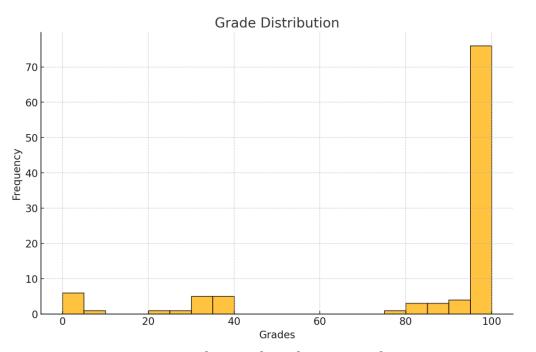
# Lab 2. Input and Output

System Programming Assignment

Seongjong Bae SNU TNET Lab.



#### Lab 1 Grade Distribution



Average	83.52
Median	98.20
Max	100.00
Min	0.00
SD	30.31

- Note: Points may be deducted or given 0 points
  - Compile issue (-6 points): Source file must be compilable with Bacchus' gcc800
    - If it cannot be compilable with gcc, test case score will become 0 points
  - Submission format (-10 points): extension of 'readme', zipped file name as 2024-00000\_assign1 (use the example folder name) or 'Users'
  - Late submission: given 0 points



#### **Dirtree Overview**

Simple mode	Fancy tree view mode		
dir subdir1 subdir2 file1 file2 file3 file4	dir  -subdir1   `-subdir2    -file1    -file2   `-file3 `-file4		

Result of dirtree

- What is "dirtree"?
  - Dirtree recursively traverses a directory tree and prints out a sorted list of all files
  - Dirtree can also print a fancy directory tree and show details



#### Dirtree Specification - Operation

- Dirtree traverses each directory in the list directories recursively
- Prints all of directory entries in alphabetical order
  - Directories are listed before files
  - The special entries '.' and '..' are ignored
- About summary mode: A summary is printed after each dirtree's target directory
  - If several directories are traversed, an aggregate total is printed at the end.



#### Dirtree Specification - Command Line Arguments

Option	Description
-h	Help screen
-t	Turn on fancy tree view
-v	Turn on detailed mode
-s	Turn on summary mode

Usage: \$ ./dirtree [Options] [Directories]

- '-t', '-v', '-s' options may be used together or not used at all
  - 8 possible combinations



### Dirtree Specification - Fancy Tree View Mode (1/5)

Simple mode	Fancy tree view mode		
dir subdir1 subdir2 file1 file2 file3 file4	dir  -subdir1   `-subdir2    -file1    -file2   `-file3 `-file4		

- Simple mode command: ./dirtree
- Fancy tree view mode command: ./dirtree -t



#### Dirtree Specification - Detailed Mode (2/5)

root@sp01:/home/temp/grading/lab-2-input-and-output/			Blocks	& Type
demo Target directory name	User:Group	Size		71
subdir1	root:root	4096	8 d	
sparsefile	root:root	8192	8	
thisisanextremelylongfilenameforsuchasimplistic.	root:root	1000	8	
subdir2	root:root	4096	8 d	
brokenlink	root:root	8	0 1	
symboliclink	root:root	6	0 1	
subdir3	root:root	4096	8 d	
pipe	root:root	0	0 f	
socket	root:root	0	0 s	
one	root:root	1	8	
two	root:root	2	8	

It shows detail information of file and directories



# Dirtree Specification - Detailed Mode (3/5)

Additional details for each entry	Description
User and group	Each file in Unix belongs to a user and a group. Detailed mode prints the names of the user and the group separated by a colon (:)
Size	The size of the file in bytes
Disk blocks	The number of blocks this file occupies on the disk
File type	Indicates the type of file by a single character

File Type	Character
File	(empty)
Directory	d
Link	ĺ
Character device	С
Block device	b
Fifo	f
Socket	S



# Dirtree Specification - Summary Mode (4/5)

```
• seongjong@sp01:~/grading/lab-2-input-and-output/TA/reference$ ./dirtree -s ../test_dirs/test1/
Name

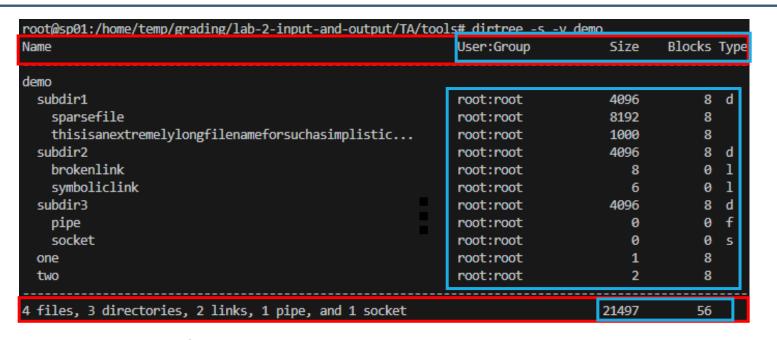
../test_dirs/test1/
a
b
c
d
e
f

Footer (& one-liner containing statistics)
```

