

Assignment #5: Greedy穷举 Implementation

Updated 1939 GMT+8 Oct 21, 2024

2024 fall, Compiled by 陈冠宇 工学院

说明:

- 1) 请把每个题目解题思路 (可选), 源码Python, 或者C++ (已经在Codeforces/Openjudge上AC), 截图 (包含Accepted), 填写到下面作业模版中 (推荐使用 typora <https://typoraio.cn>, 或者用 word)。AC 或者没有AC, 都请标上每个题目大致花费时间。
- 3) 提交时候先提交pdf文件, 再把md或者doc文件上传到右侧“作业评论”。Canvas需要有同学清晰头像、提交文件有pdf、“作业评论”区有上传的md或者doc附件。
- 4) 如果不能在截止前提交作业, 请写明原因。

1. 题目

04148: 生理周期

brute force, <http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/04148>

思路:

代码:

```
cc=0
while"迎面走来的你让我如此蠢蠢欲动":
    p,e,i,d=map(int,input().split())
    if p==-1:
        break
    else:
        cc+=1
        zlist=[0]*30000
        while p+23<=29999:
            zlist[p]+=1
            p+=23
        while e+28<=29999:
            zlist[e+28]+=1
            e+=28
        for z in range(i,29999,33):
            if zlist[z]==2:
                ans=z
                break
        x=str(ans-d)
        y=str(cc)
        print("Case "+y+": the next triple peak occurs in "+x+" days.")
```

状态: Accepted

源代码

```
cc=0
while "迎面走来的你让我如此蠢蠢欲动":
    p,e,i,d=map(int,input().split())
    if p==-1:
        break
    else:
        cc+=1
        zlist=[0]*30000
        while p+23<=29999:
            zlist[p]+=1
            p+=23
        while e+28<=29999:
            zlist[e+28]+=1
            e+=28
        for z in range(i,29999,33):
            if zlist[z]==2:
                ans=z
                break
        x=str(ans-d)
        y=str(cc)
        print("Case "+y+": the next triple peak occurs in "+x+" days.")
```

基本信息

#: 46662134
题目: 04148
提交人: 陈冠宇(24n2400011004)
内存: 4108kB
时间: 28ms
语言: Python3
提交时间: 2024-10-22 17:23:13

18211: 军备竞赛

greedy, two pointers, <http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/18211>

思路:

列表排序后, 先从前往后制造直到钱不够用, 然后从后往前卖一个, 再返回去从刚才的断点继续从前往后制造

每次制造结束后检查多出的武器种类是否有增加

代码:

```
p=int(input())
wlist=list(map(int,input().split()))
wlist.sort()
#print(wlist)
i=0
j=0
cj=0
cd=0
winko=0
ans=0
while winko==0:
    winko=1
    if i <= (len(wlist) - 1):
        while p>=wlist[i]:
            #print(wlist[i],end=' ')
            p=p-wlist[i]
            cj=cj+1
            i+=1
        winko=0
```

```

        ans=max(ans,cj-cd)
        if i>len(wlist)-1:
            break
    if j <= (len(wlist) - i-1):
        if cj>cd:
            #print(wlist[-j-1])
            p=p+wlist[-j-1]
            cd+=1
            j+=1
            winko=0
            if j>len(wlist)-1:
                break
print(ans)

```

代码运行截图 == (至少包含有"Accepted") ==

#46665628提交状态

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状态: **Accepted**

源代码

```

p=int(input())
wlist=list(map(int,input().split()))
wlist.sort()
#print(wlist)
i=0
j=0
cj=0
cd=0
winko=0
ans=0
while winko==0:
    winko=1
    if i <= (len(wlist) - 1):
        while p>=wlist[i]:
            #print(wlist[i],end=' ')
            p=p-wlist[i]
            cj=cj+1
            i+=1
            winko=0
            ans=max(ans,cj-cd)
            if i>len(wlist)-1:
                break
    if j <= (len(wlist) - i-1):
        if cj>cd:
            #print(wlist[-j-1])
            p=p+wlist[-j-1]
            cd+=1
            j+=1
            winko=0
            if j>len(wlist)-1:
                break
print(ans)

```

基本信息

#: 46665628
 题目: 18211
 提交人: 陈冠宇(24n2400011004)
 内存: 3676kB
 时间: 26ms
 语言: Python3
 提交时间: 2024-10-22 20:07:35

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21554: 排队做实验

greedy, <http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/21554>

思路:

排序了两遍, 疑似很低效

代码:

```
n=int(input())
```

```

alist=list(map(int,input().split()))
indices=list(range(len(alist)))
indices.sort(key=lambda x:alist[x])
alist.sort()
zz=n-1
sum=0
for a in range(0,n-1):
    sum=sum+alist[a]*zz
    zz-=1
zong=sum/n
for cb in indices:
    print(cb+1,end=" ")
print()
print("{:.2f}".format(zong))

