R Markdown

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Overview

Goals

- 1. To understand what R Markdown is (and isn't)
- 2. To be able to make your own output from R Markdown
- 3. To be able to apply R Markdown to your own work
 - Or know that it's not for you!

Outline

Lecture + Tutorial

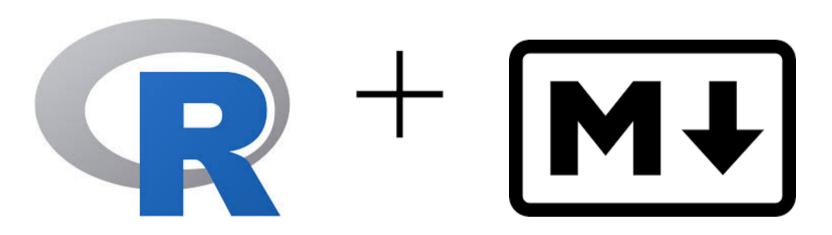
- 1. What is R Markdown?
- 2. What can you use R Markdown for?
- 3. How does it work?

Outline

Lecture + Tutorial

Make your own R Markdown document

What is R Markdown?



More specifically:

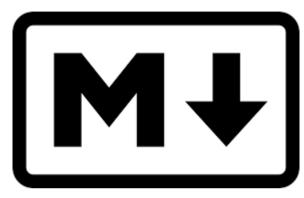
Text + R output + graphics (+ R code) into a single document

Possible uses

- 1. Quick report
 - · R Notebooks
- 2. Full research paper
- 3. Presentation
- 4. PhD thesis...
- 5. Web page
- 6. eBook
- 7. Blog etc...

Reproducible research

Markdown



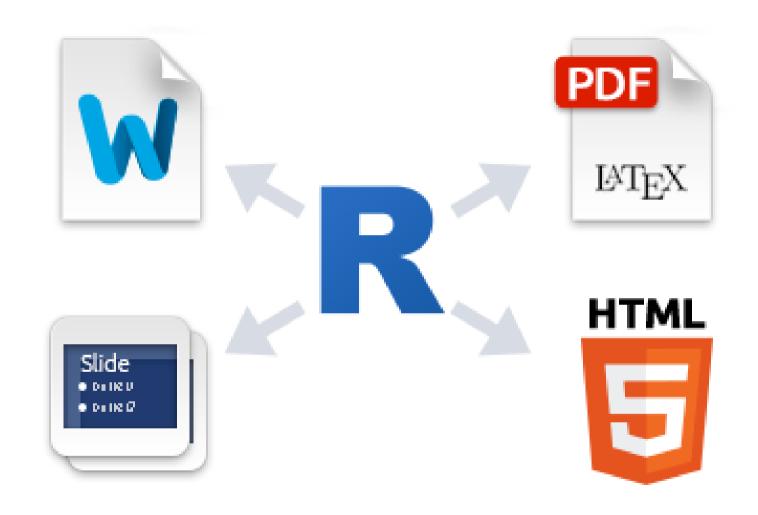
"Markdown is a lightweight markup language with plain text formatting syntax." ¹