 Summary mode: dirtree prints a header and footer around each target directory and a one-liner containing statistics about the directory



#### Dirtree Specification - Detailed Mode + Summary Mode (5/5)



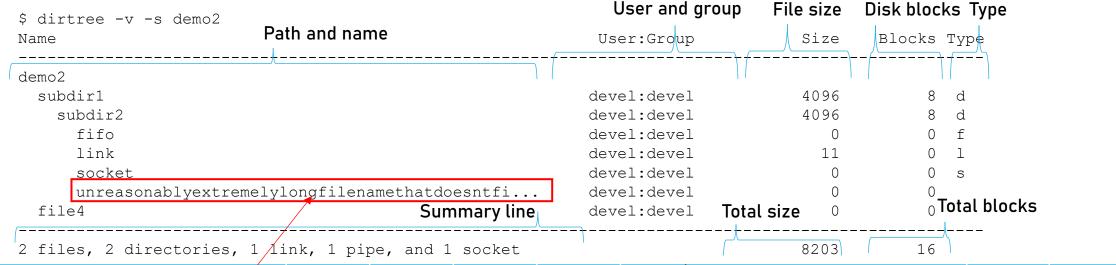
Header w/ detailed information

Footer w/ detailed information

- Detailed mode: detailed information
- Summary mode: column title & total statistics
- Detailed mode + summary mode: detailed information, total statistics, column title, additional summary information by detailed mode
- Red boxes: effect of summary mode, blue boxes: effect of detailed mode



# Dirtree Specification - Output Formatting (1/3)



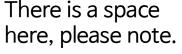
Output element	Path and name	User name	Group name	File size	Disk blocks		Summary line	Total size	Total blocks
Width	54	8	8	10	8	1	68	14	9
Alignment	left	right	left	right	right		left	right	right
Action on overflow	cut and end with three dots (Considerations when the '-v' option is present)	ignore	ignore	ignore	ignore		cut and end with three dots (Considerations when the '-v' && 's' options are present)	ignore	ignore

- Total line length: 100
- Handle the overflow at 'path and name' (with -v option) & 'summary line' (with -v s options)



### Dirtree Specification - Output Formatting (2/3)

- Please make sure this format is correct
  - Whitespace differences are acceptable
  - Newline character differences result in point deduction
  - Text mismatches result in point deduction
  - (using the diff command is recommended)
- <, > symbols are also included in the character count
  - Your program should not print that symbol





# Dirtree Specification - Output Formatting (3/3)

```
0 files, 2 directories, 1 link, 1 pipe, and 1 socket
1 file, 1 directory, 2 links, 0 pipes, and 5 sockets
```

- Zero or >=2 elements are output in plural form
- Exactly one element the singular form is used



#### Dirtree Specification - Error Handling (1/2)

```
$ dirtree -v /etc/cups
/etc/cups
                                                              root:1p
                                                                                    4096
                                                                                                    d
 ppd
    .keep net-print cups-0
                                                              root:root
                                                              root:lp
                                                                                    4096
  ssl
     ERROR: Permission denied
  client.conf
                                                                                                  8
                                                                                      31
                                                              root:root
```

- Permission errors should be handled by any option
  - The '\$ dirtree /home/seongjong' command should also result in a permission error



#### Dirtree Specification - Error Handling (2/2)

- 'No such file or directory' errors should be handled by detailed mode
  - File size, disk blocks, type are not printed
  - In this case, the output may be different from the result of the example executable file (such as different # of file descriptors). But that's okay
- Any errors other than these two (permission error, no such file or directory error) are not considered



#### **Handout Overview**

File or Directory	Description
README.md	For information
Makefile	Makefile driver program
src/dirtree.c	Skeleton for dirtree.c. Implement your solution by editing this file.
doc/	Doxygen instructions, configuration file, and auto-generated documentation
reference/	Reference implementation
tools/	Tools to generate directory trees for testing