```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

#46792682提交状态

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状态: Accepted

源代码

```

n=int(input())
alist=list(map(int,input().split()))
indices=list(range(len(alist)))
indices.sort(key=lambda x:alist[x])
alist.sort()
zz=n-1
sum=0
for a in range(0,n-1):
    sum=sum+alist[a]*zz
    zz-=1
zong=sum/n
for cb in indices:
    print(cb+1,end=" ")
print()
print("{:.2f}".format(zong))

```

基本信息

#: 46792682
 题目: 21554
 提交人: 陈冠宇(24n2400011004)
 内存: 3652kB
 时间: 24ms
 语言: Python3
 提交时间: 2024-10-28 16:35:42

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01008: Maya Calendar

implementation, <http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/01008/>

思路:

代码:

```

n=int(input())
print(n)
zong=0
dian=
{"pop":1,"no":2,"zip":3,"zotz":4,"tzec":5,"xul":6,"yoxkin":7,"mol":8,"chen":9,"ya
x":10,"zac":11,"ceh":12,"mac":13,"kankin":14,"muan":15,"pax":16,"koyab":17,"cumhu
":18}

```

```

biao=["1 imix","2 ik","3 akbal","4 kan","5 chicchan","6 cimi","7 manik","8
lamat","9 muluk","10 ok","11 chuen","12 eb","13 ben","1 ix","2 mem","3 cib","4
caban","5 eznab","6 canac","7 ahau","8 imix","9 ik","10 akbal","11 kan","12
chicchan","13 cimi","1 manik","2 lamat","3 muluk","4 ok","5 chuen","6 eb","7
ben","8 ix","9 mem","10 cib","11 caban","12 eznab","13 canac","1 ahau","2
imix","3 ik","4 akbal","5 kan","6 chicchan","7 cimi","8 manik","9 lamat","10
muluk","11 ok","12 chuen","13 eb","1 ben","2 ix","3 mem","4 cib","5 caban","6
eznab","7 canac","8 ahau","9 imix","10 ik","11 akbal","12 kan","13 chicchan","1
cimi","2 manik","3 lamat","4 muluk","5 ok","6 chuen","7 eb","8 ben","9 ix","10
mem","11 cib","12 caban","13 eznab","1 canac","2 ahau","3 imix","4 ik","5
akbal","6 kan","7 chicchan","8 cimi","9 manik","10 lamat","11 muluk","12 ok","13
chuen","1 eb","2 ben","3 ix","4 mem","5 cib","6 caban","7 eznab","8 canac","9
ahau","10 imix","11 ik","12 akbal","13 kan","1 chicchan","2 cimi","3 manik","4
lamat","5 muluk","6 ok","7 chuen","8 eb","9 ben","10 ix","11 mem","12 cib","13
caban","1 eznab","2 canac","3 ahau","4 imix","5 ik","6 akbal","7 kan","8
chicchan","9 cimi","10 manik","11 lamat","12 muluk","13 ok","1 chuen","2 eb","3
ben","4 ix","5 mem","6 cib","7 caban","8 eznab","9 canac","10 ahau","11 imix","12
ik","13 akbal","1 kan","2 chicchan","3 cimi","4 manik","5 lamat","6 muluk","7
ok","8 chuen","9 eb","10 ben","11 ix","12 mem","13 cib","1 caban","2 eznab","3
canac","4 ahau","5 imix","6 ik","7 akbal","8 kan","9 chicchan","10 cimi","11
manik","12 lamat","13 muluk","1 ok","2 chuen","3 eb","4 ben","5 ix","6 mem","7
cib","8 caban","9 eznab","10 canac","11 ahau","12 imix","13 ik","1 akbal","2
kan","3 chicchan","4 cimi","5 manik","6 lamat","7 muluk","8 ok","9 chuen","10
eb","11 ben","12 ix","13 mem","1 cib","2 caban","3 eznab","4 canac","5 ahau","6
imix","7 ik","8 akbal","9 kan","10 chicchan","11 cimi","12 manik","13 lamat","1
muluk","2 ok","3 chuen","4 eb","5 ben","6 ix","7 mem","8 cib","9 caban","10
eznab","11 canac","12 ahau","13 imix","1 ik","2 akbal","3 kan","4 chicchan","5
cimi","6 manik","7 lamat","8 muluk","9 ok","10 chuen","11 eb","12 ben","13 ix","1
mem","2 cib","3 caban","4 eznab","5 canac","6 ahau","7 imix","8 ik","9 akbal","10
kan","11 chicchan","12 cimi","13 manik","1 lamat","2 muluk","3 ok","4 chuen","5
eb","6 ben","7 ix","8 mem","9 cib","10 caban","11 eznab","12 canac","13 ahau","1
imix",]
for i in range(n):
    sb=input().split()
    notd=int(sb[0][0:-1])
    if sb[1]=="uayet":
        zong=int(sb[2])*365+361+notd-1
    else:
        zong=int(sb[2])*365+(dian[sb[1]]-1)*20+notd
    onian=zong//260
    onum=zong%260
    print(biao[onum],onian)

