### TikZ reference

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The TikZ commands can be inside the environment \begin{tikzpicture} ... \end{tikzpicture} or simply use \tikz clause. We run pdflatex or latex followed by dvips to execute the TikZ commends.

# 1 Preliminary

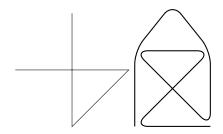
### 1.1 Straight Path Construction

```
Useage:
```

```
\frac{(x1,y1) -- (x2,y2) -- (x3,y3)}{}
```

#### Example:

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\draw(-1.5,0) -- (1.5,0) -- (0,-1.5) -- (0,1.5);
\draw[thick, rounded corners=10pt] (0,0) -- (0,2) -- (1,3.25) -- (2,2) -- (2,0) -- (2,2) -- (0,0) -- (2,0);
\end{tikzpicture}
```



#### 1.2 Circle Path Construction

```
Usage:
```

```
\draw[options] (x,y) circle (raidus);
\draw[options] (x,y) ellipse (x.raidus anda y.radius);
```

```
hegin{tikzpicture}
  \draw (0,0) circle (2pt);
  \draw[red] (1,0) circle (3pt);
  \draw[fill=red] (2,0) circle (4pt);
  \draw[red,fill=red] (3,0) ellipse (10pt and 5pt);
  \filldraw[blue,rotate=30] (3.5,-2) ellipse (10pt and 5pt); % another way
end{tikzpicture}
```



### 1.3 Curved Path Construction

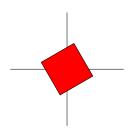
### 1.4 Rectangle Path Construction

```
Usage:
```

```
\draw[options] (x1,y1) rectangle (x2,y2);
```

#### Example:

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
  \draw (-1.5,0) -- (1.5,0);
  \draw (0,-1.5) -- (0,1.5);
  \draw[rotate=30, fill=red] (-0.5,-0.5) rectangle (-1,-1);
\end{tikzpicture}
```

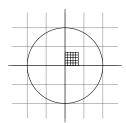


### 1.5 Grid Path Construction

```
Usage:
```

```
\draw[options] (x1,y1) grid (x2,y2);
```

```
\descripte.
\begin{tikzpicture}
  \draw[step=.5cm, gray, very thin] (-1.4,-1.4) grid (1.4,1.4);
  \draw (-1.5,0) -- (1.5,0);
  \draw (0,-1.5) -- (0,1.5);
  \draw (0,0) circle (1cm);
  \draw[step=2pt] (0,0) grid (10pt,10pt);
\end{tikzpicture}
```



### 1.6 Drawing Options

There are some drawing options that one can use to control the color, thickness, and line type.

- thickness: ultra thin —, very thin —, thin —, semithick —, thick —, very thick —, ultra thick —.
- line type: loosely dashed ---, dashed ---, densely dashed ---, loosely dotted ----, dotted ----, densely dotted ----,

Note: [help lines]=[gray, very thin]. Line thickness can be also specified by 'line width' option, say [line width=0.5cm].

#### Usage:

```
\draw[color, thickness, line type, arrow] (x1,y1) -- (x2,y2);
```

#### Example:

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
  \draw[red, very thin, densely dashed, <-] (0,0) -- (0.9,0);
  \draw[green, ultra thick, loosely dotted, |->] (1.1,0) -- (1.9,0);
  \draw[blue, semithick, <->, >=stealth] (2.1,0) -- (2.9,0);
  \draw[purple, line width=0.3cm] (3.1,0) -- (3.9,0);
  \end{tikzpicture}
```

# 

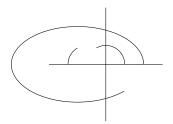
### 1.7 Arc Path Construction

```
Usage:
```

```
\draw(x,y) arc (angle1:angle2:radius);
\draw[start angle=angle1, end angle=angle2, radius=radius] (x,y) arc;
\draw(x,y) arc (angle1:angle2:x.radius and y.radius);
```

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\draw (-1.5,0) -- (1.5,0);
\draw (0,-1.5) -- (0,1.5);
\draw (0.5,0) arc (0:120:0.5cm);
```

```
\draw (1,0) arc (0:315:1.75cm and 1cm);
\draw[start angle=180, end angle=120, radius=0.5cm] (-1,0) arc;
% The above is not a recommand way.
\end{tikzpicture}
```



### 1.8 Adding a Touch Style

Styles are predefined sets of options that can be used to organize how a graphic is drawn. To define a style globally, we can use the \tikzset command at the beginning of the document.

#### Usage:

```
\tikzset{style_name./style={options}}
```

#### Example:

```
\tikzset{blue_thin_lines/.style={color=blue!50,very thin}}
\begin{tikzpicture}
  \draw[blue_thin_lines] (0,0) grid (5,5);
\end{tikzpicture}
```



To define a style locally, we use a pair of square bracket "[]" to define styles at the beginning of a picture.