Markdown - input

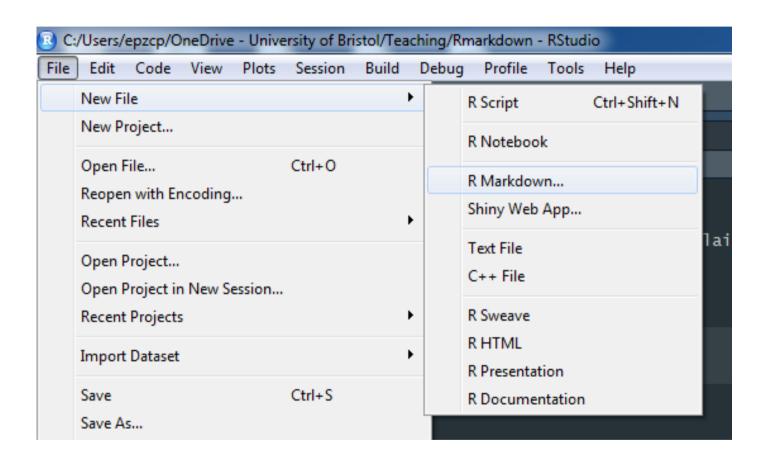
Markdown - output

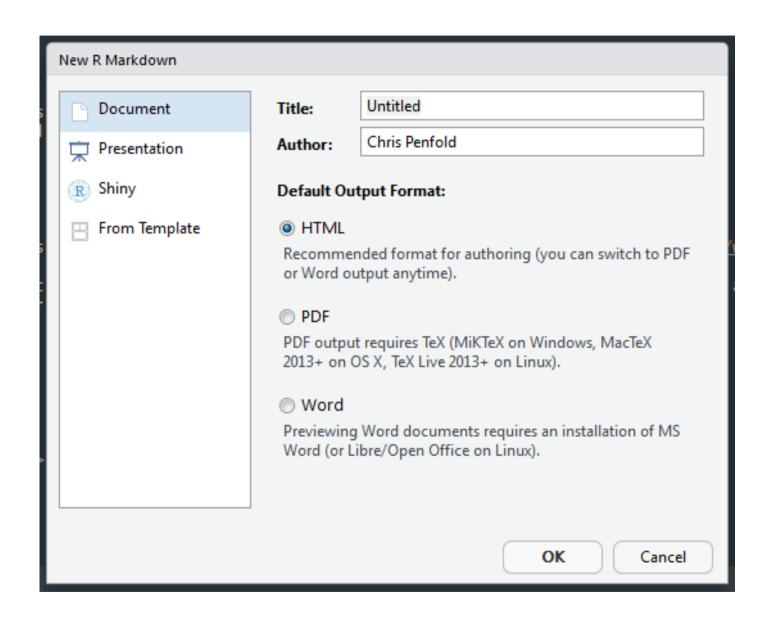
Rmd to output





Making a R Markdown file





YAML (aka header)

```
1 ---
2 title: "Untitled"
3 author: "Chris Penfold"
4 date: "7 December 2018"
5 output: html_document
6 ---
```

Markdown text

```
12 ** ## R Markdown
13
14 This is an R Markdown document. Markdown is a simple formatting syntax
    for authoring HTML, PDF, and MS Word documents. For more details on
    using R Markdown see < http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com >.
15
16 When you click the **Knit** button a document will be generated that
    includes both content as well as the output of any embedded R code
    chunks within the document. You can embed an R code chunk like this:
```

Code 'chunks'

Setup code 'chunk'

```
8  ```{r setup, include=FALSE}
9 knitr::opts_chunk$set(echo = TRUE)
10  ```
```

- Useful for setting up advanced options
- · Also used for code not related to outputs, e.g.
- data cleaning
- deriving variables to be used later
- With include=FALSE, the code chunk will be evaluated (unless eval=FALSE), but the output will be completely suppressed.

Rendering the document

Then we 'knit' (render) the document

• Either by pressing the 'Knit' button in RStudio:



OR

Press 'ctrl' + 'shift' + 'k'

et voila: rendered output

Slide with Bullets

If I type:

- Bullet 1
- Bullet 2
- Bullet 3

I get:

- · Bullet 1
- Bullet 2
- Bullet 3

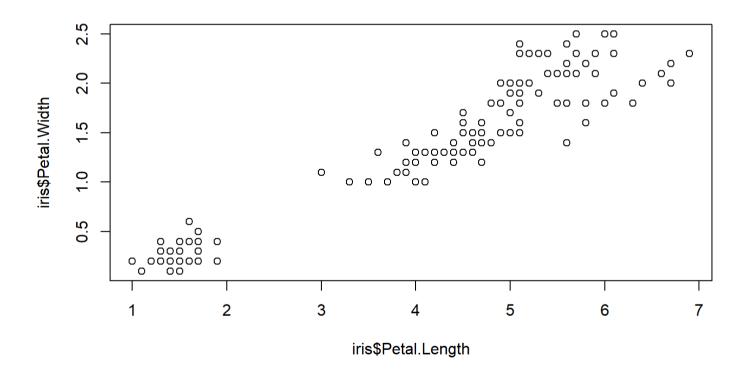
Slide with R Output

summary(iris)

```
Sepal.Length
                     Sepal.Width
                                      Petal.Length
                                                      Petal.Width
##
    Min.
           :4.300
                           :2.000
                                            :1.000
                                                            :0.100
##
                    Min.
                                    Min.
                                                     Min.
##
    1st Qu.:5.100
                    1st Qu.:2.800
                                    1st Qu.:1.600
                                                     1st Qu.:0.300
                    Median :3.000
                                    Median :4.350
                                                     Median :1.300
   Median :5.800
           :5.843
                           :3.057
                                            :3.758
                                                            :1.199
##
   Mean
                    Mean
                                    Mean
                                                     Mean
    3rd Qu.:6.400
                    3rd Qu.:3.300
                                     3rd Qu.:5.100
                                                     3rd Qu.:1.800
##
##
           :7.900
                            :4,400
                                            :6.900
                                                            :2.500
    Max.
                    Max.
                                    Max.
                                                     Max.
##
          Species
    setosa
              :50
##
    versicolor:50
    virginica:50
##
##
##
##
```

