

Parallel Baseball

Christian Winwood
christianwinwood@gmail.com
Shawn Smith
shawnsmith88@protonmail.com

March 27, 2021

1 Project description

The purpose of this program is to simulate a baseball game. The game consists of 9 innings with two teams. Each team will get half an inning to bat and attempt to increase their score while the opposing team will try to prevent them from scoring. At the end of the game, the team with the most points will be known as the winner. The application has multiple processes, each representing a different player on the field. The pitcher process is the root process that keeps track of controlling the game and keeping track of the different scores. The messages being passed represent the ball. The pitcher sends a message to the batter - this represents the pitch. The batter then randomly decides whether to hit it and passes a message to a fielder. The fielder then messages the pitcher of whether they caught the ball or made an error. The pitcher then determines team scoring, out counting, team switching, and inning increment and continues with a new pitch.

2 Compile and Run

The compile and run commands are the same they have always been. First you use

```
mpic++ baseball.cpp
```

in order to compile the program. This creates an a.out files that you need to run. To run it you use the command

```
mpirun -oversubscribe -np 9 a.out
```

and the program will run.

Note: You must use 9 processes.

3 Overview of Effort

We decided to put in a lot of effort in a short amount of time to complete this project. We sat down and dedicated an entire weekend to solely working on this project. After doing some very basic overview design and setting up some helper functions, we dove in. We were able to complete our goal and finished the project within our Hackathon time period. It was a team effort that we are proud of.

4 Description of Tests

This program has a lot of variables, such as the difficulty of getting a hit, the difficulty of making a play, and the probability of getting multiple bases. By changing those variables, the scores of the games tend to be impacted, but neither team gains an advantage from these changes. lower hit difficulty, higher play making difficulty and higher multi-base probability tend to contribute towards higher scoring games, whereas higher hit difficulty, lower play making difficulty and lower multi-base probabilities tend to lower the scores in games.

5 Concluding Remarks

All in all, this was a fun and challenging project. We had to utilize many things we have learned in this class so far and the results are an interesting baseball game to read through.

6 Code

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 #include <mpi.h>
3 #include <stdlib.h>
4 #include <math.h>
5 #include <unistd.h>
6
7 #define MCW MPLCOMM.WORLD
8
9 // Reset bases after inning
10 // limit to 9 innings
11
12 enum Result {
13     MISS,
14     SINGLE,
15     DOUBLE,
16     OUT
17 };
18
19 enum Tag {
20     PITCH,
21     HIT,
22     RESULT,
23     GAMEOVER
24 };
25
26 enum Position {
27     PITCHER,
28     BATTER,
29     FIELDER
30 };
31
32 enum Pitch {
33     FASTBALL,
```

```

34 |     CURVEBALL,
35 |     CHANGEUP
36 | };
37
38 | enum Bases {
39 |     FIRST,
40 |     SECOND,
41 |     THIRD,
42 |     HOME
43 | };
44
45 | std::string pitchToString(Pitch p) {
46 |     switch (p) {
47 |         case Pitch::FASTBALL: return "Fastball";
48 |         case Pitch::CHANGEUP: return "Changeup";
49 |         case Pitch::CURVEBALL: return "Curveball";
50 |         default: return "AHHH IDK!!!!";
51 |     }
52 | }
53
54 | int getPitchDifficulty(Pitch pitch) {
55 |     switch (pitch) {
56 |         case Pitch::FASTBALL: return 1;
57 |         case Pitch::CHANGEUP: return 2;
58 |         case Pitch::CURVEBALL: return 3;
59 |         default: return 1;
60 |     }
61 | }
62
63 | std::string rankToPosition(int rank) {
64 |     switch (rank) {
65 |         case 2: return "1B";
66 |         case 3: return "2B";
67 |         case 4: return "SS";
68 |         case 5: return "3B";
69 |         case 6: return "LF";
70 |         case 7: return "CF";
71 |         case 8: return "RF";
72 |         default: return "Coach";
73 |     }
74 | }
75
76 | std::string resultToString(int result) {
77 |     switch (result) {
78 |         case Result::DOUBLE: return "DOUBLE";
79 |         case Result::SINGLE: return "SINGLE";
80 |         default: return "doesn't matter";
81 |     }
82 | }
83
84 | void runPitcher() {
85 |     int data;
86 |     MPI_Status status;
87 |     int awayScore = 0;
88 |     int homeScore = 0;
89 |     int inning = 1;
90 |     bool topOfInning = true;
91 |     int strikes = 0;
92 |     int outs = 0;
93 |     bool running = true;
94 |     std::array<int, 3> runners;
95
96 |     for(int i = 0; i < runners.size(); ++i) {
97 |         runners[i] = 0;
98 |     }
99
100 |     while(running) {
101 |         // Throw pitch
102 |         int pitch = rand() % 3;
103 |         std::cout << "PITCHER: pitched a " << pitchToString(Pitch(pitch)) << std::
104 |         endl;
105 |         MPI_Send(&pitch, 1, MPI_INT, 1, Tag::PITCH, MCW);
106 |         MPI_Recv(&data, 1, MPI_INT, MPLANY_SOURCE, Tag::RESULT, MCW, &status);
107
108 |         if(data != Result::MISS) {
109 |             std::cout << "Ball hit to " << rankToPosition(status.MPLSOURCE) << std
110 |             ::endl;
111 |         }
112 |         if(data == Result::OUT) {
113 |             std::cout << "OUT!!" << std::endl;
114 |             if(++outs == 3) {
115 |                 std::cout << "End of inning" << std::endl;
116 |                 for(int i = 0; i < runners.size(); ++i) {
117 |                     runners[i] = 0;
118 |                 }
119 |                 outs = 0;
120 |                 if(!topOfInning) {
121 |                     topOfInning = true;
122 |                     if(++inning == 10) {

```

