## Downloading Digital Elevation Models with fetch\_dem

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## 1 Introduction

WindNinja is now distributed with a simple command line client to download digital elevation models (DEM) from the Internet. This application may be useful for programmers and advanced users to automate tasks and model runs using a command line and scripting. Most standard users will not use this tool, and will instead use the graphic user interface (GUI) version, which is described here. This command line client downloads geotiff elevation and Landscape files from datasets on USGS, OpenTopography, and Fire Lab servers. The command line tool is called fetch\_dem.exe and is located in C://.../WindNinja/WindNinja-3.x.x/bin/.

## 2 Available options

The available options with descriptions can be viewed by typing:

```
fetch_dem --help
```

A list of the available options should be shown and look similar to:

Figure 1: fetch\_dem help message

## 3 Required arguments

There are three two different ways to specify the area to download. They are:

Argument	Note		
bbox	a user specified bounding box in latitude and longitude		
	in north, east, south, west order.		
point	a user specified point with a user specified buffer		
geocode	a user specified placename with a user specified buffer		

Examples of each are below.

This example will download a DEM that falls within the bounds of the box provided. fetch\_dem --bbox 47 -113.5 46.5 -113.75 --src gmted my\_dem.tif

This example will download a 10x14 kilometer DEM with a center point at the specified latitude and longitude. The values entered for the DEM size are the "buffer" size, which is the distance from the DEM center to the edge in the east-west and north-south directions. So this is half the total size in each direction (so 5 and 7 for this example). Note the order of all parameters are always specified in (x, y), so it would be longitude, latitude, east-west buffer size, north-south buffer size: fetch\_dem --point -113.5 47.0 5 7 --buf\_units km --src srtm my\_dem.tif

This example will download a 20x20 mile DEM with the center at Mackay, ID. It also uses the "buffer" convention:

fetch\_dem --geocode ''Mackay, ID'' 10 10 --buf\_units miles --src srtm new\_mackay.tif Note the quoted placename.

Other arguments are listed below:

Command	Valid options	Default	Notes
buf_units	miles, kilometers	None	needed for point and geocode methods.
out_res	positive integer	30	desired output resolution in meters
r	near, bilinear	near	Method used to resample the original
			data
src	srtm, gmted, lcp	None	The data source to extract DEM data
			from. The srtm is 30 m resolution
			world SRTM data. gmted is 250m
			global data. lcp is a 30 m resolution
			Landscape file.
fill_no_data	true, false	false	fill in the missing values (mostly for
			SRTM shadows). This should be used
			in most cases.
dst_file	filename	None	file name to write DEM data.

DEM files are always saved in best fit UTM zone with a WGS84 datum. They are geotiff files.