

Q1

1.

primary keys:

Banks: BankName, City

“the local banking authority ensure that the combination of name and city is unique”

Robberies: BankName, City, Date

Plans: BankName, City, PlannedDate

Robbers: RobberId

Skills: SkillId

HasSkills: RobberId, SkillId

HasAccounts: BankName, City, RobberId

Accomplices: BankName, City, Date, RobberId

foreign keys:

Banks: -

Robberies: Banks(BankName, City)

Plans: Banks(BankName, City)

Robbers: -

Skills: -

HasSkills: Robbers(RobberId), Skills(SkillId)

HasAccounts: Banks(BankName, City), Robbers(RobberId)

Accomplices: Robberies(BankName, City, Date), Robbers(RobberId)

2.

```
CREATE DOMAIN secRating AS CHAR(10)
    DEFAULT 'weak'
    CONSTRAINT allowed_values
        CHECK ( VALUE = 'excellent' OR
                VALUE = 'very good' OR
                VALUE = 'good' OR
                VALUE = 'weak');
```

```
CREATE DOMAIN skillGrade AS CHAR(3)
    DEFAULT 'C-'
    CONSTRAINT allowed_values
        CHECK ( VALUE = 'A+' OR
                VALUE = 'A' OR
                VALUE = 'A-' OR
                VALUE = 'B+' OR
                VALUE = 'B' OR
                VALUE = 'B-' OR
                VALUE = 'C+' OR
                VALUE = 'C' OR
                VALUE = 'C-' OR
                VALUE = 'D+' OR
                VALUE = 'D' OR
                VALUE = 'D-');
```

```
CREATE TABLE Banks (
    BankName TEXT,
```

```

    City TEXT,
    NoAccounts INT CHECK (NoAccounts >= 0),
    Security secRating,
    PRIMARY KEY(BankName, City)
);
--response: CREATE TABLE

CREATE TABLE Robberies (
    BankName TEXT,
    City TEXT,
    Date DATE,
    Amount NUMERIC,
    PRIMARY KEY(BankName, City, Date),
    FOREIGN KEY(BankName, City)
        REFERENCES Banks(BankName, City)
        ON DELETE RESTRICT
);
--response: CREATE TABLE

CREATE TABLE Plans (
    BankName TEXT,
    City TEXT,
    PlannedDate DATE,
    NoRobbers INT CHECK (NoRobbers > 0),
    PRIMARY KEY(BankName, City, PlannedDate),
    FOREIGN KEY(BankName, City)
        REFERENCES Banks(BankName, City)
        ON DELETE CASCADE
);
--response: CREATE TABLE

CREATE TABLE Robbers (
    RobberId SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
    Nickname TEXT,
    Age INT CHECK (Age > 0),
    NoYears INT CHECK (NoYears < Age)
);
--response: CREATE TABLE

CREATE TABLE Skills (
    SkillId SERIAL PRIMARY KEY ,
    Description TEXT UNIQUE NOT NULL
);
--response: CREATE TABLE

CREATE TABLE HasSkills (
    RobberId INT,
    SkillId INT,
    Preference INT CHECK (Preference > 0),
    Grade CHAR(3),
    UNIQUE (RobberId, Preference),
    PRIMARY KEY(RobberId, SkillId),

```

```

FOREIGN KEY(RobberId)
REFERENCES Robbers(RobberId)
ON DELETE CASCADE,
FOREIGN KEY(SkillId)
REFERENCES Skills(SkillId)
ON DELETE CASCADE
);
--response: CREATE TABLE

CREATE TABLE HasAccounts (
  RobberId INT,
  BankName TEXT,
  City TEXT,
  PRIMARY KEY(RobberId, BankName, City),
  FOREIGN KEY(BankName, City)
    REFERENCES Banks(BankName, City)
    ON DELETE CASCADE,
  FOREIGN KEY(RobberId)
    REFERENCES Robbers(RobberId)
    ON DELETE CASCADE
);
--response: CREATE TABLE

CREATE TABLE Accomplices (
  RobberId INT,
  BankName TEXT,
  City TEXT,
  Date DATE,
  Share NUMERIC,
  PRIMARY KEY(BankName, City, Date, RobberId),
  FOREIGN KEY(BankName, City, Date)
    REFERENCES Robberies(BankName, City, Date)
    ON DELETE RESTRICT,
  FOREIGN KEY(RobberId)
    REFERENCES Robbers(RobberId)
    ON DELETE RESTRICT
);
--response: CREATE TABLE

