

User Guide – SSA-tDPD module (v1.0)

1 Installation process

1.1 Installing Git

- In a terminal, type:

```
sudo apt-get install git
```

This will install git in your system. You have to create an account on Bitbucket (<https://bitbucket.org/>) to be able to access the ssa_tDPD repository.

- Now that Git is installed, at the first time you run any git command, the system will ask you a few things, so that the commit messages are correctly configured. Type:

```
git config --global user.name "Your Name"
```

```
git config --global user.email "youremail@domain.com"
```

1.2 Installing VTK

- In a terminal, type:

```
sudo apt-get install vtk
```

This will install the VTK library in your system.

1.3 Installing Paraview

- In a terminal, type:

```
sudo apt-get install paraview
```

This will install Paraview in your system. Paraview is a user-friendly VTK reader, used for post-processing Lammmps results.

1.4 Optional: Installing MPI

- In a terminal, type:

```
sudo apt-get install libopenmpi-dev openmpi-bin
```

This will install OpenMPI in your system. It allows running Lammmps using more than one processor.

1.5 Installing Lammmps

- In a terminal, type:

```
git clone git@bitbucket.org:bdrawert:ssa_tdpd.git
```

to clone the repository from Bitbucket.

- Open the cloned folder, and navigate to the `./lib/vtk` directory

```
cd ssa_tdpd/lib/vtk
```

- Edit the file `Makefile.lammmps` accordingly:

```
vtk_SYSINC = -I/usr/include/vtk-X.X
vtk_SYSLIB = -lvtkCommonCore -lvtkIOCore -lvtkCommonDataModel
-lvtkIOXML -lvtkIOLegacy -lvtkIOParallelXML
vtk_SYSPATH = -L/usr/lib64/vtk
```

where X.X is the version of the VTK library installed in your system.

2 Compiling Lammmps

- Open the `ssa_tdpd` folder, and navigate to the `./src` directory. Then type:

```
make yes-USER-VTK
```

This will install the VTK package in Lammmps.

- Still in the `/src` directory, type:

```
make mpi
```

if MPI is installed. Alternatively, type `make serial` to install the serial version.

- If no error is displayed, the C++ compiler will generate a binary named `lmp_mpi` (or `lmp_serial`, if the case).

3 Running cases

- To run cases in parallel (MPI), use the following syntax:

```
mpirun -np X path_to_lmp_mpi -in path_to_input_file
```

where `X` is the number of MPI processes desired (for optimal performance, this number must match the number of physical processors in your machine). Note that `path_to_lmp_mpi` must be replaced by the path where the `lmp_mpi` file is located, and `path_to_input_file` must be replaced by the path of the input file.

- Alternatively, to run cases in serial, use the following syntax:

```
./path_to_lmp_mpi -in path_to_input_file
```

4 Input file structure

Example: flow past sphere

```
# DPD flow past a sphere (with diffusion of one species)

#####
# LAMMPS setup
#####
dimension 2 #enforces 2D simulation
units lj #reduced Lennard-Jones units
comm_modify mode single vel yes
atom_style ssa_tdpd/atomic #type of atom
neighbor 0.3 bin #creates neighbor list
neigh_modify delay 0 every 1 check yes

#####
# Temporal integration setup
#####
variable dt equal 0.0001 #time step
variable nt equal 15000 #number of time steps
variable freq_lagrangian equal 100 #freq. writing results (file)
variable freq_screen equal 100 #freq. writing results (screen)

#####
# Domain setup
#####
boundary p f p #(x,y,z); p = periodic, f = fixed
variable xmin equal -200 # minimum value of x
variable xmax equal 200 # maximum value of x
variable ymin equal -50 # minimum value of y
variable ymax equal 50 # maximum value of y
variable zmin equal -0.01 # minimum value of z
variable zmax equal 0.01 # maximum value of z
variable radius_external equal 2.2 # external radius
variable radius_internal equal 2.0 # internal radius
region domain1 block ${xmin} ${xmax} ${ymin} ${ymax} ${zmin}
    ${zmax} units box
region sphere_region sphere 0 0 0 ${radius_external} units box
region domain union 2 domain1 sphere_region
create_box 2 domain #(Number of types ; region)
```

```
#####
# Creates atoms and regions
#####
lattice sq 1 #(lattice topology; number density)
create_atoms 1 region domain1 #(type; region region-ID)
create_atoms 2 random 2000 58131124 sphere_region #(type; random #
    particles; seed; region-ID)
mass * 0.01 #mass of particles
newton on
pair_style ssa_tdpd 1.58 354655456 #DPD parameters (rc, seed)
#    i j a    ga si sl  rc  rcc kC k0    s2
pair_coeff * * 1000 4.5 3.0 0.41 1.58 1.58 0 100.0 2.0

#####
# Defines sphere region
#####
# Removes a spherical region
group sphere region sphere_region #defines a group of atoms
region void1 sphere 0 0 0 ${radius_internal} units box #creates
    region
delete_atoms region void1 #deletes atoms within a region
group flow subtract all sphere #defines a group of atoms
velocity sphere set 0.0 0.0 0.0
fix spherewall flow indent 10 sphere 0 0 0 ${radius_external}
    units box
set    group sphere type 2

#####
# Initial velocity and concentration fields
#####
# Velocity
variable U0 equal 208.0 #(label, initial velocity)
velocity all set ${U0} 0.0 0.0 #(group-ID, set vx vy vz)
# Concentration
set    group sphere ssa_tdpd/C 0.0 #(group group-ID, style, value)

#####
# Info on screen
#####
thermo          ${freq_screen}
thermo_style    custom step temp press pe ke
```

```
#####
# Integration of particles' position, velocity, concentration
#####
fix pos_vel flow nve #(label, group-ID, style)
fix conc all ssa_tdpd_verlet #(label, group-ID, style)

#####
# Forcing zone
#####
fix forcing1 all ssa_tdpd/forcing 1 0 rectangle -195 25 5.0 25 1.0
    #(label, group-ID, style, frequency, species rank, geometry,
    centerX, centerY, length, width, value)
fix forcing2 all ssa_tdpd/forcing 1 0 rectangle -195 -25 5.0 25
    0.0 #(label, group-ID, style, frequency, species rank,
    geometry, centerX, centerY, length, width, value)

#####
# Enforce boundary conditions
#####
fix BCy all ssa_tdpd/reflect 1 ${ymin} ${ymax} #(label, group-ID,
    style, species, rank coordinate (x=0, y=1, z=2), coord_min,
    coord_max)

#####
# Output results
#####
dump dmpvtk all ssa_tdpd/vtk ${freq_lagrangian} dump*.vtk id type
    vx vy vz C1 #(label, group-ID, style, frequency, filenames,
    variables to print)

#####
# Run simulation
#####
timestep ${dt}
run ${nt}
```
