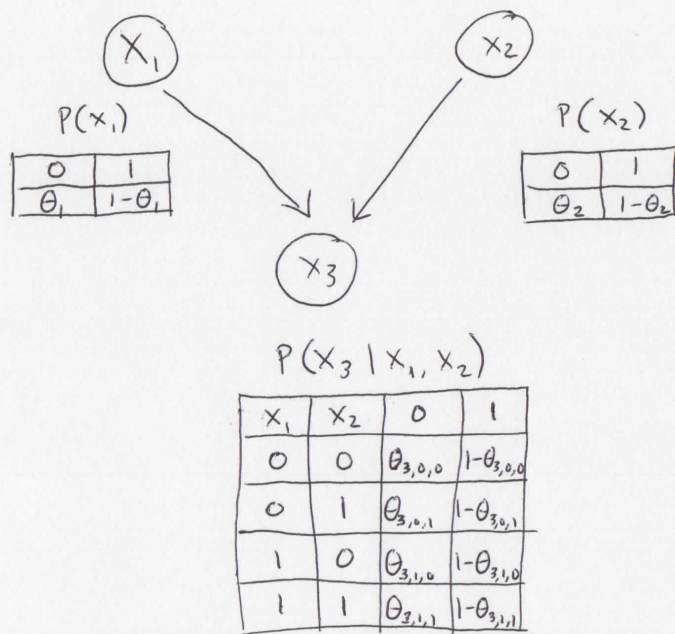


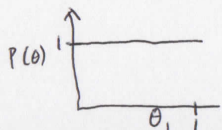
The Bayesian Network, G:



We will assume a flat $\text{Beta}(1, 1)$ prior distribution for all parameters.

e.g.

$$\theta_1 \sim \text{Beta}(1, 1) \Rightarrow P(\theta_1) = 1$$



The likelihood $P(D | \theta, G)$

$$P(D | \theta) = \prod_i P(D_i | \theta)$$

$$= \prod_i P(x_{1,i} | \theta) P(x_{2,i} | \theta) P(x_{3,i} | x_{1,i}, x_{2,i}, \theta)$$

$$= \prod_i (\theta_1^{1-x_{1,i}} (1-\theta_1)^{x_{1,i}}) (\theta_2^{1-x_{2,i}} (1-\theta_2)^{x_{2,i}}) (\theta_{3,x_{1,i},x_{2,i}}^{1-x_{3,i}} (1-\theta_{3,x_{1,i},x_{2,i}})^{x_{3,i}})$$

$$= \theta_1^{n_{1,0}} (1-\theta_1)^{n_{1,1}} \theta_2^{n_{2,0}} (1-\theta_2)^{n_{2,1}} \prod_{a \in \{0,1\}} \prod_{b \in \{0,1\}} \theta_{3,a,b}^{n_{3,a,b,0}} (1-\theta_{3,a,b})^{n_{3,a,b,1}}$$

where

$$n_{1,a} = |\{i : x_{1,i} = a\}| \quad \text{e.g. the number of observations with } x_1 = a$$

$$n_{2,a} = |\{i : x_{2,i} = a\}|$$

$$n_{3,a,b,c} = |\{i : x_{1,i} = a, x_{2,i} = b, x_{3,i} = c\}|$$

$$n_{3,a,b} = |\{i : x_{1,i} = a, x_{2,i} = b\}|$$

$$n = |\{i\}| \quad (\text{the number of observations})$$

The model evidence $P(DIG)$

$$P(DIG) = \int_{\theta} P(D|\theta, G) P(\theta) d\theta$$

$$= \int_{\theta_1} \int_{\theta_2} \int_{\theta_{3,0,0}} \int_{\theta_{3,0,1}} \int_{\theta_{3,1,0}} \int_{\theta_{3,1,1}} \theta_1^{n_{1,0}} (1-\theta_1)^{n_{1,1}} \theta_2^{n_{2,0}} (1-\theta_2)^{n_{2,1}} \prod_{a \in \{0,1\}} \prod_{b \in \{0,1\}} \theta_{3,a,b}^{n_{3,a,b,0}} (1-\theta_{3,a,b})^{n_{3,a,b,1}} d\theta_1 d\theta_2 d\theta_{3,0,0} \dots d\theta_{3,1,1}$$

$$= \left(\int_{\theta_1} \theta_1^{n_{1,0}} (1-\theta_1)^{n_{1,1}} d\theta_1 \right) \left(\int_{\theta_2} \theta_2^{n_{2,0}} (1-\theta_2)^{n_{2,1}} d\theta_2 \right) \prod_a \prod_b \left(\int_{\theta_{3,a,b}} \theta_{3,a,b}^{n_{3,a,b,0}} (1-\theta_{3,a,b})^{n_{3,a,b,1}} d\theta_{3,a,b} \right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{\Gamma(n_{1,0} + 1) \Gamma(n_{1,1} + 1)}{\Gamma(n_{1,0} + n_{1,1} + 2)} \right) \left(\frac{\Gamma(n_{2,0} + 1) \Gamma(n_{2,1} + 1)}{\Gamma(n_{2,0} + n_{2,1} + 2)} \right) \prod_{a \in \{0,1\}} \prod_{b \in \{0,1\}} \left(\frac{\Gamma(n_{3,a,b,0} + 1) \Gamma(n_{3,a,b,1} + 1)}{\Gamma(n_{3,a,b,0} + n_{3,a,b,1} + 2)} \right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{n_{1,0}! \cdot n_{1,1}!}{(n_{1,0} + n_{1,1} + 1)!} \right) \left(\frac{n_{2,0}! \cdot n_{2,1}!}{(n_{2,0} + n_{2,1} + 1)!} \right) \prod_{a \in \{0,1\}} \prod_{b \in \{0,1\}} \left(\frac{n_{3,a,b,0}! \cdot n_{3,a,b,1}!}{(n_{3,a,b,0} + n_{3,a,b,1} + 1)!} \right)$$

$$= \left((n+1) \binom{n}{n_{1,0}} \right)^{-1} \left((n+1) \binom{n}{n_{2,0}} \right)^{-1} \prod_{a \in \{0,1\}} \prod_{b \in \{0,1\}} \left((n_{3,a,b} + 1) \binom{n_{3,a,b}}{n_{3,a,b,0}} \right)^{-1}$$

$$\log P(DIG) = - \left(\log(n+1) + \log \binom{n}{n_{1,0}} + \log(n+1) + \log \binom{n}{n_{2,0}} + \sum_{a \in \{0,1\}} \sum_{b \in \{0,1\}} \left(\log(n_{3,a,b} + 1) + \log \binom{n_{3,a,b}}{n_{3,a,b,0}} \right) \right)$$

binomial coefficients