```

3.

The Robberies foreign key uses ON DELETE RESTRICT because this prevents actions that would delete a location without first dealing with robberies recorded for that location.

The Plans foreign key uses ON DELETE CASCADE because if a location is deleted there is no reason to remember unused plans there.

The HasSkills foreign keys both use ON DELETE CASCADE because if either the robber or skill is deleted then the record of their preference and grade in that skill is unnecessary.

The HasAccounts foreign keys both use ON DELETE CASCADE for similar reasons to HasSkills.

The Accomplices foreign keys both use ON DELETE RESTRICT to protect the information on robbery cooperation if robbers or locations are deleted.

4.

In Banks I prevent negative values for noAccounts as it is not possible to have less than 0 accounts.

Plans require greater than 0 robbers as a plan with no robbers seems equivalent to no plan. For Robbers I added a constraint preventing robbers 0 or younger, I didn't want to set the limit higher as children could be used by the robbers and may need to be entered as Accomplices. I check that time in prison is less than the age of the robber.

In HasSkills I included a UNIQUE constraint for (RobberId, Preference) this ensures that there is only one skill at each preference level for each robber. I also check that preference values are greater than 0 because 1 is supposed to be the highest preference.

Both share in Accomplices and amount in Robberies are unrestricted because money could be lost during a failed robbery attempt resulting in a negative value.

Q2

1.

```
\copy Banks FROM
/am/phoenix/home1/straigchri/swen304/project1/data/banks_21.data
--response: COPY 20

\copy Robbers(nickname, age, noyears) FROM
/am/phoenix/home1/straigchri/swen304/project1/data/robbers_21.data
--response: COPY 24

\copy Robberies FROM
/am/phoenix/home1/straigchri/swen304/project1/data/robberies_21.data
--response: COPY 21

\copy Plans FROM
/am/phoenix/home1/straigchri/swen304/project1/data/plans_21.data
--response: COPY 11

CREATE TABLE SkillsData (
    Nickname TEXT,
    Description TEXT,
    Preference INT,
    Grade CHAR(3)
);
--response: CREATE TABLE

\copy SkillsData FROM
/am/phoenix/home1/straigchri/swen304/project1/data/hasskills_21.data
--response: COPY 38

INSERT INTO Skills(description) SELECT DISTINCT Description FROM SkillsData;
--response: INSERT 0 12

INSERT INTO HasSkills
SELECT RobberId, SkillId, Preference, Grade FROM
    (SELECT RobberId, Description, Preference, Grade FROM Robbers
     INNER JOIN SkillsData
       ON Robbers.Nickname = SkillsData.Nickname) as RSD
```

```

    INNER JOIN Skills
        ON Skills.Description = RSD.Description;
--response: INSERT 0 38

DROP TABLE SkillsData;
--response: DROP TABLE

CREATE TABLE AccountsData (
    Nickname TEXT,
    BankName TEXT,
    City TEXT
);
--response: CREATE TABLE

\copy AccountsData FROM
/am/phoenix/home1/straigchri/swen304/project1/data/hasaccounts_21.data
--response: COPY 31

INSERT INTO HasAccounts
SELECT RobberId, BankName, City FROM AccountsData
    INNER JOIN Robbers
        ON Robbers.Nickname = AccountsData.Nickname;
--response: INSERT 0 31

DROP TABLE AccountsData;
--response: DROP TABLE

CREATE TABLE AccomplicesData (
    Nickname TEXT,
    BankName TEXT,
    City TEXT,
    Date DATE,
    Share NUMERIC
);
--response: CREATE TABLE

\copy AccomplicesData FROM
/am/phoenix/home1/straigchri/swen304/project1/data/accomplices_21.data
--response: COPY 76

INSERT INTO Accomplices
SELECT RobberId, BankName, City, Date, Share FROM AccomplicesData
    INNER JOIN Robbers
        ON Robbers.Nickname = AccomplicesData.Nickname;
--response: INSERT 0 76

DROP TABLE AccomplicesData;
--response: DROP TABLE

