTS

Estimate the indices catchability from the a4a fit (without simulation)

```
idcs <- FLIndices()</pre>
for (i in 1:length(idx)){
    lst <- mcf(list(idx[[i]]@index, stock.n(stk0)))</pre>
    idx.lq <- log(lst[[1]]/lst[[2]]) # log catchability of index</pre>
    idx.qmu <- idx.qsig <- stock.n(iter(stk,1)) # empty quant</pre>
    idx.qmu[] <- yearMeans(idx.lq) # Every year has the same mean catchability
    idx.qsig[] <- log((sqrt(yearVars(idx.lq))/yearMeans(idx.lq))^2 + 1) # Every year has same sd
    idx.q <- FLQuant(NA, dimnames=dimnames(stock.n(stk)))</pre>
    idx.q[,ac(dimnames(stock.n(stk))$year[1]:dy)] <- propagate(exp(idx.lq[,ac(dimnames(stock.n(stk))$ye</pre>
    idx.q <- rlnorm(it, idx.qmu, idx.qsig) # Build FLQ of index catchability based on lognormal distrib
    idx_temp <- idx.q * stock.n(stk)</pre>
    idx_temp <- FLIndex(index=idx_temp, index.q=idx.q) # generate initial index</pre>
    range(idx_temp)[c("startf", "endf")] <- c(0, 0)</pre>
    idcs[[i]] <- idx_temp</pre>
names(idcs) <- names(idx)</pre>
idx<-idcs[1]
```

SET UP MSE LOOP

Needed Functions

Observation error model

```
o <- function(stk, idx, assessmentYear, dataYears) {
    # dataYears is a position vector, not the years themselves
    stk0 <- stk[, dataYears]
    # add small amount to avoid zeros
    catch.n(stk0) <- catch.n(stk0) + 0.1
    # Generate the indices - Just data years
    idx0 <- lapply(idx, function(x) x[,dataYears])
# Generate objserved index
    for (i in 1:length(idx)) index(idx[[i]])[, assessmentYear] <- stock.n(stk)[, assessmentYear]*index.list(stk=stk0, idx=idx0, idx.om=idx)
}</pre>
```

XSA assessment model

```
shk.yrs = 5, shk.ages= 5, window = 100, tsrange = 99, tspower = 0)
# Fit XSA
fit0 <- FLXSA(stk0, idx0, control)
# convergence diagnostic (quick and dirty)
maxit <- c("maxit" = fit0@control@maxit)
# Update stk0
stk0 <- transform(stk0, harvest = fit0@harvest, stock.n = fit0@stock.n)
return(list(stk0 = stk0, converge = maxit))
}</pre>
```

Control object for projections

```
getCtrl <- function(values, quantity, years, it){
   dnms <- list(iter=1:it, year=years, c("min", "val", "max"))
   arr0 <- array(NA, dimnames=dnms, dim=unlist(lapply(dnms, length)))
   arr0[,,"val"] <- unlist(values)
   arr0 <- aperm(arr0, c(2,3,1))
   ctrl <- fwdControl(data.frame(year=years, quantity=quantity, val=NA))
   ctrl@trgtArray <- arr0
   ctrl
}</pre>
```

MSE initialisation

```
vy <- ac(iy:fy)
TAC <- FLQuant(NA, dimnames=list(TAC="all", year=c(dy,vy), iter=1:it))
TAC[,ac(dy)] <- catch(stk)[,ac(dy)]
TAC[,ac(iy)] <- TAC[,ac(dy)] #assume same TAC in the first intermediate year
ctrl <- getCtrl(c(TAC[,ac(iy)]), "catch", iy, it)
stk <- fwd(stk, control=ctrl, sr=srbh, sr.residuals = srbh.res, sr.residuals.mult = FALSE)</pre>
```

Start the MSE loop

```
for(i in vy[-length(vy)]){
    # set up simulations parameters
    ay <- an(i)
    cat(i, " > ")
    vy0 <- 1:(ay-y0) # data years (positions vector) - one less than current year
    sqy <- (ay-y0-nsqy+1):(ay-y0) # status quo years (positions vector) - one less than current year

# apply observation error
    oem <- o(stk, idx, i, vy0)
    stk0 <- oem$stk
    idx0 <- oem$stk
    idx0 <- oem$idx
    idx <- oem$idx.om

# perform assessment
    out.assess <- eval(call("xsa", stk0, idx0))
    stk0 <- out.assess$stk0

# apply ICES MSY-like Rule to obtain Ftrqt</pre>
```

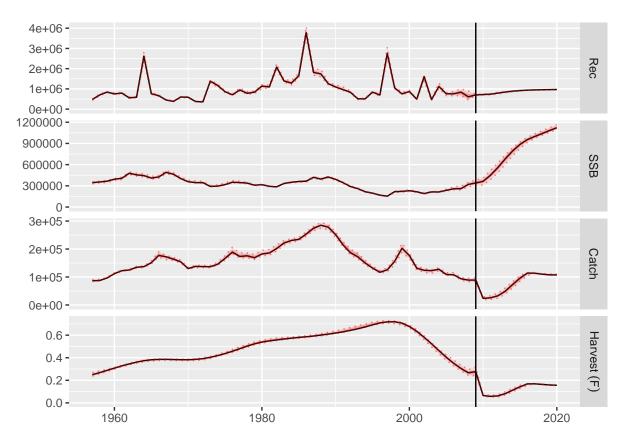


Figure 1: Figure. Operating model results for applying an ICES MSY-like rule

```
flag <- ssb(stk0)[,ac(ay-1)] < Bpa
Ftrgt <- ifelse(flag,ssb(stk0)[,ac(ay-1)] * Fmsy/Bpa,Fmsy)

# project the perceived stock to get the TAC for ay+1
fsq0 <- yearMeans(fbar(stk0)[,sqy]) # Use status quo years defined above
ctrl <- getCtrl(c(fsq0, Ftrgt), "f", c(ay, ay+1), it)
stk0 <- stf(stk0, 2)
gmean_rec <- c(exp(yearMeans(log(rec(stk0)))))
stk0 <- fwd(stk0, control=ctrl, sr=list(model="mean", params = FLPar(gmean_rec,iter=it)))
TAC[,ac(ay+1)] <- catch(stk0)[,ac(ay+1)]

# apply the TAC to the operating model stock
ctrl <- getCtrl(c(TAC[,ac(ay+1)]), "catch", ay+1, it)
stk <- fwd(stk, control=ctrl,sr=srbh, sr.residuals = srbh.res, sr.residuals.mult = FALSE)
}

## 2009 > 2010 > 2011 > 2012 > 2013 > 2014 > 2015 > 2016 > 2017 > 2018 > 2019 >
plot(stk)+geom_vline(aes(xintercept=as.numeric(ISOdate(iy,1,1))))
```

References

More information

- You can submit bug reports, questions or suggestions on this tutorial at https://github.com/flr/doc/issues.
- \bullet Or send a pull request to https://github.com/flr/doc/
- For more information on the FLR Project for Quantitative Fisheries Science in R, visit the FLR webpage, http://flr-project.org.

Software Versions

• R version 3.3.2 (2016-10-31)

FLCore: 2.6.0.20170214ggplotFL: 2.5.20161007

• ggplot2: 2.2.1

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