

Queues Cheat Sheet

Thursday, 16 April 2020 12:13 PM



queue_c...

SSD	Performance Measures	Graph	SSD	Performance Measures
$\rho = \frac{\lambda}{\mu}$ $\rho < 1$ SSD $\rho < 1$ SSD	$L = \frac{\rho}{1-\rho}$ $L_q = \frac{\rho^2}{1-\rho}$ $L_s = \frac{\rho}{1-\rho}$ $W_s = \frac{1}{\mu}$ $W = \frac{1}{\mu - \lambda}$ $W_q = \frac{1}{\mu(\mu - \lambda)}$	 $\lambda_{eff} = \lambda[1 - \pi_K], \rho = \frac{\lambda}{\mu}$	$\lambda \neq \mu$ $\pi_0 = \frac{1-\rho}{1-\rho^{K+1}}$ $\pi_j = \rho^j \pi_0, j = 1, 2, \dots, K$	$L = \frac{\rho[1 - (K+1)\rho^K + K\rho^{K+1}]}{(1-\rho)(1-\rho^{K+1})}$ $L_s = \frac{\rho}{1-\rho}$ $W = \frac{L}{\lambda_{eff}}$ $W_s = \frac{1}{\mu}$ $L = \frac{K}{2}, W = \frac{L}{\lambda_{eff}}$ $L_s = 1 - \pi_0, W_s = \frac{1}{\mu}$
$\rho = \frac{\lambda}{\mu}$ $\rho < 1$ SSD $\rho < 1$ SSD	$L_q = \frac{(\rho^c \pi_0)}{c!} \frac{\rho}{(1-\frac{\rho}{c})^2}$ $L_s = \frac{\rho}{\mu}$ $L = L_q + L_s$ $W_q = \frac{L_q}{\lambda}$ $W = \frac{1}{\lambda}$	 $\rho = \frac{\lambda}{c\mu}, \lambda_{eff} = \lambda(1 - \pi_K)$ $\rho < 1$ SSD	$\rho \neq 1$ $\pi_0 = \left[\sum_{j=0}^{c-1} \frac{\rho^j}{j!} + \frac{\rho^c}{c!} \frac{1 - (\frac{\rho}{c})^{K-c+1}}{1 - \frac{\rho}{c}} \right]^{-1}$ $\pi_j = \begin{cases} \frac{\rho^j}{j!} \pi_0, j \leq c \\ \frac{\rho^j}{c! c^{j-c}} \pi_0, c < j \leq K \end{cases}$ $\rho = \frac{\lambda}{c}, \lambda_{eff} = \lambda(1 - \pi_K)$ $\rho < 1$ SSD	$L_q = \pi_0 \frac{\rho^{c+1}}{c! c (1 - \frac{\rho}{c})^2} \left[1 - \left(\frac{\rho}{c} \right)^{K-c+1} - (K-c+1) \left(\frac{\rho}{c} \right)^{K-c} \left(1 - \frac{\rho}{c} \right) \right]$ $\frac{\rho}{c} = 1$ $L_q = \frac{\pi_0 \rho^c}{2c!} (K-c)(K-c+1)$
$\rho = \frac{\lambda}{\mu}$ $\rho < 1$ SSD $\rho < 1$ SSD	$L = L_s = \rho$ $L_q = 0$ $W = W_s = \frac{1}{\mu}$ $W_q = 0$	 $\rho = \frac{\lambda}{R\mu}$ $\rho < 1$ SSD	$\pi_0 = \left[\sum_{j=0}^K \binom{K}{j} \rho^j + \sum_{j=R+1}^K \binom{K}{j} \frac{\rho^j}{R^{j-R}} \right]^{-1}$ $\pi_j = \begin{cases} \binom{K}{j} \rho^j \pi_0, j \leq R \\ \binom{K}{R} \frac{\rho^j}{R^{j-R}} \pi_0, R < j \leq K \end{cases}$	$L_q = \sum_{j=R+1}^K (j-R) \pi_j$ $\lambda_{eff} = \sum_{j=0}^K \lambda_j \pi_j = \lambda(K-L)$ $L_s = \frac{\lambda_{eff}}{\mu}$



Graph	SSD	P
<p>M/M/1</p>	$\pi_0 = 1 - \rho$ $\pi_j = \rho^j (1 - \rho)$ $\rho = \frac{\lambda}{\mu}$ $\rho < 1 \text{ SSD} \exists$	$L_q = \left(\sum_{j=0}^{c-1} \frac{\rho^j}{j!} + \frac{\rho^c}{c!} \frac{1}{1 - \frac{\rho}{c}} \right) \frac{1}{1 - \frac{\rho}{c}}$ $\pi_j = \frac{\rho^j}{j!} \pi_0, j \leq c$ $\pi_{c+j} = \frac{\rho^{c+j}}{c! c^j} \pi_0, j \geq 0$ $\frac{\rho}{c} = \frac{\lambda}{\mu c}$ $\frac{\rho}{c} < 1 \text{ SSD} \exists$
<p>M/M/c</p>	$\rho = \frac{\lambda}{\mu}$ $\text{Poisson}(\rho)$ $\pi_0 = e^{-\rho}$ $\pi_j = \frac{\rho^j}{j!} e^{-\rho}, j = 1, 2, \dots$ <p>Note: M/G/∞ also Poisson(ρ)</p>	