# CAPSTONE

Defining modern day NBA player positions by using clustering methods.



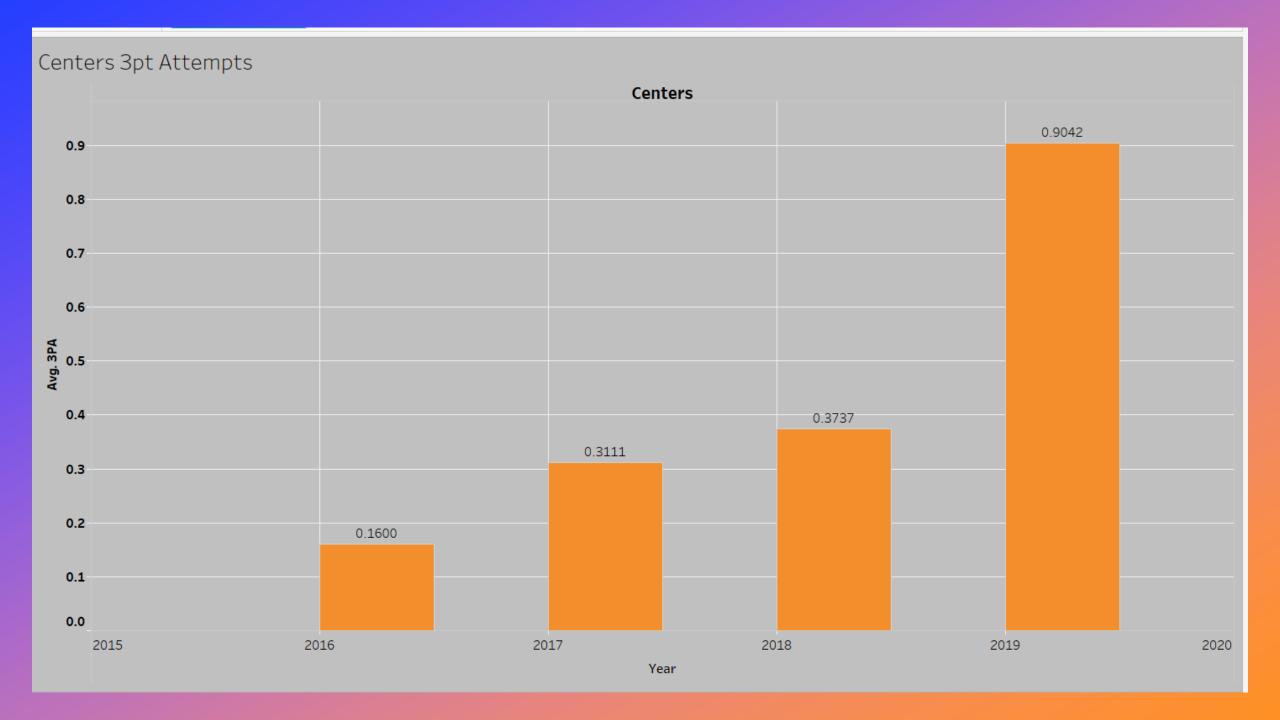
By: Christopher Homsi

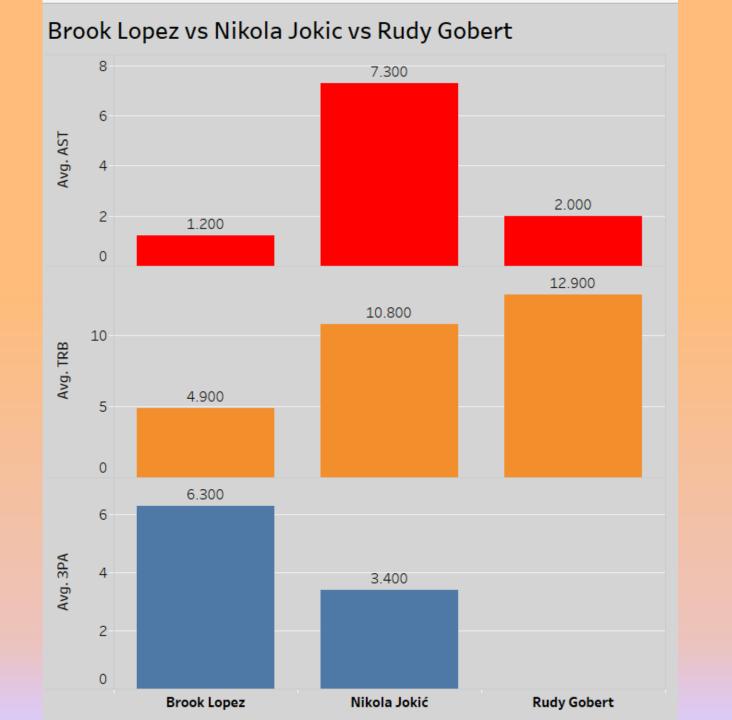
#### The Evolution of Basketball

"Player positions were created to help fans understand the game" – Jalen Rose

- PG (Point Guard)
- SG (Shooting Guard)
- SF (Small Forward)
- PF (Power Forward)
- C (Center)