Slide with Plot

plot(iris\$Petal.Length, iris\$Petal.Width)

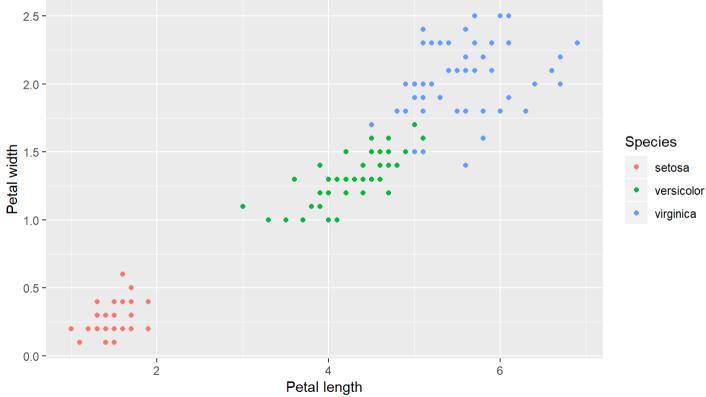


Slide with ggplot2

Slide with ggplot2

Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 3.5.3

Relationship between petal length and width, by species



Slide with table

summary(iris)

```
Sepal.Width
                                                      Petal.Width
     Sepal.Length
                                      Petal.Length
##
    Min.
           :4.300
                           :2.000
                                            :1.000
                                                            :0.100
##
                    Min.
                                    Min.
                                                     Min.
##
    1st Qu.:5.100
                    1st Qu.:2.800
                                    1st Qu.:1.600
                                                     1st Qu.:0.300
   Median :5.800
                    Median :3.000
                                    Median :4.350
                                                     Median :1.300
           :5.843
                           :3.057
                                            :3.758
                                                            :1.199
##
   Mean
                    Mean
                                    Mean
                                                     Mean
                    3rd Qu.:3.300
    3rd Qu.:6.400
                                     3rd Qu.:5.100
                                                     3rd Qu.:1.800
##
##
           :7.900
                            :4,400
                                            :6.900
                                                            :2.500
    Max.
                    Max.
                                    Max.
                                                     Max.
##
          Species
    setosa
              :50
##
    versicolor:50
    virginica:50
##
##
##
##
```

Formatted table

Formatted table

```
print(
  | setosa (N=50) | versicolor (N=50) | virginica (N=50) |
  -----:|:-----:|:-----:|
**Sepal.Length**
|Mean (SD) | 5.006 (0.352) | 5.936 (0.516)
                                       6.588 (0.636)
Range | 4.300 - 5.800 | 4.900 - 7.000
                                       4.900 - 7.900
**Sepal.Width**
|Mean (SD) | 3.428 (0.379) | 2.770 (0.314)
                                       2.974 (0.322)
Range | 2.300 - 4.400 | 2.000 - 3.400
                                       2.200 - 3.800
**Petal.Length**
|Mean (SD) | 1.462 (0.174) | 4.260 (0.470)
                                       5.552 (0.552)
4.500 - 6.900
**Petal.Width**
|Mean (SD) | 0.246 (0.105) | 1.326 (0.198)
                                       2.026 (0.275)
1.400 - 2.500
```

Formatted table

Warning: package 'arsenal' was built under R version 3.5.3

	setosa (N=50)	versicolor (N=50)	virginica (N=50)
Sepal.Length			
Mean (SD)	5.006 (0.352)	5.936 (0.516)	6.588 (0.636)
Range	4.300 - 5.800	4.900 - 7.000	4.900 - 7.900
Sepal.Width			
Mean (SD)	3.428 (0.379)	2.770 (0.314)	2.974 (0.322)
Range	2.300 - 4.400	2.000 - 3.400	2.200 - 3.800
Petal.Length			
Mean (SD)	1.462 (0.174)	4.260 (0.470)	5.552 (0.552)
Range	1.000 - 1.900	3.000 - 5.100	4.500 - 6.900
Petal.Width			
Mean (SD)	0.246 (0.105)	1.326 (0.198)	2.026 (0.275)
Range	0.100 - 0.600	1.000 - 1.800	1.400 - 2.500

Inline maths

You can insert results of R code using 3 backticks ```

```
```{r}
code here
```

· Simple maths example

```
2 + 3 ## [1] 5
```

To do this I typed

```
```{r}
2+3
```

Inline maths

· You can also do this 'inline' like this

But only the results are shown:

• 5

Equations

You can get nicely formatted equations using MathJax:

E.g. population regression line

$$E(y) = \alpha + \beta x$$

$$var(y) = \sigma^2$$

These can also be inline: $\hat{y} = a + bx$

Example

"Could you just re-run this with..."

