

5. Exercise Six

△ Correlation Matrix: $R_{2 \times 2} = \begin{pmatrix} r_{11} & r_{12} \\ r_{21} & r_{22} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0.35 \\ 0.35 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

△ first calculate the proportion w_1, w_2

$$\begin{cases} w_1 = (100\$ \times 200) / (100\$ \times 200 + 125\$ \times 100) = 61.54\% \\ w_2 = (125\$ \times 100) / (100\$ \times 200 + 125\$ \times 100) = 38.46\% \end{cases}$$

Thus: $E(R_p) = w_1 \cdot \mu_1 + w_2 \cdot \mu_2$

$$= 61.54\% \times 0.1\% + 38.46\% \times 0.15\%$$

$$= 0.119\%$$

$$\sigma_{R_p}^2 = w_1^2 \sigma_1^2 + w_2^2 \sigma_2^2 + 2w_1 w_2 \rho_{12} \sigma_1 \sigma_2$$

$$= (61.54\%)^2 \times (3\%)^2 + (38.46\%)^2 \times (4\%)^2 + 2 \times (61.54\%) \times (38.46\%) \times 0.35 \times (3\%) \times (4\%)$$

$$= \cancel{0.00191528} \cdot \cancel{19.85124216} 0.0007763314$$

$$\therefore \sigma_{R_p} = \sqrt{\sigma_{R_p}^2} = \cancel{4.125\%} \cdot \cancel{0.141\%} 2.786272\%$$