```

124         }
125         running = false;
126     }
127     else {
128         topOfInning = false;
129     }
130 }
131 else if (data == Result::MISS) {
132     std::cout << "BATTER: missed, strike " << strikes << std::endl;
133     if (++strikes == 3) {
134         strikes = 0;
135         std::cout << "Batter struck out" << std::endl;
136         if (++outs == 3) {
137             std::cout << "End of inning" << std::endl;
138             for (int i = 0; i < runners.size(); ++i) {
139                 runners[i] = 0;
140             }
141             outs = 0;
142             if (!topOfInning) {
143                 topOfInning = true;
144                 if (++inning == 10) {
145                     running = false;
146                 }
147             }
148             else {
149                 topOfInning = false;
150             }
151         }
152     }
153 }
154 else if (data == Result::SINGLE || data == Result::DOUBLE) {
155     std::cout << resultToString(data) << std::endl;
156     bool addedHitter = false;
157     for (int i = 0; i < runners.size(); ++i) {
158         if (runners[i] != 0) {
159             runners[i] += data;
160             if (runners[i] > 3) {
161                 std::cout << "SCORE!!!" << std::endl;
162                 runners[i] = 0;
163                 if (topOfInning) {
164                     awayScore++;
165                 }
166                 else {
167                     homeScore++;
168                 }
169             }
170         }
171         else if (!addedHitter) {
172             addedHitter = true;
173             runners[i] += data;
174         }
175     }
176 }
177 }
178 std::cout << "Game Over!\nFinal Score:\nAway: " << awayScore << "\nHome: " <<
179     homeScore << std::endl;
180 }
181
182 void runBatter() {
183     int data;
184     MPI_Status status;
185
186     while (true) {
187         MPI_Recv(&data, 1, MPI_INT, MPLANY_SOURCE, MPLANY_TAG, MCW, &status);
188
189         if (status.MPLTAG == Tag::GAMEOVER) {
190             break;
191         }
192
193         if (status.MPLTAG == Tag::PITCH) {
194             Pitch pitch = Pitch(data);
195             float swing = (rand() % 100) + 1;
196             float attempt = swing / getPitchDifficulty(pitch);
197             if (attempt > 25) { // Hit
198                 int hitTo = (rand() % 7) + 2;
199                 int hitDifficulty = rand() % 100;
200                 MPI_Send(&hitDifficulty, 1, MPI_INT, hitTo, Tag::HIT, MCW);
201             }
202             else {
203                 int miss = Result::MISS;
204                 MPI_Send(&miss, 1, MPI_INT, Position::PITCHER, Tag::RESULT, MCW);
205             }
206         }
207     }
208 }
209
210 }
211
212 }

```

```

214 void runFielder() {
    int data;
    MPI_Status status;
216 while(true) {
        MPI_Recv(&data, 1, MPI_INT, MPI_ANY_SOURCE, MPI_ANY_TAG, MCW, &status);
218
        if(status.MPI_TAG == Tag::GAMEOVER) {
220             break;
        }
222
        int attempt = rand() % 100;
224
        int diff = attempt - data;
226 int message;
228
        if(diff > 0) {
            message = Result::OUT;
230        }
        else if(diff > -30) {
            message = Result::SINGLE;
232        }
        else {
            message = Result::DOUBLE;
234        }
236 MPI_Send(&message, 1, MPI_INT, Position::PITCHER, Tag::RESULT, MCW);
238 }
240 }
242 void runGame(Position pos) {
244     if(pos == PITCHER) {
        runPitcher();
246 int pill = 0xDEADBEEF;
        for(int i = 1; i < 9; ++i) {
248             MPI_Send(&pill, 1, MPI_INT, i, Tag::GAMEOVER, MCW);
        }
250     }
    else if(pos == BATTER) {
252         runBatter();
    }
    else {
254         runFielder();
    }
256 }
258 }
Position setPosition(int rank) {
260     switch(rank) {
        case 0: return PITCHER;
262         case 1: return BATTER;
        default: return FIELDER;
264     }
}
266 int main(int argc, char **argv) {
268     int rank, size;
    Position position;
270 MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
    MPI_Comm_rank(MCW, &rank);
272 MPI_Comm_size(MCW, &size);
    srand(rank + time(NULL));
274
    position = setPosition(rank);
276
    runGame(position);
278
    MPI_Finalize();
280     return 0;
282 }

```

./baseball.cpp