R Notebook - standalone R Markdown documents

- R Notebooks are a specific use of R Markdown
- · Code and output are combined in a single document
- R Notebooks can not execute code outside the Notebook (e.g. messy data processing etc.)
- Particularly suited to quick reports where having embedded code is not a problem
- Restricted to html output
- Good for archiving analyses and sharing results with collaborators

R Notebook

An R Notebook is a special execution mode of R Markdown with two characteristics that make it very useful for communicating results²:

- Rendering a preview of an R Notebook does not execute R code, making it computationally convenient to create reports during or after interactive analyses.
- R Notebooks have an embedded copy of the source code, making it convenient for others to examine your work.

R Notebook - example

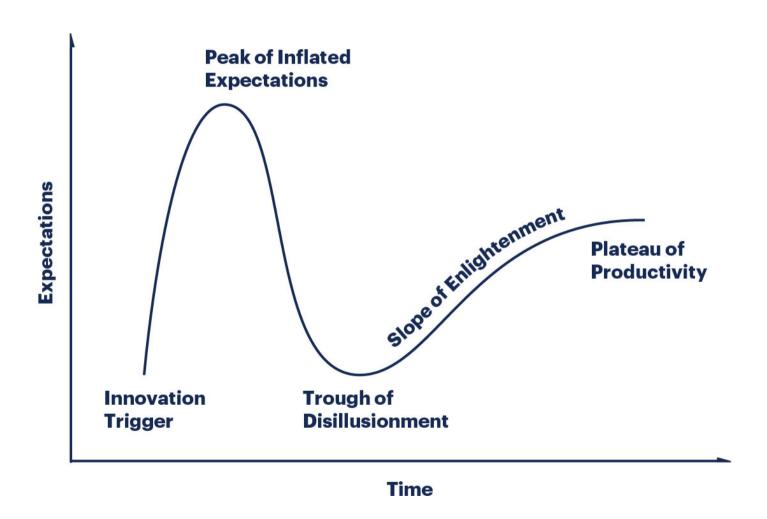
Times to use R Markdown

PROBLEM COMMON TOOL BETTER TOOL

Share reports and presentations Microsoft Office R Markdown

Summarize and share your interactive analyses R Scripts R Notebooks

R Markdown - hype check...

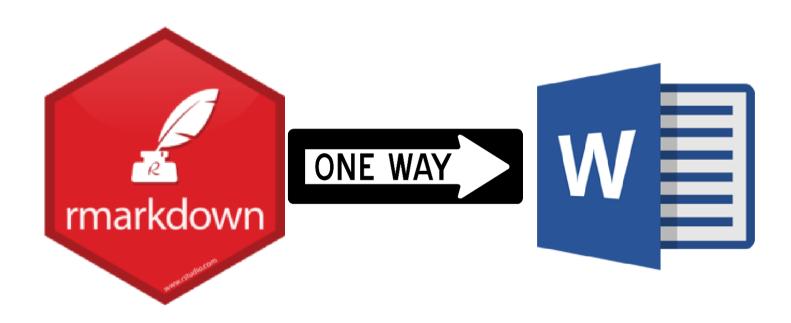


R Markdown - Key limitations

- Tables
 - New packages improve this all the time
 - e.g. arsenal (+ broom)
- How does this fit into a typical paper writing workflow?

Warning: package 'png' was built under R version 3.5.2

Warning: package 'gridExtra' was built under R version 3.5.2



Any questions???

- Slides are available at:
 - Slides available at GitHub:
 - https://github.com/Chris-M-P/Rmarkdown

Useful links

- · RStudio R Markdown resources https://rmarkdown.rstudio.com/
- · R Markdown: The Definitive Guide link
- · R Markdown cheatsheet available from RStudio:
 - Help > Cheatsheets > R Markdown Cheat Sheet
- Stackoverflow Rmarkdown tag https://stackoverflow.com/questions/tagged/r-markdown