

Simulating and estimating the hierarchical lengths example from Bence

Christopher L. Cahill

Quantitative Fisheries Center

R code for simulating a mixed effects model: `lengths.R`

```
1 n_pond = 8
2 n_fish = 10
3 mu = 150 # assume average size among ponds is 150 mm
4 sd_among = 50 # among lake (shared) sd
5 sd_within = 10 # within lake sd
6 pond = rep(1:n_pond, each = n_fish)
7 print(pond)

[1] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
4
[39] 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8
8
[77] 8 8 8 8
```

lengths.R cont'd

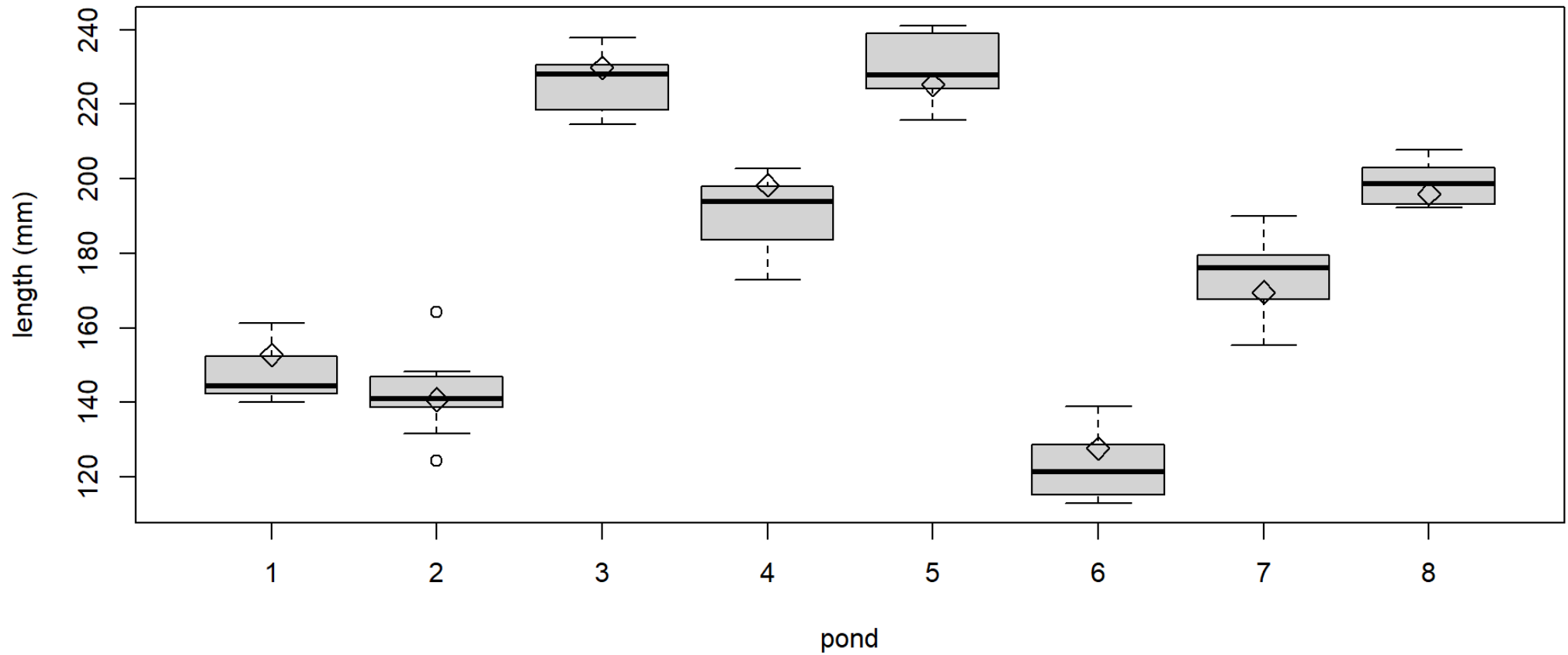
```
1 # step 1, calculate pond mean lengths from hyperprior:
2 set.seed(31)
3 mu_pond = rnorm(n_pond, mu, sd_among) # average length in each lake
```

lengths.R cont'd

```
1 # step 2, calculate fish lengths | on mu_pond:
2 y_obs = rep(NA, n_pond * n_fish)
3
4 # loop through data, generate a random fish length | mu_pond
5 for (i in 1:length(y_obs)) {
6   y_obs[i] = rnorm(1, mu_pond[pond[i]], sd_within)
7 }
```