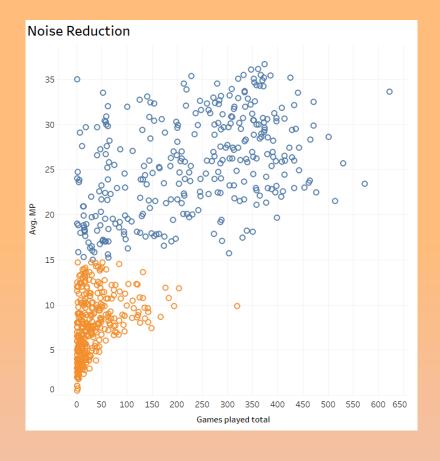






## Web scraping for Data

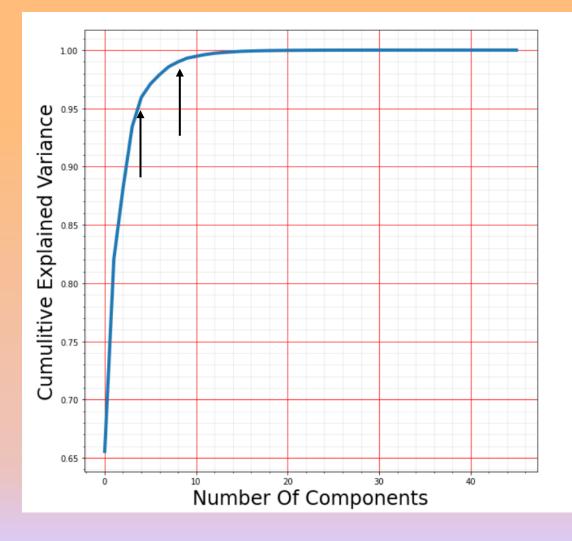
- Beautiful Soup
- Scraped 2016-2019 NBA Seasons
  (basic stats merged with advanced stats)



 Got rid of players with less than 15 min played to reduce noise

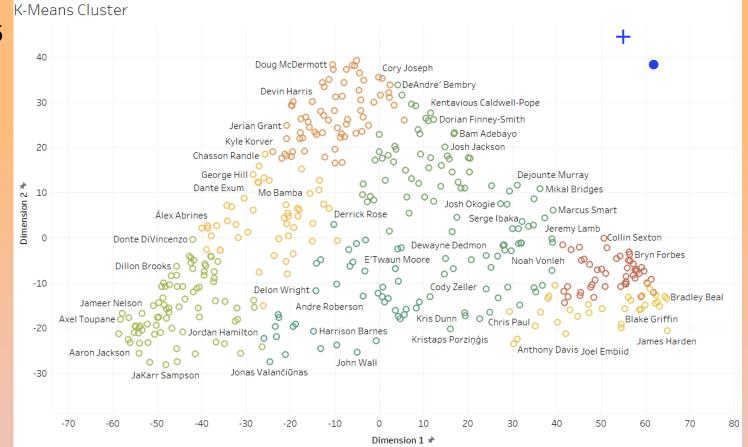
# Modeling using K-Means Clustering

- Step: 1 Standardize our Data
- Step: 2 Apply PCA on our standardized Data
- Step 3: Find number of components of PCA'd data to use
- The First 5 PCA components account for more than 95% of variance in the data.



#### Modeling using K-Means Clustering cont:

- Step 4: Fit our K-Means Model on the first 5 principal components
- Step 5: Decide how many clusters we want to use. After many attempts between 7-12 clusters, the number of clusters that made the most sense was 8.



Conclusion: K-Means was not doing a phenomenal job, it was time to try other clustering methods

## Modeling using DBSCAN method

Just using standardized Data here not PCA!

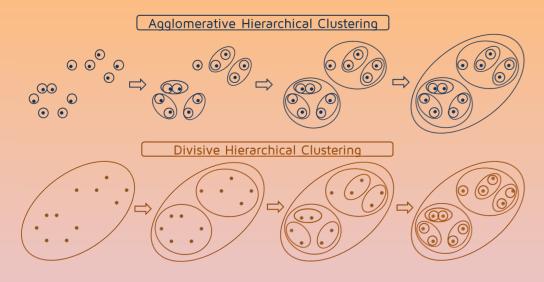
Using epsilon and min\_samples

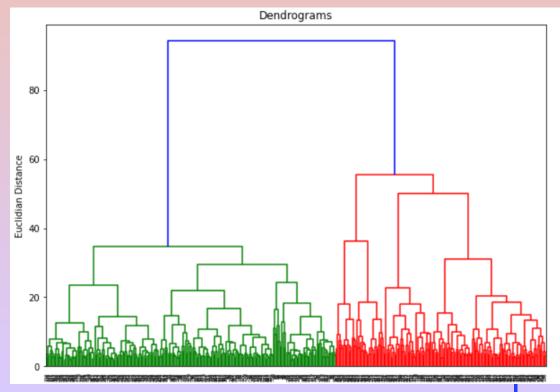
• Maximum silhouette score was a .05

DBSCAN was not good!

# Hierarchical Clustering

- 2 methods (Divisive and Agglomerative)
- I used Agglomerative with 8 clusters using Euclidian distance and a parameter called affinity which computes the linkage.
- And another parameter called "linkage". I used was the default called "ward" ward minimizes the variance of the clusters being merged.





#### Tableau Interactive Visual of Clusters

 https://public.tableau.com/profile/christopher.homsi#!/vizho me/NBAStats2016-2019playerslatestseasons/Dashboard1

# Thank you!

Any questions?!