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Lecture 4, Exercise A

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$$\begin{aligned} \text{1a. } \det(I) &= \bar{1} \cdot \bar{1} - \bar{0} \cdot \bar{0} \\ &= \bar{1} \neq \bar{0} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{b. } \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \cdot I$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \bar{1} & \bar{0} \\ \bar{0} & \bar{1} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$I \cdot \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \bar{1} & \bar{0} \\ \bar{0} & \bar{1} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{c.ii)} \quad \det(A) = \bar{1} \cdot \bar{1} - \bar{1} \cdot \bar{0} \\ = \bar{1}$$

$$\det(B) = \bar{1} \cdot \bar{1} - \bar{1} \cdot \bar{0} \\ = \bar{1}$$

All of the entries of  $A$  and  $B$  are in  $\mathbb{F}_2$  and both determinants are non-zero so

$$A, B \in GL_2(\mathbb{F}_2)$$

$$\text{ii)} \quad AB = \begin{bmatrix} \bar{1} & \bar{1} \\ \bar{0} & \bar{1} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \bar{1} & \bar{0} \\ \bar{1} & \bar{1} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \bar{0} & \bar{1} \\ \bar{1} & \bar{1} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$BA = \begin{bmatrix} \bar{1} & \bar{0} \\ \bar{1} & \bar{1} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \bar{1} & \bar{1} \\ \bar{0} & \bar{1} \end{bmatrix} \\ = \begin{bmatrix} \bar{1} & \bar{1} \\ \bar{1} & \bar{0} \end{bmatrix}$$



So  $AB \neq BA$  and  $GL_2(F_3)$   
is not Abelian

$$\text{iii) } A^2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = I$$

$$|A| = 1$$

$$\text{iv) } A^{-1} = A \text{ because } AA = I$$

2. Let  $a, d = 2$  and  $c, b = 1$

Then we have

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \in GL_2(R)$$

and

$$\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 4 - 1 = 3 \neq 0$$

Now consider

$$\begin{bmatrix} \bar{2} & \bar{1} \\ \bar{1} & \bar{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

We have!

$$\begin{vmatrix} \bar{2} & \bar{1} \\ \bar{1} & \bar{2} \end{vmatrix} = \bar{4} - \bar{1} \\ = \bar{3} = \bar{0}$$

So

$$\begin{bmatrix} \bar{2} & \bar{1} \\ \bar{1} & \bar{2} \end{bmatrix} \notin GL_2(\mathbb{F}_3)$$

but

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \in GL_2(\mathbb{R})$$