Look at the simulated data

distribution of lengths



TMB code for estimating the lengths model: `lengths.cpp`

```
1 #include <TMB.hpp>
2 template<class Type>
3 Type objective_function<Type>::operator() ()
4 {
5     DATA_VECTOR(y_obs);          // observed data
6     DATA_INTEGER(n_pond);
7     DATA_IVECTOR(pond);          // integer vector indicating pond
8
9     PARAMETER(ln_mu);             // average length among lakes
10    PARAMETER(ln_sd_among);        // sd among ponds
11    PARAMETER(ln_sd_within);       // sd within ponds
12    PARAMETER_VECTOR(eps);         // random effects - deviations from mu
13
14    int n_obs = y_obs.size();
15    Type mu = exp(ln_mu);
16    Type sd_among = exp(ln_sd_among);
17    Type sd_within = exp(ln_sd_within);
18
19    Type jnll = 0.0;
20
21    // Pr(random coefficients)
22    for(int i = 0; i < n_pond; i++){
23        jnll -= dnorm(eps(i), Type(0.0), sd_among, true);
24    }
25    // more code below
```

TMB code: lengths.cpp

```
1 // continued from previous slide
2
3 // Pr(data conditional on fixed and random effect values)
4 for(int i = 0; i < n_obs; i++){
5     jnll -= dnorm(y_obs(i), mu + eps(pond(i)), sd_within, true);
6 }
7
8 return jnll;
9 }
```

R code: lengths.R

```
1 library(TMB)
2 compile("lengths.cpp")
[1] 0
1 dyn.load(dynlib("lengths"))
2
3 data = list(
4   y_obs = y_obs,
5   n_pond = n_pond,
6   pond = pond - 1 # look here, this is important
7 )
8
9 parameters = list(
10   ln_mu = log(150),
11   ln_sd_among = log(50),
12   ln_sd_within = log(50),
13   eps = rep(0, n_pond)
14 )
15
16 obj = MakeADFun(data, parameters, random = "eps", DLL = "lengths")
```


Testing objective function

```
1 obj$fn() # return the objective f(x) value
```

Optimizing tape... Done

iter: 1 value: 429.3855 mgc: 0.3160354 ustep: 1

iter: 2 mgc: 5.182486e-17

[1] 400.3294

attr(,"logarithm")

[1] TRUE

Testing gradients

```
1 obj$gr() # examine par gradients  
iter: 1   mgc: 5.182486e-17  
Matching hessian patterns... Done  
outer mgc: 69.99745  
[1] -12.631046    1.480762    69.997450
```

Run the optimization:

```
1 opt = nlminb(obj$par, obj$fn, obj$gr)
iter: 1   mgc: 5.182486e-17
iter: 1   mgc: 5.182486e-17
outer mgc: 69.99745
iter: 1   value: 356.1635 mgc: 0.8939608 ustep: 1
iter: 2   mgc: 6.782769e-16
iter: 1   value: 2960.189 mgc: 1329.285 ustep: 1
iter: 2   mgc: 5.255102e-13
iter: 1   mgc: 6.782769e-16
outer mgc: 56.6637
iter: 1   value: 605.3189 mgc: 2.211058 ustep: 1
iter: 2   mgc: 2.735832e-14
iter: 1   value: 338.4739 mgc: 0.02171076 ustep: 1
iter: 2   mgc: 1.028691e-15
iter: 1   mgc: 1.028691e-15
outer mgc: 44.02805
iter: 1   value: 222.2225 mgc: 0.00077744 ustep: 1
```

Get standard deviations

```
1 sdr = sdreport(obj)
iter: 1  mgc: 2.669739e-15
outer mgc: 2.076325e-05
iter: 1  value: 322.2081 mgc: 0.02397546 ustep: 1
iter: 2  mgc: 2.359224e-15
outer mgc: 0.1897302
iter: 1  value: 322.2081 mgc: 0.0239515 ustep: 1
iter: 2  mgc: 1.852685e-15
outer mgc: 0.1891672
iter: 1  value: 322.208 mgc: 8.261608e-05 ustep: 1
iter: 2  mgc: 1.132774e-15
outer mgc: 0.0158112
iter: 1  value: 322.2079 mgc: 8.278147e-05 ustep: 1
iter: 2  mgc: 1.619798e-15
outer mgc: 0.01583635
iter: 1  value: 322.216 mgc: 8.261608e-05 ustep: 1
iter: 2  mgc: 1.502244e-15
```

Get standard deviations

```
1 print(sdr)
sdreport(.) result
      Estimate Std. Error
ln_mu      5.187085 0.07265310
ln_sd_among 3.601978 0.25138866
ln_sd_within 2.156570 0.08333332
Maximum gradient component: 2.076325e-05
```

Check diagnostics

```
1 # check gradients and make sure pdHess
2 opt$convergence # 0 is good
[1] 0

1 final_gradient <- obj$gr(opt$par)
iter: 1   mgc: 2.669739e-15
outer mgc: 2.076325e-05

1 if (any(abs(final_gradient) > 0.001) || sdr$pdHess == FALSE) {
2   message("Model did not converge: check results")
3 } else {
4   message("Model diagnostics consistent with convergence")
5 }
```

Plot fits vs. data

distribution of lengths

