### **Autonomous cars**

Who should be held legally accountable in event of an accident?



- Vehicle capable of sensing its environment
- Operating without human involvement
- Human passenger is not required to be present take control of the vehicle at any time





- Rely on sensors, actuators, complex algorithms, machine learning systems, and powerful processors to execute software
- Create and maintain a map of their surroundings based on a variety of sensors situated in different parts of the vehicle
- Sophisticated software then processes all this sensory input, plots a path, and sends instructions to the car's actuators, which control acceleration, braking, and steering. Hard-coded rules, obstacle avoidance algorithms, predictive modeling, and object recognition help the software follow traffic rules and navigate obstacles.





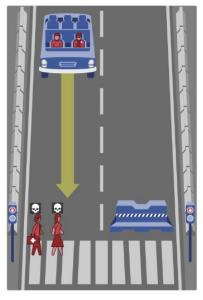


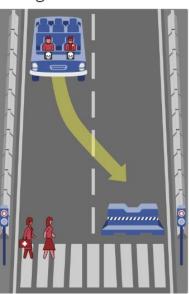
### Morality and autonomous cars

Morality needs to be programmed into autonomous cars ahead of time

However a study in 2018 concluded that morals vary country to country, making it impossible to develop a car that universally satisfies the ethical frameworks adopted across the world

What should the self-driving car do?





## What happens if there is an accident?

#### Who is responsible?

- the owner?
- the manufacturer?
- the insurance company?
- the AI developer?



The UK have proposed that the legal responsibility for accidents caused by self driving vehicles should rest with the **company** or **body** that obtained authorisation for the self-driving features used by the vehicle, **NOT** the person in the driver's seat

In theory, the following entities could be liable:

- 1. Manufacturer of the car
- 2. Designer of the software
- Fleet owner
- 4. Manufacturer of the vehicle's components

### What evidence is required to prove fault?

Data collected by the vehicle sensors would provide evidence for:

- Whether the car was being driven by a human or in autonomous-mode
- Video footage of the incident
- Record of sensor input data and output actions from software
- Status of vehicle/sensors

Any aspect relating to the maintenance or autonomous driving of the vehicle (i.e. software) would place liability onto the manufacturer.







Are there issues with data protection?

# **Questions?**

