



Illumination Methods

Knights Who Say Ni Group Project 2:

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Different Illumination Methods

- Ambient
- Diffuse
- Specular
- Phong (combined)

Ambient

- This is the general brightness level for a scene.
- Produces a uniform ambient lighting for all objects.
- Approximates the global diffuse reflections from the various lit objects.
- For monochromatic lighting, the level for ambient light within a scene is given the intensity parameter I_a .
- Reflections from ambient lighting are a simple form of diffuse reflection.

Diffuse

- Diffuse light is scattered, and doesn't leave sharp shadows.
- Contrasts with ambient lighting, as diffuse lighting is dependant on the direction of incoming light rays

Specular

- Specular lighting, like ambient and diffuse lighting, considers strength of light and direction of light rays.
- Specular differs from the other two in that it also takes the position of the viewer into consideration.

Phong (combined)

■ Phong lighting is a combination of ambient, diffuse, and specular lighting.

Lighting calculation

In order to enable and disable lighting calculations in the OpenGL render pipeline, one must call `glEnable` and `glDisable`, respectively, with the argument `GL_LIGHTING`.

Ex: `glEnable(GL_LIGHTING)` and
`glDisable(GL_LIGHTING)`

Light implementation

GL_LIGHT0 is a definition of the global light source implementation. I.e. type of light, position, color, attenuation, etc.

```
glEnable(GL_LIGHT0);    //Enable LIGHT0.
{
    glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_AMBIENT, lightAmbient);    //Set light source parameters.
    glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_DIFFUSE, lightDiffuse);    //Set light source parameters.
    glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_SPECULAR, lightSpecular);    //Set light source parameters.
    glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_POSITION, lightPosition);    //Set light source parameters.
}
glDisable(GL_LIGHT0);    //Disable LIGHT0.
```


Lighting arrays

These are the parameters used for the `glLight()` command in the next slide. These arrays set the intensity of the light that will be generated.

```
GLfloat noLight[] = { 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0 };  
GLfloat lightAmbient[] = { .50, .50, .50, .50 };  
GLfloat lightDiffuse[] = { .50, .50, .50, .50 };  
GLfloat lightSpecular[] = { .50, .50, .50, .50 };  
GLfloat lightPosition[] = { 2.0, 5.0, 5.0, 0.0 };
```

```
GLboolean ambient = true;  
GLboolean diffuse = true;  
GLboolean specular = true;
```

Lighting

- This is how the lights are set within the scene.
- glLight sets the light source parameters.

```
glEnable(GL_LIGHT0);  
if (ambient)    //Ambient lighting.  
{  
    glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_AMBIENT, lightAmbient);  
}  
else  
{  
    glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_AMBIENT, noLight);  
}  
  
if (diffuse)    //Diffuse lighting.  
{  
    glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_DIFFUSE, lightDiffuse);  
}  
else  
{  
    glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_DIFFUSE, noLight);  
}  
  
if (specular)   //Specular lighting.  
{  
    glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_SPECULAR, lightSpecular);  
}  
else  
{  
    glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_SPECULAR, noLight);  
}
```

Lighting arrays cont.

These are the parameters used for the `glMaterial()` command in the next slide. These arrays set the intensity of the light that will be generated on the object itself.

```
GLfloat no_mat[] = { 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0 };  
GLfloat mat_ambient[] = { 0.7, 0.7, 0.7, 1.0 };  
GLfloat mat_diffuse[] = { 0.8, 0.8, 0.8, 1.0 };  
GLfloat mat_specular[] = { 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0 };  
GLfloat shininess[] = { 100.0 };
```

Lighting cont.

- This is how the lights are set for the object that is being lit.
- `glMaterial` specifies the material parameters for the lighting model.

```
if(ambient)    //Ambient lighting.
{
    glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT, GL_AMBIENT, mat_ambient);
}
else
{
    glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT, GL_AMBIENT, no_mat);
}

if (diffuse)    //Diffuse lighting.
{
    glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT, GL_DIFFUSE, mat_diffuse);
}
else
{
    glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT, GL_DIFFUSE, no_mat);
}

if (specular)    //Specular lighting.
{
    glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT, GL_SPECULAR, mat_specular);
}
else
{
    glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT, GL_SPECULAR, no_mat);
}

glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT, GL_SHININESS, shininess);
```



Program Example

