Deaf/Blind Testimonies by Emely Wang

Jugo, a 24 year-old man who was born completely blind and mostly deaf, had been living in isolation with his 26 year-old brother Pedro, also born deaf and blind. Eight years ago, they had both attended a school for the blind in Paraguay.—After three years' of attending the schoolattendance, the teachers pronounced them unteachable: They were sent back to returned hometheir homes and where they spent the last three years in isolation.—Their only communication with their familyies was for bathroom needs and or in anger.—When we told the school that there was something that we'd like to try that had been something developed with the deaf-blind in mind, they brought Jugo and Pedro back, hoping in hopes that this "new thing" might work with-for them.

I sat down with Jugo on the first day, handing and handed him a plastic card that hadwith a SUN (Symbolic Universal Notation) symbol printed in 3D.—Instead of taking the card and playing with the cardit as I had expected him to do, he merely let the cardit sit in his hands.—I finally put the cardit on the table and, took his fingers and traced the symbol on the card with his fingers.—When I let go of his hands, he limply returned his hands to his side.—For the next hour, I continued to manipulate his fingers, to demonstratinge the numbers one1, two 2, and three3. HoweverBut, every time I released his hands, he would return them limply to his side.—I was startingbegan to understand why the school felt that he was unteachable.—Without response from the studentWhen a student doesn't respond, learning assessments are nearly it is almost impossible to assess learning.

The next day, a deaf facilitator who had been trained in SUN began to teach himJugo.—While they worked, I tried to deattempted the same thing with Pedro. whose. Pedro's response was not much different.—I was starteding to wonder, "Is Will_SUN not going to work with the deaf-blind?"—Suddenly, I heard a cry of excitement from at Jugo's table.—The local leader, who had been observing the interaction between Jugo and his deaf facilitator, suddenly saw Jugo responding to the orientation lesson on orientation.—After being taught how to determine the top of the card, Jugo began turneding every single card he was handed right side up. After a few minutes of practicing the new skill, Jugo's facilitator began teaching him the numbers one 1, two 2, and three 3.—This time, Jugo's the facilitator used a simpler hand gesture to indicate the numbers.—Finally, Jugo was makingmade the connection between the card symbol on the card with the hand gesture, and demonstrateding the comprehension of the connection by tapping the correct fingers when different cards were handed to him.

Finally, his-the facilitator moved on to teach the concept, handing. He handed Jugo the scrambled number cards.—Instantly, Jugo grabbed them from his facilitator's hands and began putting them in order from the smallest number to theto largest number.—Afterwards, he flashed a bright grin and snatched the candy reward from his facilitator's hands.

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From there, all of the consecutive words that were taught were quickly mastered; and Jugo was able to could demonstrate his understanding by signing the word correctly.—He understood that knew he was learning a way of communication, and he shook with excitement.

After we left, the local leader continued to teach the school's staff so that they can could continue to work with Jugo and Pedro.—They have made plans to re-enroll both brothers and continue teaching literacy using with the 3D SUN symbols.