```

2.

I first filled the tables that could be directly imported.

Then I loaded the hasSkills_21.data file into a temporary table, that allowed me to fill the skills table. With both the skillIds and robberIds generated I used joins with Robbers, Skills and the temporary table to fill HasSkills.

hasaccounts_21.data was loaded into a temporary table which was joined with the robberIds in robbers to fill HasAccounts. The same procedure was used with accomplices_21.data to fill Accomplices

Q3

1.

```
INSERT INTO banks
VALUES ('Loanshark Bank', 'Evanston', 100, 'very good');
--response: ERROR: duplicate key value violates unique constraint
"banks_pkey"
-- Detail: Key (bankname, city)=(Loanshark Bank, Evanston) already exists.

-- the key ('Loanshark Bank', 'Evanston') is already in banks

INSERT INTO banks
VALUES ('EasyLoan Bank', 'Evanston', -5, 'excellent');
--response: ERROR: new row for relation "banks" violates check constraint
"banks_noaccounts_check"
-- Detail: Failing row contains (EasyLoan Bank, Evanston, -5, excellent ).

-- it is not possible to have a negative number of accounts

INSERT INTO banks
VALUES ('EasyLoan Bank', 'Evanston', 100, 'poor');
--response: ERROR: value for domain secrating violates check constraint
"allowed_values"

-- poor is not a valid security rating
```

2.

```
INSERT INTO skills VALUES (21, 'Driving');
--response: ERROR: duplicate key value violates unique constraint
"skills_description_key"
-- Detail: Key (description)=(Driving) already exists.

-- the Driving skill already exists
```

3.

```
INSERT INTO robberies VALUES ('NXP Bank', 'Chicago', '2019-01-08', 1000);
--response: ERROR: duplicate key value violates unique constraint
"robberies_pkey"
-- Detail: Key (bankname, city, date)=(NXP Bank, Chicago, 2019-01-08)
already exists.

-- there is already a robbery at that location on that date
```

4.

```

DELETE FROM banks
WHERE bankname = 'PickPocket Bank'
  AND city = 'Evanston'
  AND noaccounts = 2000
  AND security = 'very good';
--response: ERROR: update or delete on table "banks" violates foreign key
constraint "robberies_bankname_city_fkey" on table "robberies"
-- Detail: Key (bankname, city)=(PickPocket Bank, Evanston) is still
referenced from table "robberies".

-- deleting this tuple would violate the foreign key of rows in the
robberies table

```

5.

```

DELETE FROM banks
WHERE bankname = 'Loanshark Bank'
  AND city = 'Chicago'
  AND noaccounts = ''
  AND security = '';
--response: invalid input syntax for integer: ""
-- LINE 4:    AND noaccounts = ''

-- noaccounts is an int so it can't be an empty string

```

6.

```

INSERT INTO Robbers VALUES (1, 'Shotgun', 70, 0);
--response: ERROR: duplicate key value violates unique constraint
"robbers_pkey"
-- Detail: Key (robberid)=(1) already exists.

--robber 1 already exists

INSERT INTO Robbers VALUES (666, 'Jail Mouse', 25, 35);
--response: ERROR: new row for relation "robbers" violates check constraint
"robbers_check"
-- Detail: Failing row contains (666, Jail Mouse, 25, 35).

-- cannot be in jail longer than alive i.e. age < no years

