Computational Vision - Lab 2

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- Log on to the machine and open an xterm.
- Create a directory for vision lab 2, and change into it. Type 'matlab &' to start the programming environment.
- Start up a web browser and bring up the following URL, http://www.cs.bham.ac.uk/~dehghanh/vision_files/lab/lab2/
- Download the .m files and the data files (.gif) for Lab 2 and put them in the lab 2 directory.
- In Matlab type

```
shakey = read_image("','shakey.150.gif');
```

This will load up the .gif file from the current directory into the variable shakey. To see a help command for the function type

help read image

You can display the image by typing

```
show image(shakey)
```

This only works for grey images. Later I may extend it to work with colour ones.

Now you can load up different sets of masks. To load up the sobel masks type

load sobel

If you now type

Who

you will get a list of variable names. You can see the sobel horizontal mask by typing sobelX

and the array will print on screen.

You can convolve the image with the mask by typing

```
shakey_sobelX = conv2(shakey,sobelX,'same');
```

You can then display the new image.

Apply both the sobelX and sobelY operators to the image. You can try to threshold the resulting images
using

show image(abs(shakey sobelX)>5)

or whatever number you wish to use as the threshold.

• Combine the two resulting arrays using Pythagoras theorem. To do this you will need to write your own m-file. Call it magnitude.m. You can make it into a matlab function by typing

function m = magnitude(x,y)

at the top of your file. Now display the resulting image using

show image(m)

You can also display this edge image after thresholding it,

show image(m>40)

Create several of these with different thresholds. What do you notice?

- Now load up the Roberts operator. Repeat your previous exercise, but now you must write a
 combination routine that takes the absolute value of |Gx|+|Gy|. This is an approximation to the
 magnitude.
- Produce a written summary of the results of the Roberts and Sobel operators on the image. If you like download another image off the internet (greyscale) and do the same again. The images must be .gif files, to be loaded using read image. You can convert them from other formats in the Gimp (gimp &) or xv if you can't find .gif images you like. Alternatively if you have the Matlab GUI running, you can click on the file name for an image in any format (e.g. .jpg) in the directory frame to the left of the main frame. This will generate a dialogue box that will ask you if you want to load it and create a variable (to hold its contents) of the same name. Click <finish> in the dialogue box, and you've loaded it. You can do this with the file cluttera1.jpg from the webpage.
- Remember to submit you short write-up by next Friday morning.