ODMAP Protocol	Obligatory Objective: Explanation/Inference Objective: Mapping/Interpolation
	Objective: Transfer/Forecast Optional

DMAP section	ODMAP su	bsection		AP element SDM objective:
	Mode	el objective /		o ecological inference/explanation
	el purpose		o mapping	
		1 1		o forecast/transfer Main target output: e.g., suitable vs. unsuitable habitat, continuous habitat suitability index, abundance
	Taxo	n & ecological		Taxon names: e.g., names of subspecies, species, genus, families
	scale	-		Ecological level: e.g., operational taxonomic units, individuals, populations, species, communities
	Loca	tion		Location of study area
				Specify data source: e.g., own field data or data from external provider
Biodiversity data	iversity data		Specify observation type: e.g., standardised monitoring data, expert knowledge, citizen science, heterogenous ty Specify data type: e.g., presence-only, presence/absence, counts, GPS locations (from individual tracking data)	
Overview	overy	-		Specify spatial sampling design, if applicable: e.g., random, uniform, environmentally stratified, opportunistic
er		v ie w		Time period of data collection
Spatial and tempor			State (range of) sample size (incl. prevalence)	
	-		Spatial resolution and extent, type of extent boundary (e.g., natural or political)	
	scale	:		Temporal resolution and extent
	Conc	eptual model		Hypotheses about species-environment relationships Response variable: e.g. presence/absence, abundance, species richness
		mooptual model		Justification of considered predictor variables and their scales
SD	Assu	ssumptions		State critical model assumptions (cf. Table 2)
	SDM	I algorithms		State modelling and ensemble techniques used (justified vis. objectives and assumptions)
	Nr. 1	.11 (1.		Model complexity
	Softw	el workflow		Conceptual description of modelling steps including model fitting, assessment and prediction Specify modelling platform incl. version, key packages used, availability of source codes and data
	Soltv	vare		Details on external biodiversity data source: e.g., URL/DOI, accession date, database version
		Biodiversity data		Details on taxonomic reference system
				Details on observation type, if applicable: e.g., standardised monitoring data, expert knowledge, citizen science
				heterogenous types
				Details on spatial and temporal sampling design, temporal replications, nestedness Details on sample size per taxon: e.g., number of observations/counts, prevalence
				Details on absence data collection, if applicable
	Biodi			Details on background data derivation, if applicable: e.g., spatial and temporal extent, spatial and temporal buff
				bias correction (e.g. target group sampling)
				Details on potential errors and biases in data, if applicable: e.g., detection probability, misidentification potential
				geo-referencing errors, sampling bias Details on data cleaning/filtering steps, if applicable: e.g., taxonomically, spatially, temporally, outlier
				presence/treatment
				Details on scaling, if applicable: e.g., rasterisation of polygon maps, spatial and temporal thinning, measures to
				address spatial uncertainties
Data partitioning			Selection of training data (for model fitting)	
	partitioning		Selection of validation data (withheld from model fitting, used for estimating prediction error for model selection	
				model averaging or ensemble): e.g., cross-validation method Selection of test (truly independent) data, sensu Hastie, et al. (2009)
				Details on data sources: e.g., URL/DOI, accession date, database version
Environmental data/predictor			Details on measurements errors and bias, when known	
	ta/predictor	Spatial and temporal resolution and extent		
		Details on data processing and on spatial, temporal and thematic scaling: e.g. upscaling/downscaling, transformations, normalisations, thematic aggregations (e.g. of land cover classes), measures to address spatial		
	varia	rariables		uncertainties
				Details on dimension reduction of variable set, if applicable – if model-based, this should be contained in Model
				section (element: Details on pre-selection of variables)
				Details on data sources: e.g., URL/DOI, accession date, database version
	Trong	Transfer data for projection		Models and scenarios used Spatial and temporal resolution and extent
				Details on data processing and scaling (see above)
	proje			Quantification of novel environmental conditions and novel environmental combinations: e.g., distance to training
				data
	Multi	icollinearity		Methods for identifying and dealing with multicollinearity (Dormann, et al. 2013) or justification if multicolline
	IVIUILI			is not explicitly dealt with
	Varia	ble pre-selection		Details on pre-selection of variables, if applicable
Model settings / model complexity Model estimates Model selection / Model averaging / Ensembles Non-independence correction/analyses				Details on model complexity and models settings for all selected algorithms (including default settings of specific
	Mode	model complexity		platforms/packages)
	mode			Weighting of data
				Details on relevant model settings for extrapolation beyond sample range, if applicable: e.g., clamping
	Mode			Assessment of model coefficients Details on quantification of uncertainty in model coefficients, e.g. resampling
		Variable importance		
		Details on model selection strategy: e.g. information-theoretic approach for variable selection, shrinkage and		
			regularization	
	1 1			
	Ensei			Details on model averaging: e.g. derivation of weights Details on ensemble method: e.g. initial conditions (input data)
		. 1 .		Method for addressing spatial autocorrelation in residuals
		_		Method for addressing temporal autocorrelation in residuals
				Method to account for nested data: e.g., fixed and random effects
0	Thres	shold selection		Details on threshold selection, if applicable: transforming continuous predictions into binary predictions
n n	Dorfo	Performance statistics	Performance statistics estimated on training data Performance statistics estimated on validation data (from data partitioning)	
	Feiio		Performance statistics estimated on varidation data (from data partitioning) Performance statistics estimated on test (truly independent) data, if applicable	
	Resp	onse shapes		Plausibility check: e.g., partial response plots, evaluation strips, inflated response plots
		iction output		Prediction unit
_	1 icul	ouput		Post-processing, e.g. clipping, reprojection
				Algorithmic uncertainity, if applicable
		Uncertainty quantification		Uncertainty in input data, if applicable Error propagation in Hierarchical/Bayesian models, if applicable
	quant			Uncertainty in scenarios (e.g. climate models, land use models, storylines)
				Visualisation/treatment of novel environments: e.g., masking
		display		Plausibility check