```

7.

```

INSERT INTO HasSkills VALUES (1, 7, 1, 'A+');
--response: ERROR: duplicate key value violates unique constraint
"haskills_pkey"
-- Detail: Key (robberid, skillid)=(1, 7) already exists.

-- there is already a robber with that skill recorded

INSERT INTO HasSkills VALUES (1, 2, 0, 'A');
--response: ERROR: new row for relation "haskills" violates check
constraint "haskills_preference_check"
-- Detail: Failing row contains (1, 2, 0, A ).

-- 1 is the minimum preference level

```

```

INSERT INTO HasSkills VALUES (666, 1, 1, 'B-');
--response: ERROR: insert or update on table "hasskills" violates foreign
key constraint "hasskills_robberid_fkey"
-- Detail: Key (robberid)=(666) is not present in table "robbers".

-- there is no robber 666

INSERT INTO HasSkills VALUES (3, 30, 3, 'B+');
--response: ERROR: insert or update on table "hasskills" violates foreign
key constraint "hasskills_skillid_fkey"
-- Detail: Key (skillid)=(30) is not present in table "skills".

-- there is no skill 30

```

8.

```

DELETE FROM skills
WHERE skillId = 7 AND description = 'Planning';
--response: DELETE 0

-- skill 7 is 'Safe-Cracking' not 'Planning' so nothing is deleted

```

9.

```

DELETE FROM Robbers
WHERE robberid = 1
  AND nickname = 'Al Capone'
  AND age = 31
  AND noyears = 2;
--response: ERROR: update or delete on table "robbers" violates foreign key
constraint "accomplices_robberid_fkey" on table "accomplices"
-- Detail: Key (robberid)=(1) is still referenced from table "accomplices".

-- deleting this tuple would violate the foreign key of rows in the
accomplices table

```

Q4

1.

```

SELECT Robbers.RobberId, Nickname, Age, Description FROM
  (SELECT RobberId, Description FROM
    Skills INNER JOIN HasSkills
      ON Skills.SkillId = HasSkills.SkillId) as skills
  INNER JOIN Robbers
    ON Robbers.RobberId = skills.RobberId
WHERE Age >= 20 AND Age <= 40;

```

robberid	nickname	age	description
1	Al Capone	31	Planning
1	Al Capone	31	Preaching
1	Al Capone	31	Safe-Cracking
8	Clyde	20	Lock-Picking

8	Clyde	20	Planning
8	Clyde	20	Scouting
22	Greasy Guzik	25	Preaching
22	Greasy Guzik	25	Lock-Picking
23	Lepke Buchalter	25	Driving
23	Lepke Buchalter	25	Guarding
20	Longy Zwillman	35	Driving
11	Meyer Lansky	34	Safe-Cracking
13	Mickey Cohen	24	Money Counting
19	Mike Genovese	35	Money Counting
24	Sonny Genovese	39	Explosives
24	Sonny Genovese	39	Safe-Cracking
24	Sonny Genovese	39	Lock-Picking
6	Tony Genovese	28	Eating

(18 rows)

2.

```
SELECT Banks.BankName, Banks.City
FROM Banks
    LEFT JOIN Robberies
        ON (Banks.BankName, Banks.City) = (Robberies.BankName,
Robberies.City)
WHERE (Robberies.BankName, Robberies.City) IS NULL;
```

bankname		city
-----+-----		
Bankrupt Bank		Evanston
Loanshark Bank		Deerfield
Inter-Gang Bank		Chicago
NXP Bank		Evanston
Dollar Grabbers		Chicago
Gun Chase Bank		Burbank
PickPocket Bank		Deerfield
Hidden Treasure		Chicago
Outside Bank		Chicago