```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

状态: **Accepted**

源代码

```
n=int(input())
print(n)
zong=0
dian={"pop":1,"no":2,"zip":3,"zotz":4,"tze":5,"xul":6,"yoxkin":7,"mol":8,"chen":9}
biao=["1 imix","2 ik","3 akbal","4 kan","5 chicchan","6 cimi","7 manik","8 lamat","9"]
for i in range(n):
    sb=input().split()
    notd=int(sb[0][0:-1])
    if sb[1]=="uayet":
        zong=int(sb[2])*365+361+notd-1
    else:
        zong=int(sb[2])*365+(dian[sb[1]]-1)*20+notd
    onian=zong//260
    onum=zong%260
    print(biao[onum],onian)
```

基本信息

#: 46795526
题目: 01008
提交人: 陈冠宇(24n2400011004)
内存: 4272kB
时间: 28ms
语言: Python3
提交时间: 2024-10-28 17:35:06

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545C. Woodcutters

dp, greedy, 1500, <https://codeforces.com/problemset/problem/545/C>

思路:

每棵树先试着往前倒，再试着往后倒，都不行就不倒，然后将“边界”移到被占用的最前一个点。但是我无法证明这种做法一定保证砍倒棵数最多...?

代码:

```
n=int(input())
winko=[[[]for i in range(n)]
for i in range(n):
    winko[i]=list(map(int,input().split()))
si=winko[0][0]
cou=1
#print(winko)
for i in range(1,n-1):
    if i<n-2:
        if winko[i][0]-winko[i][1]>si:
            si=winko[i][0]
            cou=cou+1
        elif winko[i][0]+winko[i][1]<winko[i+1][0]:
            si=winko[i][0]+winko[i][1]
            cou=cou+1
        else:
            si=winko[i][0]
    if i==n-2:
        if winko[i][0]+winko[i][1]<winko[i+1][0] or winko[i][0]-winko[i][1]>si:
            cou=cou+1
if n>=2:
    cou=cou+1
print(cou)
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

```
n=int(input())
winko=[[ ] for i in range(n)]
for i in range(n):
    winko[i]=list(map(int, input().split()))
si=winko[0][0]
cou=1
#print(winko)
for i in range(1,n-1):
    if i<n-2:
        if winko[i][0]-winko[i][1]>si:
            si=winko[i][0]
            cou=cou+1
        elif winko[i][0]+winko[i][1]<winko[i+1][0]:
            si=winko[i][0]+winko[i][1]
            cou=cou+1
        else:
            si=winko[i][0]
    if i==n-2:
        if winko[i][0]+winko[i][1]<winko[i+1][0] or winko[i][0]-winko[i][1]>si:
            cou=cou+1
if n>=2:
    cou=cou+1
print(cou)
```

01328: Radar Installation

greedy, <http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/01328/>

思路:

代码:

```
import math
case=1
while True:
    n,d=map(int,input().split())
    if n==0 and d==0:
        break
    else:
        xlist=[0]*n
        nosylist=[0]*n
        rlist=[]
        left_island=100000000
        winko=1
        for i in range(n):
            xlist[i],nosylist[i]=map(int,input().split())
            if nosylist[i]>d:
                winko=0

        indices=list(range(len(xlist)))
        indices.sort(key=lambda x: (xlist[x]))
        ylist=[nosylist[i] for i in indices]
        xlist.sort()

        left_island=xlist[0]
```

```

ileft=0
if winko==1:
    rlist.append(math.sqrt(d**2-(ylist[ileft])**2)+xlist[ileft])
cou=1
i=1
#print(left_island)
#print(xlist)
#print(ylist)
while i<n and winko==1:
    if ylist[i]**2+(xlist[i]-rlist[-1])**2>d**2:
        if xlist[i]>=rlist[-1]:
            #print("+1")
            left_island=xlist[i]
            ileft=i
            rlist.append(math.sqrt(d ** 2 - (ylist[ileft]) ** 2) +
xlist[ileft])
            cou+=1
        else:
            left_island = xlist[i]
            ileft = i
            rlist[-1]=math.sqrt(d**2-ylist[ileft]**2) + xlist[ileft]
        i+=1
    if winko!=0:
        print("Case "+str(case)+": "+str(cou))
    else:
        print("Case "+str(case)+": -1")
    case+=1
input()

```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

#46812521提交状态

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状态: **Accepted**

源代码

```

import math
case=1
while True:
    n,d=map(int,input().split())
    if n==0 and d==0:
        break
    else:
        xlist=[0]*n
        nosylist=[0]*n
        rlist=[]

```

基本信息

#: 46812521
 题目: 01328
 提交人: 陈冠宇(24n2400011004)
 内存: 3864kB
 时间: 51ms
 语言: Python3
 提交时间: 2024-10-29 15:25:11

2. 学习总结和收获

如果作业题目简单, 有否额外练习题目, 比如: OJ"计概2024fall每日选做"、CF、LeetCode、洛谷等网站题目。

作业题目越来越难, 不过基本上可以自己(花很多时间)写出来, 或者稍微问一下一些语法的细节。但是很多题目都用的比较底下的算法, 没有什么高级东西