#### Usage:

```
[style_name/.style={options}]
```

#### Example:

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
  [red_thick_lines/.style={color=red!50,very thick}];
  \draw[step=0.5cm, red_thick_lines] (0,0) grid (2,2);
\end{tikzpicture}
```



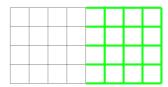
One can also define styles hierarchically.

#### Usage:

```
\tikzset{style_name1/.style={style_name2, options}}
```

#### Example:

```
\tikzset{green_help_lines/.style={help lines, color=green!90}}
\begin{tikzpicture}
  \draw[step=0.5cm, green_help_lines] (0,0) grid (5,5);
\end{tikzpicture}
```



Styles can also be used with a parameter.

#### Usage:

```
[style_name/.style={options}, style_name/.default={options}]
```

#### Example:

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
  [para_color/.style={help lines,color=#1!50}, para_color/.default=blue]
  \draw[step=0.5cm, para_color] (0,0) grid (2,2);
  \draw[step=0.5cm, para_color=red] (2,0) grid (4,2);
  \end{tikzpicture}
```



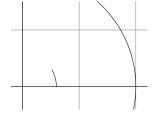
### 1.9 Clipping a Path

The \clip command clip all subsequent drawing.

#### Usage:

```
\clip[options] (x1,y1) rectangle (x2,y2);
```

```
\begin{tikzpicture}[scale=3]
  \clip (-0.1,-0.2) rectangle (1.1,0.75);
  \draw[step=.5cm, help lines] (-1.4,-1.4) grid (1.4,1.4);
  \draw (-1.5,0) -- (1.5,0);
  \draw (0,-1.5) -- (0,1.5);
  \draw (0,0) circle (1cm);
  \draw (3mm,0mm) arc (0:30:3mm);
  \end{tikzpicture}
```



```
Usage:
  \clip (x1,y1) circle (radius);
Example:
  \begin{tikzpicture}[scale=3]
    \clip[draw] (0.5,0.5) circle (.6cm);
    \draw[step=.5cm, help lines] (-1.4,-1.4) grid (1.4,1.4);
    draw (-1.5,0) -- (1.5,0);
    draw (0,-1.5) -- (0,1.5);
    \draw (0,0) circle (1cm);
    \draw (3mm,0mm) arc (0:30:3mm);
  \end{tikzpicture}
       Parabola Path Construction
1.10
Usage:
  \draw[options] (x1,y1) parabola (x2,y2);
Example:
  \begin{tikzpicture}[scale=3]
    \draw (0,0) rectangle (1,1) (0,0) parabola (1,1);
  \end{tikzpicture}
Usage:
  \draw[options] (x1,y1) parabola bend (x2,y2) (x3,y3);
Example:
  \begin{tikzpicture}
    \del{draw}[x=0.2cm,y=0.2cm] (0,0) parabola bend (4,10) (6,6);
  \end{tikzpicture}
```

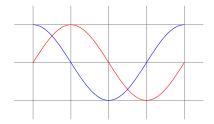
#### Sine and Cosine Path Construction 1.11

#### Usage:

```
\draw[options] (x1,y1) sin (x2,y2);
\frac{x1,y1}{\cos(x2,y2)};
```

#### Example:

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
  \draw[help lines] (-0.5,-1.5) grid (4.5,1.5);
 \draw[red] (0,0) \sin (1,1) \cos (2,0) \sin (3,-1) \cos (4,0);
  \frac{1}{2} draw[blue] (0,1) cos (1,0) sin (2,-1) cos (3,0) sin (4,1);
\end{tikzpicture}
```



#### Filling and Drawing 1.12

#### Usage:

```
fill[options] (x1,y1) -- (x2,y2) arc (angle1:angle2:radius) -- (x3,y3);
\fill[options] (x1,y1) -- (x2,y2) arc (angle1:angle2:radius) -- cycle; % better
\filldraw[options] (x1,y1) -- (x2,y2) arc (angle1:angle2:radius) -- cycle;
```

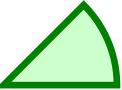
#### Example:

```
\begin{tikzpicture}[line width=5pt]
  [blue!80] (0,0) -- (3,0) arc (0:30:2) -- (0,0);
  \text{draw } (4,0) -- (5,0) -- (5,1) -- (4,0);
  \text{draw } (6,0) -- (7,0) -- (7,1) -- \text{cycle};
 \filldraw[fill=green!20!white, draw=green!50!black]
    (8,0) -- (11,0) arc (0:45:3) -- cycle;
\end{tikzpicture}
```









# 1.13 Shading

### 1.14 Doraemon