#### Makefile

- \$ make: automates the process of compiling and building programs
- \$ make clean: is used to remove compiled files and other generated files
- tools/: The tools directory contains tools to generate test directory trees to test your solution
- doc/: Doxygen is a documentation generation tool that automatically creates software documentation from annotated source code
  - · Not included in the grading. Please look for students who are interested only



#### How to use 'Makefile'

```
    seongjong@sp01:~/grading/lab-2-input-and-output/TA$ make gcc -Wall -Wno-stringop-truncation -O2 -g -MMD -MP -MT obj/dirtree.o -MF .deps/dirtree.d -o obj/dirtree.o -c src/dirtree.c gcc -Wall -Wno-stringop-truncation -O2 -g -o bin/dirtree obj/dirtree.o
    seongjong@sp01:~/grading/lab-2-input-and-output/TA$ make clean rm -rf obj .deps bin
    seongjong@sp01:~/grading/lab-2-input-and-output/TA$ make gcc -Wall -Wno-stringop-truncation -O2 -g -MMD -MP -MT obj/dirtree.o -MF .deps/dirtree.d -o obj/dirtree.o -c src/dirtree.c gcc -Wall -Wno-stringop-truncation -O2 -g -o bin/dirtree obj/dirtree.o
    seongjong@sp01:~/grading/lab-2-input-and-output/TA$ ls bin/dirtree
```

Examp	le	of	use
-------	----	----	-----

File	Path
dirtree.c	~/assign2/src/
dirtree (executable file)	~/assign2/bin/

Basic directory structure (Assume that the 'Makefile' is located in ~/assignment2)

- You should keep the directory structure as specified in the Makefile
  - Basically, use the structure you downloaded the files for lab 2
- You don't need to modify the content of Makefile
  - Just remember that:
  - \$ make: compiles dirtree.c file
  - \$ make clean: removes the results of the compilation (Necessary when performing a new compilation)



#### About 'tools/'

File	Description
gentree.sh	Driver script to generate a test directory tree
mksock	Helper program to generate a Unix socket
*.tree	Script files describing the directory tree layout

Example of use: \$ ./gentree.sh demo.tree

- You can create multiple test cases by modifying only the \*.tree files
  - gentree.sh creates a test case directory based on input files (\*.tree files)
  - mksock is used in gentree.sh and cannot be modified
  - Read the \*.tree file contents. You can easily create test cases



# Hints (Useful C Library Calls)

Topic	C library call	Description
String operations	strcmp()	compare two strings
	strncpy()	copy up to n characters of one string into another
	strdup()	create a copy of a string. Use free() to free it after use
	asprintf()	asprintf() is extremely helpful to print into a string and allocate memory for it a t the same time. We will show some examples during the lab session.
Directory management	opendir()	open a directory to enumerate its entries
	closedir()	close an open directory
	readdir()	read next entry from directory
File meta data	stat()	retrieve meta data of a file, follow links
	lstat()	retrieve meta data of a file, do not follow links
User/group information	getpwuid()	retrieve user information (including their name) for a given user ID
	getgrgid()	retrieve group information (including its name) for a given group ID
Sorting	qsort()	quick-sort an array



#### **Submit Format**

```
Structure of directory:
YourID_assign1 (don't use dash)
|-dirtree.c (source file)
```

'-readme (don't use extension such as .txt, .md, ...)

#### Example:

202400000\_assign1 |-dirtree.c (source file) `-readme

- Please set files and directory's names to match the examples above
  - Don't use any extension for readme file
  - Don't use dash for submit file
- Please place all source code in a single file
- Structure files and directories as shown above, then proceed with compression
- Deadline: ~10.4 21:00
  - 0 points if deadline is missed



#### Grading

Test cases	Assigned points
dirtree ./target_directory	9
dirtree -s ./target_directory	4
dirtree -v ./target_directory	4
dirtree -t ./target_directory	4
dirtree -s -v ./target_directory	3
dirtree -s -t ./target_directory	3
dirtree -v -t ./target_directory	3
dirtree -s -v -t ./target_directory	4
dirtree <options> <multiple directories=""> (same as single directory case)</multiple></options>	34
Error and overflow handling	16
README.md (information of your dirtree)	10
Whether compilation is possible without any warnings	6

- Functionality of each option: 68 points
  - 1 option not implemented: -28 points
  - 2 options not implemented: -40 points
  - 3 options not implemented: -66 points
- Tips for testing: use 'diff' command
- If the submission format is violated: -10 points
- If the source file cannot be compiled
  - w/ gcc800: -6 points
  - w/gcc: The test case score becomes 0