(9 rows)

3.

```
SELECT BankName, City FROM HasAccounts, Robbers
WHERE Robbers.Nickname = 'Al Capone'
    AND HasAccounts.RobberId = Robbers.RobberId;
```

bankname		city
-----+-----		
Bad Bank		Chicago
Inter-Gang Bank		Evanston
NXP Bank		Chicago

(3 rows)

4.

```
SELECT BankName, City, NoAccounts
```

```
FROM Banks
WHERE BankName NOT IN (SELECT BankName FROM Banks WHERE City = 'Deerfield')
ORDER BY NoAccounts;
```

bankname	city	noaccounts
Gun Chase Bank	Burbank	1999
Outside Bank	Chicago	5000
Bad Bank	Chicago	6000
Dollar Grabbers	Chicago	56005
Inter-Gang Bank	Chicago	100000
Penny Pinchers	Evanston	130013
Penny Pinchers	Chicago	156165
Bankrupt Bank	Evanston	444000
Inter-Gang Bank	Evanston	555555
Gun Chase Bank	Evanston	656565
NXP Bank	Evanston	656565
Dollar Grabbers	Evanston	909090
Hidden Treasure	Chicago	999999
NXP Bank	Chicago	1593311

(14 rows)

5.

```
SELECT Robbers.RobberId, Nickname, earnings
FROM Robbers, (SELECT RobberId, SUM(Share) as earnings FROM Accomplices
GROUP BY RobberId) as etable
WHERE Robbers.RobberId = etable.RobberId
AND earnings > 30000
ORDER BY earnings DESC;
```

robberid	nickname	earnings
5	Mimmy The Mau Mau	70000
15	Boo Boo Hoff	61447.61
16	King Solomon	59725.8
17	Bugsy Siegel	52601.1
3	Lucky Luchiano	42667
10	Bonnie	40085
1	Al Capone	39486
4	Anastazia	39169.62
8	Clyde	31800

(9 rows)

6.

```
SELECT RobberId, Nickname, NoYears
FROM Robbers
WHERE NoYears > 10
```

robberid	nickname	noyears
2	Bugsy Malone	15

3		Lucky Luchiano		15
4		Anastazia		15
6		Tony Genovese		16
7		Dutch Schulz		31
15		Boo Boo Hoff		13
16		King Solomon		43
17		Bugsy Siegel		13

(8 rows)

7.

```
SELECT RobberId, Nickname, (Age - NoYears) as NoYearsNot
FROM Robbers
WHERE NoYears > Age / 2;
```

robberid		nickname		noyearsnot
6		Tony Genovese		12
16		King Solomon		31

(2 rows)

8.

```
SELECT Description, RobberId, Nickname
FROM Skills, Robbers
WHERE (RobberId, SkillId) IN (SELECT RobberId, SkillId FROM HasSkills)
ORDER BY Description;
```

description		robberid		nickname
Cooking		18		Vito Genovese
Driving		23		Lepke Buchalter
Driving		7		Dutch Schulz
Driving		17		Bugsy Siegel
Driving		5		Mimmy The Mau Mau
Driving		3		Lucky Luchiano
Driving		20		Longy Zwillman
Eating		6		Tony Genovese
Eating		18		Vito Genovese
Explosives		24		Sonny Genovese
Explosives		2		Bugsy Malone
Guarding		4		Anastazia
Guarding		17		Bugsy Siegel
Guarding		23		Lepke Buchalter
Gun-Shooting		21		Waxey Gordon
Gun-Shooting		9		Calamity Jane
Lock-Picking		22		Greasy Guzik
Lock-Picking		7		Dutch Schulz
Lock-Picking		3		Lucky Luchiano
Lock-Picking		8		Clyde
Lock-Picking		24		Sonny Genovese
Money Counting		19		Mike Genovese

Money Counting		13		Mickey Cohen
Money Counting		14		Kid Cann
Planning		16		King Solomon
Planning		8		Clyde
Planning		5		Mimmy The Mau Mau
Planning		15		Boo Boo Hoff
Planning		1		Al Capone
Preaching		22		Greasy Guzik
Preaching		1		Al Capone
Preaching		10		Bonnie
Safe-Cracking		12		Moe Dalitz
Safe-Cracking		11		Meyer Lansky
Safe-Cracking		1		Al Capone
Safe-Cracking		24		Sonny Genovese
Scouting		18		Vito Genovese
Scouting		8		Clyde

(38 rows)

Q5

Part A)

1.

```
SELECT BankName, City
FROM Banks
WHERE (BankName, City) NOT IN
    (SELECT BankName, City
     FROM Robberies
     WHERE (BankName, City, EXTRACT(YEAR FROM Date)) IN
         (SELECT BankName, City, EXTRACT(YEAR FROM PlannedDate)
          FROM Plans)
    );
```

bankname		city
Bankrupt Bank		Evanston
Loanshark Bank		Evanston
Loanshark Bank		Deerfield
Loanshark Bank		Chicago
Inter-Gang Bank		Chicago
Inter-Gang Bank		Evanston
NXP Bank		Evanston
Penny Pinchers		Chicago
Dollar Grabbers		Chicago
Penny Pinchers		Evanston
Dollar Grabbers		Evanston
Gun Chase Bank		Evanston
Gun Chase Bank		Burbank
PickPocket Bank		Evanston
PickPocket Bank		Deerfield

```
PickPocket Bank | Chicago
Hidden Treasure | Chicago
Bad Bank        | Chicago
Outside Bank    | Chicago
(19 rows)
```

2.

```
SELECT DISTINCT RobberId, Nickname
FROM Robbers, Banks
WHERE (RobberId, BankName, City) IN (SELECT RobberId, BankName, City FROM
HasAccounts)
    AND (RobberId, BankName, City) NOT IN (SELECT RobberId, BankName, City
FROM Accomplices);
```

```
robberid |      nickname
-----+-----
      14 | Kid Cann
      13 | Mickey Cohen
      18 | Vito Genovese
      24 | Sonny Genovese
      19 | Mike Genovese
       2 | Bugsy Malone
      12 | Moe Dalitz
      21 | Waxey Gordon
       7 | Dutch Schulz
      15 | Boo Boo Hoff
       4 | Anastazia
       9 | Calamity Jane
       3 | Lucky Luchiano
      23 | Lepke Buchalter
(14 rows)
```

3.

```
SELECT RobberId, Nickname, Description
FROM Robbers, Skills
WHERE (RobberId, SkillId, 1) IN (SELECT RobberId, SkillId, Preference FROM
HasSkills)
    AND RobberId IN (SELECT RobberId FROM HasSkills WHERE Preference > 1)
```

```
robberid |      nickname      | description
-----+-----+-----
       1 | Al Capone          | Planning
       3 | Lucky Luchiano     | Lock-Picking
       5 | Mimmy The Mau Mau  | Planning
       7 | Dutch Schulz       | Lock-Picking
       8 | Clyde              | Lock-Picking
      17 | Bugsy Siegel       | Driving
      18 | Vito Genovese      | Scouting
      22 | Greasy Guzik       | Preaching
      23 | Lepke Buchalter    | Driving
      24 | Sonny Genovese     | Explosives
```

(10 rows)

4.

```
SELECT BankName, City, Date
FROM Robberies
WHERE (BankName, City, Date) IN
      (SELECT BankName, City, Date FROM Accomplices WHERE Share = (SELECT
MAX(share) FROM Accomplices));
--could simplify to only the select statement in the where section but that
--would be selecting from Accomplices not Robberies
```

bankname	city	date
Inter-Gang Bank	Evanston	2017-03-13

(1 row)

5.

Part B)

6.

7.